



# Pump Drive F600

Model size 3 to 11

Variable speed AC drive for induction and permanent magnet motors for the control of pump control systems

Part Number: 0478-0622-01 Issue: 1



## **Original Instructions**

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the English version of this manual is the Original Instructions. Manuals in other languages are Translations of the Original Instructions.

## Documentation

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# How to use this guide

This user guide provides complete information for installing and operating the drive from start to finish.

The information is in logical order, taking the reader from receiving the drive through to fine tuning the performance.

## NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to:

	Quick Start / bench testing	Familiarisation	System design	Programming and commissioning	Troubleshooting
1 Safety information	•	•	•	•	
2 Product information		•	•		
3 Mechanical installatio	on		•		
4 Electrical installation			•		
5 Getting started		•	•		
6 Basic parameters				•	
7 Functional description	ns				
8 Optimization			•		
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**Nidec Control Techniques Ltd** 

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UK

## SY16 3BE

Nidec This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model number	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
аааа	Basic series	M100, M101, M200, M201, M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, F600, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
e	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

The variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4: 2007+ A1:2011	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-4: Generic standards - Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2014	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current ≤16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2013	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public, low voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current ≤16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

EN 61000-3-2:2014 Applicable where input current < 16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power  $\ge$  1 kW.

These products comply with the Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU), the Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

Jonathan Holman-White Vice President, Technology Date: 02/11/2020

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

# EU Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Newtown Powys UK SY16 3BE

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonization legislation. The declaration applies to the variable speed drive products shown below:

Model No.	Interpretation	Nomenclature aaaa - bbc ddddde
aaaa	Basic series	M300, M400, M600, M700, M701, M702, F600, H300, E200, E300, HS30, HS70, HS71, HS72, M000, RECT
bb	Frame size	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11
С	Voltage rating	1 = 100 V, 2 = 200 V, 4 = 400 V, 5 = 575 V, 6 = 690 V
ddddd	Current rating	Example 01000 = 100 A
е	Drive format	A = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (internal choke), D = Inverter, E = 6P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke), T = 12P Rectifier + Inverter (external choke)

The model number may be followed by additional characters that do not affect the ratings.

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU). EC type examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TUV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH	EC type-examination certificate numbers:				
Am Grauen Stein	01/205/5270.01/14 dated 2014-11-11				
D-51105 Köln	01/205/5387.01/15 dated 2015-01-29				
Germany	01/205/5383.02/15 dated 2015-04-21				

Notified body identification number: 0035

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
EN ISO 13849-1:2008	Safety of Machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems, General principles for design
EN ISO 13849-2:2008	Safety of machinery, Safety-related parts of control systems. Validation
EN 61800-3: 2004+A1:2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005	Safety of machinery, Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control
EN 02001.2005	systems

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Shuan Martes

Jonathan Holman-White Vice President, Technology Date: 02/11/2020 Place: Newtown, Powys, UK

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters.

The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.

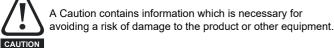
Safety informatio	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running	Basic	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation		Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
mormatic	mormation	Installation	Installation	the Motor	parameters	descriptions		Operation	parameters	data	-	information

# 1 Safety information

## 1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



#### NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

## 1.2 Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

## 1.3 Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

## 1.4 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

## 1.5 Electrical hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

## 1.6 Stored electrical charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

## 1.7 Mechanical hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

# With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.

## 1.8 Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

## 1.9 Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

## 1.10 Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 1.11 Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective, causing a fire hazard. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive must not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in the Motor Rated Current parameter.

## 1.12 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

## 1.13 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

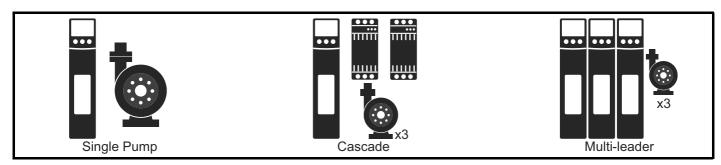
Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in the relevant Power Installation Guide. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

Safety information	Product Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2 **Product information**

## 2.1 Pump Drive F600 introduction

The F600 is a dedicated pump drive that supports single pump applications or more efficient parallel pump operation in a Cascade system (one drive + assist soft starters) or Multi-leader system (up to 3 drives with advanced handling). All of the features are user configurable via the keypad interface or by the F600 Guided Setup within Control Techniques' Connect PC software, available from http://controltechniques.com/support.



## 2.2 Overview

The operating controls for the Pump Drive F600 are Hand, Off or Auto, which may be selected from the keypad interface, digital inputs or HMI/PLC control word.

Hand mode runs the pump at a user defined fixed speed, from either a digital pre-set or an analog reference.

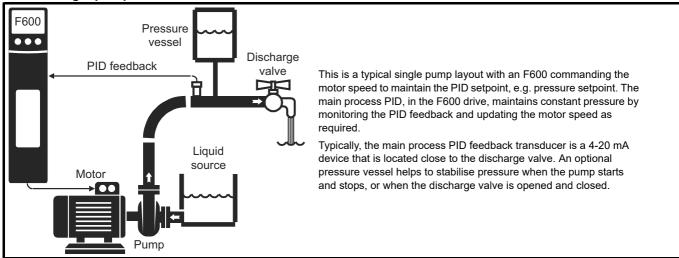
In Auto Mode, the pump starts Automatically with a start delay when the wake condition is detected, for example a pressure transducer signal goes below wake threshold. Initially, a pipe fill operation may be performed to remove air from the pipes. A PID control then regulates the system to the setpoint, e.g. for a constant pressure system, the demand pressure will be regulated by adjusting the motor speed. If the pump detects a stop condition for a defined time period, it will Automatically stop and enter the Sleeping state. There are four main stop conditions - sleep on low motor speed, software no flow detection, no flow from a flow switch and low flow from a pulsed flow meter. All four conditions can be individually enabled to suit the system requirements.

In Off Mode, Hand and or Auto are not selected, the drive will not energise the motor. This is not a safety function; the Safe Torque Off function using T29 may be used as part of a safety system if required.

In Cascade or Multi-leader parallel pumping systems, when the leader drive PID output is at maximum, additional assist F600s or soft starters are commanded to run. If the sleeping threshold is reached, additional assist F600s or soft starters are commanded to stop.

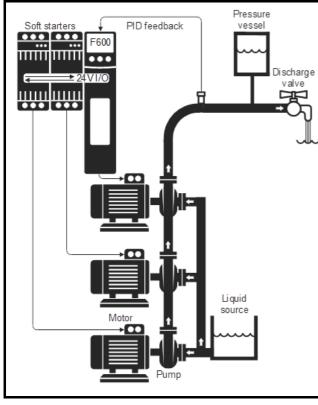
## 2.3 System configurations

## 2.3.1 Single pump



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.3.2 Cascade pump

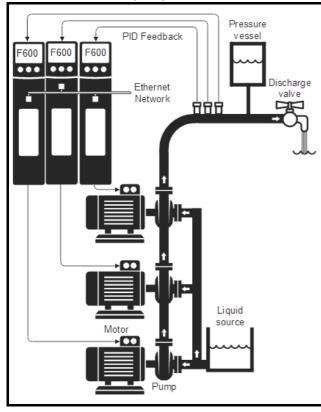


This is a typical Cascade pump layout with an F600 leader drive controlling up to 2 assist soft starters, using 24V digital I/O. The leader drive commands the motor speed to maintain the PID setpoint, e.g. pressure setpoint. The main process PID, in the F600 drive, maintains constant pressure by monitoring the PID feedback and updating the motor speed as required. If the PID output reaches its maximum, the soft starter assists will be commanded to run to increase the system output as required.

Typically, the main process PID feedback transducer is a

4-20 mA device that is located close to the discharge valve. An optional pressure vessel helps to stabilise pressure when the pump starts and stops, or when the discharge valve is opened and closed.

#### 2.3.3 Multi-leader pump



This is a typical Multi-leader pump layout with up to 3 F600 Pump drives coordinating together over an Ethernet network. The leader drive commands the motor speed to maintain the PID setpoint, e.g. pressure setpoint. The main process PID, in the lead F600 drive, maintains constant pressure by monitoring the PID feedback and updating the motor speed as required. If the PID output reaches its maximum, the assist F600 Pump drives will be commanded to run by the system leader to increase the system output as required.

Typically, the main process PID feedback transducer is a

4-20 mA device that is located close to the discharge valve. This system will automatically reassign the leader, if required, or use the PID feedback from another drive to offer redundancy. An optional pressure vessel helps to stabilise pressure when the pump starts and stops, or when the discharge valve is opened and closed.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.4 General pump principles

When controlling a pump with PID control, it is important to remember basic pump laws to understand the operation:

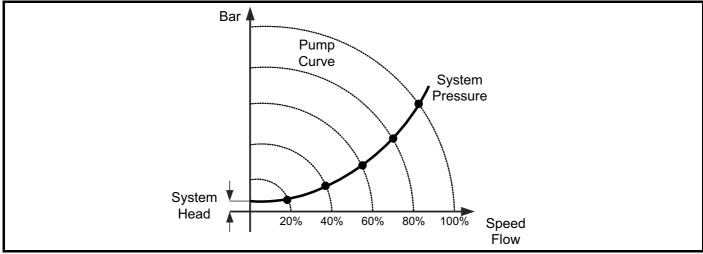
- Flow is proportional to Speed
- Pressure is proportional to Speed<sup>2</sup>

• Power is proportional to Speed<sup>3</sup>

Based on these laws, for a constant pressure system, we can see that pressure will increase by the motor speed squared. With PID control:

- If the actual pressure is less than the required set point, the motor speed will increase.
- If the actual pressure is greater than the required set point, the motor speed will decrease.
- The response of the PID loop is determined by the PID Proportional, Integral, and Derivative gains.

The pump, motor and drive are sized for the demand pressure and flow requirements, and pump working speed range, typically 60-100 % speed, or 30 Hz to 50 Hz with a 50 Hz motor, where the motor speed is relatively high to overcome the pressure drop or resistance to flow in the pump system distribution pipes.

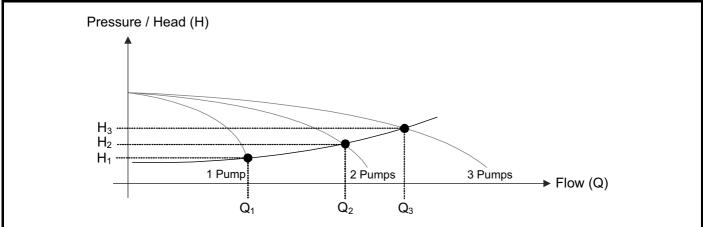


Parallel pump systems, like Cascade or Multi-leader mode, provide sequential control of multiple pumps in parallel in order to maintain a required PID setpoint with varying load demands. Pumps are often used in parallel banks to:

- Avoid motor overload
- Increased security of supply (system redundancy)
- · Reduce running cost due to system load fluctuations
- · Provide a wide range of control and flexibility

Contrary to commonly held beliefs, the flow does not double with the addition of a second similar pump in parallel. In fact, each successive pump adds a smaller amount to the total system pressure and flow, although the total flow is split equally between each pump.

Typical system curves for parallel pump operation



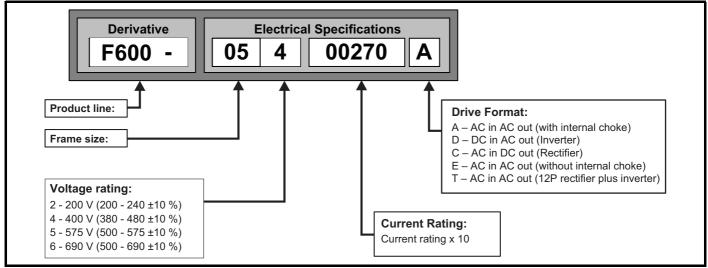
Compared to the equivalent larger pump system, the Multi-leader or Cascade parallel system has more range in control and is a more efficient system as a larger pump will be less efficient at lower speeds/flows.

Safety information         Product information         Mechanical installation         Electrical installation         Getting started / installation         Basic Running the Motor         Function	()ntimization   Diagnostics
--	-----------------------------

## 2.5 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Pump Drive F600 range are formed is illustrated below:

#### Figure 2-1 Model number



\* Only shown on Frame 9 and above identification label.

\*\* For further information on the D, C or T power format models, please refer to the Modular Installation Guide.

#### NOTE

For simplicity, a Frame 9 drive with no internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxE) is referred to as a Frame 9E and a Frame 9 drive with an internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxA) is referred to as a Frame 9A. Any reference to Frame 9 is applicable to both sizes 9E and 9A. All Frame size 10 and 11 drives are supplied with no internal choke.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.6 Ratings

## Normal Duty

The F600 is optimized for applications which use self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g.pumps).

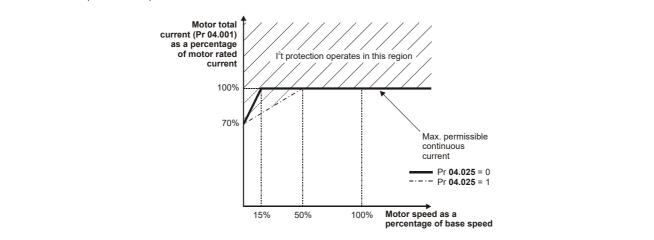
Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the l<sup>2</sup>t software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* Pr **04.025**. The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr **04.025** = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr **04.025** = 1.

## Operation of motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection

Motor I<sup>2</sup>t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

• Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40  $^{\circ}$ C (104  $^{\circ}$ F), 1000 m altitude and 3 kHz switching frequency (except where shown). Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature > 40  $^{\circ}$ C (104  $^{\circ}$ F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 393.

#### Table 2-1 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	ty	
Мос	del	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V	Peak current
		A	kW	hp	А
	03200066	6.6	1.1	1.5	7.2
Frame size 3	03200080	8	1.5	2	8.8
Traine Size 5	03200110	11	2.2	3	12.1
	03200127	12.7	3	3	13.9
Frame size 4	04200180	18	4	5	19.8
Fidille Size 4	04200250	25	5.5	7.5	27.5
Frame size 5	05200300	30	7.5	10	33
Frame size 6	06200500	50	11	15	55
Frame Size o	06200580	58	15	20	63.8
	07200750	75	18.5	25	82.5
Frame size 7	07200940	94	22	30	103.4
	07201170	117	30	40	128.7
Frame size 8	08201490	149	37	50	163.9
Figine Size 0	08201800	180	45	60	198
Frame size 9	09202160	216	55	75	237.6
Frame Size 9	09202660	266	75	100	292.6
Frame size 10	10203250	325	90	125	357.5
Frame Size 10	10203600	360	110	150	396

Safety Product information information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Table 2-2 400 V driv	e ratings (	(380 V to 48	0 V ±10 '	%)							
							Normal Duty			T	
Me	odel		Ma	aximum con output cur		Nomina at 40		Motor po at 460		Peak	current
				Α		k)	N	hp			A
	(	03400034		3.4		1.	.1	1.5		3	.7
	(	03400045		4.5		1.	.5	2.0		4	.9
Frame size 3	(	03400062		6.2		2.	2	3.0		6	.8
Frante Size S	(	03400077		7.7		3.	.0	5.0		8	5.4
	(	03400104		10.4		4.	.0	5.0		1	1.4
	(	03400123		12.3		5.	.5	7.5		1	3.5
<b>-</b>	04400185			18.5		7.5		10.0	)	2	0.3
Frame size 4	(	04400240		24.0		11	.0	15.0	)	2	6.4
Frame size 5	(	05400300		30.0		15	i.0	20.0	)	3	3.0
	(	06400380		38.0		18	5.5	25.0	)	4	1.8
Frame size 6	(	06400480		48.0		22	2.0	30.0	)	5	2.8
	(	06400630		63.0		30	0.0	40.0	)	6	9.3
	(	07400790		79		3	7	50		8	6.9
Frame size 7	(	07400940		94		4	5	60		10	3.4
	(	07401120		112		5	5	75		12	3.2
	(	08401550		155		7	5	100		17	0.5
Frame size 8	(	08401840		184		9	0	125		20	2.4
From! 0	(	09402210		221		11	0	150		24	3.1
Frame size 9	(	09402660		266*		13	32	200		29	2.6
From size 40	1	10403200		320		16	60	250		3	52
Frame size 10	ſ	10403610		361		20	00	300		39	7.1
		11404370		437		22	25	350		48	0.7
Frame size 11		11404870		487*		25	50	400		53	5.7
		11405070		507*		28	30	450		55	7.7

\* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 393.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Table 2-3 575 V drive ratings (500 V to 575 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	ty	
Мо	odel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V	Peak current
		Α	kW	hp	Α
	05500039	3.9	2.2	3	4.3
Frame size 5	05500061	6.1	4	5	6.7
	05500100	10	5.5	7.5	11
	06500120	12	7.5	10	13.2
	06500170	17	11	15	18.7
Frame size 6	06500220	22	15	20	24.2
Frame Size 0	06500270	27	18.5	25	29.7
	06500340	34	22	30	37.4
	06500430	43	30	40	47.3
Frame size 7	07500530	53	45	50	58.3
Fidille Size /	07500730	73	55	60	80.3
Frame size 8	08500860	86	75	75	94.6
Fidille Size o	08501080	108	90	100	118.8
Frame size 9	09501250	125	110	125	137.5
Fidille Size 3	09501500	150	110	150	165
Frame size 10	10502000	200	150	200	220
	11502480	248	185	250	272.8
Frame size 11	11502880	288*	225	300	316.8
	11503150	315*	250	350	346.5

\* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 11.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 393.

## Table 2-4 690 V drive ratings (500 V to 690 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	у	
м	odel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 690 V	Motor power at 690 V	Peak current
		А	kW	hp	Α
	07600230	23	18.5	25	25.3
	07600300	30	22	30	33
Frame size 7	07600360	36	30	40	39.6
Frame Size /	07600460	46	37	50	50.6
	07600520	52	45	60	57.2
	07600730	73	55	75	80.3
Frame size 8	08600860	86	75	100	94.6
Frame Size o	08601080	108	90	125	118.8
Frame size 9	09601250	125	110	150	137.5
Frame Size 9	09601550	155	132	175	170.5
Frame size 10	10601720	172	160	200	189.2
Frame Size 10	10601970	197	185	250	216.7
	11602250	225	200	250	247.5
Frame size 11	11602750	275*	250	300	302.5
	11603050	305*	280	400	335.5

\* These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 393.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.6.1 Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. The exact value for a specific motor can be calculated using the equations detailed in Menu 4 in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Typical values are shown in the table below for RFC (RFC-A or RFC-S) and open loop (OL) modes:

#### Table 2-5 Typical overload limits

Operating mode	RFC from cold	RFC from 100 %	Open loop from cold	Open loop from 100 %
Overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting. The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

#### NOTE

The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

## 2.7 Operating modes

#### **Drive Operating modes**

The drive operating mode is set using Pr **0.004**, by selecting either "Induction" or "Permanent magnet" and pressing the red OFF / Reset button. Selecting "Induction" sets the drive into Open-loop (OL) and RFC mode and selecting "Permanent-magnet" sets the drive into RFC-S sensorless mode, which are the most common operating modes used.

The drive supports the following operating modes:

#### Open-loop (OL) mode for use with an induction motor

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load.

#### RFC-A mode for use with an induction motor with feedback device

The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device. The motor flux is accurately controlled to provide full torque down to zero speed.

## Synchronous permanent magnet brushless motor without feedback

#### (RFC-S sensorless mode)

Flux control is not required because the motor is self-excited by the permanent magnets which form part of the rotor. Full torque is available down to zero speed, with salient motors. Position information from the sensorless algorithm is used to ensure the output voltage is matched to the back EMF of the motor.

# Synchronous permanent magnet brushless motor with feedback device (RFC-S feedback mode)

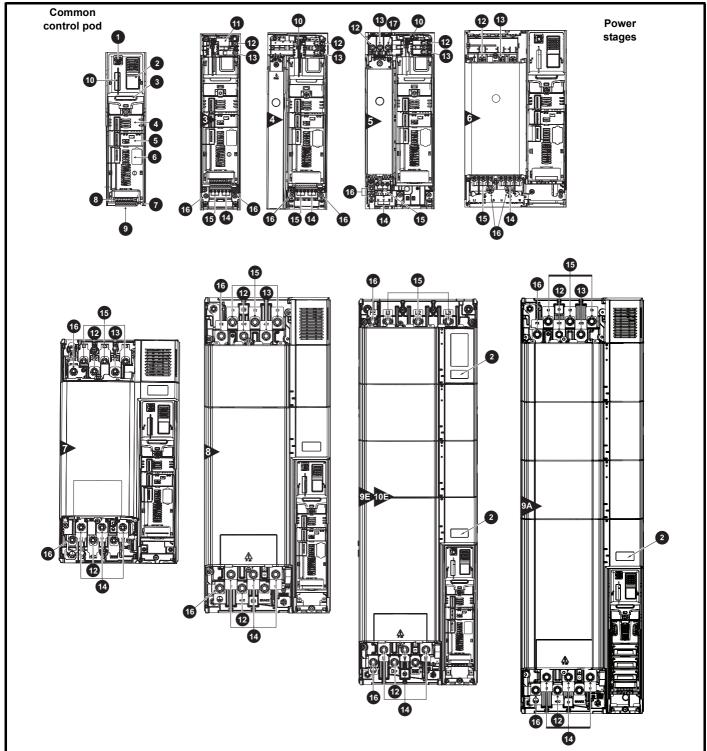
The drive directly controls the speed of the motor using the feedback device. Flux control is not required because the motor is self-excited by the permanent magnets which form part of the rotor.

Position information is required from the feedback device to ensure the output voltage is accurately matched to the back EMF of the motor. Full torque is available down to zero speed.

		lechanical nstallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.8 Drive features

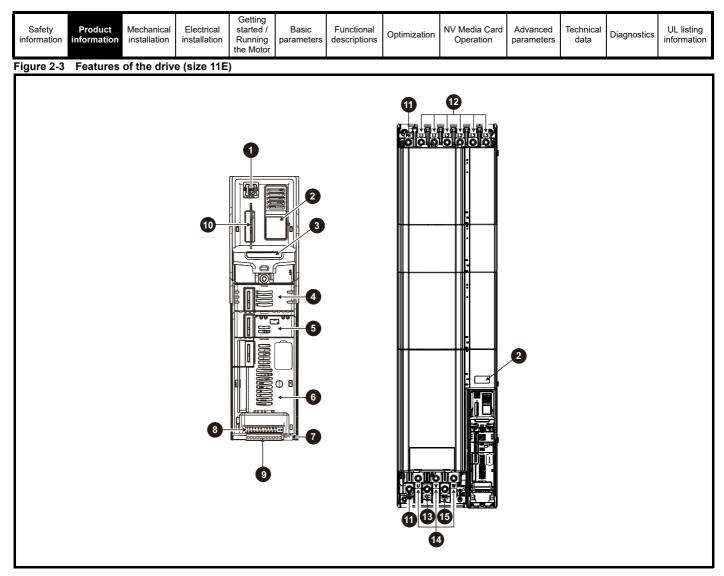
Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10)



#### Key

- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Identification label
- 4. Option module slot 1
- 5. Option module slot 2
- 6. Option module slot 3
- 7. Relay connections
- 8. Control connections
- 9. Communications port
- 10. NV media card slot

- 11. Internal EMC filter
- 12. DC bus + 13. DC bus -
- 14. Motor connections
- 15. AC supply connections
- 16. Ground connections
- 17. Brake terminal



#### Key

- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Identification label
- 4. Option module slot 1
- 5. Option module slot 2
- 6. Option module slot 3
- 7. Relay connections
- 8. Control connections

- 9. Communications port
- 10. NV media card slot
- 11. Ground connections
- 12. AC supply connections\*
- 13. DC bus +
- 14. Motor connections
- 15. Brake terminal

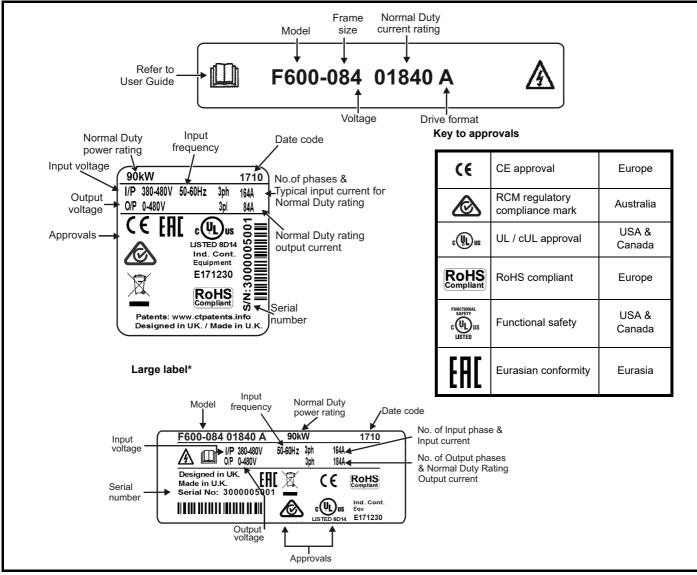
\* Common AC supply connections are internally linked on the 11E 6 pulse drive.

		lechanical nstallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.9 Nameplate description

See Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 for location of rating labels.

#### Figure 2-4 Typical drive rating labels



\* This label is only applicable to Size 7 and above.

Refer to Figure 2-1 Model number on page 15 for further information relating to the labels.

## NOTE

## Date code format

The date code is four numbers. The first two numbers indicate the year and the remaining numbers indicate the week of the year in which the drive was built.

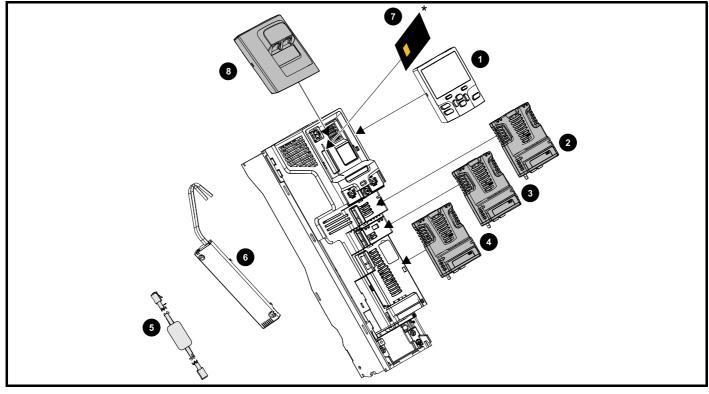
#### Example:

A date code of 1710 would correspond to week 10 of year 2017.

,	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 2.10 Options

Figure 2-5 Options available with the drive



- 1. Keypad
- 2. Option module slot 1
- 3. Option module slot 2
- 4. Option module slot 3

- 5. CT Comms cable
- 6. Heatsink mounted braking resistor (size 3, 4 and 5 only)
- 7. NV media card
- 8. KI-485 comms adaptor

\* For further information refer to section 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 317



Be aware of possible live terminals when inserting or removing the NV media card.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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All standard option modules are color-coded in order to make identification easy. All modules have an identification label on top of the module. Standard option modules can be installed to any of the available option slots on the drive. The following tables shows the color-code key and gives further details on their function.

#### Table 2-6 Option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further Details
		N/A	KI-485 Adaptor	<b>EIA 485 Comms Adaptor</b> EIA 485 Comms adaptor provides EIA 485 communication interface. This adaptor supports 115 k Baud, node addresses between 1 to 16 and 8 1 NP M serial mode.
		Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	<b>Profibus option</b> PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	<b>DeviceNet option</b> DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	<b>CANopen option</b> CANopen adapter for communications with the drive
		Beige	SI-Ethernet	External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide high speed drive access, global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking
		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET V2	PROFINET option PROFINET adapter for communications with the drive Note: PROFINET V2 replaces PROFINET RT
		Brown Red	SI-EtherCAT	EtherCAT option EtherCAT adapter for communications with the drive
Automation (I/O expansion)	amagin	Orange	SI-1/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: • Digital I/O • Digital Inputs • Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) • Analog Output • Relays
E d l.		Light Brown	SI-Encoder	Incremental encoder input interface module.
Feedback	Same of the second	Dark Brown	SI-Universal Encoder	Additional combined encoder input and output interface supporting Incremental, SinCos, HIPERFACE, EnDAT and SSI encoders.
Automation (Applications)		Moss Green	MCi200	Machine Control Studio Compatible Applications Processor 2nd processor for running pre-defined and/or customer created application software.

Table 2-7 Keypad identification

Туре	Keypad	Name	Further Details
Keypad		KI-HOA Keypad RTC	LCD keypad option Keypad with an LCD display, Hand / Off / Auto buttons and real time clock
Keypad		HOA Keypad RTC	<b>Remote LCD keypad option</b> Remotely mounted keypad with an LCD display, Hand / Off / Auto buttons and real time clock

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Table 2-8	Additiona	l options										
Туре	Optio	on	Name					Further De	tails			
Dealers		SD (	Card Adapto	nr i	<b>SD Card Ac</b> Allows the d	•	an SD card fo	or drive back-u	ıp			
Back-up	NiderC antento tin here ut	SMA	RTCARD		SMARTCAF Used for par		k-up with the	e drive				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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## 2.11 Items supplied with the drive

The drive is supplied with a copy of the *Getting Started Guide*, a safety information booklet, the Certificate of Quality and an accessory kit box including the items shown in Table 2-9.

## Table 2-9 Parts supplied with the drive

Description	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5	Size 6	Size 7	Size 8
Control connectors 1 to 9 and 21 to 29			×1	x 1		
Relay connector			×1	×1		
24 V power supply connector					x 1	
Grounding bracket			s	×1		
Surface mounting brackets	<u>ြေ ၀ ာ ရ</u> မှ x 2	رم <u>ہ ہ</u> ۲ − − ۲ − ۲ − ۲ − ۲ − ۲ − ۲ − ۲ − ۲ − ۲	ج <u>× 2</u>	<del>به منه مع</del> لم المحمد ا x 2	x 2	x 2
Grounding clamp			x 1	x 1		
DC terminal cover grommets		×2				
Terminal nuts				() M6 x 11		
Supply and motor connector	4	×1	x1 x1			
Finger guard grommets			x 3	x2		

Safety <b>Product</b> Mechanical information installation		Basic Functional arameters descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Table 2-10 Parts supplied with	the drive (size 9A, 9E,	, 10E and 11E)						
Description	Size 9A/9	'9E	Si	ize 10E			Size 11E	
Control connectors 1 to 9 and 21 to 29								
			x 1	x 1				
Relay connector			A CONTRACTOR	A CONTRACT				
			x 1	x 1				
24 V power supply connectors			**	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A				
			x 1	x 1				
Grounding bracket			(f.D. coren).	× 1				
Surface mounting brackets		x 2					x 2	0

Safety information	Product Mechanica		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3 Mechanical installation

This chapter describes all mechanical details to install the drive. The drive is intended to be installed in an enclosure. Key features of this chapter include:

- Through-hole mounting
- · High IP as standard or through-panel mounting
- Enclosure sizing and layout
- Option module installing
- Terminal location and torque settings

## 3.1 Safety information



#### Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



#### Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.



#### Enclosure

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

## 3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

## 3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

The IP (Ingress Protection) rating of the drive is installation dependent. For further information, refer to section 3.9 *Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection* on page 62.

## 3.2.2 Environmental protection

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation heater may be required, which must be switched off
  when the drive is running.
- · Contamination with electrically conductive material
- · Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- Corrosive gasses

#### NOTE

During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.g. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one, and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.6 Enclosure for standard drives on page 57.

## 3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 *Electrical installation on page 91*.

## 3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

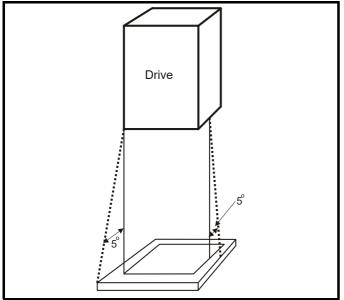
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended.

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness.

Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

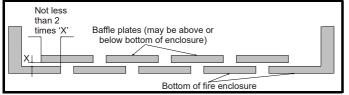
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the 5° angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

#### Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.

#### Figure 3-2 Fire enclosure baffle construction



Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.11 *Braking on page 116*.

#### 3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified.

## 3.3 Terminal cover removal



#### Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



#### Stored charge

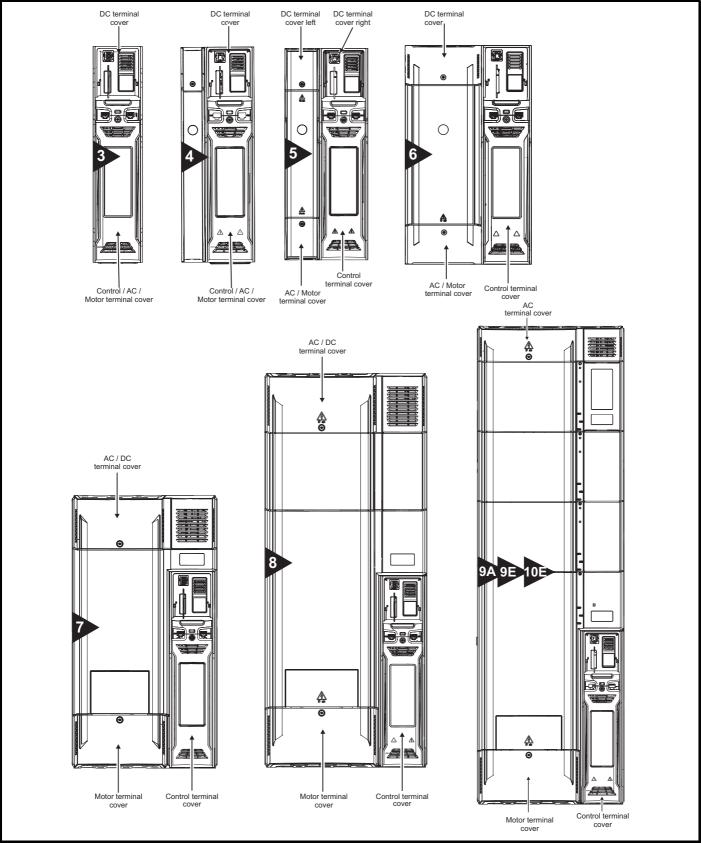
The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

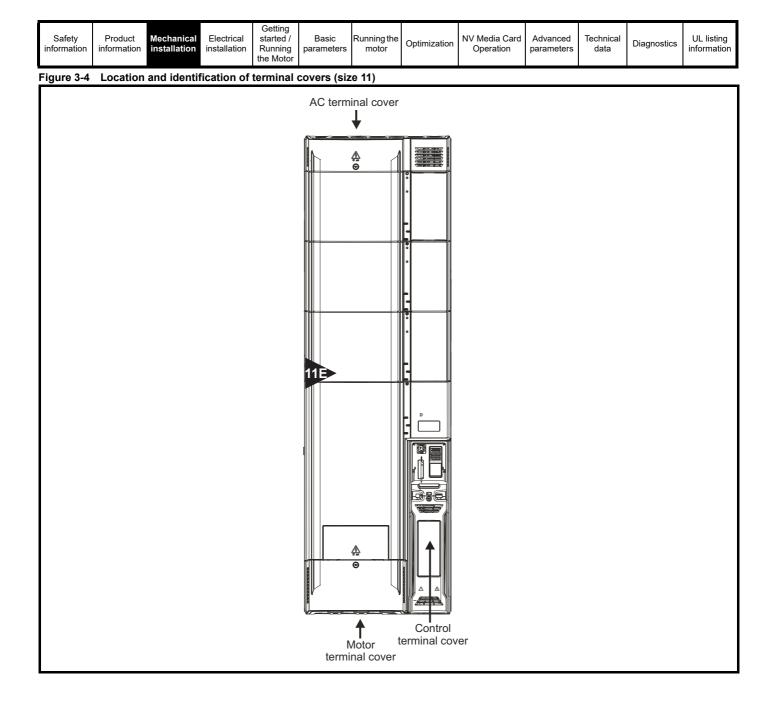
Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.

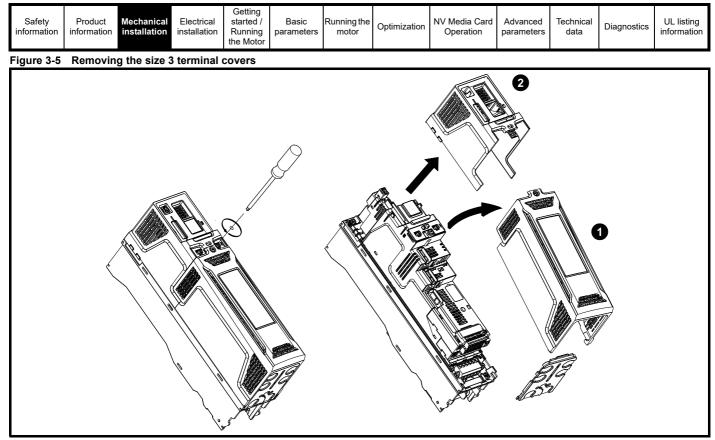
,		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

## Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 3 to 10)





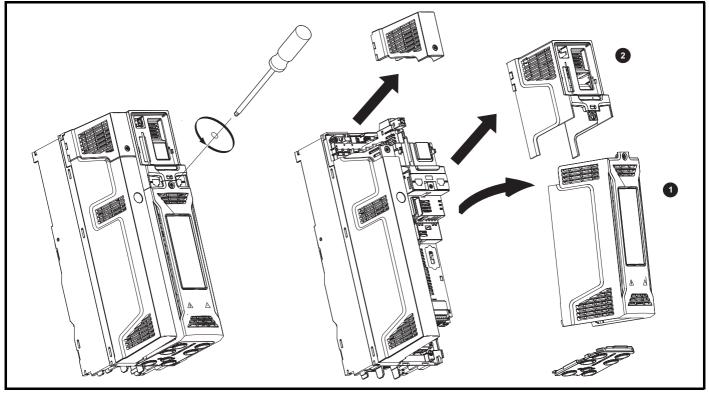


1. Control / AC / Motor terminal cover

#### 2. DC cover

On size 3 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Figure 3-6 Removing the size 4 terminal covers



1. Control / AC / Motor terminal cover

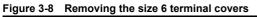
#### 2. DC cover

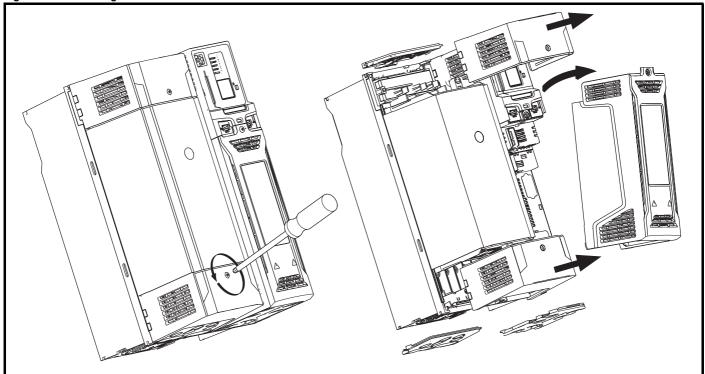
On size 4 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Figure 3-7	Removin	g the size 5	5 terminal	covers								
	Ś										1	

- 1. Control terminal cover
- 2. DC cover

On size 5 drives, the Control terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover right. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).





When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Figure 3-9	Removin	ng the size 7	to 11 tern	ninal cov	ers (size 7	shown)						

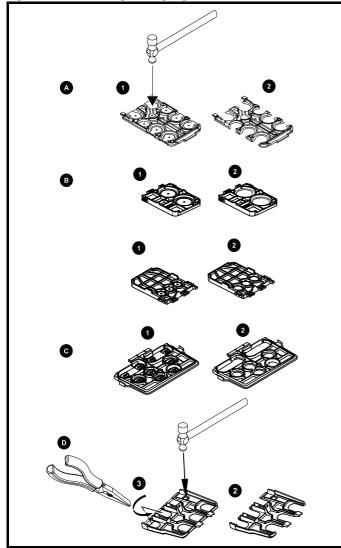
When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety information	Product Mechar information installa		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 3-1 Grommet kits

## 3.3.2 Removing the finger-guard and DC terminal cover break-outs

Figure 3-10 Removing the finger-guard break-outs

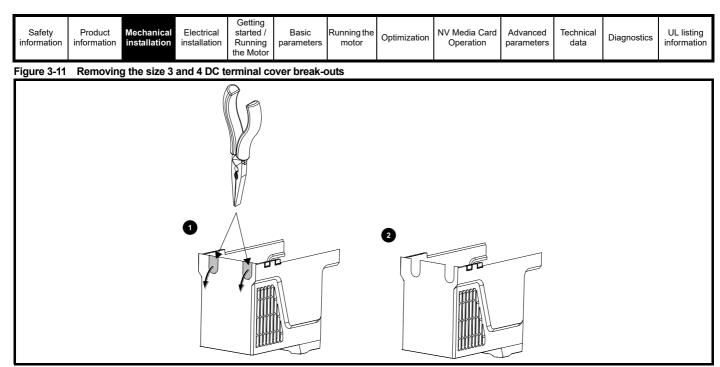


A: All sizes. B: Size 5 only. C: Size 6 only. D: Size 7 to 10.

Place finger-guard on a flat solid surface and hit relevant break-outs with hammer as shown (1). Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed.

Grommet kits are available for size 7 to 10 finger guards. For size 8 to 10, two versions are available allowing for either single or double cable entries.

Drive size	Quantity of kits	Part number	Picture
Size 7 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	1	3470-0086	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	1	3470-0089	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	1	3470-0090	
Size 9E and 10E - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	1	3470-0107	
Size 11E- Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	2	5470-0107	



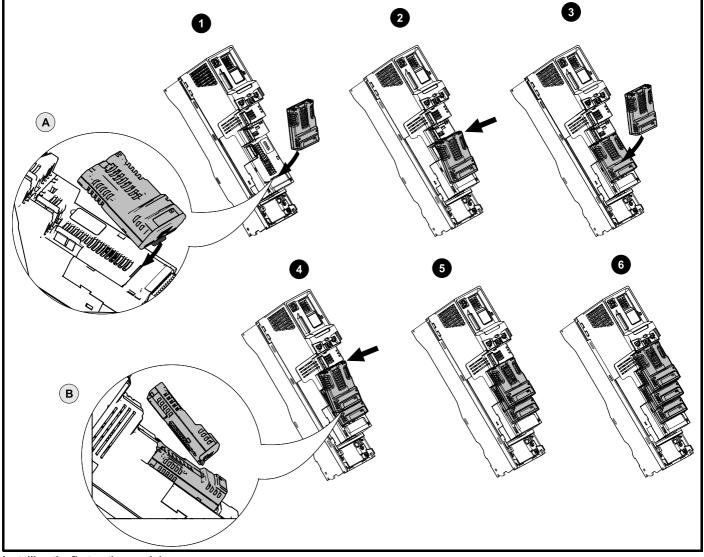
Grasp the DC terminal cover break-outs with pliers as shown (1) and pull down in the direction shown to remove. Continue until all required breakouts are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed. Use the DC terminal cover grommets supplied in the accessory box (Table 2-9 on page 26) to maintain the seal at the top of the drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.4 Installing / removing option modules and keypads

Power down the drive before installing / removing the option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

#### Figure 3-12 Installation of an option module



Installing the first option module

#### NOTE

Option module slots must be used in the following order: slot 3, slot 2 and slot 1 (refer to Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10) on page 20 for slot numbers).

- Move the option module in direction shown (1).
- Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided (2), this is highlighted in the detailed view (A).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place.

#### Installing the second option module

- Move the option module in direction shown (3).
- Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided on the already installed option module (4), this is highlighted in the detailed view (B).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place. Image (5) shows two option modules fully installed.

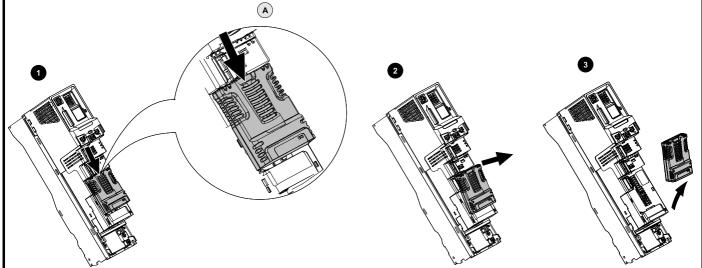
#### Installing the third option module

Repeat the above process.

The drive has the facility for all three option module slots to be used at the same time, image (6) shows the three option modules installed.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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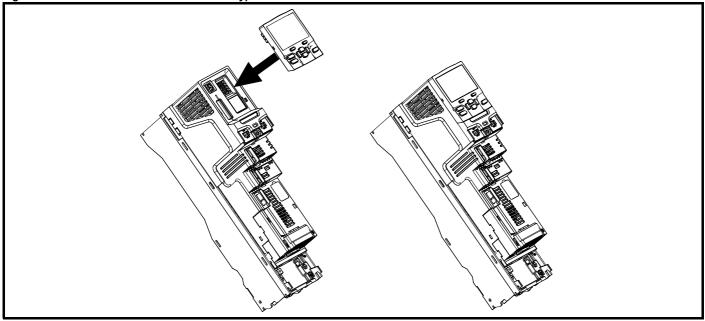
# Figure 3-13 Removal of an option module



• Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing, the tab is highlighted in the detailed view (A).

- Tilt the option module towards you as shown (2).
- Totally remove the option module in direction shown (3).

#### Figure 3-14 Installation and removal of the keypad



To install, align the keypad and press gently in the direction shown until it clicks into position. To remove, reverse the installation instructions.

#### NOTE

The keypad can be installed / removed while the drive is powered up and running a motor, providing that the drive is not operating in keypad mode.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.5 Dimensions and mounting methods

The drive can be either surface or through-panel mounted using the appropriate brackets. The following drawings show the dimensions of the drive and mounting holes for each method to allow a back plate to be prepared.

The Through-panel mounting kit is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately, below are the relevant part numbers:

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0053
4	3470-0056
5	3470-0067
6	3470-0055
7	3470-0079
8	3470-0083
9A	3470-0119
9E/10E	3470-0105
11E	3470-0126



If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70 °C (158 °F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.

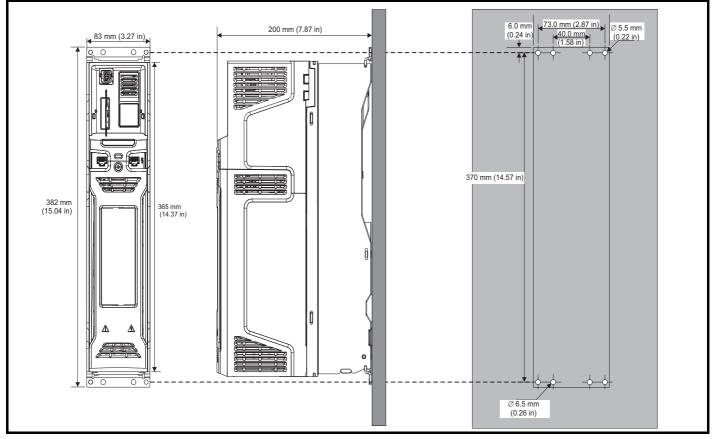


Many of the drives in this product range weigh in excess of 15 kg (33 lb). Use appropriate safeguards when lifting these models. A full list of drive weights can be found in section 11.1.19 *Weights* on page 408.

Safety information		Mechanical installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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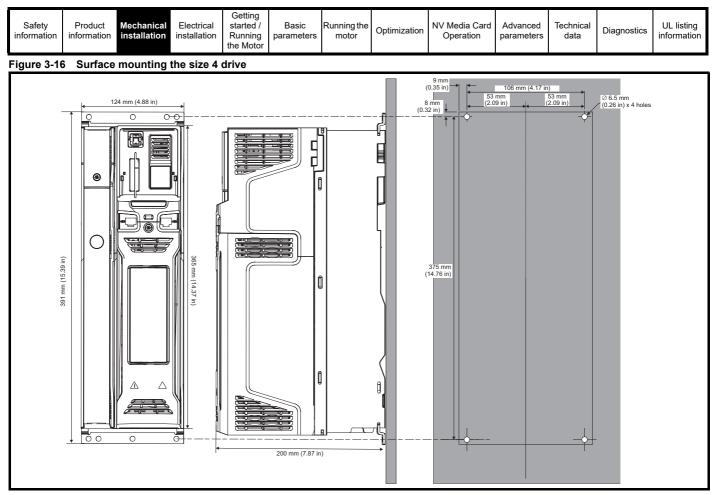
# 3.5.1 Surface mounting

Figure 3-15 Surface mounting the size 3 drive



#### NOTE

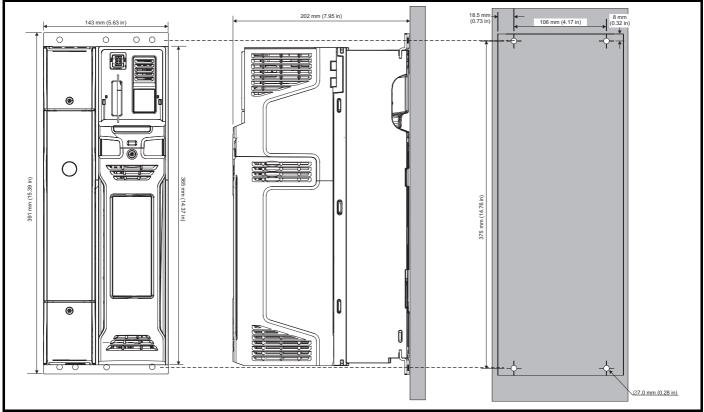
Each mounting bracket contains 4 mounting holes, the outer holes (5.5 mm) x 2 should be used for mounting the drive to the backplate as this allows the heatsink fan to be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate. The inner holes (6.5 mm) x 2 are used for Unidrive SP size 1 retrofit applications. See Table 3-2 for further information.



#### NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

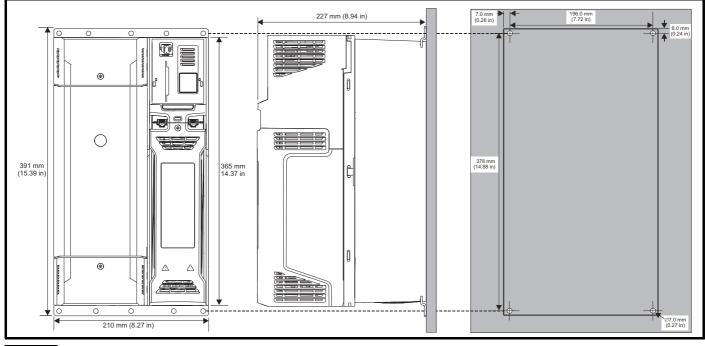




Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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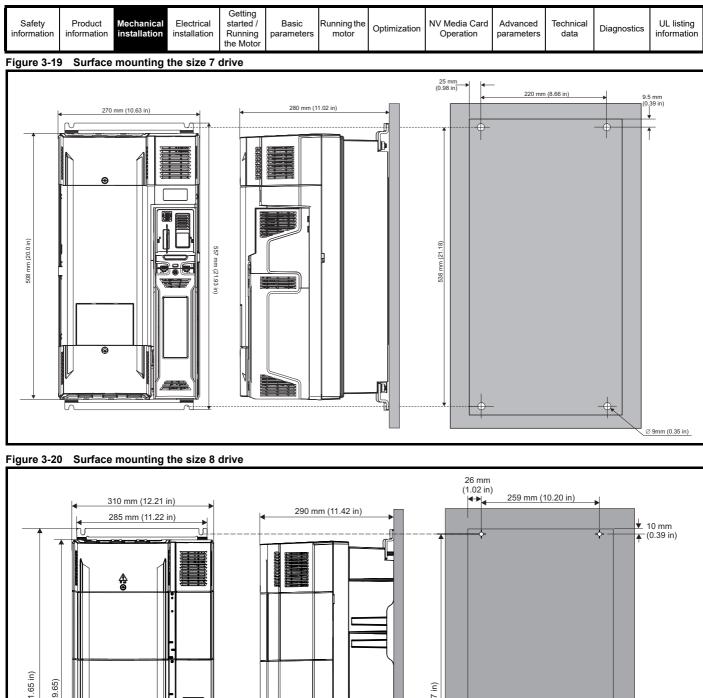
NOTE The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

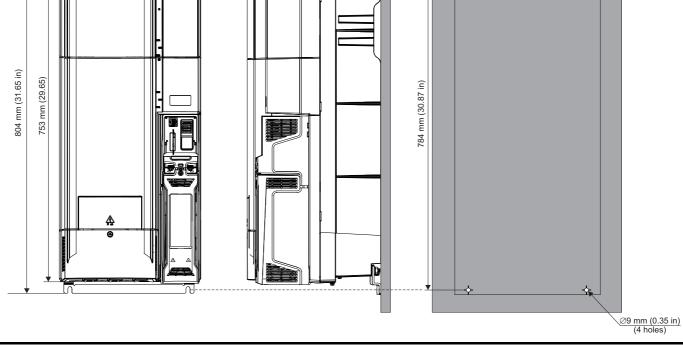
#### Figure 3-18 Surface mounting the size 6 drive

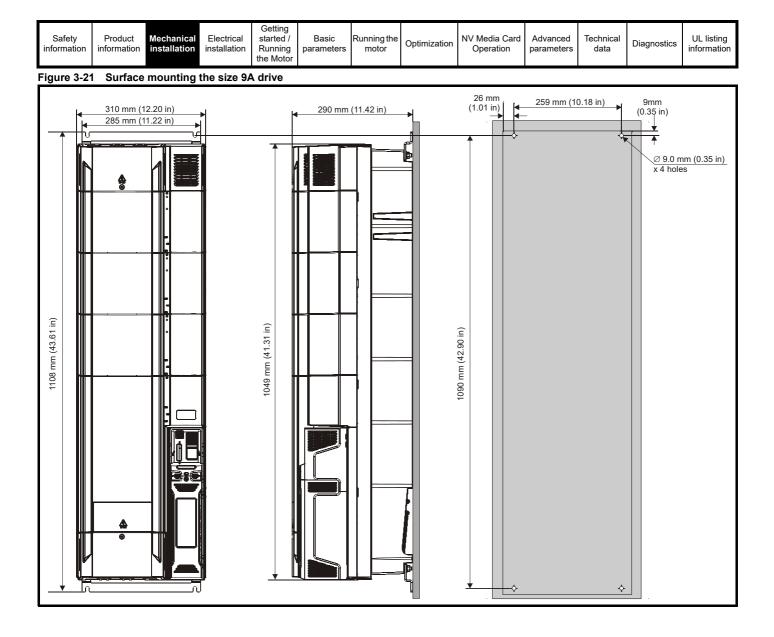


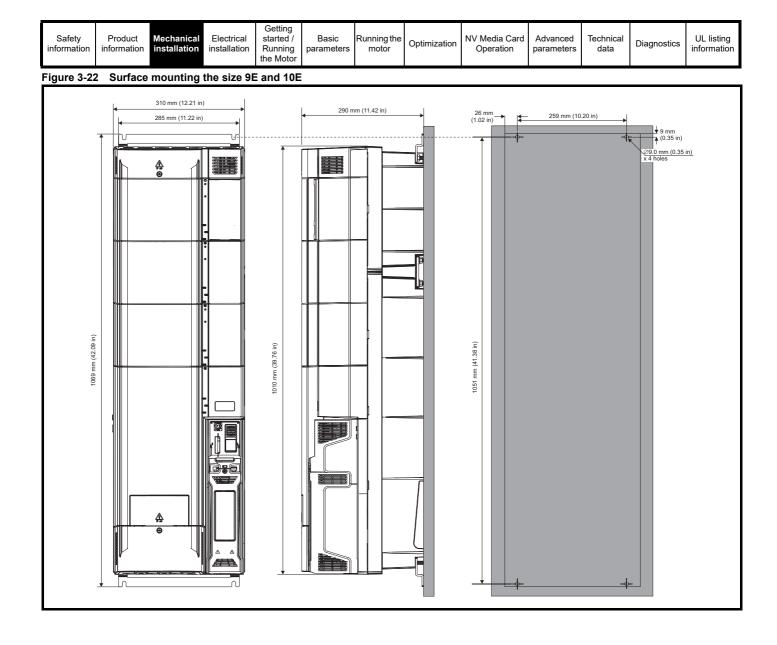
#### NOTE

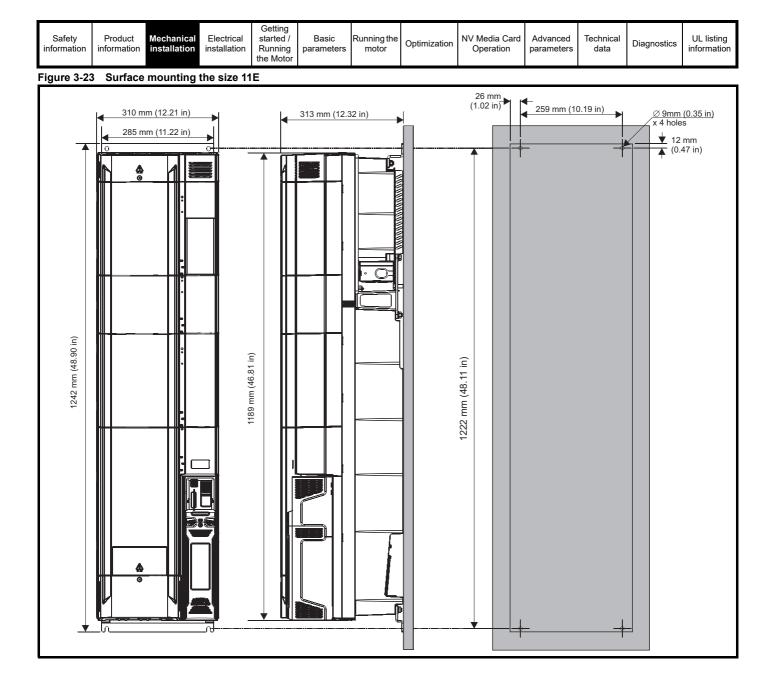
The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.







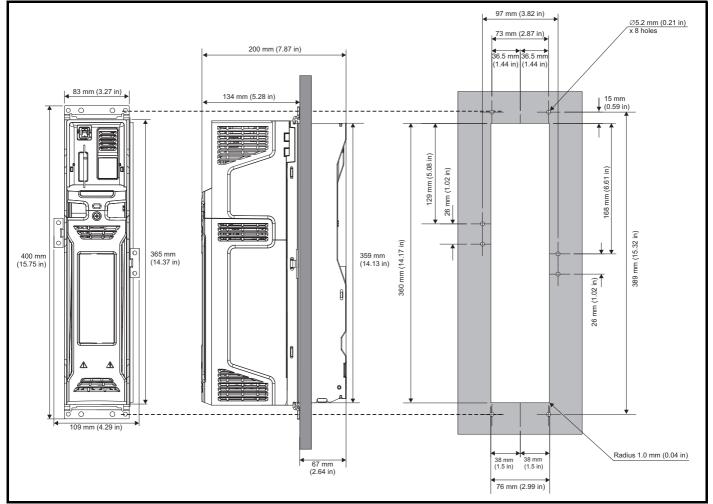


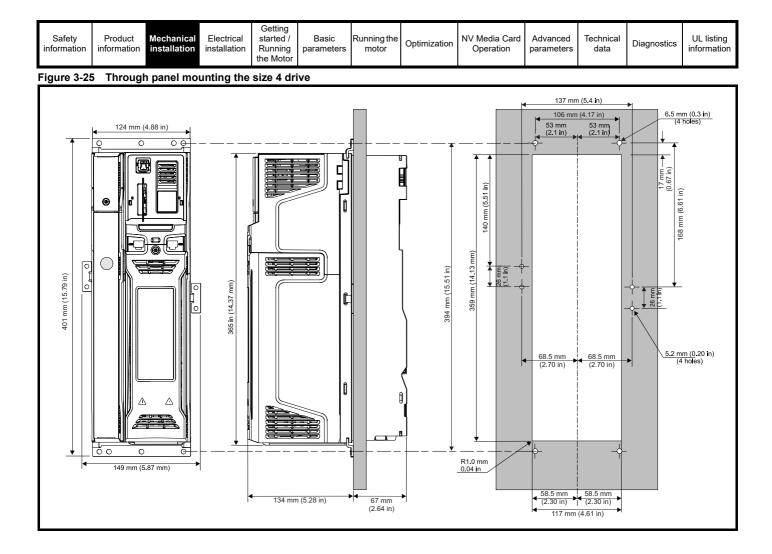


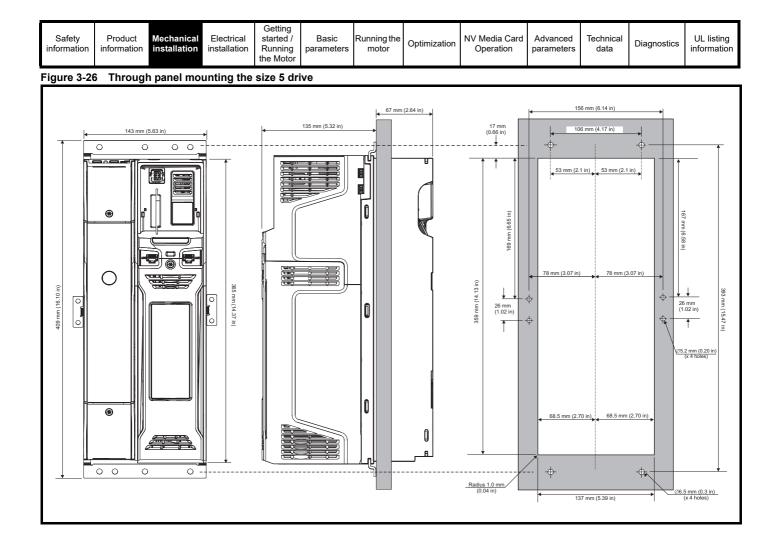
Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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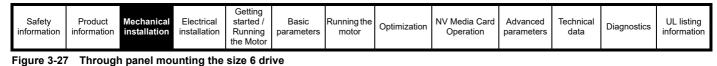
# 3.5.2 Through-panel mounting

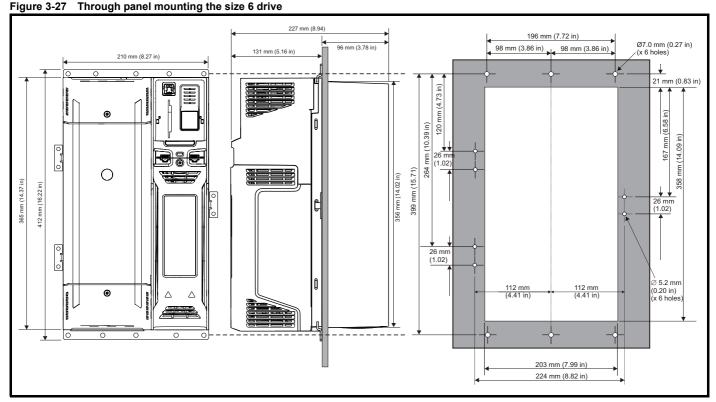
Figure 3-24 Through-panel mounting the size 3 drive





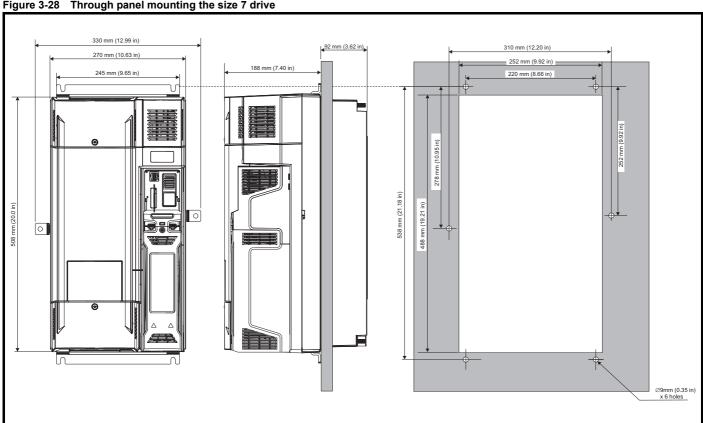




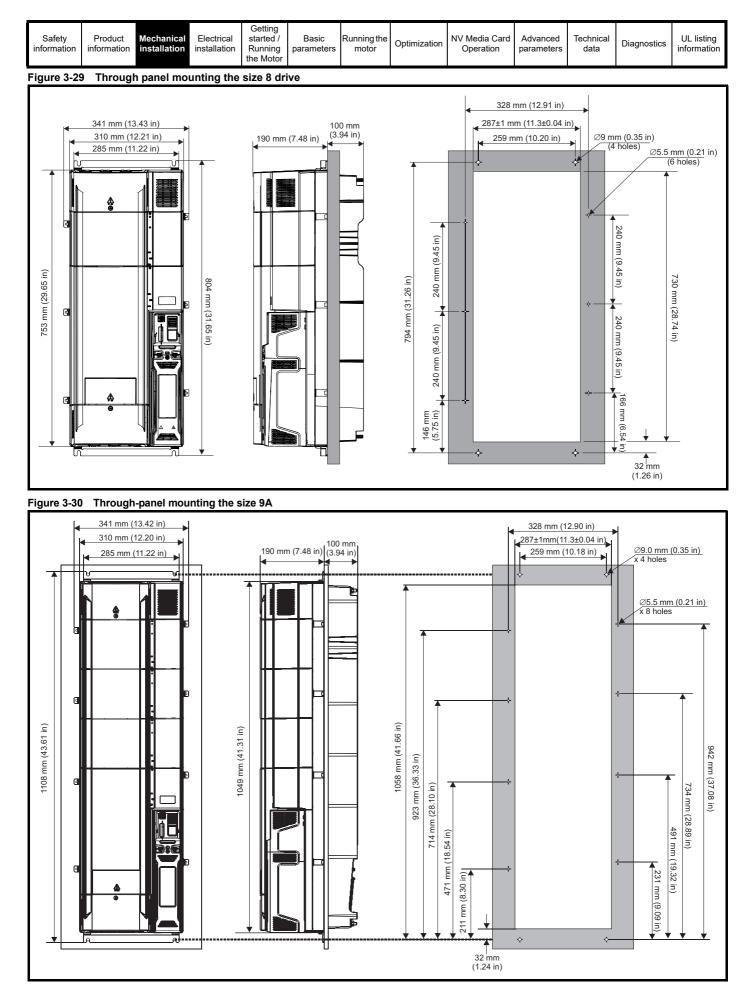


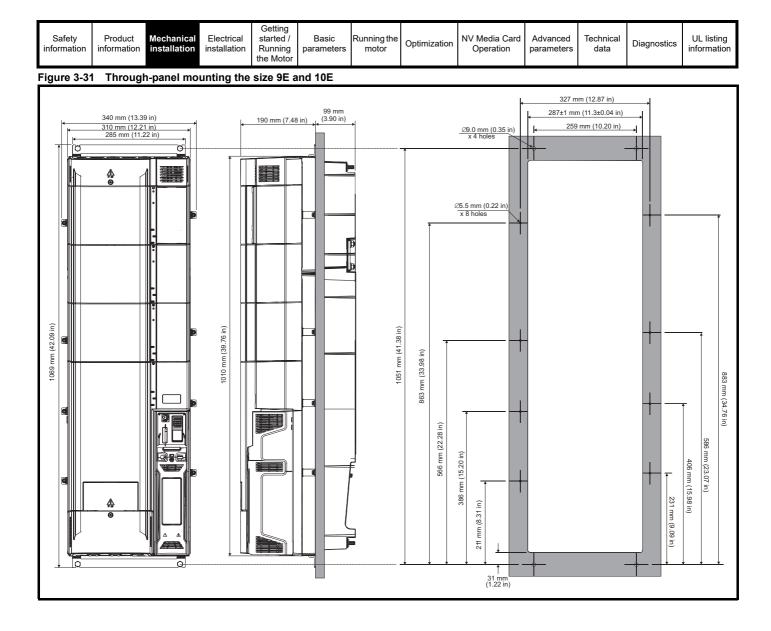
#### NOTE

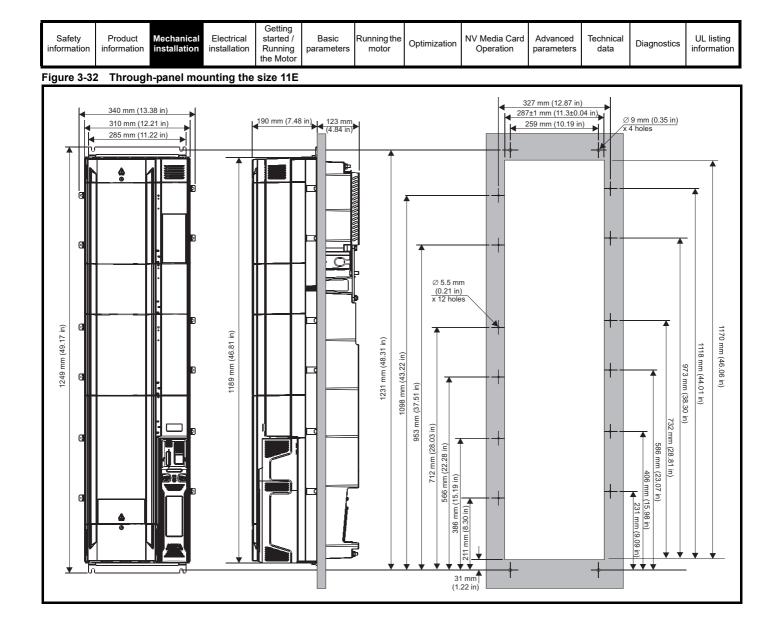
The outer holes plus the hole located in the center of the bracket are to be used for through panel mounting.



# Figure 3-28 Through panel mounting the size 7 drive







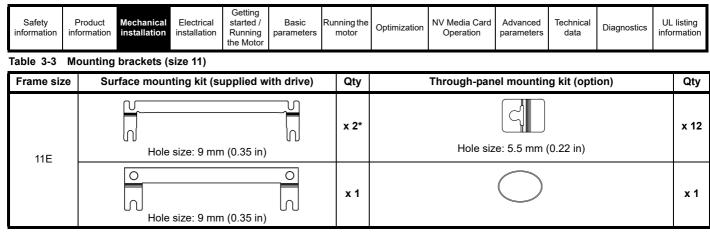
Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.5.3 Mounting brackets

# Table 3-2Mounting brackets (size 3 to 10)

Frame size	Surface mounting kit (supplied with drive)	Qty	Through-panel mounting kit (option)	Qty
3		x 2*	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 2
	Outer hole size: 5.2 mm (0.20 in) Centre hole / slot size: 6.2 mm (0.24 in)			x 1
4		x 2*	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		$\bigcirc$	x 1
5		x 2*		x 2
5	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	* 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 1
6		x 2*		x 3
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)		Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x 1
7		x 2*	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 2
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)			x 1
8		x 2*	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 6
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)			x 1
9A, 9E and 10E		x 2*	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x 8
	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)			x 1

 $^{\ast}$  Surface mounting brackets are also used when through-panel mounting.

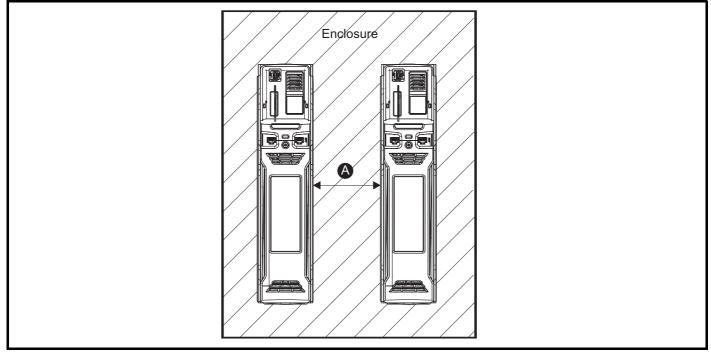


\* Surface mounting brackets are also used when through-panel mounting.

# 3.6 Enclosure for standard drives

#### 3.6.1 Recommended spacing between the drives

#### Figure 3-33 Recommended spacing between the drives



#### Table 3-4 Spacing required between the drives (without high IP insert)

Drive Size	Spaci	ing (A)					
Drive Size	40 °C	50 °C*					
3	0 mm (	(0.00 in)					
4	0 mm (0.00 in)						
5	0 mm (0.00 in)	30 mm (1.18 in)					
6	0 mm (	(0.00 in)					
7	30 mm	(1.18 in)					
8	30 mm	(1.18 in)					
9A/9E	60 mm (2.37 in)						
10E/11E	55	(2.37 11)					

\* 50 °C derating applies, refer to Table 11-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F) on page 396.

## NOTE

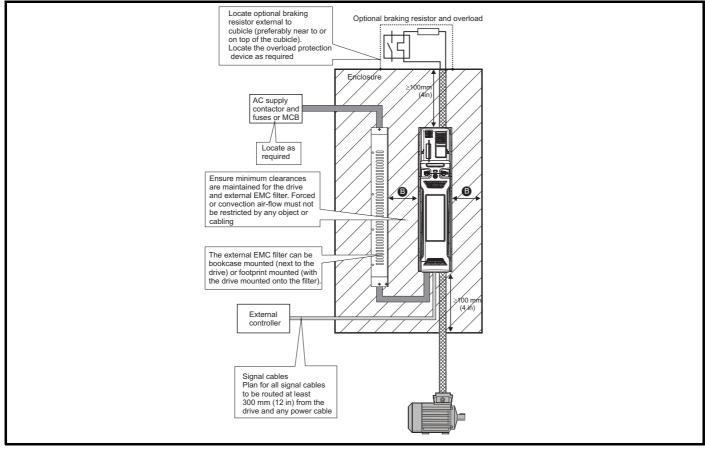
When through-panel mounted, ideally drives should be spaced 45 mm (1.77 in) to maximize panel stiffness.

Safety information		echanical stallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.6.2 Enclosure layout

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

## Figure 3-34 Enclosure layout (size 3 to 8)



#### NOTE

For EMC compliance:

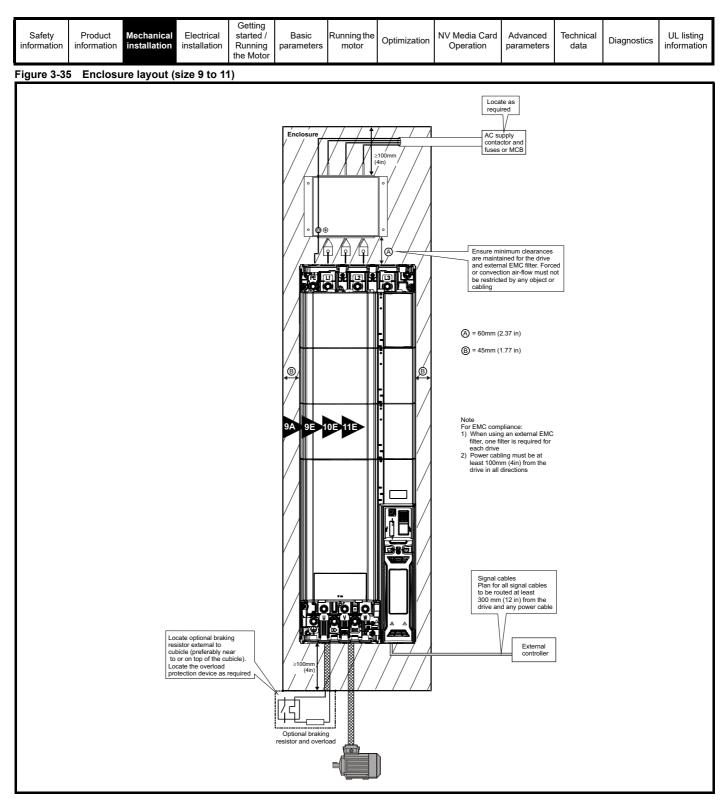
- 1. When using an external EMC filter, one filter is required for each drive.
- 2. Power cabling must be at least 100 mm (4 in) from the drive in all directions

#### Table 3-5 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive / EMC filter (size 3 to 8)

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
3	0 mm (0.00 in)
4	
5	
6	30 mm (1.18 in)
7	
8	

#### NOTE

Drive sizes 3 to 5 can be tile mounted where limited mounting space is available. The tile mounting kit is not supplied with the drive, it can be purchased separately.



#### Table 3-6 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive (size 9 to 11)

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
9A/9E	45 mm (1.77 in)
10E/11E	43 mm (1.77 m)

the Motor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.6.3 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 11.1.2 *Power dissipation* on page 398 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 2. If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 11.2.1 *EMC filter ratings* on page 424 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- 4. Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- 5. Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

## Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area  $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}}$  for the enclosure from:

$$\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{e}} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{T}_{int} - \mathbf{T}_{ext})}$$

Where:

Ae Unobstructed surface area in m<sup>2</sup> (1 m<sup>2</sup> = 10.9 ft<sup>2</sup>)

Text Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure

- T<sub>int</sub> Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure
- P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure
- k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/mm<sup>2</sup>/°C

### Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30  $^\circ\text{C}$

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

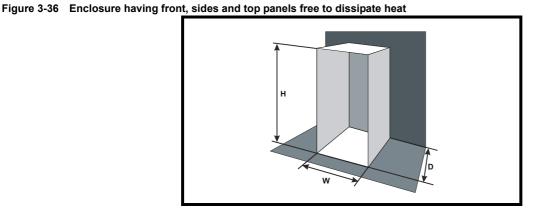
Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) = 392.4 W

#### NOTE

Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 393.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of  $5.5 \text{ W/m}^{2/\circ}\text{C}$ . Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of  $5.5 \text{ W/m}^{2/\circ}\text{C}$  can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.



Insert the following values:

- T<sub>int</sub>
   40 °C

   T<sub>ext</sub>
   30 °C

   k
   5.5
- P 392.4 W

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$$\textbf{A}_{e} \, = \, \frac{392.4}{5.5(40-30)}$$

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$V = rac{A_e - 2HD}{H + D}$$

Inserting  $\mathbf{H} = 2 \text{ m}$  and  $\mathbf{D} = 0.6 \text{ m}$ , obtain the minimum width:

$$W = \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$
  
=1.821 m (71.7 in)

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- Removing other heat-generating equipment

# Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

Where: V

- Air-flow in m<sup>3</sup> per hour (1 m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.59 ft<sup>3</sup>/min)
- T<sub>ext</sub> Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure
- T<sub>int</sub> Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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P Power in Watts dissipated by *all* heat sources in the enclosure

k Ratio of 
$$\frac{P_o}{P_l}$$

Where:

**P**<sub>I</sub> is the air pressure at the installation

Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

## Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

Insert the following values:

 T<sub>int</sub>
 40 °C

 T<sub>ext</sub>
 30 °C

 k
 1.3

 P
 323.7 W

Then:

$$V = \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}$$

= 126.2 m<sup>3</sup>/hr (74.5 ft<sup>3</sup>/min) (1 m<sup>3</sup>/hr = 0.59 ft<sup>3</sup>/min)

# 3.7 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures

Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value ( $T_{rate})$  which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \ ^{\circ}C$
- 2. Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate} = T_{int}$
- 3. Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate}$  = the greater of  $T_{ext}$  +5 °C, or  $T_{int}$
- 4. Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive  $T_{rate}$  = the greater of  $T_{ext}$  or  $T_{int}$

Where:

- T<sub>ext</sub> = Temperature outside the cabinet
- T<sub>int</sub> = Temperature inside the cabinet
- T<sub>rate</sub> = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 393.

# 3.8 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink mounted fan. The fan housing forms a baffle plate, channelling the air through the heatsink chamber. Thus, regardless of mounting method (surface mounting or through-panel mounting), the installing of additional baffle plates is not required.

Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

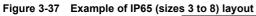
The heatsink fan on all sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating. Refer to section 3.14.2 *Size 3 to 5 heatsink fan removal procedure* on page 83 for information on fan removal. Size 6 to 11 are also installed with a variable speed fan to ventilate the capacitor bank.

Safety information	Product Mechanical information		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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# 3.9 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection

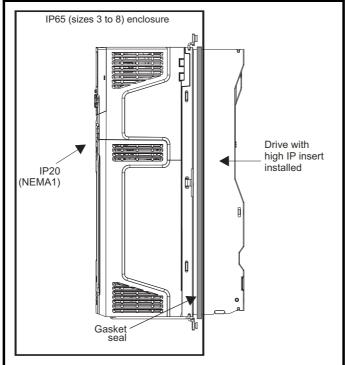
An explanation of environmental protection rating is provided in section 11.1.9 *IP / UL Rating*.

The standard drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, nonconductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 3 to 8) or IP55 (size 9, 10 and 11) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required). Refer to section 11.1.1



Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 393.

This allows the front of the drive, along with various switchgear, to be housed in a high IP enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the panel to the external environment. Thus, the majority of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the enclosure maintaining a reduced temperature inside the enclosure. This also relies on a good seal being made between the heatsink and the rear of the enclosure using the gaskets provided.

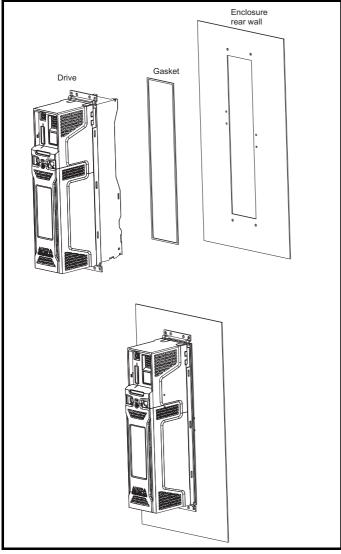


The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-38.

On drive sizes 3, 4 and 5, in order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert as shown in Figure 3-40, Figure 3-41 and Figure 3-42.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Figure 3-38 Installing the gasket



To seal the space between the drive and the backplate, use two sealing brackets as shown in Figure 3-39.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Figure 3-39 Through panel mounting

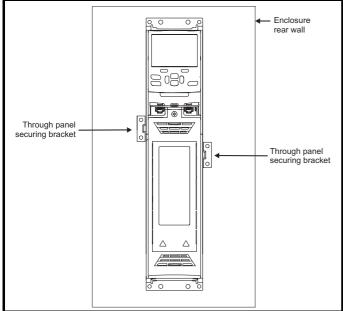
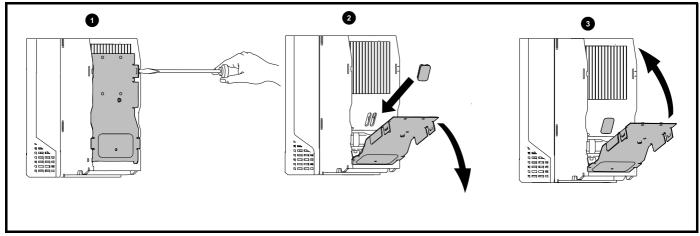


Figure 3-40 Installation of high IP insert for size 3



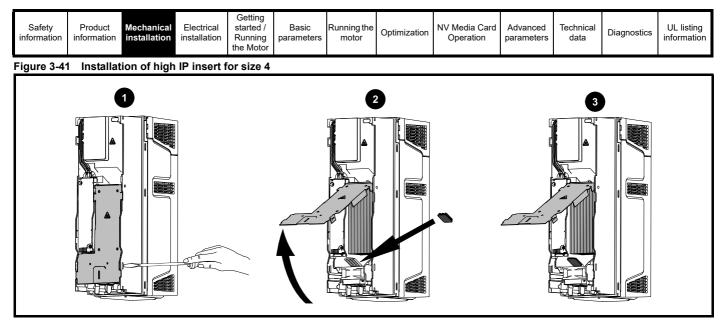
1. To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).

2. Pull the hinged baffle down to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2). Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).

3. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

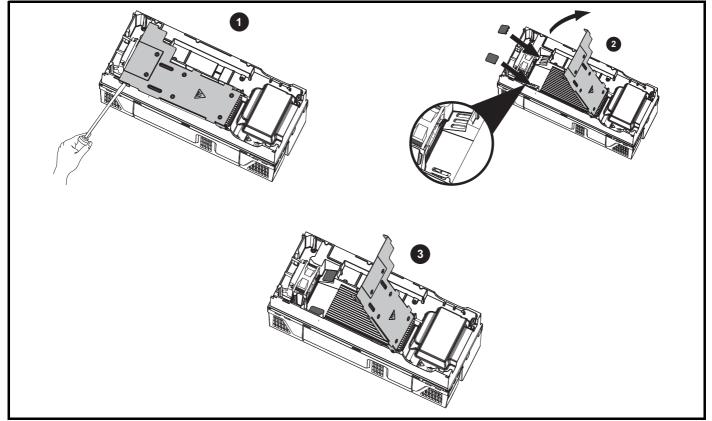


- 1. To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- 2. Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

#### Figure 3-42 Installation of high IP insert for size 5



- 1. To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- 2. Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation holes, install the high IP inserts into the ventilation holes in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP inserts are securely installed by firmly pressing them into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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#### Table 3-7 Environment considerations

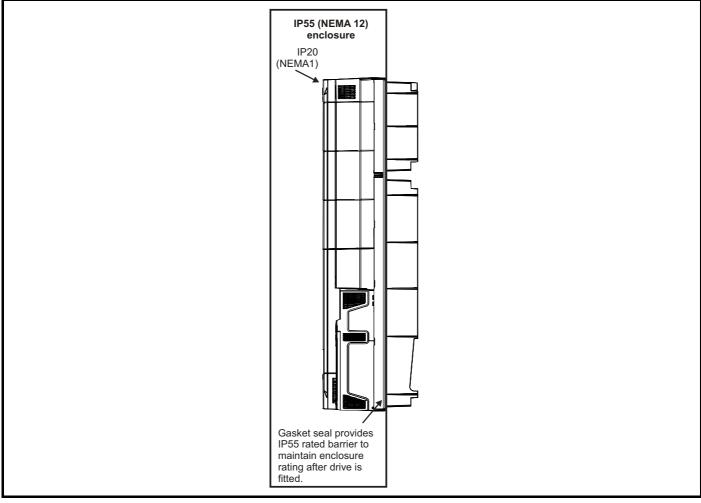
Environment	High IP insert	Comments
Clean	Not installed	
Dry, dusty (non-conductive)	Installed	De sules ele esis s
Dry, dusty (conductive)	Installed	Regular cleaning recommended
IP65 compliance	Installed	

#### NOTE

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the high IP insert is installed. Derating information is provided in section 11.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 393.

Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.

## Figure 3-43 Example of IP55 (NEMA 12) size 9 to 11 through-panel layout

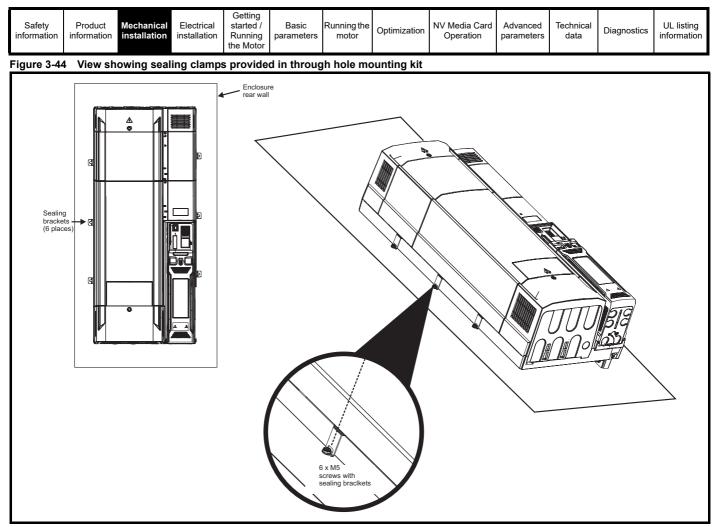


The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-38. Any screws / bolts that are used for mounting should be installed with M8 flat nylon washers to maintain a seal around the screw hole.

See Figure 3-44 on page 67, sealing clamps are supplied in the through panel mounting kit to aid compression of the gasket.

#### NOTE

The heatsink fans have conformal coated PCBs and have sealant at cable entry points. Dripping, splashing or sprayed water can impede the operation of the fan, therefore if the environment is such that the fan may be subjected to more than occasional dripping or sprayed water while operational, then suitable drip protection covers should be employed.



#### NOTE

For detailed information regarding IP55 (NEMA 12) Through Panel Mounting see Figure 3-30 *Through-panel mounting the size 9A* on page 53, Figure 3-31 *Through-panel mounting the size 9E and 10E* on page 54 and Figure 3-32 *Through-panel mounting the size 11E* on page 55.

#### NOTE

When designing an IP65 or IP55 enclosure (Figure 3-37 *Example of IP65 (sizes 3 to 8) layout* on page 62), consideration should be made to the dissipation from the front of the drive.

Table 3-8	Power losses	s from the front	of the drive when	through-panel mounted
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Frame size	Power loss
3	≤ 50 W
4	≤ 75 W
5	≤ 100 W
6	≤ 100 W
7	≤ 204 W
8	≤ 347 W
9A/9E/10E/11E	≤ 480 W

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.10 Heatsink mounted brake resistor

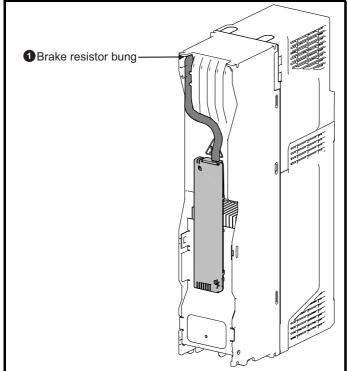
The internal / heatsink mounted braking resistors must only be used with the following drives. Brake resistor 1220-2752 must only be used with size 3 drives. Brake resistor 1299-0003 must only be used with size 4 and 5 drives.

# 3.10.1 Size 3, 4 and 5 internal braking resistor

Size 3, 4 and 5 have been designed with an optional space-saving heatsink mounted resistor. The resistor can be installed within the heatsink fins of the drive. When the heatsink resistor is used, an external thermal protection device is not required as the resistor is designed such that it will fail safely under any fault conditions. The in-built software overload protection is set-up at default to protect the resistor. The resistor is rated to IP54 (NEMA 12).

# 3.10.2 Internal braking resistor installation instructions

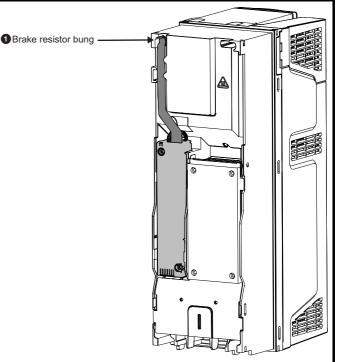
## Figure 3-45 Brake resistor installation on size 3



- 1. Remove the terminal covers as detailed in section 3.3.1 *Removing the terminal covers* on page 32.
- 2. Remove the internal ENC filter as shown in Figure 4-29 *Removal of the size 3 internal ENC filter* on page 123.
- 3. Remove the brake resistor bung (1) from the hole in the chassis, the closed end of the bung will need to be pierced so that the cable has access to be routed through.
- Feed brake resistor bung onto outer insulation of brake resistor cable. The wider end of the bung should be inserted first. The Narrow end should align with end of insulation.
- Install the braking resistor to the heatsink using the captive screws. The screws should be tighten to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 6. Route the cables through the provided hole at the rear of the heatsink as shown in Figure 3-45 and take the cable out from the front side of the drive. Ensure the cables are routed between the fins of the heatsink, and the cables are not trapped between the heatsink fins and the resistor.
- Crimp the cable ends and make appropriate connections. The brake terminals must be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).

 Replace the terminal covers on the drive, tighten to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

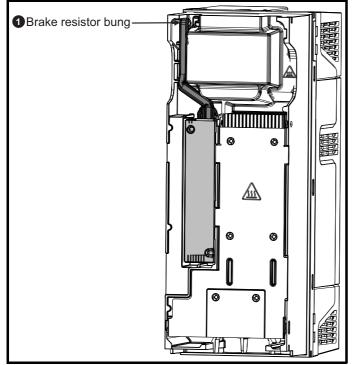
#### Figure 3-46 Brake resistor installation on size 4



- 1. Remove the terminal covers as detailed in section 3.3.1 *Removing the terminal covers* on page 32.
- Remove the brake resistor bung (1) from the hole in the chassis, the closed end of the bung will need to be pierced so that the cable has access to be routed through.
- Feed brake resistor bung onto outer insulation of brake resistor cable. The wider end of the bung should be inserted first. The Narrow end should align with end of insulation.
- Install the braking resistor to the heatsink using the captive screws. The screws should be tighten to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 5. Route the cables through the provided hole at the rear of the heatsink as shown in Figure 3-46 and take the cable out from the front side of the drive. Ensure the cables are routed between the fins of the heatsink, and the cables are not trapped between the heatsink fins and the resistor.
- Crimp the cable ends and make appropriate connections. The brake terminals must be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 7. Replace the terminal covers on the drive, tighten to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety information		echanical stallation i	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 3-47 Brake resistor installation on size 5



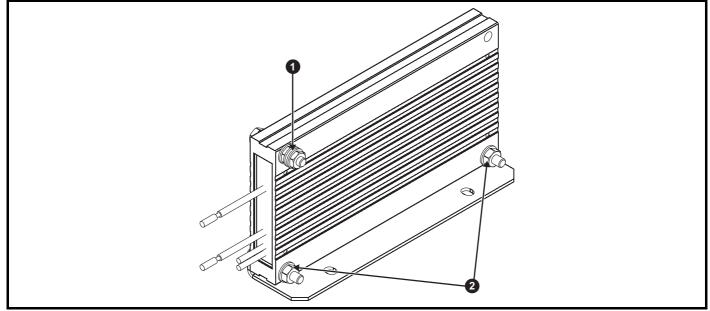
- 1. Remove the terminal covers as detailed in section 3.3.1 *Removing the terminal covers* on page 32.
- 2. Remove the brake resistor bung (1) from the hole in the chassis, the closed end of the bung will need to be pierced so that the cable has access to be routed through.
- Feed brake resistor bung onto outer insulation of brake resistor cable. The wider end of the bung should be inserted first. The Narrow end should align with end of insulation.
- Install the braking resistor to the heatsink using the captive screws. The screws should be tighten to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 5. Route the cables through the provided hole at the rear of the heatsink as shown in Figure 3-46 and take the cable out from the front side of the drive. Ensure the cables are routed between the fins of the heatsink, and the cables are not trapped between the heatsink fins and the resistor.
- Crimp the cable ends and make appropriate connections. The brake terminals must be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.5 lb ft).
- 7. Replace the terminal covers on the drive, tighten to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 3.10.3 External brake resistor

External brake resistors are available from Control Techniques for drive sizes 3 to 6. They can be mounted in the enclosure as per mounting recommendation in Figure 3-34 *Enclosure layout (size 3 to 8)* on page 58 using mounting brackets part number 6541-0187-00. Figure 3-48 below shows the brake resistor mounted on the mounting bracket. Two M4 screws and nuts (2) can be used to fix the brake resistor to the mounting bracket. One M4 nut with washer (1) is provided to use for the ground connection. The brake resistor is equipped with a thermal switch, the thermal switch should be integrated in the control circuit by the user.

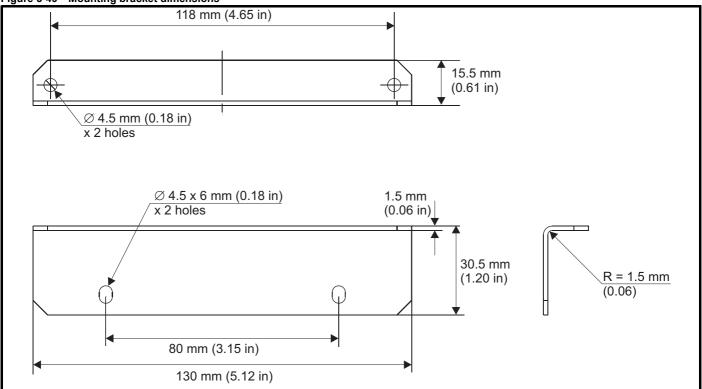
## Figure 3-48 Brake resistor with the mounting bracket

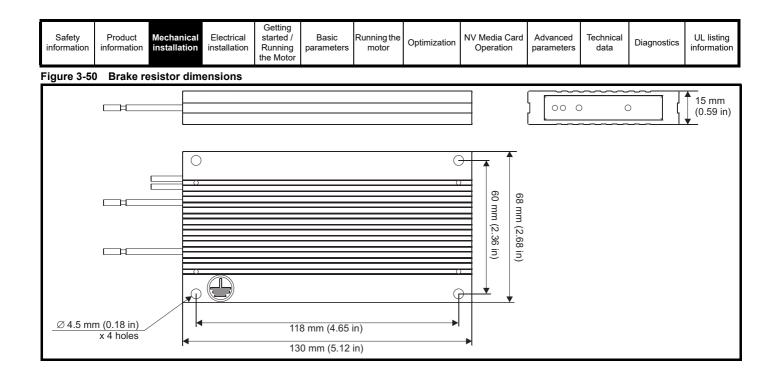


1. Ground connection (1 x M4 nut and washer).

2. Attaching the brake resistor to the mounting bracket (using 2 x M4 screws and nuts).

#### Figure 3-49 Mounting bracket dimensions





Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.11 External EMC filter

The external EMC filter details for each drive rating are provided in the table below.

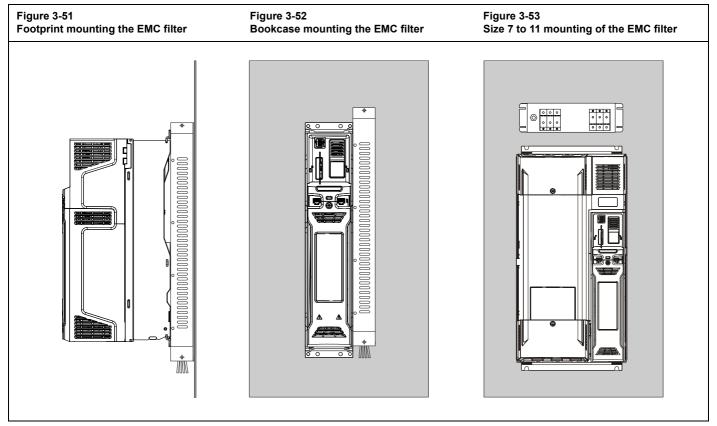
#### Table 3-9 External EMC filter data

Model	CT part number	Weight		
Model	CT part number	kg	lb	
200 V				
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230	1.9	4.20	
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272	4.0	8.82	
05200300	4200-0312	5.5	12.13	
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300	6.5	14.3	
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132	6	13.2	
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972	9.6	21.1	
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021	11	24.3	
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460	12	26.5	
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460	12	26.5	
400 V		·		
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480	2.0	4.40	
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252	4.1	9.04	
05400300	4200-0402	5.5	12.13	
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800	6.7	14.8	
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132	6	13.2	
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972	9.6	21.1	
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021	11	24.25	
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460	12	26.5	
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460	12	26.5	
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400	14.7	32.41	
575 V				
05500039 to 05500100	4200-0122	5.5	12.13	
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690	7.0	15.4	
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672	6.2	13.7	
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662	9.4	20.7	
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660	5.2	11.46	
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210	10.3	22.7	
10502000	4200-2210	10.3	22.7	
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690	16.75	36.9	
90 V				
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672	6	13.2	
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662	9.4	20.7	
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660	5.2	11.5	
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210	10.3	22.7	
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210	10.3	22.7	
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690	16.75	36.9	

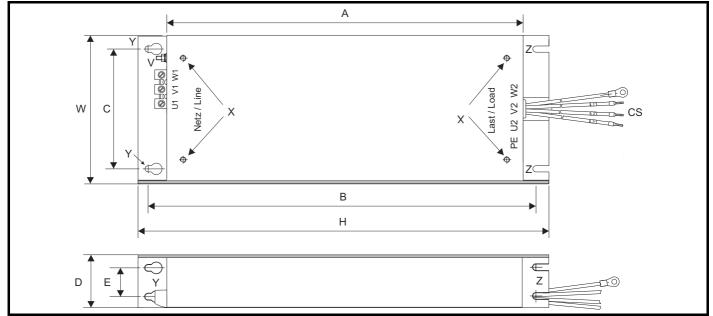
Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The external EMC filters for sizes 3 to 6 can be footprint mounted or bookcase mounted as shown in Figure 3-51 and Figure 3-52. The external EMC filters for sizes 7 to 11, are designed to be mounted above the drive as shown in Figure 3-53.

Mount the external EMC filter following the guidelines in section 4.12.6 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 127.



#### Figure 3-54 External EMC filter (size 3 to 6)



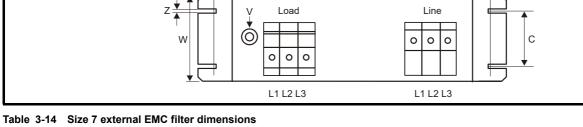
#### V: Ground stud

Z: Bookcase mounting slot diameter.

X: Threaded holes for footprint mounting of the drive CS: Cable size

Y: Footprint mounting hole diameter

information info	ormation insta	nanical Elect Illation install	ation Running the Moto	parameter r	Running th s motor	Pe Optimization	NV Media Operatio		Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
able 3-10 S	ize 3 extern	al EMC filter B	dimensions C	D	Е	н	w	v	x	Y	z	CS
number 4200-3230 4200-3480	384 mm (15.12 in)	414 mm (16.30 in)	56 mm (2.21 in)	41 mm (1.61 in)	-	426 mm (16.77 in)	83 mm (3.27 in)	M5	M5	5.5 mm (0.22 in)	5.5 mm (0.22 in)	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWC
able 3-11 S	ize 4 externa	al EMC filter	dimensions	1					··			
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	Е	н	w	v	x	Y	z	CS
4200-0272 4200-0252	395 mm (15.55 in)	425 mm (16.73 in)	100 mm (3.94 in)	60 mm (2.36 in)	33 mm (1.30 in)	437 mm (17.2 in)	123 mm (4.84 in)	M6	1/16	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6 mm² (10 AW0
able 3-12 S	ize 5 extern	al EMC filter	dimensions	i								
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	x	Y	z	CS
4200-0312 4200-0402	395 mm	425 mm	106 mm	60 mm	33 mm	437 mm	143 mm	M6	M6	6.5 mm	6.5 mm	10 mm (8 AWG
4200-0122	(15.55 in)	(16.73 in)	(4.17 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(17.2 in)	(5.63 in)	IVIO	WO	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	2.5 mm (14 AWC
able 3-13 S	ize 6 extern	al EMC filter	dimensions	i								
CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	н	w	v	x	Y	z	cs
4200-2300 4200-4800 4200-3690	392 mm (15.43 in)	420 mm (16.54 in)	180 mm (7.09 in)	60 mm (2.36 in)	33 mm (1.30 in)	434 mm (17.09 in)	210 mm (8.27 in)	M6	1/16	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	16 mm <sup>:</sup> (6 AWG
igure 3-55	External EM	C filter (size	7 to 8)									
								]				
		F										
					A							



# CT part

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	н	w	v	x	Y	z
4200-1132	240 mm	255 mm	55 mm	150 mm		205 mm	270 mm	90 mm	M10			6.5 mm
4200-0672	(9.45 in)	(10.04 in)	(2.17 in)	(5.90 in)		(8.07 in)	(10.63 in)	(3.54 in)	IVITO			(0.26 in)

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Table 3-15 Size 8 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	w	v	Х	Y	Z
4200-1972	260 mm	275 mm	85 mm	170 mm		249 mm	300 mm	120 mm	M10			6.5 mm
4200-1662	(10.24 in)	(10.83 in)	(3.35 in)	(6.69 in)		(9.79 in)	(11.81 in)	(4.72 in)	WITO			(0.26 in)

## Figure 3-56 External EMC filter (size 9A)

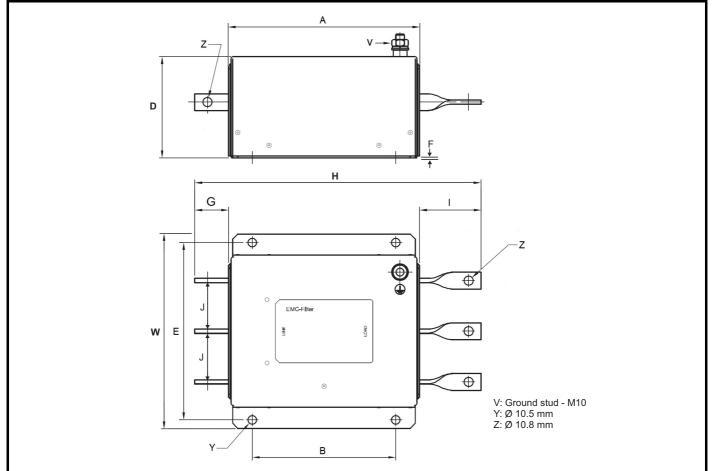


Table 3-16 Size 9A external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	w
4200-3021	220 mm	170 mm	120 mm	210 mm	2 mm	40 mm	339 mm	73 mm	60 mm	230 mm
	(8.66 in)	(6.70 in)	(4.72 in)	(8.27 in)	(0.08 in)	(1.57 in)	(13.34)	(2.87 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.06 in)
4200-1660	280 mm	180 mm	105 mm	225 mm	2 mm	40 mm	360 mm	73 mm	60 mm	245 mm
	(11.02 in)	(7.09 in)	(4.13 in)	(8.86 in)	(0.08 in)	(1.57 in)	(14.17 in)	(2.87 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.65 in)

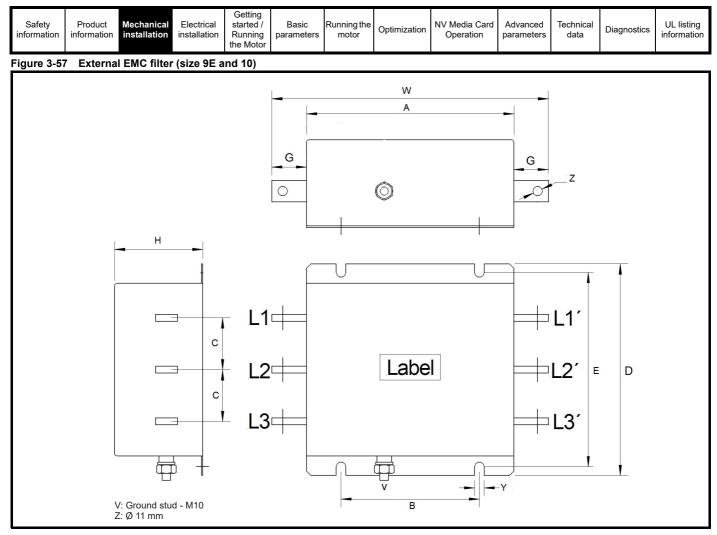


Table 3-17 Size 9E and 10 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	G	н	w	Y
4200-4460	280 mm	180 mm	57 mm	245 mm	225 mm	40 mm	105 mm	360 mm	11 mm
4200-2210	(11.02)	(7.09)	(2.24 mm)	(9.65 in)	(8.86 in)	(1.57 in)	(4.13 in)	(14.7 in)	(0.43 in)

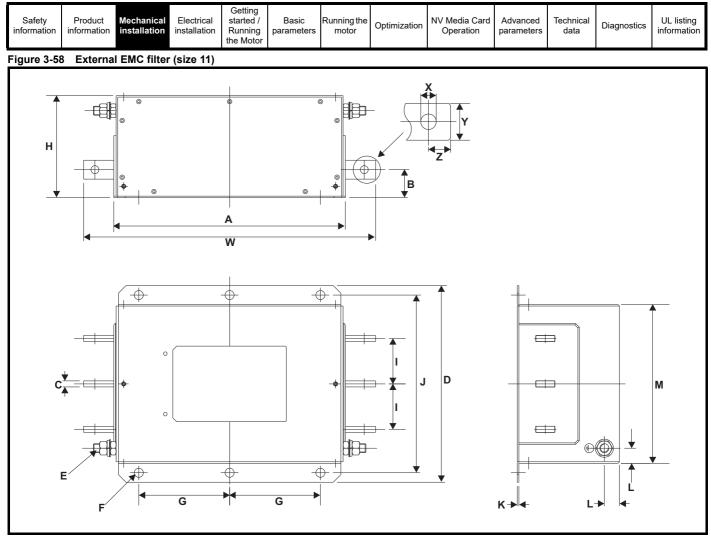


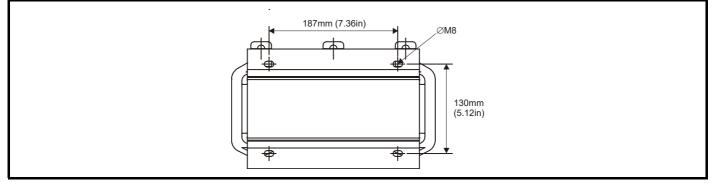
Table 3-18 Size 11 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	с	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	м	х	Y	z	w
4200-0400	306 mm	37 mm	8 mm	260 mm	M12	12 mm		135 mm		235 mm	2 mm	20 mm	210 mm		25 mm	15 mm	386 mm
4200-0690	(12.05 in)	(1.46 in)	(0.32 in)	(10.2 in)	IVI I Z	(0.47 in)	(4.72 in)	(5.32 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.25 in)	(0.08 in)	(0.79 in)	(8.27 in)	(0.41 in)	(0.98 in)	(0.59 in)	(15.20 in)

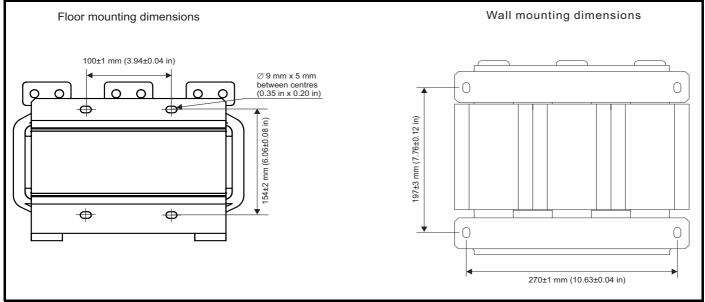
information installation installation Running parameters motor Operation parameters data	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listin information
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# 3.12 Line reactor mounting dimensions for size 9E, 10E and 11E

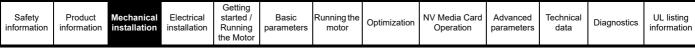
Figure 3-59 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 9 and 10



## Figure 3-60 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 11



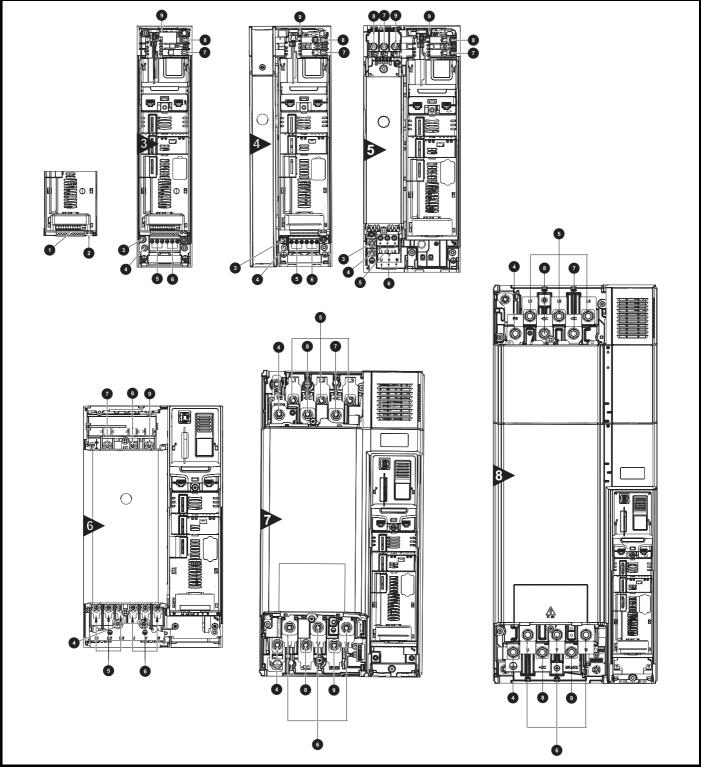
For overall dimensions and other details, refer to section 4.2.3 Drive model and input line reactor on page 101.



# 3.13 Electrical terminals

3.13.1 Location of the power and ground terminals

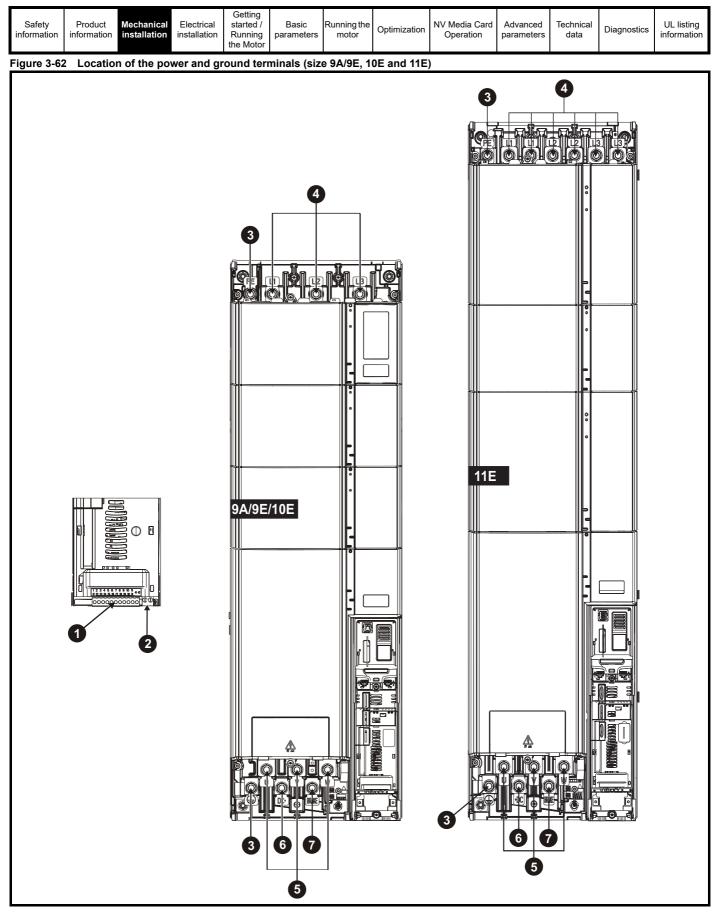
Figure 3-61 Locations of the power and ground terminals (size 3 to 8)



## Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Additional ground connection
- 4. Ground connections
- 5. AC power terminals
- 6. Motor terminals

- 7. DC bus -8. DC bus +
- 9. Brake terminal



## Key

1. Control terminals

- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Ground connections
- 4. AC power terminals
- 5. Motor terminals
   6. DC bus +
- 7. Brake terminal

Safety information	Product Mechanica information installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.13.2 Terminal sizes and torque settings



To avoid a fire hazard and maintain validity of the UL listing, adhere to the specified tightening torques for the power and ground terminals. Refer to the following tables.

## Table 3-19 Drive power terminal data

Pump Drive	AC and mot	or terminals	DC and	braking	Ground terminal			
F600 frame size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum		
3 and 4	Plug-in ter	minal block	Т20 То	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M4	4 Nut (7 mm AF)		
5 and 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)		
5	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M4	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	M5 Nut (8	3 mm AF)		
5	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)		
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)		
Ŭ	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)		
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)		
•	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)		
8 to 11	M10 Nut (*	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (*	I7 mm AF)	M10 Nut (*	17 mm AF)		
01011	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)		

## Table 3-20 Drive control and relay terminal data

Table 3-20	Drive control and relay termina	ludid
Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)
Table 3-21	Plug-in terminal block maximu	m cable sizes
Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)
All	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)
3	6 way AC power connector	6 mm² (10 AWG)
4	o way Ao power connector	
5	3 way AC power connector 3 way motor connector	8 mm² (8 AWG)
6		
7		
8	2 way low voltage power 24 V supply connector	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)
9A/9E		
10E/11E		

Table 3-22 External EMC filter terminal data

CT mont	Pov	ver connecti	ons	Ground co	onnections
CT part number	Bar hole diameter	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque
4200-1132		50 mm²	8.0 N m		
4200-0672		(1/0 AWG)	(6.0lb ft)	M10	18 N m
4200-1972		95 mm²	20 N m	WITO	(13.3 lb ft)
4200-1662		(3/0 AWG)	(14.8 lb ft)		
4200-0122			2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)		
4200-0252		16 mm²			4.8 N m
4200-0272		(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	M6	(2.8 lb ft)
4200-0312	N/A		(1.4 lb ft)		
4200-0402					
4200-3230		4 mm² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m
4200-3480		4 mm² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)
4200-2300		10 0			
4200-4800		16 mm² (6 AWG)	2.3 N m (1.70 lb ft)	M6	4.8 N m (2.8 lb ft)
4200-3690		(07,070)			(2.0 10 11)
4200-3021	10.8 mm				
4200-4460	11 mm			M10	18 N m
4200-1660	10.8 mm	N/A	30 N m	MITU	(13.3 lb ft)
4200-2210	11 mm	IN/A	(22.1 lb ft)		
4200-0400	10.5 mm			M12	25 N m
4200-0690	10.5 mm			IVIIZ	(18.4 lb ft)

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14 Routine maintenance

The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact of moisture and dust with the drive should be prevented.

Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

Environment								
Ambient temperature	ure Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified							
Dust Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments.								
Moisture	isture Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation							
Enclosure								
Enclosure door filters	Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow							
Electrical								
Screw connections	Ensure all screw terminals remain tight							
Crimp terminals	Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indicate overheating							
Cables	Check all cables for signs of damage							

## 3.14.1 Real time clock battery replacement

The keypads with the real time clock feature contain a battery to ensure the clock works when the drive is powered down. The battery has a long life time but if the battery needs to be replaced or removed, follow the instructions below.

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad display.

## Figure 3-63 Keypad (rear view)

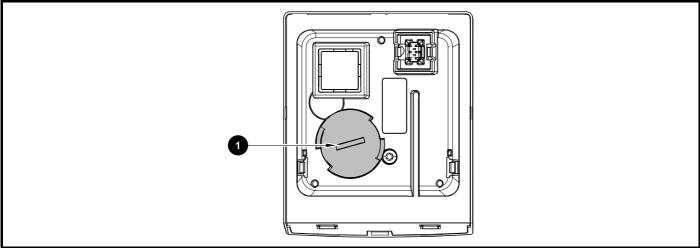


Figure 3-63 above illustrates a rear view of the keypad (KI-HOA Keypad RTC and HOA Keypad RTC).

1. To remove the battery cover insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot as shown (1), push and turn anti-clockwise until the battery cover is released.

2. Replace the battery (the battery type is: CR2032).

3. Reverse point 1 above to replace battery cover.

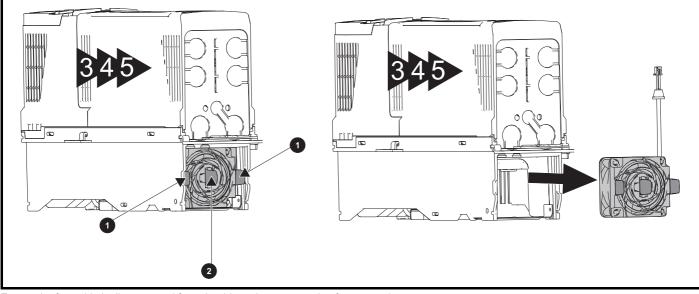
## NOTE

Ensure the battery is disposed of correctly.

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14.2 Size 3 to 5 heatsink fan removal procedure

Figure 3-64 Removal of the size 3, 4 and 5 heatsink fan (size 3 shown)



Ensure the fan cable is disconnected from the drive prior to attempting fan removal.

- 1. Press the two tabs inwards to release the fan from the drive frame.
- 2. Using the central fan tab, withdraw the fan assembly from the drive housing.
- Replace the fan by reversing the above instructions.

## NOTE

If the drive is surface mounted using the outer holes on the mounting bracket, then the heatsink fan can be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate.

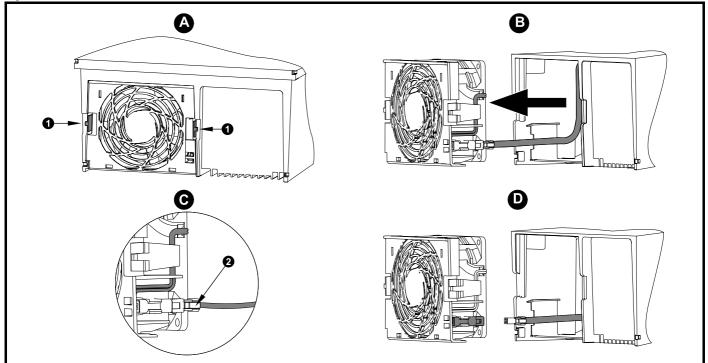
## Table 3-23 Size 3 to 5 heatsink fan part numbers

Model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 3	3251-0029
Size 4	3251-0245
Size 5	3251-0245

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14.3 Size 6 heatsink fan removal procedure

Figure 3-65 Removal of the size 6 heatsink fan



A: Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the underside of the drive.

B: Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan by pulling it away from the drive.

C: Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead as shown (2).

D: With the locking release depressed (2), take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

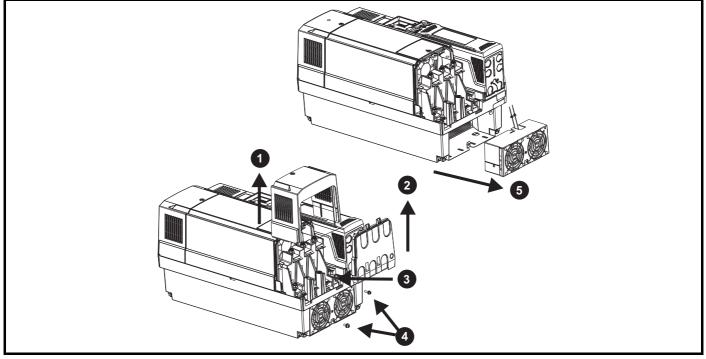
## Table 3-24 Size 6 heatsink fan part number

Model	Heatsink fan part number					
Size 6	3251-0030					

Safety information	Product Mechanical information		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14.4 Size 7 heatsink fan replacement

Figure 3-66 Size 7 heatsink fan replacement



## Size 7 heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Remove terminal cover

2) Remove finger guard

3) Disconnect fan cables from drive (making a note of the order) and push grommets down prior to attempting fan removal

4) Remove the mounting screws using a T20 and T25 torque driver

5) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan(s) have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

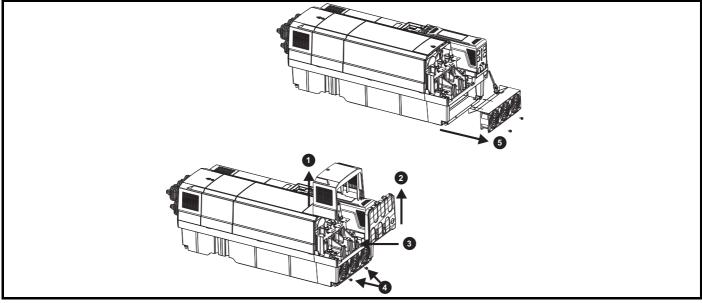
## Table 3-25 Size 7 heatsink fan part number

Drive model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 7	3251-8247

Safety information		echanical stallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14.5 Size 8 heatsink fan replacement

## Figure 3-67 Size 8 heatsink fan replacement



## Size 8 heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Remove terminal cover

2) Remove finger guard

3) Disconnect fan cables from drive (making a note of the order) and push grommet down prior to attempting fan removal

4) Remove the mounting screws using a T20 torque driver

5) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan(s) have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

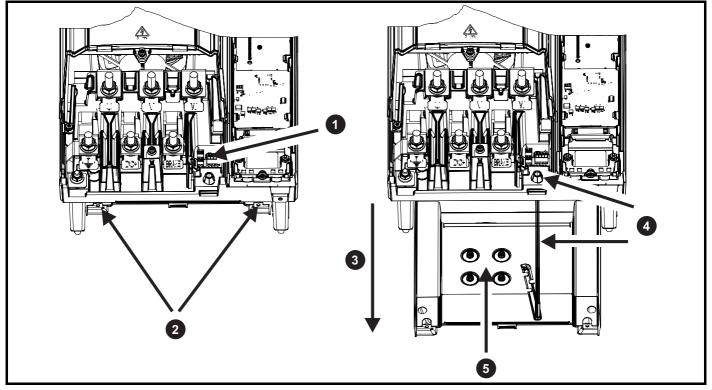
## Table 3-26 Size 8 heatsink fan part number

Drive model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 8	3251-8240

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14.6 Size 9 to 11 heatsink fan replacement

Figure 3-68 Size 9 to 11 Heatsink fan replacement



### Heatsink fan removal procedure

1) Using a flat screwdriver remove the fan wires from the fan connector (making a note of the order).

2) Using a T20 Torque driver remove the two screws that retain the heatsink fan housing

3) Withdraw the heatsink fan housing from the drive in the direction shown

4) Pull the fan cable through the fan cable gland

5) Using a T20 Torque driver remove the four screws that retain the fan in the housing

After fan has been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

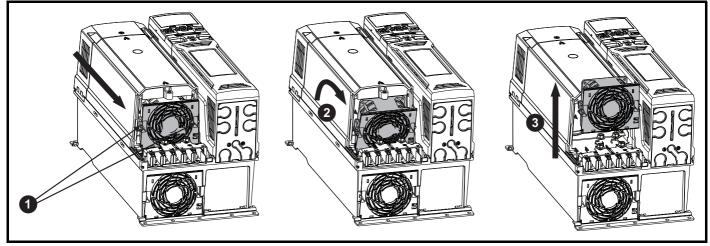
## Table 3-27 Heatsink fan part number

Drive model	Heatsink fan part number
Size 9 to 11	3251-1750

Safety information	Mechanical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

# 3.14.7 Size 6 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement

Figure 3-69 Removal of the size 6 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan



• Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the drive mid cover.

- Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan from the drive by pulling the fan assembly forward and tilting it at a slight angle (2).
- Pull the fan assembly up and away from the drive (3).
- Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead.

• With the locking release depressed, take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

Replace the fan by reversing the above instructions.

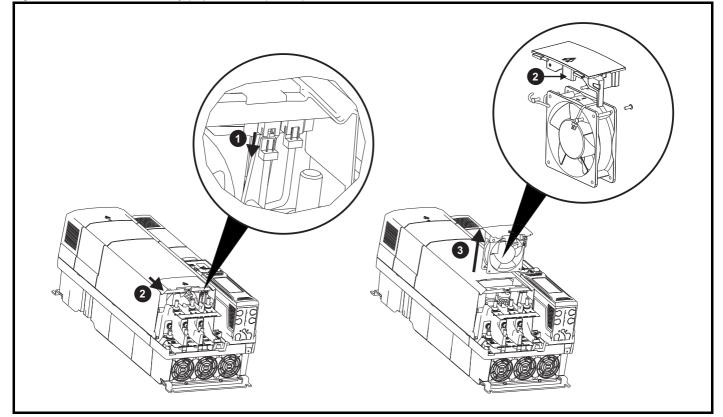
## Table 3-28 Size 6 auxiliary fan part number

Model	Auxiliary fan part number
Size 6	3251-0030

Safety information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
			the Motor								

## 3.14.8 Size 7 to 11 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement

Figure 3-70 Size 7 to 11 auxiliary (capacitor bank) fan replacement



## Size 7 to 11 auxiliary fan removal procedure

1) Disconnect the fan wiring connector shown

- 2) Slide fan housing in the direction shown using tongue shown in enlarged diagram of fan
- 3) Withdraw fan housing from the drive

After fan has been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit.

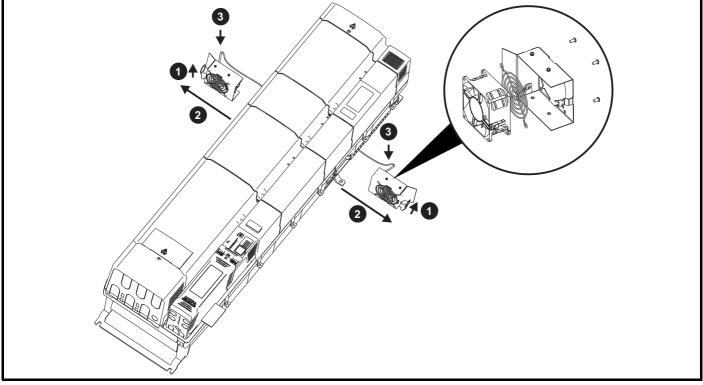
## Table 3-29 Size 7 to 11 Auxiliary (capactitor bank) fan part numbers

Drive model	Auxiliary (capacitor bank fan part number
Size 7	3251-0041
Size 8	3251-2249
Size 9, 10 and 11 (575V and 690V)	3251-0042
Size 11 (400V)	3251-1202

Safety information		lechanical nstallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 3.14.9 Size 11E rectifier fan replacement

Figure 3-71 Size 11E rectifier fan replacement



## Size 11E rectifier fan removal procedure

1) Lift the ring eye provided

2) Pull the fan housing in the direction shown

3) Disconnect the fan wiring at the connector shown

After fans have been replaced, reverse the above steps to refit the fan housing in the rectifier (making sure the fan housing aligns correctly in the slots top and bottom).

## Table 3-30 Size 11E rectifier fan part number

Drive model	Rectifier fan part number
Size 11E rectifier	3251-0030

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4 Electrical installation

Many cable management features have been incorporated into the product and accessories, this chapter shows how to optimize them. Key features include:

- Safe Torque Off function
- Internal EMC filter
- · EMC compliance with shielding / grounding accessories
- Product rating, fusing and cabling information
- Brake resistor details (selection / ratings)



### Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

- AC supply cables and connections
- DC and brake cables, and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units
- Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



### Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



### STOP function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



### Safe Torque Off function

The Safe Torque Off function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



### Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge,

or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



#### Equipment supplied by plug and socket

Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).



#### Permanent magnet motors

Permanent magnet motors generate electrical power if they are rotated, even when the supply to the drive is disconnected. If that happens then the drive will become energized through its motor terminals.

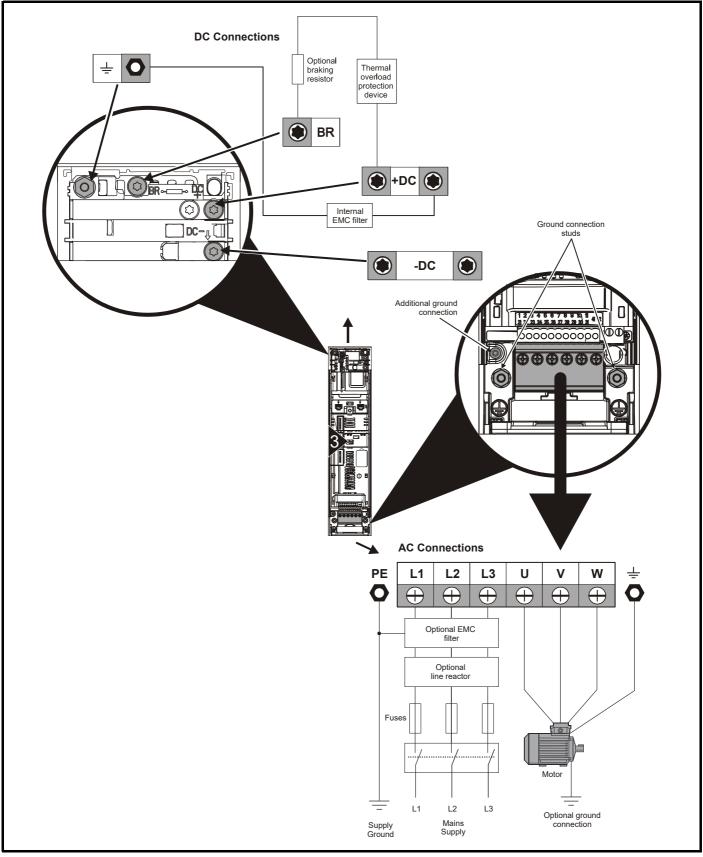
If the motor load is capable of rotating the motor when the supply is disconnected, then the motor must be isolated from the drive before gaining access to any live parts.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4.1 Power connections

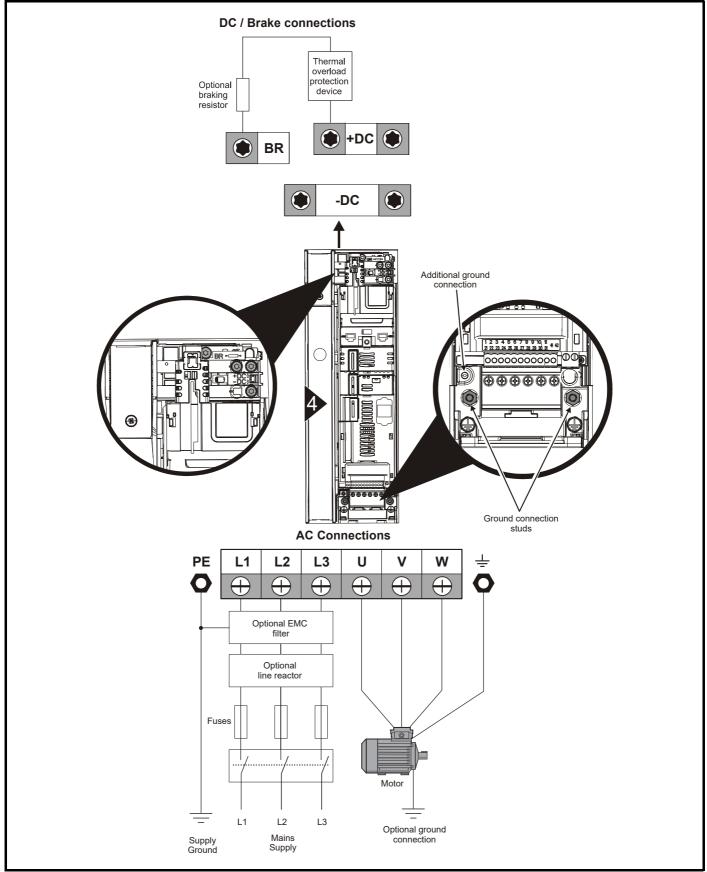
# 4.1.1 AC and DC connections

Figure 4-1 Size 3 power connections



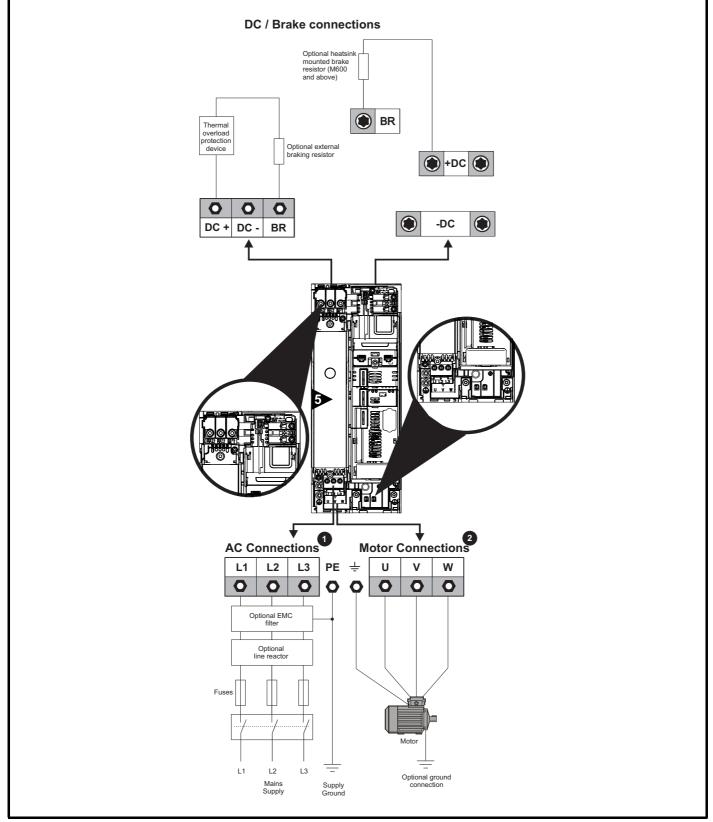
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Figure 4-2 Size 4 power connections



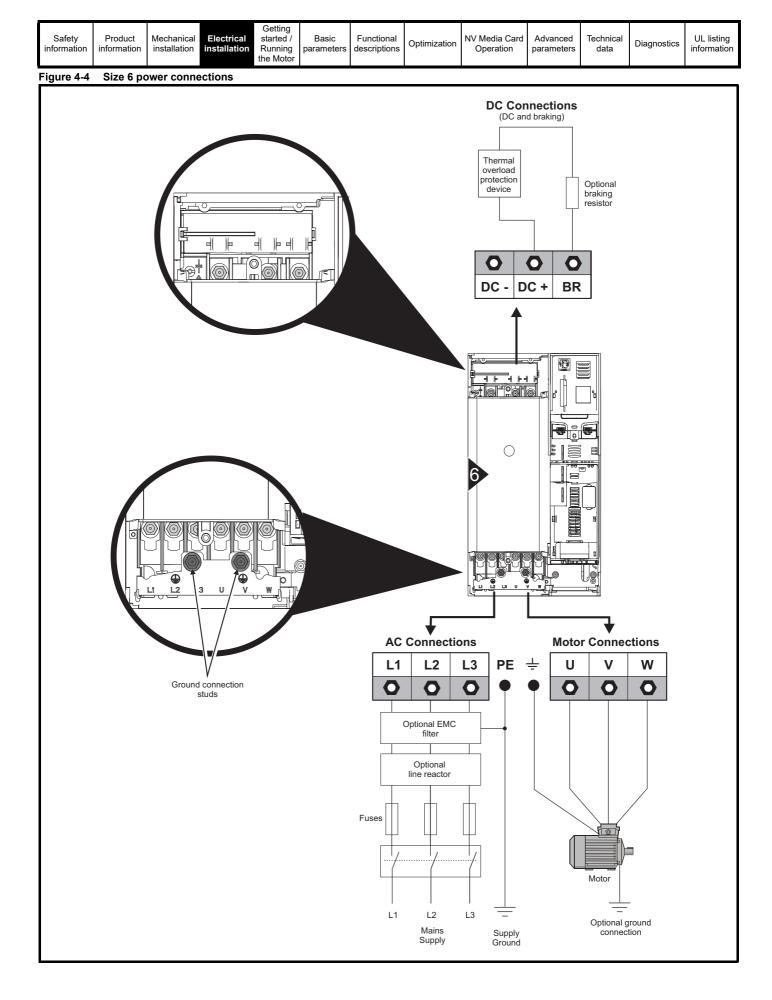
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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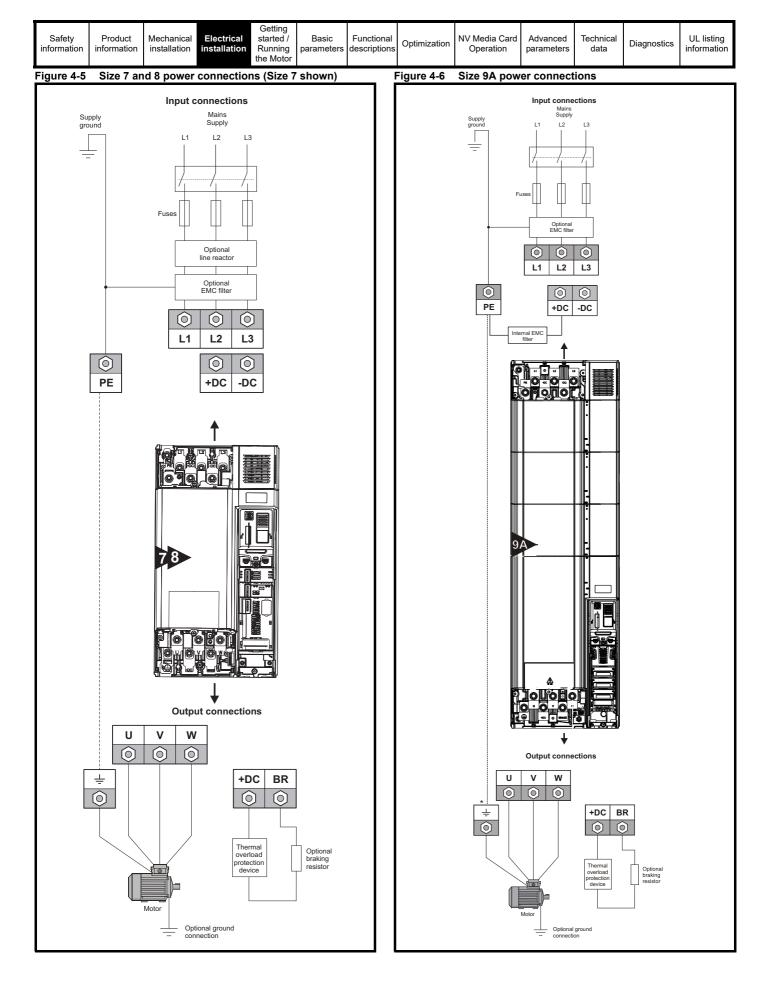
## Figure 4-3 Size 5 power connections

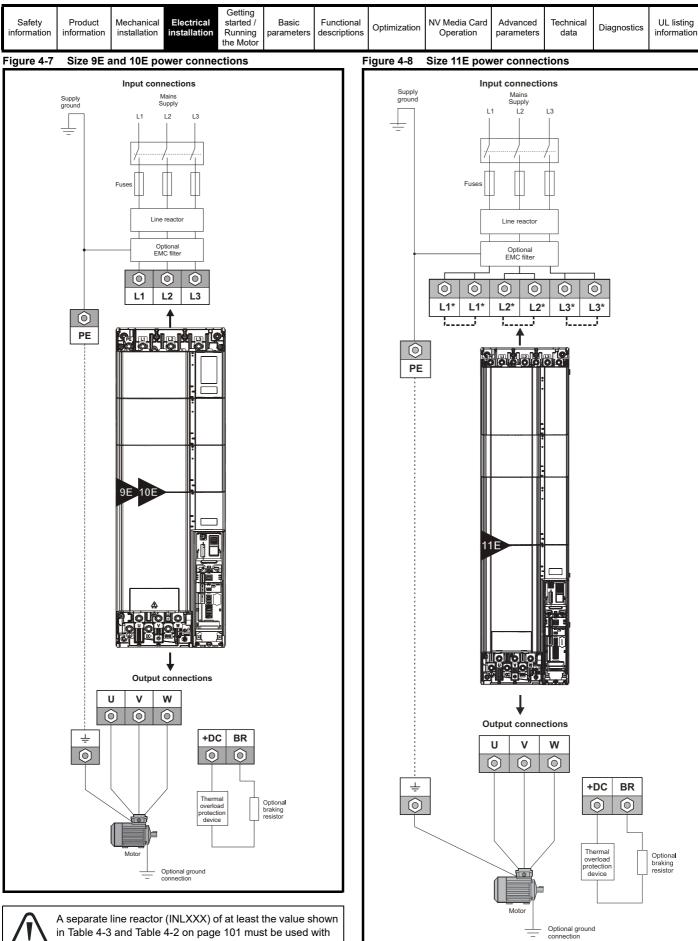


The upper terminal block (1) is used for AC supply connection.

The lower terminal block (2) is used for Motor connection.







in Table 4-3 and Table 4-2 on page 101 must be used with size 9E, 10E and 11E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance CAUTION could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

\* Common AC supply connections are internally linked.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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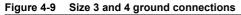
# 4.1.2 Ground connections

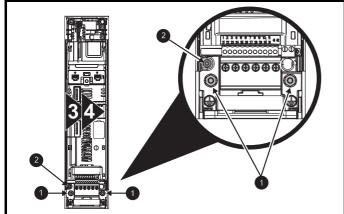


**Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals** Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

### Size 3 and 4

On sizes 3 and 4, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M4 studs located either side of the drive near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-9 for additional ground connection.





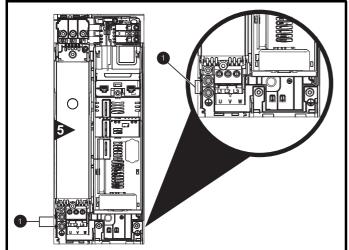
1. Ground connection studs.

2. Additional ground connection.

### Size 5

On size 5, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M5 studs located near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-10 for additional ground connection.

## Figure 4-10 Size 5 ground connections

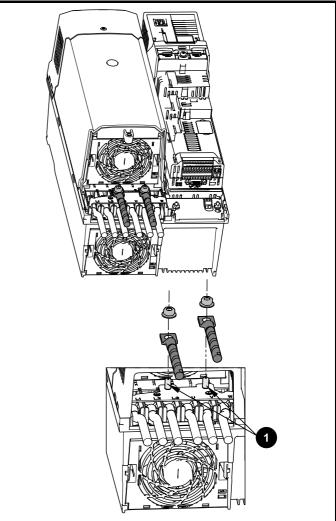


1. Ground connection studs.

Size 6

On a size 6, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M6 studs located above the supply and motor terminals. Refer to Figure 4-11 below.

## Figure 4-11 Size 6 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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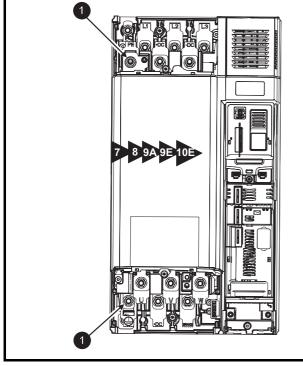
#### Size 7

On size 7, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M8 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals.

## Size 8 to 11

On size 8 to 11, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals.

### Figure 4-12 Size 7 to 10 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs.



The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations.

The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply.

The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

## Figure 4-13 Size 11E ground connections

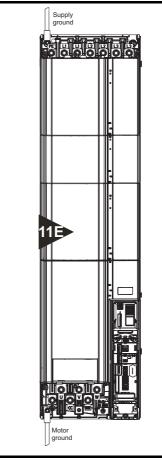


Table 4-1	Protective	around	cable	ratings
	FIOLECLIVE	ground	Cable	raunys

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm²	Either 10 mm <sup>2</sup> or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
> 10 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
> 16 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 mm²
> 35 mm²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

				Getting								
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	started /	Basic	Functional	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	Running	parameters	descriptions	Optimization	Operation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
				the Motor								

# 4.2 AC supply requirements

Voltage:

 $\begin{array}{rrrr} 200 \ V \ drive: & 200 \ V \ to \ 240 \ V \ \pm 10 \ \% \\ 400 \ V \ drive: & 380 \ V \ to \ 480 \ V \ \pm 10 \ \% \\ 575 \ V \ drive: & 500 \ V \ to \ 575 \ V \ \pm 10 \ \% \\ 690 \ V \ drive: & 500 \ V \ to \ 690 \ V \ \pm 10 \ \% \end{array}$ 

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

## 4.2.1 Supply types

- All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and IT.
- Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta")
- Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



## Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used (removed) or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided.

For instructions on removal, refer to section 4.12.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 123. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit then an input isolating transformer must be provided and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

## 4.2.2 Supplies requiring line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5% voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

 $03200066,\, 03200080,\, 03200110,\, 03200127,\, 03400034,\, 03400045,\, 03400062,\, 03400077$ 

Model sizes 03400104 to 07600730 have an internal DC choke and model sizes 08201490 to 0801080 and frame 9A have internal AC line chokes so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E,10E and 11E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to section 4.2.3 *Drive model and input line reactor* on page 101.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

## **Reactor current ratings**

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-3 and Table 4-2 must be used with size 9E, 10E and 11E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4.2.3 Drive model and input line reactor

Table 4-2 Drive model and line reactor part number

Size	Drive model	Inductor model	Line reactor part number
	03200066, 03200080	INL 2001	4401-0143
	03200110, 03200127	INL 2002	4401-0144
3	03400034, 03400045	INL 4001	4401-0148
3	03400062	INL 4002	4401-0149
	03400077, 03400104	INL 4011	4401-0234
	03400123	INL 4003	4401-0151
	04200180	INL 2002	4401-0144
	04200250	INL 2003	4401-0145
4	04400185	INL 4004	4401-0152
	04400240	INL 4005	4401-0153
	05200300	INL 2008	4401-0226
	05400300	INL 4013	4401-0236
5	05500039	INL 5007	4401-0242
	05500061	INL 5008	4401-0243
	05500100	INL 5009	4401-0244
	06200500	INL 2004	4401-0146
	06200580	INL 2005	4401-0147
	06400380	INL 4006	4401-0154
	06400480	INL 4007	4401-0155
	06400630	INL 4008	4401-0156
6	06500120	INL 5001	4401-0157
	06500170	INL 5002	4401-0158
	06500220	INL 5003	4401-0159
	06500270	INL 5004	4401-0160
	06500340	INL 5005	4401-0161
	06500430	INL 5006	4401-0223
	07200750	INL 2009	4401-0227
	07200940	INL 2010	4401-0228
	07201170	INL 2011	4401-0229
	07400790	INL 4014	4401-0237
	07400940	INL 4015	4401-0238
	07401120	INL 4016	4401-0239
	07500530	INL 5006	4401-0223
7	07500730	INL 5010	4401-0245
	07600230	INL 6001	4401-0248
	07600300	INL 6002	4401-0249
	07600360	INL 6003	4401-0250
	07600460	INL 6004	4401-0251
	07600520	INL 6005	4401-0252
	07600730	INL 6006	4401-0253
	08201490	INL 2012	4401-0230
	08201800	INL 2012	4401-0230
	08401550	INL 4017	4401-0240
	08401840	INL 4017	4401-0240
8	08500860	INL 4018	4401-0241
	08501080	INL 5012	4401-0240
	08600860	INL 5012	4401-0254
	08601080	INL 6008	4401-0255
	09202160, 09202660, 09402210, 09402660	INL 401	4401-0255
9E	09501250, 09501500, 09601720, 09601970	INL 401	4401-0181
	10203250, 10203600, 10403200, 10403610	INL 601	4401-0183
10E			
	10502000, 10601720, 10601970	INL 602	4401-0184
11E	11404370	INL 403L**	4401-0274
	11404370, 11404870, 11405070	INL 403*	4401-0259

\* Natural cooling.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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\*\* May represent a more economic solution when operating below 420 A.

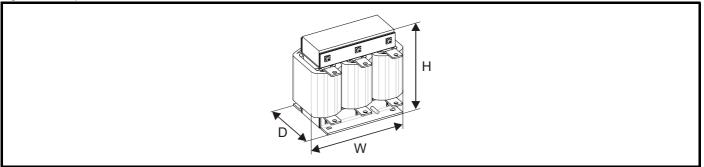
Table 4-3 Input line reactor ratings (2 %)

Part number	Model	Current	Inductance	Overall width (W)	Overall depth (D)	Overall height (H)	Weight	Max ambient temp	Min airflow	Maximum losses
		Α	μH	mm	mm	mm	kg	°C	m/s	w
4401-0143	INL 2001	13.5	790	156	70	125	1.8	50	0	42
4401-0144	INL 2002	20.6	480	156	80	125	2.4	50	0	43
4401-0145	INL 2003	26.8	320	156	80	125	2.5	50	0	48
4401-0148	INL 4001	6.6	2940	80	75	130	1.3	50	0	31
4401-0149	INL 4002	9.1	1620	156	70	125	1.8	50	0	42
4401-0234	INL 4011	13	1120	156	80	125	2.5	50	0	46
4401-0151	INL 4003	15.8	1050	156	80	125	2.6	50	0	47
4401-0152	INL 4004	18.7	790	156	60	145	3.5	50	0	62
4401-0153	INL 4005	24.3	610	156	75	145	4.9	50	0	59
4401-0226	INL 2008	32	260	156	60	145	3.30	50	0	64
4401-0146	INL 2004	48.8	170	156	75	145	4.8	50	0	59
4401-0147	INL 2005	56.6	150	156	120	130	4.9	50	0	58
4401-0236	INL 4013	32	480	156	75	145	4.9	50	0	63
4401-0154	INL 4006	36.5	400	206	140	200	8	50	0	78
4401-0155	INL 4007	46.2	320	206	140	200	9	50	0	84
4401-0156	INL 4008	60.6	240	255	125	195	11	50	0	104
4401-0242	INL 5007	4.3	492	80	75	130	1.4	50	0	35
4401-0243	INL 5008	6.8	311	156	70	125	1.8	50	0	39
4401-0244	INL 5009	11.4	1890	156	60	145	3.2	50	0	60
4401-0157	INL 5001	13.2	1600	156	60	145	3.5	50	0	60
4401-0158	INL 5002	18.7	1130	156	75	145	4.9	50	0	59
4401-0159	INL 5003	24.3	870	206	95	200	6	50	0	73
4401-0160	INL 5004	29.4	720	206	130	200	7.4	50	0	77
4401-0161	INL 5005	37.1	570	230	130	210	11	50	0	108
4401-0223	INL 5006	47	480	255	130	210	12.5	50	0	122
4401-0227	INL 2009	67	130	206	130	160	6.9	50	0	90
4401-0228	INL 2010	88	100	206	140	160	9	50	0	97
4401-0229	INL 2011	105	80	206	140	160	9.5	50	0	90
4401-0230	INL 2012	137	62	254	130	195	12.5	50	0	143
4401-0231	INL 2013	166	51	254	150	195	14	50	0	137
4401-0237	INL 4014	74	200	254	130	195	12	50	0	129
4401-0238	INL 4015	88	170	254	150	195	14	50	0	127
4401-0239	INL 4016	105	140	254	150	195	14	50	0	139
4401-0240	INL 4017	155	95	290	160	205	20	50	0	182
4401-0241	INL 4018	177	83	290	170	205	22	50	0	200
4401-0245	INL 5010	67	340	290	150	205	18	50	0	139
4401-0246	INL 5011	88	250	290	170	205	22	50	0	147
4401-0247	INL 5012	105	200	290	180	225	25	50	0	167
4401-0248	INL 6001	20	1270	206	95	200	5.8	50	0	71
4401-0249	INL 6002	26	980	206	130	200	7.4	50	0	80
4401-0250	INL 6003	32	880	206	140	200	10	50	0	84
4401-0251	INL 6004	39	650	254	130	210	12	50	0	123
4401-0252	INL 6005	45	580	254	130	210	12.5	50	0	124
4401-0253	INL 6006	67	410	290	150	205	18	50	0	123
4401-0254	INL 6007	88	300	290	170	205	22	50	0	169
4401-0255	INL 6008	105	240	290	180	225	25	50	0	204
4401-0181	INL 401	245	63	240	190	225	32	50	1	148

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation			Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimiza	ation	NV Media Operat		Advan parame		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Part number	Мос		Current	Inductance	Overa width (				erall ht (H)	Wei	ght	amb	ax bient mp	Min airflow	Maximum losses
			Α	μH	mm	m	m	n	nm	kç	3	۰	с	m/s	w
4401-0182	2 INL 4	02	370	44	276	20	00	2	225	36	6	5	50	1	205
4401-0183	INL 6	601	145	178	240	19	90	2	225	33	3	5	50	1	88
4401-0184	INL 6	602	202	133	276	20	00	2	225	36	6	5	50	1	116
4401-0181	INL 4	101	245	63	240	19	90	2	225	32	2	5	i0	1	148
4401-0182	2 INL 4	102	339	44	276	20	00	2	225	36	6	5	i0	1	205
4401-0274	INL 40	03L*	420	30	300	21	6	2	264	57	7	4	0	0	289
4401-0259	INL4	03*	557	30	300	21	6	2	264	57	7	4	0	0	330
4401-0183	INL 6	601	145	178	240	19	90	2	225	33	3	5	i0	1	88
4401-0184	INL 6	602	192	133	276	20	00	2	225	36	6	5	i0	1	116
4401-0261	INL 6	03*	331	93	300	21	6	2	264	58	3	4	0	0	320

\* Natural cooling.

### Figure 4-14 Input line reactor dimensions



## 4.2.4 Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at Y%), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi f I}$$

Where:

I = drive rated input current (A)

L = inductance (H)

**f** = supply frequency (Hz)

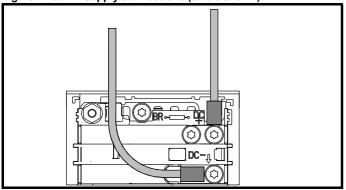
V = voltage between lines

# 4.3 Supplying the drive with DC

All drive sizes have the option to be powered from an external DC power supply. Refer to section 3.13 *Electrical terminals* on page 79 to identify the location of DC supply connections.

The DC supply connections for size 3 and 4 are located under the DC / Terminal cover. Figure 4-15 below shows DC supply connections and cable routing.

## Figure 4-15 DC supply connections (size 3 shown)



#### NOTE

The Internal EMC filter and plastics have been removed from the above Figure 4-15 to demonstrate the routing of the DC cables.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
-----------------------	------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	--	---------------------	-------------------------	---------------	----------------------------	---------------------	-------------------	-------------	------------------------

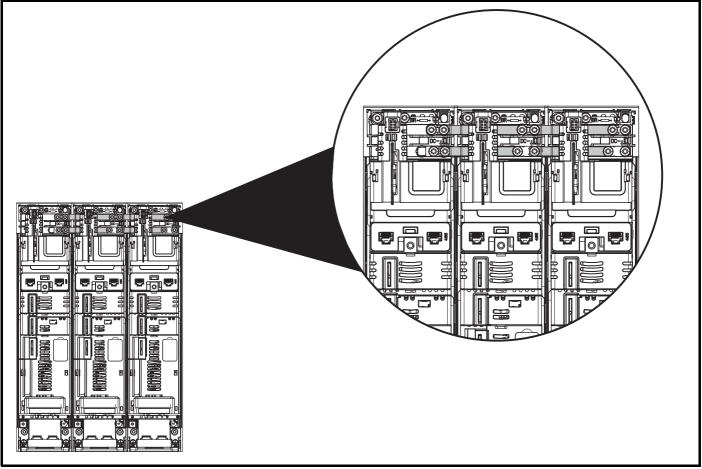
# 4.4 DC bus paralleling

DC bus paralleling using standard cable / busbars is supported by all frame sizes.

On frame sizes 3, 4, 5 and 6, terminal and enclosure design enables the DC bus of a number of drives to be connected together using pre-made busbars. The diagram below shows how the busbar links connect the DC bus of several drives together.

The connecting of the DC bus between several drives is typically used to return energy from a drive which is being overhauled by the load to a second motoring drive.

## Figure 4-16 DC bus paralleling (size 3 shown)



There are limitations to the combinations of drives which can be used in this configuration.

For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

## NOTE

The DC bus paralleling kit is not supplied with the drive but is available to order.

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0048
4	3470-0061
5	3470-0068
6	3470-0063

## Table 4-4 DC bus paralleling kit part numbers

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 4.5 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to control terminals 1 & 2 provides the following functions:

- It can be used to supplement the drive's own internal 24 V supply when multiple option modules are being used and the current drawn by these module is greater than the drive can supply.
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This allows any fieldbus modules, application modules, or serial communications to continue to operate.
- It can be used to commission the drive when the line power supply is not available, as the display operates correctly. However, the drive will be in the Under voltage trip state unless either line power supply or low voltage DC operation is enabled, therefore diagnostics may not be possible. (Power down save parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power supply input).
- If the DC bus voltage is too low to run the main SMPS in the drive, then the 24 V supply can be used to supply all the low voltage power requirements of the drive. Low Under Voltage Threshold Select (06.067) must also be enabled for this to happen.

## NOTE

On size 6 and larger, the power 24 Vdc supply (terminals 51, 52) must be connected to enable the 24 Vdc supply to be used as a backup supply, when the line power supply is removed. If the power 24 Vdc supply is not connected none of the above mentioned functions can be used, "Waiting For Power System" will be displayed on the keypad and no drive operations are possible. The location of the power 24 Vdc can be identified from Figure 4-17 *Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size* 6 on page 105.

## Table 4-5 24 Vdc Supply connections

Function	Sizes 3-5	Sizes 6-11		
Supplement the drive's internal supply	Terminal 1, 2	Terminal 1, 2		
Back-up supply for the control circuit	Terminal 1, 2	Terminal 1, 2 51, 52		

The working voltage range of the control 24 V power supply is as follows:

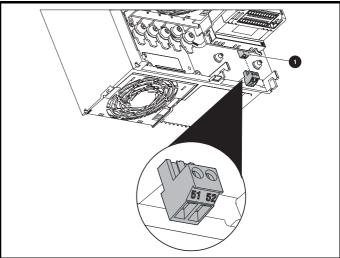
1	0V common	
2	+24 Vdc	
Nomina	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	19.2 V
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.0 V
Minimur	n start up voltage	21.6 V
Maximu	m power supply requirement at 24 V	40 W
Recomm	nended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed 5 %.

#### The working range of the 24 V power supply is as follows:

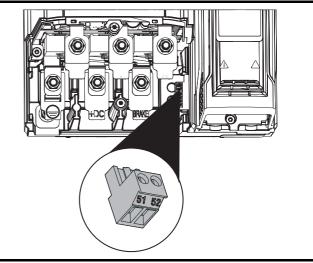
51	0V common	
52	+24 Vdc	
Size 6		
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc
Minimur	n startup voltage	18.4 Vdc
Maximu	m power supply requirement	40 W
Recomm	nended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc
Size 7 t	o 11	
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)
Minimun	n startup voltage	21.6 Vdc
Maximu	m power supply requirement	60 W
Recomm	nended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc

# Figure 4-17 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 6



1. 24 Vdc power supply connection

Figure 4-18 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 7



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Figure 4-19	Location	of the 24 \	/dc power	supply co	onnection	on size 8	to 11					

# 4.6 Low voltage operation

With the addition of a 24 Vdc power supply to supply the control circuits, the drive is able to operate from a low voltage DC supply with a range from 24 Vdc to the maximum DC volts. It is possible for the drive to go from operating on a normal line power supply voltage to operating on a much lower supply voltage without interruption.

Going from low voltage operation to normal mains operation requires the inrush current to be controlled. This may be provided externally. If not, the drive supply can be interrupted to utilise the normal soft starting method in the drive.

To fully exploit the new low voltage mode of operation, the under voltage level is now user programmable. For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

The working voltage range of the low voltage DC power supply is as follows:

## Size 3 to 11

Minimum continuous operating voltage:	26 V
Minimum start up voltage:	32 V
Maximum over voltage trip threshold:	230 V drives: 415 V
	400 V drives: 830 V
	575 V drives: 990 V
	690 V drives: 1190 V

## NOTE

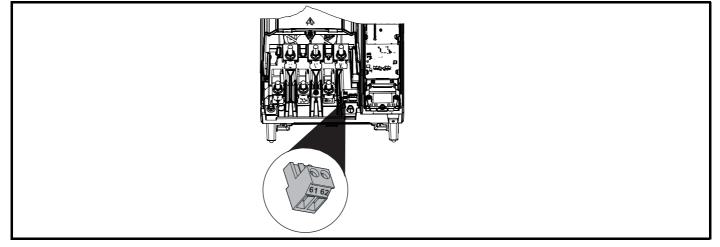
Pump Drive F600 size 9E, 10E and 11E drives do not have an accessible negative DC terminal. It is recommended that 9D, 10D and 11D drives are used as an alternative when this is needed, please refer to the Unidrive M Modular Installation Guide for further details.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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In low voltage mode only, with frame size 9 to 11, a 24 V supply needs to be provided for the heatsink fan. The fan supply should be connected to terminal 61 and 62.

61	0V common							
62	+24 Vdc heatsink fan supply							
Size 9 to	o 11							
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc						
Minimun	n continuous operating voltage	23.5 Vdc						
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	27 Vdc						
Current	consumption	Size 9 to 10 (all): 6A						
Recomn	mended power supply 24 V, 7 A							
Recomn	nended fuse	8A fast blow						

### Figure 4-20 Location of the heatsink fan supply connector on size 9 to 11



# 4.7 Heatsink fan supply

When operating on normal mains supply the heatsink fan on all drive sizes is supplied internally by the drive. When operating size 9 to 11 in low voltage mode it is necessary to connect an external 24 V supply to terminal 61 and 62 if heatsink fan operation is required. Please see section 4.6 *Low voltage operation* on page 106 for more details.

# 4.8 Ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

## **Typical input current**

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

## Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the supply fault current given in Table 4-6.

#### Table 4-6 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100



#### Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 4-7 shows recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Safety information i	Product nformation	Mechani installati	ion installation		asic Fu meters des	unctional scriptions	Optimization	NV Media Car Operation	d Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
able 4-7 A	AC Input o	current	and fuse rating	s (200 V)									
	Ту	pical	Maximum	Maximum				Fu	se rating				
Madal	Model input		continuous	overload input			IEC			UL /	USA		
wodei	cu	rrent	input current	current	•	Nom	ninal	Maximum		Nominal	Max	kimum	<u>.</u>
		Α	Α	Α	Δ	<b>A</b>	Α	Class	Α		A	Class	
03200066	6 8	8.2	10.4	15.8	10	6			20				
03200080	) (	9.9	12.6	20.9	2	0	25	gG	20		25	CC, J or T*	
03200110	)	14	17	25		0	25	ge -	25		23	00,001	
03200127	7	16	20	34	2	5			20				
04200180	)	17	20	30	2	5	25	gG	25		25	CC, J or T*	
04200250	)	23	28	41	33	2	32	90	30		30	00, 301 1	
05200300	)	24	31	52	40	0	40	gG	40		40	CC, J or T*	
06200500	)	42	48	64	- 63	3	63	gG	60		60	CC, J or T*	
06200580	)	49	56	85	- 0.	5	05	gG	60		00	00, 3011	
07200750	)	58	67	109	8	0	80		80		80		
07200940	)	73	84	135	10	00	100	gG	100		100	CC, J or T*	
07201170	)	91	105	149	12	25	125		125		125		
08201490	) 1	123	137	213	20	00	200	۹P	200		200	HSJ	
08201800	) 1	149	166	243	20	0	200	gR	225	2	225	пој	
09202160	) 1	172	205	270	25	50	250	۹D	250		250	HSJ	
09202660	) 2	228	260	319	31	15	315	gR	300	:	300	пој	
10203250	) 2	277	305	421	40	00	400	аP	400	4	400	HSJ	
10203600	) 3	333	361	494	45	50	450	gR	450	4	450	пој	

\* These fuses are fast acting.

# Table 4-8 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

		Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating			
Model	Typical input current	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA		
woder		input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	<u></u>	Nominal	Maximum	<b>a</b> i	
	A	Α	A	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class	
03400034	5	5	7							
03400045	6	7	9	10	10		10	10		
03400062	8	9	13			~0				
03400077	11	13	21			gG			CC, J or T*	
03400104	12	15	20	20	20		20	20		
03400123	14	16	25							
04400185	17	19	30	25	25	- 0	25	25		
04400240	22	24	35	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T*	
05400300	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC, J or T*	
06400380	32	36	67				40			
06400480	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC, J or T*	
06400630	54	60	90				60			
07400790	67	74	124	100	100		80	80		
07400940	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T*	
07401120	96	105	188	125	125		125	125		
08401550	137	155	267	250	250	۳D	225	225	HSJ	
08401840	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	220	пој	
09402210	211	232	306	045	045	- D	300	300		
09402660	245	267	359	315	315	gR	350	350	HSJ	
10403200	306	332	445	400	400	۳D	400	400		
10403610	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	HSJ	
11404370	424	449	579	500	500					
11404870	455	492	613	500	500	gR	600	600	HSJ	
11405070	502	539	752	630	630					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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\* These fuses are fast acting.

Table 4-9 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	se rating		
Madal	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum		Nominal	Maximum	0
	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
05500039	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500061	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC, J or T*
05500100	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500120	12	13	22	20			20		
06500170	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500220	22	24	41	40	-	gG	30		CC, J or T*
06500270	26	29	50	50			35		
06500340	33	37	63	50	63		40	50	
06500430	41	47	76	63			50		
07500530	41	45	75	50	50		50	50	CC Lor T*
07500730	57	62	94	80	80	gG	80	80	CC, J or T*
08500860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ
08501080	92	104	165	160	160	ук	150	150	пој
09501250	145	166	190	150	150	۳D	150	150	HSJ
09501500	145	166	221	200	200	gR	175	175	пој
10502000	177	197	266	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ
11502480	240	265	327						
11502880	285	310	395	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11503150	313	338	473						

\* These fuses are fast acting.

Table 4-10 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	e rating		
Model	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
moder	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	eluce	Α	A A	
07600230	18	20	32	25			25		
07600300	23	26	41	32	50		30	50	
07600360	28	31	49	40	50		35	50	CC, J or T*
07600460	36	39	65	50		gG	50		CC, J 01 1
07600520	40	44	75	50	80		50	80	
07600730	57	62	92	80	00		80	00	
08600860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ
08601080	92	104	165	160	160	git	150	150	1100
09601250	124	149	194	150	150	aP	150	150	HSJ
09601550	145	171	226	200	200	gR	200	200	пој
10601720	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ
10601970	202	225	313	250	250	gR	250	250	пој
11602250	225	256	379						
11602750	217	302	425	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11603050	298	329	465						

\* These fuses are fast acting.

## NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Table 4-11	Cable rat	tings (200 \	/)								

			Cable siz mn						size (UL) WG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200066	1.5			1.5			14		14	
03200080	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10
03200110	4	-	DZ	4	-	DZ	12	10	12	10
03200127	Ŧ			4			12		12	
04200180	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04200250	8	Ŭ	DL	8	U	DL	8	Ŭ	8	Ŭ
05200300	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8
06200500	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06200580	25	20	DE	25	20	DE	3	Ŭ	3	Ŭ
07200750	35			35			2		2	
07200940	00	70	B2	00	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0
07201170	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08201490	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1
08201800	2 x 70	2 × 10	DL	2 x 70	2 × 10	DL	2 x 1	2.7.1	2 x 1	2.4.1
09202160	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09202660	2 x 95	2 1 100	5,	2 x 120	2 1 100		2 x 4/0	2 × 000	2 x 4/0	2 1 000
10203250	2 x 120	2 x 185	B1	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 250	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350
10203600	2 x 150	2 × 100	С	2 x 120	2 × 100	0	2 x 300	2 × 000	2 x 300	2 × 000

### Table 4-12 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size	e (IEC)				Cable si	ize (UL)	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation	Nominal	Maximum	Installation	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400034							18		18	
03400045	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400062		4	B2		4	B2		10		10
03400077		4	DZ		4	DZ	14	10	14	10
03400104	2.5			2.5						
03400123							12		12	
04400185	4	6	B2	4	6	B2	10	8	10	8
04400240	6	0	DZ	6	0	D2	8	0	8	0
05400300	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
06400380	10			10			6		6	
06400480	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400630	25			25			3		3	
07400790	35			35			1		1	
07400940	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401120	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08401550	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401840	2 x 70	2 X 70	DZ	2 x 70	2 X 70	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0
09402210	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 3/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09402660	2 x 95	2 X 105	ы	2 x 120	2 X 150	DZ	2 x 4/0	2 X 300	2 x 4/0	2 X 330
10403200	2 x 120	2 x 185	С	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 300	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350
10403610	2 x 150	2 × 105	0	2 x 150	2 × 150	0	2 x 350	2 × 500	2 x 300	2 x 000
11404370				2 x 185	2 x 185		4 x	3/0		
11404870	4 x	c 95	С	2 x 240	2 x 240	С	1 v	4/0	2 x	400
11405070	1			2 X 240	2 X 240		4 X	-+/U		

the Motor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### Table 4-13 Cable ratings (575 V)

			Cable size	e (IEC)				Cable s	ize (UL)	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation	Nominal	Maximum	Installation	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500039	0.75			0.75			16		16	
05500061	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16
05500100	1.5			1.5			14		14	
06500120	2.5			2.5			14		14	
06500170	4			4			10		10	
06500220	6	25	B2	6	25	B2	10	3	10	3
06500270	10	23	DZ		25	DZ	8	5	8	5
06500340	10			10			6		6	
06500430	16						6		6	
07500530	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
07500730	25	25	DZ	25	25	DZ	3	5	3	5
08500860	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1
08501080	50		DZ	50		DZ	I	l	I	I
09501250	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350
09501500	2 X 70	2 X 105	DZ	2 x 50	2 X 150	DZ	2 X I	2 X 300	2 x 1	2 x 330
10502000	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
11502480	2 x	c 70		2)	k 70			2 x	3/0	
11502880	2 x	( 95	С	2 >	< 95	С		2 x	4/0	
11503150	2 x	120		2 x	120			2 x	250	

#### Table 4-14 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mr					Cable siz AW		
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
07600230							8		8	
07600300	10			10			6		6	
07600360		25	B2		25	B2	6	3	6	3
07600460	16	- 25	D2	16	23	D2	4		4	- S
07600520	16		16				4		4	
07600730	25			25			3		3	
08600860	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
08601080	70	70	DZ	70	70	DZ	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0
09601250	2 x 50	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350
09601550	2 x 70	2 X 100	D2	2 x 50	2 X 150	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 x 500	2 x 1	2 X 330
10601720	2 x 70	2 v 195	PO	2 x 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 1/0	2 x 350
10601970	2 x 95	2 X 100	2 x 185 B2		2 X 150	DZ	2 x 3/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 X 330
11602250	2 >	c 70		2>	k 70			2 x 3	6/0	
11602750	2.	( 95	С	2>	< 95	С		2 x 4	/0	
11603050	2)	30		2>	< 95	1		2 x 2	50	

#### NOTE

PVC insulated cable should be used.

#### NOTE

Cable sizes are from IEC60364-5-52:2001 table A.52.C with correction factor for 40 °C ambient of 0.87 (from table A52.14) for cable installation method as specified.

#### Installation class (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001)

B1 - Separate cables in conduit.

B2 - Multicore cable in conduit.

C - Multicore cable in free air.

Cable size may be reduced if a different installation method is used, or if the ambient temperature is lower.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### NOTE

The nominal output cable sizes assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against overload, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

#### **Fuse types**

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

#### **Ground connections**

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

#### NOTE

For information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 4-1 *Protective ground cable ratings* on page 99.

#### 4.8.1 Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type is AC1.

# 4.9 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than five times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately 20  $\mu s.$  No additional short-circuit protection devices are required.

The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, *Rated Current* (**00.006**) must be set to suit the motor.



*Rated Current* (**00.006**) must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent overheating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

#### 4.9.1 Cable types and lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 4-15 to Table 4-18.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- Drive to motor
- Drive to braking resistor

#### Table 4-15 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

		200 V N	ominal A	C supply v	voltage		
Model	Maxim	•		motor cab	•		of the
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03200066			65 m (210	) ft)			
03200080			n (330 ft)			50 m	37 m
03200110	130 m (425		5 ft)	100 m	75 m	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
03200127	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(	(12011)
04200180	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04200250	200 m (000 m)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05200300	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06200500	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
06200580	200 m (660 ft)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
07200750			187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
07200940	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
07201170			、 ,	、 ,	、 <i>,</i>	· ,	· ,
08201490	250 m (820 ft)		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
08201800	250 m (820 π)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
09202160	250 m (820 ft)		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
09202660	250 m (820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
10203250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
10203600	250 m (820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)

#### Table 4-16 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

	400 V No Maximum perm		minal AC	supply v	/oltage		
Model	Maxim			notor cab witching			n of the
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03400034		6	5 m (210	ft)			
03400045		100 m	(330 ft)				
03400062	130 m (425		ft)			50 m	37 m
03400077				100 m	75 m (245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
03400104	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(243 11)		
03400123			(490 11)				
04400185	200 m (660 ft)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04400240	200 111 (000 11)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05400300	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06400380	200 m		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
06400480	200 m (660 ft)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
06400630	(00	0.1.)	(100 11)	(000 !!)	(2.0.1)	(100 11)	(120 11)
07400790			187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
07400940	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
07401120			、 <i>、</i>	、 <i>,</i>	```	· ,	```
08401550	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
08401840		```	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
09402210	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m (410 ft)	93 m	62 m (203 ft)	46 m
09402660	230 111 (820 11)		(614 ft) 187 m	、 ,	(305 ft)	( )	(151 ft)
10403200	250 m	250 m (820 ft)		125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
10403610			(614 ft)	(+ 10 11)	(505 II)	(200 II)	(15111)
11404370 11404870	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m	125 m	93 m		
11404870	200 111	(020 11)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)		
11403070							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	5	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

#### Table 4-17 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

	575 V Nor Maximum perm		ninal AC	supply v	oltage		
Model	Maxim	•	lissible m lowing sv		•		n of the
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
05500039	200 m		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
05500061	(660 ft)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05500100			(100 11)	(000 !!)	(= :0 :1)	(100 11)	(
06500120							
06500170							
06500220	200 m		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
06500270	(660 ft)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
06500340							
06500430							
07500530	250 m (820 ft) 250 m (820 ft)		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
07500730			(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
08500860			187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
08501080	200 111	(02011)	(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
09501250	250 m (820 ft)		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m
09501500	250 m (820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)
10502000	250 m (820 ft)		187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
11502480			187 m				
11502880	250 m	(820 ft)	(614 ft)				
11503150			(01410)				

Table 4-18 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

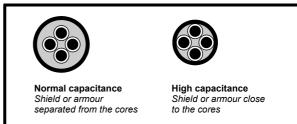
	6	90 V Nor	ninal AC	supply v	oltage						
Model	Maxim	-		issible motor cable length for each of the owing switching frequencies							
	2 kHz 3 kHz		4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
07600230	_										
07600300											
07600360	250 m		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m				
07600460	(820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)				
07600520											
07600730											
08600860	250 m		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m				
08601080	(820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)				
09601250	250 m		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m				
09601550	(820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)				
10601720	250 m		187 m	125 m	93 m	62 m	46 m				
10601970	(820 ft)		(614 ft)	(410 ft)	(305 ft)	(203 ft)	(151 ft)				
11602250	250 m		187 m								
11602750			(614 ft)								
11603050	(62)	(820 ft)									

## 4.9.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used.For further information, refer to section 4.9.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 113.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-21 shows how to identify the two types).

#### Figure 4-21 Cable construction influencing the capacitance



The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

## 4.9.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted. Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V (i.e. regenerative / AFE supply)
- Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.9.4 *Multiple motors* on page 114 should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used taking into account the voltage rating of the inverter. This has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output choke (inductor) should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 4.9.4 Multiple motors

#### Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr **05.014** = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-22 and Figure 4-23. The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* on page 112 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor.

It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For  $\lambda$  connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-23, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For high DC voltages or when supplied by a regen system, a sinusoidal filter is recommended. For details of filter or inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive.

#### Figure 4-22 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors

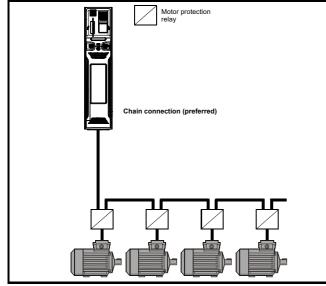
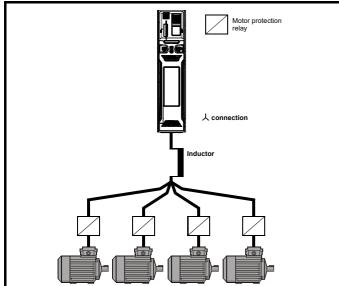


Figure 4-23 Alternative connection for multiple motors



# 4.9.5 $\downarrow / \Delta$ motor operation

The voltage rating for  $\pmb{\lambda}$  and  $\Delta$  connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

400 V drive 400 V rated voltage 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in  $\downarrow$  for 400 V operation or

 $\Delta$  for 230 V operation, however, variations on this are common e.g.

#### $\bigstar$ 690 V $\Delta$ 400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

### 4.9.6 Output contactor



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low speed.

A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- 1. OI ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds)
- 2. High levels of radio frequency noise emission
- 3. Increased contactor wear and tear

The Drive Enable terminal (T29) when opened provides a Safe Torque Off function. This can in many cases replace output contactors.

For further information see section 4.15 *Safe Torque Off (STO)* on page 136.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 4.10 Ground leakage

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed or not. The drive is supplied with the filter installed. Instructions for removing the internal filter are given in section 4.12.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 123.

#### With internal filter installed:

Size 3 to 5: 28 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz

30  $\mu$ A DC with a 600 V DC bus (10 M $\Omega$ )

Size 7 to 11: 56 mA\* AC at 400 V 50 Hz

18  $\mu\text{A}$  DC with a 600 V DC bus (33  $\text{M}\Omega)$ 

\* Proportional to the supply voltage and frequency.

#### With internal filter removed\*\*:

< 1 mA

\*\*Please note that the internal filter is not removable on size 9E, 10E and 11E  $\,$ 



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.

## 4.10.1 Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1. AC detects AC fault currents
- 2. A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- 3. B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents
  - Type AC should never be used with drives.
  - Type A can only be used with single phase drives
  - Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

If an external EMC filter is used, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

Safety information	Product information		Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 4.11 Braking

Braking occurs when the drive is decelerating the motor, or is preventing the motor from gaining speed due to mechanical influences. During braking, energy is returned to the drive from the motor. When motor braking is applied by the drive, the maximum regenerated power that the drive can absorb is equal to the power dissipation (losses) of the drive.

When the regenerated power is likely to exceed these losses, the DC bus voltage of the drive increases. Under default conditions, the drive brakes the motor under PI control, which extends the deceleration time as necessary in order to prevent the DC bus voltage from rising above a user defined set-point.

If the drive is expected to rapidly decelerate a load, or to hold back an overhauling load, a braking resistor must be installed.

Table 4-19 shows the default DC voltage level at which the drive turns on the braking transistor. However the braking resistor turn on and the turn off voltages are programmable with *Braking IGBT Lower Threshold* (06.073) and *Braking IGBT Upper Threshold* (06.074).

#### Table 4-19 Default braking transistor turn on voltage

Drive voltage rating	DC bus voltage level
200 V	390 V
400 V	780 V
575 V	930 V
690 V	1120 V

#### NOTE

When a braking resistor is used, Pr 02.004 should be set to Fast ramp mode.



#### **High temperatures**

Braking resistors can reach high temperatures. Locate braking resistors so that damage cannot result. Use cable having insulation capable of withstanding high temperatures.

### 4.11.1 Heatsink mounted braking resistor

A resistor has been especially designed to be mounted within the heatsink of the drive (size 3, 4 and 5). See section 4.11.1 *Heatsink mounted braking resistor* on page 116 for mounting details. The design of the resistor is such that no thermal protection circuit is required, as the device will fail safely under fault conditions. On size 3, 4 and 5 the in built software overload protection is set-up at default for the designated heatsink mounted resistor. The heatsink mounted resistor is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately.

Table 4-20 provides the resistor data for each drive rating.

#### NOTE

The internal / heatsink mounted resistor is suitable for applications with a low level of regen energy only. See Table 4-20.



#### Braking resistor overload protection parameter settings

#### Failure to observe the following information may damage the resistor.

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. On size 3, 4 and 5 this function is enabled at default to protect the heatsink mounted resistor. Below are the parameter settings.

		Siz	e 3	Siz	e 4		Size 5	
Parameter	200 V drive	400 V drive	200 V drive	400 V drive	200 V drive	400 V drive	575 V drive	
Braking resistor rated power	Pr <b>10.030</b>	50 W		100 W		100 W		
Braking resistor thermal time constant	Pr 10.031	3.3 s		2.0 s		2.0 s		
Braking resistor resistance	Braking resistor resistance Pr 10.061		δΩ	38	Ω		<b>38</b> Ω	

For more information on the braking resistor software overload protection, see Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031** and Pr **10.061** full descriptions in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

If the resistor is to be used at more than half of its average power rating, the drive cooling fan must be set to full speed by setting Pr 06.045 to 11.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Table 4-20	Heatsink	mounted	braking res	istor data	a							

Parameter	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5			
Part number	1220-2752-00	1220-2752-00 1299-0003-00				
DC resistance at 25 °C	75 Ω	37.5 Ω				
Peak instantaneous power over 1 ms at nominal resistance	8 kW	16 kW				
Average power over 60 s *	50 W	D W				
Ingress Protection (IP) rating	IP54					
Maximum altitude	2000 m					

\* To keep the temperature of the resistor below 70 °C (158 °F) in a 30 °C (86 °F) ambient, the average power rating is 50 W for size 3, 100 W for size 4 and 5. The above parameter settings ensure this is the case.

#### 4.11.2 **External braking resistor**



#### **Overload protection**

When an external braking resistor is used, it is essential that an overload protection device is incorporated in the braking WARNING resistor circuit; this is described in Figure 4-24 on page 120.

When a braking resistor is to be mounted outside the enclosure, ensure that it is mounted in a ventilated metal housing that will perform the following functions:

- Prevent inadvertent contact with the resistor
- Allow adequate ventilation for the resistor

When compliance with EMC emission standards is required, external connection requires the cable to be armored or shielded, since it is not fully contained in a metal enclosure. See section 4.12.6 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 127 for further details.

Internal connection does not require the cable to be armored or shielded.

#### Minimum resistances and power ratings for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Table 4-21	Braking resistor resistance and power rating (200 V)
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Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03200066			0.75
03200080	22	7.7	1.1
03200110	22	1.1	1.5
03200127			2.2
04200180	18	9.4	3
04200250	10	9.4	4
05200300	19	8.9	5.5
06200500	10	16.9	7.5
06200580	10	10.9	11
07200750	4.5	37.6	15
07200940	4.5	57.0	18.5
07201170	4.5	37.6	22
08201490	2.3	73.5	30
08201800	2.5	73.5	37
09202160 (9A)	2	84.5	45
09202660 (9A)	2	04.5	55
09202160 (9E)	1.4	120.8	45
09202660(9E)	1.4	120.0	55
10203250	1.7	99.5	75
10203600	1.7	99.0	90

#### Table 4-22 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (400 V)

	Taking resistor	resistance and po	ower rating (400 V)			
Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating			
	Ω	kW	kW			
03400034			0.75			
03400045	74	9.2	1.1			
03400062	74	5.2	1.5			
03400077			2.2			
03400104	50	13.6	3			
03400123	50	15.0	4			
04400185	37	18.3	5.5			
04400240	57	10.5	7.5			
05400300	40	16.9	11			
06400380			15			
06400480	20	33.8	18.5			
06400630			22			
07400790			30			
07400940	7.5	90.2	37			
07401120			45			
08401550	6.3	107.4	55			
08401840	0.5	107.4	75			
09402210 (9A)	3.6	187.8	90			
09402660 (9A)	5.0	107.0	110			
09402210 (9E)	2.6	260	90			
09402660 (9E)	2.0	200	110			
10403200	3.1	218.1	132			
10403610	3.1	210.1	160			
11404370	1.83	369.4	185			
11404870	1.2	563.4	200			
11405070	1.2	505.4	250			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Table 4-23 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (575 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
05500039			1.5
05500061	80	12.1	2.2
05500100			4
06500120			5.5
06500170			7.5
06500220	15	64.1	11
06500270	15	04.1	15
06500340			18.5
06500430			22
07500530	11	87.4	30
07500730	11	07.4	37
08500860	5.5	174.8	45
08501080	5.5	174.0	55
09501250 (9A)	5.1	188.5	75
09501500(9A)	5.1	100.0	90
09501250 (9E)	3.3	291.3	75
09501500 (9E)	5.5	231.3	90
10502000	3.3	291.3	110
11502480			150
11502880	1.83	525.2	185
11503150			225

Table 4-24 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (690 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
07600230			15
07600300			18.5
07600360	13	107.3	22
07600460	15	107.5	30
07600520			37
07600730			45
08600860	5.5	253.5	55
08601080	5.5	200.0	75
09601250(9A)	6.5	214.5	90
09601500(9A)	0.0	214.5	110
09601250(9E)	4.2	331.9	90
09601500 (9E)	4.2	551.5	110
10601720	4.2	331.9	132
10601970	3.8	366.8	160
11602250			185
11602750	2.2	633.6	200
11603050			250

\* Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

For high-inertia loads, the *continuous power* dissipated in the braking resistor may be as high as the power rating of the drive. The total *energy* dissipated in the braking resistor is dependent on the amount of energy to be extracted from the load.

The instantaneous power rating refers to the short-term maximum power dissipated during the *on* intervals of the pulse width modulated braking control cycle. The braking resistor must be able to withstand this dissipation for short intervals (milliseconds). Higher resistance values require proportionately lower instantaneous power ratings.

In most applications, braking occurs only occasionally. This allows the continuous power rating of the braking resistor to be much lower than the power rating of the drive. It is therefore essential that the instantaneous power rating and energy rating of the braking resistor are sufficient for the most extreme braking duty that is likely to be encountered.

Optimization of the braking resistor requires careful consideration of the braking duty.

Select a value of resistance for the braking resistor that is not less than the specified minimum resistance. Larger resistance values may give a cost saving, as well as a safety benefit in the event of a fault in the braking system. Braking capability will then be reduced, which could cause the drive to trip during braking if the value chosen is too large.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The following external brake resistors are available from Control Techniques for drive sizes 3 to 6.

Table 4-25 External brake resistors for drive sizes 3 to 6

Part number	Part description	Resistance value	Continuous power (40 °C)	Max. instantaneous (40 °C) ton = 1 ms	Pulse power (40 °C) 1/120 s (ED 0.8 %)	Pulse power (40 °C) 5/120 s (ED 4.2 %)	Pulse power (40 °C) 10/120 s (ED 8.3 %)	Pulse power (40 °C) 40/120 s (ED 33.3 %)
1220-2201	DBR, 100 W, 20R, 130 x 68, TS	20 Ω	100 W	2.0 MW	2300 W	1000 W	650 W	250 W
1220-2401	DBR, 100 W, 40R, 130 x 68, TS	40 Ω	100 W	1.6 MW	1900 W	900 W	610 W	240 W
1220-2801	DBR, 100 W, 80R, 130 x 68, TS	<b>80</b> Ω	100 W	1.25 MW	1500 W	775 W	570 W	230 W

The brake resistors can be used in a series or parallel to get the required resistance and power depending on the size of the drive as per Table 4-21 to Table 4-24. The brake resistor is equipped with a thermal switch. The thermal switch should be integrated in the control circuit by the user.

The resistor combinations shown in Table 4-26 below can be made using one or more brake resistor/s from Table 4-25 above. Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031** and Pr **10.061** should be set as per information provided in Table 4-26 below. Refer to description of Pr **10.030**, Pr **10.031** and Pr **10.061** in the *Parameter Reference Guide* for more information.

#### Table 4-26 Resistor combinations

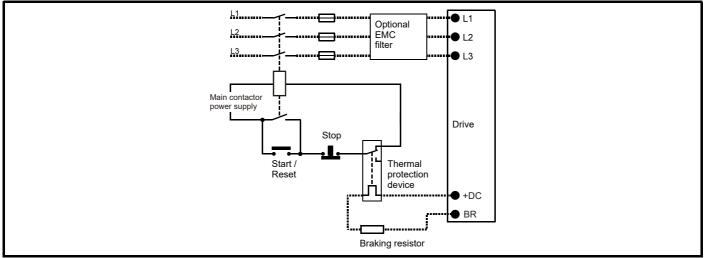
Pump Drive F600 type	Normal duty (kW)	150 % Peak power (Ω)	Braking voltage (Vdc)	Resistor Min. value (Ω)	Resistor combinations (Ω)
03200066	1.1	135			
03200080	1.5	92		00	1 x 40 = 40
03200110	2.2	68	390	22	2 x 80 = 40 (when connected in parallel)
03200127	3	46	-		
03400034	1.1	540			
03400045	1.5	370		74	
03400062	2.2	271	700	74	1 x 80 = 80
03400077	3	184	780		2 x 40 = 80 (when connected in series)
03400104	4	135		FO	
03400123	5.5	101		50	
04200180	4	34	390	18	1 x 20 = 20
04200250	5.5	26	- 390	10	2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in parallel)
04400185	7.5	74	780	37	1 x 40 = 40
04400240	11	54	780	37	2 x 80 = 40 (when connected in parallel)
05200300	7.5	19	390	19	1 x 20 = 20 2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in parallel)
05400300	15	37	780	40	1 x 40 = 40 2 x 80 = 40 (when connected in parallel)
05500039	2.2	384			
05500061	4	263	930	80	1 x 80 = 80 2 x 40 = 80 (when connected in parallel)
05500100	5.5	144			
06200500	11	13.3	390	10	2 x 20 = 10 (when connected in parallel)
06200580	15	9.3	- 390	10	$4 \times 40 = 10$ (when connected in parallel)
06400380	18.5	27			1 x 20 = 20
06400480	22	22	780	20	2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in parallel)
06400630	30	18.4			4 x 80 = 20 (when connected in parallel)
06500120	7.5	104			
06500170	11	77			
06500220	15	52	930	15	$1 \times 20 = 20$ 2 x 40 = 20 (when connected in parallel)
06500270	18.5	39	930	10	$4 \times 80 = 20$ (when connected in parallel)
06500340	22	33	]		
06500430	30	27	]		

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### Thermal protection circuit for the braking resistor

The thermal protection circuit must disconnect the AC supply from the drive if the resistor becomes overloaded due to a fault. Figure 4-24 shows a typical circuit arrangement.

#### Figure 4-24 Typical protection circuit for a braking resistor



See Figure 4-1 on page 92 and Figure 4-4 on page 95 for the location of the +DC and braking resistor connections.

#### 4.11.3 Braking resistor software overload protection

The drive software contains an overload protection function for a braking resistor. In order to enable and set-up this function, it is necessary to enter three values into the drive:

- Braking Resistor Rated Power (10.030)
- Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant (10.031)
- Braking Resistor Resistance (10.061)

This data should be obtained from the manufacturer of the braking resistors. The braking resistor thermal time constant can be calculated from resistor data sheet values using the following equation:

# $Pr 10.031 = \frac{Resistor pulse power rating x Braking time}{Resistor continuous power rating}$

Pr **10.039** gives an indication of braking resistor temperature based on a simple thermal model. Zero indicates the resistor is close to ambient and 100 % is the maximum temperature the resistor can withstand. A 'Brake Resistor' alarm is given if this parameter is above 75 % and the braking IGBT is active. A Brake R Too Hot trip will occur if Pr **10.039** reaches 100 %, when Pr **10.037** is set to 0 (default value) or 1.

If Pr **10.037** is equal to 2 or 3, a Brake R Too Hot trip will not occur when Pr **10.039** reaches 100 %, but instead the braking IGBT will be disabled until Pr **10.039** falls below 95 %. This option is intended for applications with parallel connected DC buses where there are several braking resistors, each of which cannot withstand full DC bus voltage continuously. With this type of application it is unlikely the braking energy will be shared equally between the resistors because of voltage measurement tolerances within the individual drives. Therefore with Pr **10.037** set to 2 or 3, then as soon as a resistor has reached its maximum temperature the drive will disable the braking IGBT, and another resistor on another drive will take up the braking energy. Once Pr **10.039** has fallen below 95 % the drive will allow the braking IGBT to operate again.

See the Parameter Reference Guide for more information on Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031, Pr 10.037 and Pr 10.039.

This software overload protection should be used in addition to an external overload protection device.

# 4.12 EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility)

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following three sections:

Section 4.12.4, General requirements for all applications, to ensure reliable operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity standards specified in Chapter 11 *Technical data* on page 393 will be met, but no specific emission standards are applied. Note also the special requirements given in *Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building* on page 130 for increased surge immunity of control circuits where control wiring is extended.

#### Section 4.12.5, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004).

Section 4.12.6, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007.

The recommendations of section 4.12.4 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial quality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a non-industrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.12.5 or section 4.12.6 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency emission.

In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- · The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 11 Technical data on page 393

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.12.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 126 and section 4.12.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 127 must be followed.

#### Table 4-27 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number				
200 V					
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230				
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272				
05200300	4200-0312				
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300				
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132				
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972				
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021				
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460				
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460				
400 V					
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480				
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252				
05400300	4200-0402				
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800				
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132				
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972				
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021				
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460				
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460				
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400				
575 V					
05500039 to 05500100	4200-3021 4200-4460 4200-4460 4200-0400				
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690				
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672				
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662				
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660				
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210				
10502000	4200-2210				
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690				
690 V					
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672				
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662				
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660				
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210				
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210				
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690				



#### High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal EMC filter.

#### NOTE

The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply in the country in which the drive is to be used.

the Motor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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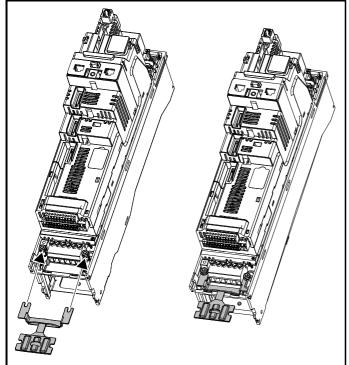
## 4.12.1 Grounding hardware

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket and grounding clamp to facilitate EMC compliance. They provide a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps<sup>1</sup> (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

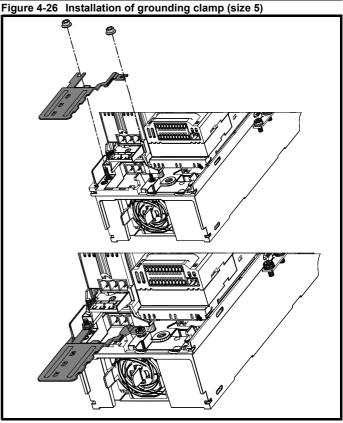
<sup>1</sup> A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).

- See Figure 4-25, Figure 4-26 and Figure 4-27 for details on installing the grounding clamp.
- See Figure 4-28 for details on installing the grounding bracket.

### Figure 4-25 Installation of grounding clamp (size 3 and 4)



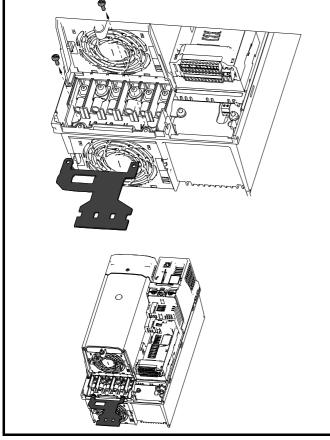
Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp down onto the pillars in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

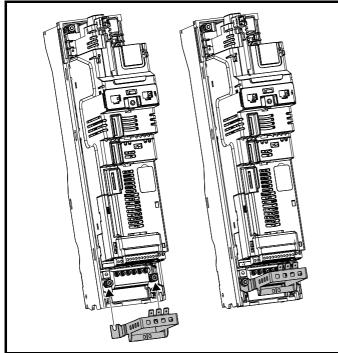
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

#### Figure 4-27 Installation of grounding clamp (size 6)



The grounding clamp is secured using the provided  $2 \times M4 \times 10 \text{ mm}$  fasteners. The fasteners should be tightened with the maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

# Figure 4-28 Installation of grounding bracket (all sizes - size 3 shown)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).



On size 3 the grounding bracket is secured using the power ground terminal of the drive. Ensure that the supply ground connection is secure after installing / removing the grounding bracket. Failure to do so will result in the drive not being grounded.

A faston tab is located on the grounding bracket for the purpose of connecting the drive 0V to ground should the user require to do so.

## 4.12.2 Internal EMC filter

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it.



If the drive is used with ungrounded (IT) supplies, the internal EMC filter must be removed unless additional motor ground fault protection is installed. For instructions on removal refer to section 4.12.2.

For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

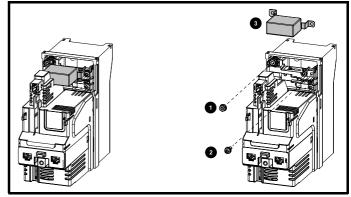
If the drive is used as part of a regen system, then the internal EMC filter must be removed.

The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.12.5 *Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)* on page 127 and section 11.1.24 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 419. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission levels, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive, it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed, or where the ground leakage current of 28 mA for size 3 is unacceptable. See section 4.12.2 for details of removing and installing the internal EMC filter.



The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.

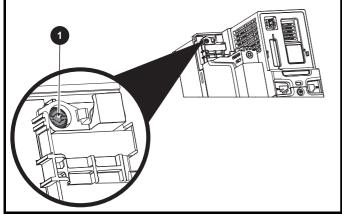
#### Figure 4-29 Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter



Remove the screw and nut (1) and (2) as shown above. Lift away from the securing points and rotate away from the drive. Ensure the screw and nut are replaced and re-tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Figure 4-30 Removal of the size 4 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

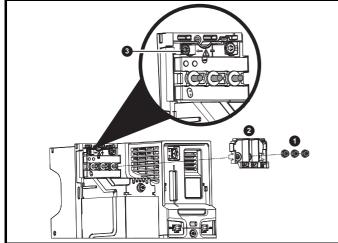
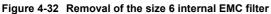
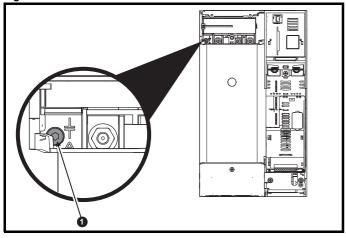


Figure 4-31 Removal of the size 5 internal EMC filter

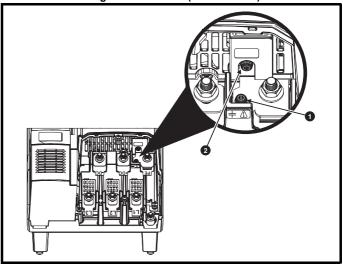
Remove the three M4 terminal nuts (1). Lift away the cover (2) to expose the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw. Finally remove the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw (3) to electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter.





To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

# Figure 4-33 Removal of the size 7, 8 and 9A internal EMC filter and line to ground varistors (size 7 shown)



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (2).

#### NOTE

The Internal EMC filter on size 9E, 10E and 11E cannot be removed.

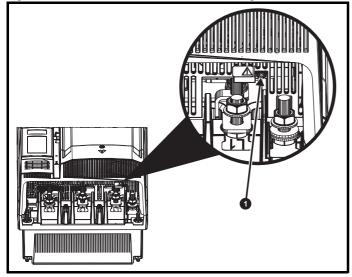
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 4.12.3 Line to ground varistors

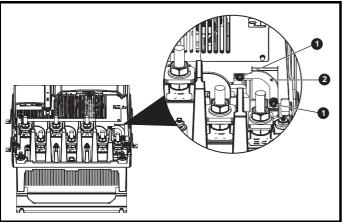


The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances such as ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Where the line to ground varistors are removed, ensure that line to ground transients are limited to values of category II. This is to ensure that line to ground transients do not exceed 4 kV as the drive insulation system from power to ground is designed to category II.Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

Figure 4-34 Removal of size 9E and 10E line to ground varistors



To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).



#### Figure 4-35 Removal of line to ground varistors (size 11E)

To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the two screws highlighted (1) above and remove the bracket (2).

#### NOTE

The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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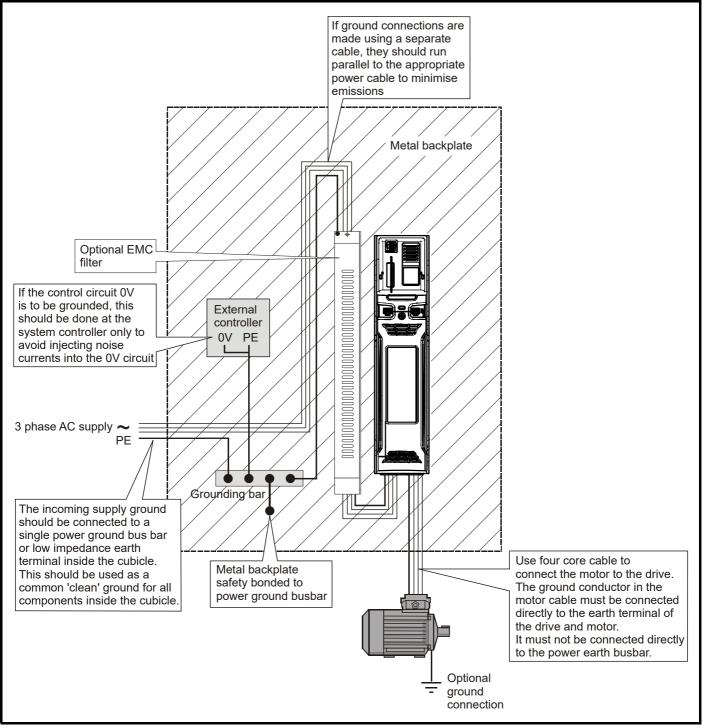
## 4.12.4 General requirements for EMC

#### Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-36, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-36 shows how to configure and minimise EMC when using unshielded motor cable. However shielded cable is a better option, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.12.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 127.

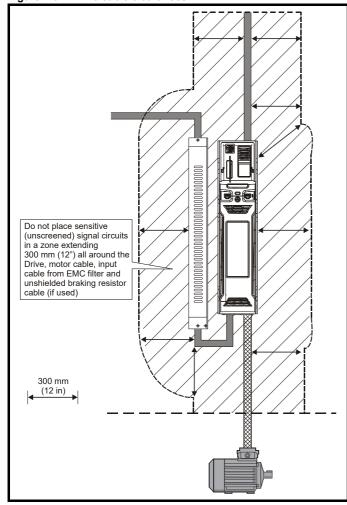
#### Figure 4-36 General EMC enclosure layout showing ground connections



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Cable layout

Figure 4-37 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment.



#### Figure 4-37 Drive cable clearances

#### NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

# 4.12.5 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

#### Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.12.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 127. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

#### Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in section 4.12.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards*.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.12.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 126.



The second environment typically includes an industrial lowvoltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in section 4.12.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* be adhered to.

Refer to section 11.1.24 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 419 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

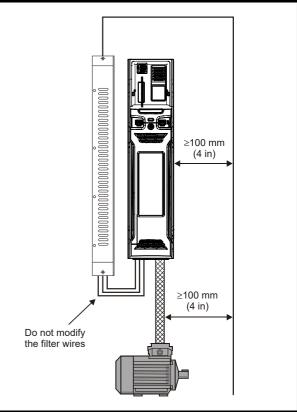
Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the *EMC Data Sheet* which is available from the supplier of the drive.

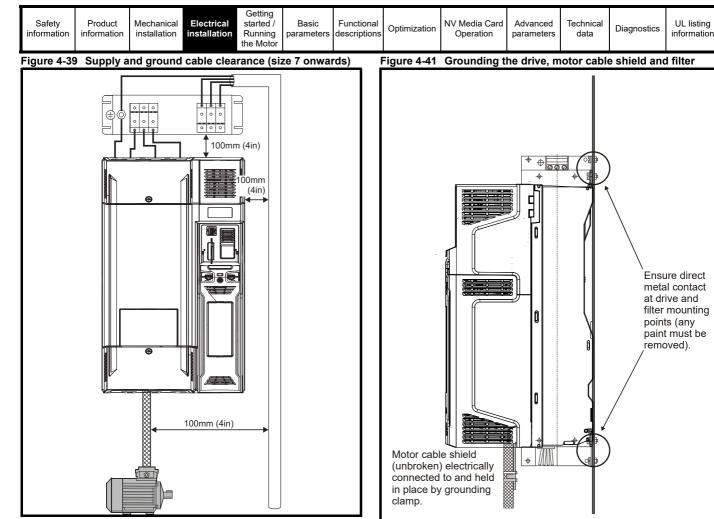
#### 4.12.6 Compliance with generic emission standards

The following information applies to frame sizes 3 to 10.

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-38 and Figure 4-41. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

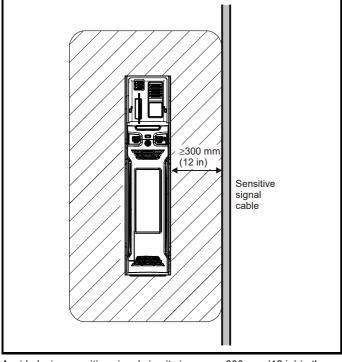
#### Figure 4-38 Supply and ground cable clearance (sizes 3 to 6)





Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

#### Figure 4-40 Sensitive signal circuit clearance



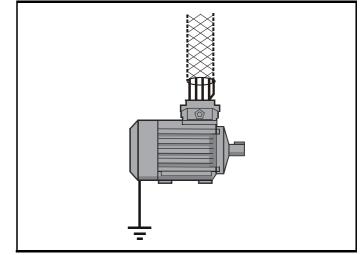
Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) in the area immediately surrounding the power module. Ensure good EMC grounding.

Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long.

A complete 360° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

From an EMC consideration it is irrelevant whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or if there is a separate external ground conductor, or where grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.

#### Figure 4-42 Grounding the motor cable shield



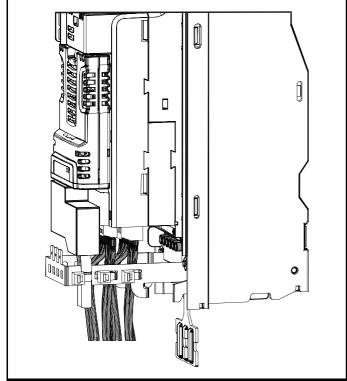
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used provided the wiring runs internally to the enclosure.

If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-43. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make direct contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part number 3225-1004.

#### Figure 4-43 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



## 4.12.7 Variations in the EMC wiring

#### Interruptions to the motor cable

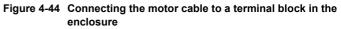
The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

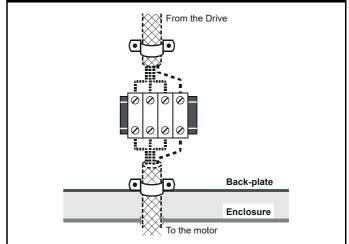
- Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure
- Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor

In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

#### Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away from the terminal block.



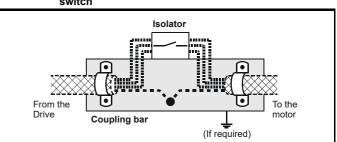


#### Using a motor isolator / disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.



# Figure 4-45 Connecting the motor cable to an isolator / disconnect switch

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0V connection is not grounded.

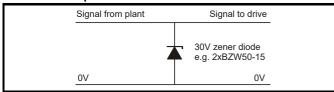
In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

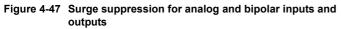
As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

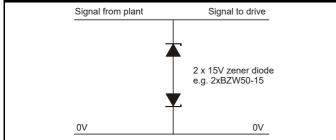
- 1. Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup>, or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- Additional over-voltage suppression for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-46 and Figure 4-47.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (I/O Overload trip). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr **10.034** to 5.

# Figure 4-46 Surge suppression for digital and unipolar inputs and outputs







Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

```
Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC
Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC
```

These devices are not suitable for fast digital data networks, because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

# 4.13 Communications

The drive offers a 2 wire EIA-485 serial interface located beneath the control terminals, see Figure 4-48 *Location of the comms connector* below. The drive supports the Modbus RTU protocol as standard. See Table 4-28 for the connection details.

#### Figure 4-48 Location of the comms connector

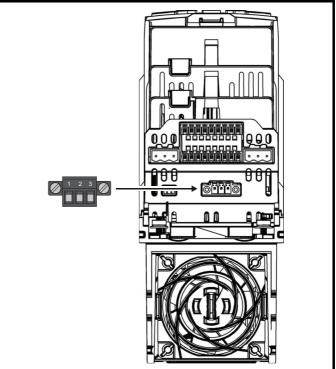


Table 4-28 Serial communication port pin-outs

Pin	Function
1	RX TX
2	Isolated 0V
3	RX\ TX\

#### **EIA-485 Serial communications**

The serial communications port is a 3 way screw type connector, which is isolated from the power stage and the other control terminals. The communications port applies a 2 unit load to the communications network.

#### USB/EIA-232 to EIA-485 Communications

An external USB/EIA-232 hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA-485 interface of the drive.

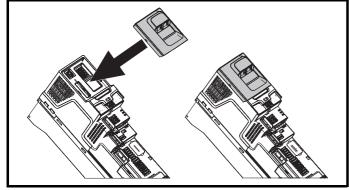
To gain access to the drive parameters (including connection to Connect), a KI-485 Adaptor should be installed as shown in Figure 4-15 and used in conjunction with a suitable USB to EIA-485 isolated converter. A suitable isolated converter is available from Control Techniques:

CT USB Comms Cable (CT part number: 4500-0096).

A KI-485 Adaptor is also required for remote LCD keypad operation. The communications cable between the KI-485 Adaptor and keypad is wired one to one. The maximum cable length is 100 m when conductors of 0.129 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 26) or larger are used and the cable shield should be connected to the grounded panel / cubicle at the keypad end of the cable.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 4-49 KI-485 Adaptor Installation



To install, align the KI-485 Adaptor and press gently in the direction shown until it clicks into position.

To remove, reverse the installation instructions.

#### NOTE

IEC cable sizes assume Copper conductor, PVC insulation, Installation method B2 and ambient temperature of 40 °C (104 °F). UL cable sizes assume Copper conductor with insulation rated at 75 °C (167 °F).

When using the Control Techniques converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to disconnect the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used.

#### Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

Seria	I communications	set-up parameters
Serial Mode (11.024)	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 CP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the EIA 485 comms port on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via an option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate ( <b>11.025</b> )	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via an option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address ( <b>11.023</b> )	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.

				Getting								
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

# 4.14 Control connections

## 4.14.1 General

#### Table 4-29 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	5, 6
Analog output	2	Source, scaling, mode	7, 8
Digital input	3	Destination, invert, logic select	25, 26, 27
Digital input / output	3	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert, logic select	22, 23, 24
Relay	2	Source, invert	41, 42, 71, 72
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	1		29
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	3
0V common	5		1, 4, 9, 21, 28
+24 V External input	1	Destination, invert	2

#### Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. positive / negative logic (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic), open collector.

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7. All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor coil), then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.



Ensure the logic sense is correct for the control circuit to be used. Incorrect logic sense could cause the motor to be started unexpectedly. Positive logic is the default state for the drive.

## NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

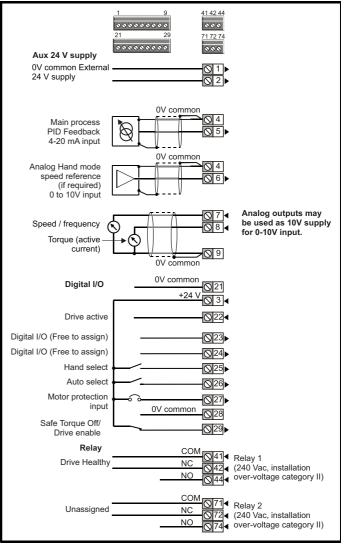
#### NOTE

The Safe Torque Off drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only. It is not affected by the setting of *Input Logic Polarity* Pr **08.029**.

#### NOTE

The common 0V from analog signals should, wherever possible, not be connected to the same 0 V terminal as the common 0 V from digital signals. Terminals 1, 4 and 9 should be used for connecting the 0 V common of analog signals, and terminals 21 and 28 for digital signals. This is to prevent small voltage drops in the terminal connections causing inaccuracies in the analog signals.

#### Figure 4-50 Default terminal functions



\*The Safe Torque Off / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only.

1					Getting								
	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	started /	Basic	Functional	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	Running	parameters	descriptions	Optimization	Operation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
					the Motor								

# 4.14.2 Control terminal specification

1	0V common	
Function	on	Common connection for all external devices

2	+24V external input	
Functio	on	To supply the control circuit without providing a supply to the power stage
Program	mability	Can be switched on or off to act as a digital input by setting the source Pr <b>08.063</b> and input invert Pr <b>08.053</b>
Nominal	voltage	+24.0 Vdc
Minimun voltage	n continuous operating	+19.2 Vdc
Maximur voltage	m continuous operating	+28.0 Vdc
Minimun	n start-up voltage	21.6 Vdc
Recomn	nended power supply	40 W 24 Vdc nominal
Recomn	nended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc

3 +24 V user output (selectable)						
Terminal 3 default function	+24 V user output					
Programmability	Can be switched on or off to act as a fourth digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr <b>08.028</b> and source invert Pr <b>08.018</b>					
Nominal output current	100 mA combined with DIO3					
Maximum output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)					
Protection	Current limit and trip					
Sample / update period	2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower)					

4	0V common	
Function	on	Common connection for all external devices

5 Analog input 1						
6 Analog input 2						
Terminal 5 Default function	Main process PID Feedback 4-20 mA input (Pr 29.034)					
Terminal 6 Default function	Analog Hand mode speed reference (Pr 1.036)					
Type of input AI 1 [AI 2]	Unipolar current and Bipolar single-ended analog voltage					
Mode controlled by:	Pr 07.007 [07.011]					
Operating in current mode (D	efault for terminal 5)					
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %					
Maximum offset	250 μΑ					
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	±36 V relative to 0V					
Absolute maximum current	±30 mA					
Equivalent input resistance	≤ 300 Ω					
Operating in voltage mode (D	efault for terminal 6)					
Full scale voltage range	±10 V ±2 %					
Maximum offset	±10 mV					
Absolute maximum voltage range	±36 V relative to 0V					
Input resistance	≥100 k Ω					
Common to all modes						
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)					
Sample / update	250 μs with destinations Pr 01.036, Pr 01.037 or Pr 03.022, Pr 04.008 in RFC-A or RFC-S. 4 ms for open loop mode and al other destinations in RFC-A or RFC-S mode.					
Operating in thermistor input	mode					
Voltage range ±10 V ±2 %						
Supported thermistor types	Din 4408, KTY 84, PT100, PT 1000, PT 2000, NI 1000					
Internal pull-up voltage 5 V						
Trip threshold resistance	User defined in Pr 07.055 [07.060]					
Reset resistance	User defined in Pr 07.056 [07.061]					
Short-circuit detection resistance	50 Ω ± 40 %					
Common to all modes						
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)					
Sample / update period	4 ms					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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7	Analog output 1							
8	Analog output 2							
Termir	nal 7 default function	OL> Motor FREQUENCY output signal RFC> SPEED output signal						
Termir	al 8 default function	Motor active current						
Type of	output	Bipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current						
AOI [AC	2] Mode controlled by	Pr 07.021 [07.024]						
Operat	ting in Voltage mode (o	lefault)						
Voltage	range	±10 V ±5 %						
Maximu	m offset	±120 mV						
Maximu	m output current	±20 mA						
Load re:	sistance	≥1 k Ω						
Protection	on	20 mA max. Short circuit protection						
Operat	ing in current mode							
Current	ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5%, 20 to 0 mA ±5% 4 to 20 mA ±5%, 20 to 4 mA ±5%						
Comm								
Resoluti	on	10-bit						
Sample	/ update period	250 μs (output will only change at update the rate of the source parameter if slower						

9	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices
<b>B</b>		

21	0V common	
Functio	on	Common connection for all external devices

22 Digital I/O 1								
23 Digital I/O 2	Digital I/O 2							
24 Digital I/O 3	Digital I/O 3							
Terminal 22 default function	DRIVE ACTIVE output							
Terminal 23 default function	Unassigned							
Terminal 24 default function	Unassigned							
Туре	Positive or negative logic digital inputs, positive logic voltage source outputs							
Input / output mode controlled by	Pr 08.031, Pr 08.032 and Pr 08.033							
Operating as an input								
Logic mode controlled by	Pr <b>08.029</b>							
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V							
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω							
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1							
Operating as an output								
Nominal maximum output current	100 mA (DIO1 & 2 combined) 100 mA (DIO3 & 24 V User Output Combined)							
Maximum output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)							
Common to all modes								
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V							
Sample / Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter)							

25 Digital Input 4	Digital Input 4						
26 Digital Input 5							
Terminal 25 default function	Default is Hand select						
Terminal 26 default function	Default is Auto select						
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs						
Logic mode controlled by	Pr 08.029						
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V						
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V						
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω						
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1						
Sample / Update period	2 ms						

27 Digital Input 6	
Terminal 27 default function	Default is motor protection input
Туре	Negative or positive logic digital inputs
Logic mode controlled by	Pr <b>08.029</b>
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V
Absolute maximum applied voltage range	-3 V to +30 V
Impedance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω
Input thresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1
Sample / Update period	2 ms

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 28 0V common

Function

Common connection for all external
devices

29 Safe Torque Off funct	ion (drive enable)						
Туре	Positive logic only digital input						
Voltage range	0 V to +24 V						
Absolute maximum applied voltage	30 V						
Logic Threshold	10 V ± 5 V						
Low state maximum voltage for disable to SIL3 and PL e	5 V						
Impedance	>4 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 k Ω						
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e	0.5 mA						
Response time	Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms						

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, this terminal is used for enabling the drive.

Refer to section 4.15 *Safe Torque Off (STO)* on page 136 for further information.

41	Relay 1 Common										
42	Relay 1 Normally clos	Relay 1 Normally closed									
44	Relay 1 Normaly open										
Defaul	t function	Drive Healthy indicator									
Contact	voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II									
Contact	maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)									
Contact rating	minimum recommended	12 V 100 mA									
Contact	type	Common - 41 Normally closed - 42 Normally open - 44									
Default	contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive healthy									
Update	period	4 ms									

51	0V common*									
52	+24 Vdc*									
Size 6										
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc								
Minimum	o continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc								
Maximur	n continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc								
Minimum	n startup voltage	18.4 Vdc								
Maximur	n power supply requirement	40 W								
Recomm	ended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc								
Size 7 to	o 11									
Nominal	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc								
Minimum	o continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc								
Maximur	n continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)								
Minimum	n startup voltage	21.6 Vdc								
Maximur	n power supply requirement	60 W								
Recomm	ended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc								

\*See Figure 4-17 to Figure 4-19 on page 106 for location.

71	Relay 2 Common	Relay 2 Common								
72	Relay 2 Normally clos	Relay 2 Normally closed								
74	Relay 2 Normally open									
Defaul	t function	UNASSIGNED								
Contact	voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II								
Contact	maximum current rating	2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)								
Contact rating	minimum recommended	12 V 100 mA								
Contact	type	Common - 71 Normally closed - 72 Normally open - 74								
Default	contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive healthy								
Update	period	4 ms								



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
4.15 Safe Torque Off (STO)					7	Гуре	V	/alue	Classi	ification		
The Safe To	The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive					drive	Mission time	9	20	vears		

from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input. The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state

as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power, that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor), is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'.

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behavior of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

#### **Machinery Applications**

The Safe Torque Off Function has been independently assessed by Notified Body, TüV Rheinland for use as a safety component of a machine:

Prevention of unintended motor operation: The safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be used in applications up to Cat 4. PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1, SIL 3 according to EN 61800-5-2/ EN 62061/IEC 61508 and in lift applications according to EN 81-1 and EN81-2.

Type examination certificate No.	Date of issue	Models		
01.205/5270.01/17	2017-08-28	F600		

This certificate is available for download from the TüV Rheinland website at: http://www.tuv.com

#### Safety Parameters as verified by TüV Rheinland:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 07 / EN 61800-5-2 / EN 62061

Туре	Value	Percentage of SIL 3 allowance						
Proof test interval								
High demand or a continuous mode of operation								
PFH (1/h)	4.21 x 10 <sup>-11</sup> 1/h	<1 %						
Low demand mode of operation (not EN 61800-5-2)								
PFDavg	3.68 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	< 1 %						

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value	Classification
Category	4	
Performance Level (PL)	e	
MTTF <sub>D</sub>	> 2500 years	High
DC <sub>avg</sub>	≥ 99 %	High

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### NOTE

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e 5 V and 0.5 mA.

#### UL Approval

The Safe Torque Off function has been independently assessed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL). The on-line certification (yellow card) reference is: FSPC.E171230.

#### Safety Parameters as verified by UL:

According to IEC 61508-1 to 7

Туре	Value
Safety Rating	SIL 3
SFF	> 99 %
PFH (1/h)	4.43 x 10 <sup>-10</sup> 1/h (<1 % of SIL 3 allowance)
HFT	1
Beta Factor	2 %
CFF	Not applicable

According to EN ISO 13849-1

Туре	Value
Category	4
Performance Level (PL)	е
MTTFD	2574 years
Diagnostic coverage	High
CCF	65

# Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs:

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.

# Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors:

When the drive is disabled through Safe Torque Off, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor. If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The Safe Torque Off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.

With Safe Torque Off there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.

It is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply of >5 V could cause the drive to be enabled. This can be excluded under EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.  $\ensuremath{\text{or}}$
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuit be provided with a dedicated 0V conductor which should be connected to terminal 28 at the drive.

#### Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 5 Getting started / Running the Motor

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

# 5.1 Understanding the display

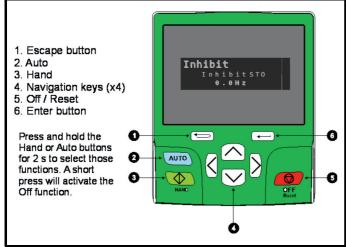
The KI-HOA keypad RTC can only be mounted on the drive. The HOA keypad RTC can be mounted on the drive or remotely mounted.

# 5.1.1 Keypad details

The display of both keypads consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table 5-2.

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by *Parameter Displayed At Power-Up* (11.022).

## Figure 5-1 KI-HOA Keypad RTC / HOA Keypad RTC



#### NOTE

The red stop 😥 button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed in the lower row of the keypad display, see table below.

#### Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
IP Address	127.000.000.000
MAC Address	01ABCDEF2345
Time	12:34:56
Date	31-12-11 or 12-31-11
Version number	01.02.02.00
Character	ABCD
32 bit number with decimal point	21474836.47
16 bit binary number	0100001011100101

 Table 5-2
 Active action icon

Active action icon	Description	Row (1=top)	Priority in row
D	Accessing non-volatile media card	1	1
¥	Alarm active	1	2
0	Keypad real-time clock battery low	1	3
₿°∂	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	1	4
44	User program running	3	1
4	Keypad reference active	4	1

# 5.2 Keypad operation

### 5.2.1 Control buttons

The keypad consists of:

- Navigation Keys Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button Used to toggle between parameter edit and view mode.
- Escape / Exit button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button is pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.

Three control buttons are used to select Hand / Off / Auto modes (see below).

#### NOTE

Low battery voltage is indicated by **D** low battery symbol on the keypad display. Refer to section 3.14.1 *Real time clock battery replacement* on page 82 for information on battery replacement.

Figure 5-2 *Display modes* on page 139, shows an example of moving between menus and editing parameters.

() ntimization	Diagnostics	JL listing formation
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#### Auto

In Auto mode, the reference for the motor speed/frequency will be selected by the value set in Pr 01.021.

#### Hand

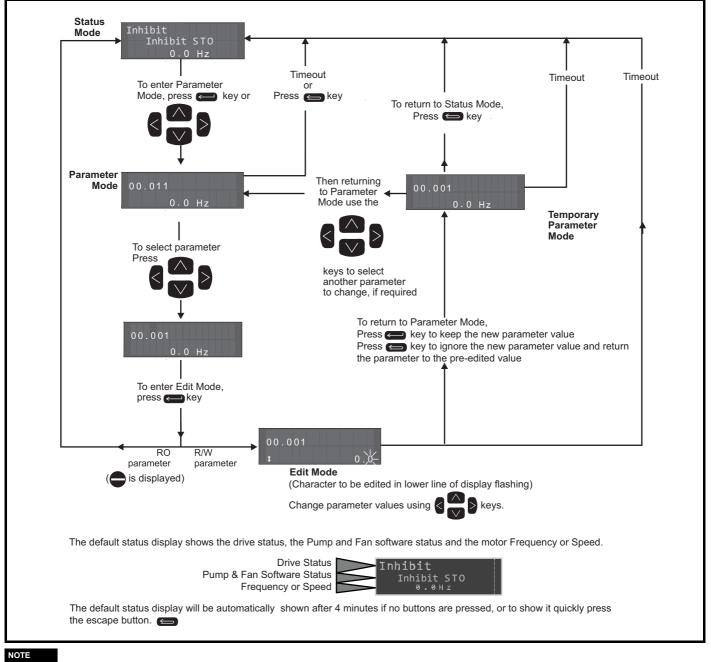
The speed/frequency reference Pr **01.022** is automatically set to keypad reference. The motor speed is determined by the value in the keypad control mode reference which can be adjusted by pressing the Up/Down arrows on the keypad.

If Hand mode is selected from Off mode, the motor will ramp up to the speed determined by the keypad control mode reference.

#### Off

In Off mode, the motor is stopped. The speed/frequency reference is automatically set to keypad reference allowing the value in the *keypad control mode reference* to be modified by pressing the Up/Down arrow keys. If Hand mode is then selected, the motor will ramp up to the speed determined by the value in the keypad control mode reference.

#### Figure 5-2 Display modes



The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.001** has been set to show 'All Menus'. Refer to section 5.10 Parameter access level and security on page 157.

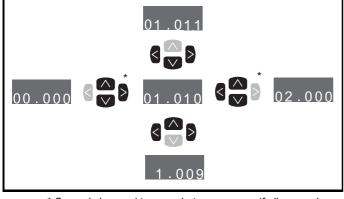
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr **00.001** has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 5.10 *Parameter access level and security* on page 157

#### Figure 5-3 Parameter navigation



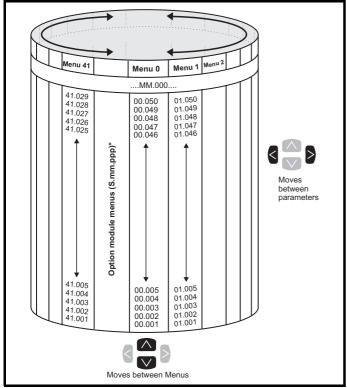
 Can only be used to move between menus if all menus have been enabled (Pr 00.001). Refer to section 5.10 Parameter access level and security on page 157.

The menus and parameters roll over in both directions.

i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

Figure 5-4 Menu structure



\* The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

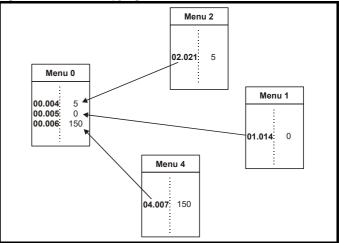
# 5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22.

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 *Basic parameters* on page 158.





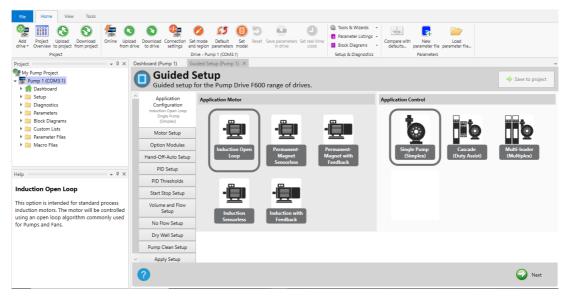
Safety informatior	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 5.5 Step by Step Setup

# Connect and guided setup tool for PC

To help the user to configure and monitor their pump system, Control Techniques has a drive commissioning tool called Connect. This software allows the user to setup, monitor, default, save and recover drive parameters and update drive and option module software over digital communications. This tool is available from http://controltechniques.com/support.

Connect features a comprehensive guided setup tool that covers all 3 operating modes for the drive, in a logical configuration order, with a contextbased help system to simplify setup of the Pump Drive F600 If it is possible to use a PC laptop during commissioning, and the required comms lead is available, this is a highly recommended way to setup the drive.



## STEP 1: Run the drive for the first time in Hand mode

Step 1 and 2 cover basic fixed pressure pump setup. There is a comprehensive guided set-up wizard included in the Connect PC software package which covers pump system set-up.

Hand mode is where the drive runs from a fixed frequency or speed reference where the process PID loop is disabled. The user can modify the hand mode frequency or speed as detailed in the following steps.

Before starting, it is important to identify the type of motor used in the application. If the type of motor isn't known, please contact the motor manufacturer to find out if it is an induction or permanent-magnet motor.

#### Run an Induction motor in open-loop (OL) control

Action	Detail
Before power up.	Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off, Hand and Auto mode switches so the drive powers up in the <i>Inhibit</i> state. Make sure that no items are preventing the application motor from turning e.g. a seized pump.
Power up the drive.	After power up the display indicates as shown below. Inhibit Inhibit STO 0.0Hz
Select "Induction" motor.	Set Motor Type Pr 0.004 to Induction and press the red OFF / Reset button to change the mode. This selects open-loop (OL) control for an induction motor.
	Induction OFF Reset

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Run an Induction motor in open-loop (OL) control

plate details. • Set <i>I</i> • Set <i>I</i> • Set <i>I</i> • Set <i>I</i>	Rated Current Pr <b>0.006</b> to the motor rated current in Amps. Rated Speed Pr <b>0.007</b> , the motor rated speed in rpm.
• Set /	
	Rated Voltage Pr 0.008, the motor rated voltage in Volts.
	Rated Power Factor Pr <b>0.009</b> , the motor rated power factor, (cos phi or $\cos \varphi$ ).
	MOT. 3 \cap LS 80 L T
	N° 734570 BJ 002 Kg 9 I cl.F 40°C S1
	Hz min <sup>-1</sup> kW cos $\varphi$ A
D 0165 3	0 50 2800 0,75 0,83 0,3 5
× U	
	ally closed motor thermal protection switch has been connected, (contacts closed = temperature OK, contacts open = ure fault), set <i>Motor Thermal Protection Enable</i> Pr <b>0.017</b> to On. Otherwise leave Pr <b>0.017</b> set to Off.
·	r Thermal Pr
	tion Enable
	Off
Set the Maximum Reference By defaul Clamp. Pr 0.005	t, Maximum Reference Clamp Pr 0.022 normally matches Rated Frequency
Maxi	m u m
Refe	rence Clamp
	50.0Hz
It may be	required when running to reduce this value if pump cavitation is suspected during operation.
	Mode Reference Pr 0.026 to configure the frequency reference used in Hand mode. By default, this is half of the motor rated
frequency frequency	
	Mode rence
Kere	
	25.0Hz
Enable the drive. Close the	Enable or Safe Torque Off input switch to the drive. The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
Inhi	bit
O f	f (Ready)
	0.0Hz
Start the motor in Hand mode. Make sur	e it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn at the
Hand mo	de speed reference and the pump software status changes to Hand Run.
Run	
	land Run 25.0Hz HAND
	lication requires more starting torque to get the motor turning, e.g. a waste water pump, increase Low Frequency Voltage Boost in 1 % steps. If 5 % is reached and the motor still does not turn, stop the Motor by pressing and holding the red OFF / Reset
	by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to <i>Off (Ready)</i> .
Inhi	bit
	f (Ready)
	0.0Hz
When sa	e to do so, check the application for physical items that may be preventing the motor from rotating.
	0.0Hz

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Run an Ir	duction r	notor in o	pen-loop	(OL) co	ntrol							
Check the n the correct of	notor is turnin lirection.		on of rotation					nanufacturer's da <i>le Reference</i> Pr				
			nd Mode Ference	25.0Hz	,							
		Rever		s to be run	ning in the w			motor phases ele e, and Set Pr <b>0.0</b>				
			verse O ase Seq		On							
			rameter Save pa			OFF Reset						
Stop the mo	tor.		he Motor by p <i>(Ready)</i> .	ressing an	d holding the	red OFF / Re	set button or b	y opening the H	and switch. T	he pump sc	ftware status	in changes
			hibit оff(Rea 0.0н			OFF Reset						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### Run a Permanent-magnet motor in closed-loop sensorless (RFC-S)

Action	Detail
Before power up.	Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off, Hand and Auto mode switches so the drive powers up in the Inhibit state. Make sure that no items are preventing the application motor from turning e.g. a ceased or blocked pump.
Power up.	After power, up the display indicates as shown below. Inhibit Inhibit STO 0.0 rpm
Select Permanent-magnet motor.	Set parameter Pr 0.004 to Permanent-magnet and press the red OFF / Reset button to change the mode. This selects closed-loop sensorless (RFC-S) control for a permanent-magnet motor.  Motor Type Permanent-magnet OFF Reset
Configure the motor name plate details.	If Permanent-magnet is already shown, then skip this step.         • Set Volts Per 1000 rpm Pr 0.005, the Back EMF / Ke in V/kmin-1.         • Set Rated Current Pr 0.006, the motor rated current in Amps.
	<ul> <li>Set Rated Speed Pr 0.007, the motor rated current in Angs.</li> <li>Set Rated Voltage Pr 0.008, the motor rated voltage in Volts.</li> <li>Set Number Of Motor Poles Pr 0.009.</li> </ul>
	DE:         6320 C3         SGR         PDL/YREX EM 103         Composition           V         Hzz         min-1         k8g /* 62001.         (*)         (*)           V         Hzz         min-1         k8g /* 62001.         (*)         (*)           V         Hzz         min-1         k8g /* 62001.         (*)         (*)           V         Hzz         min-1         (*)         scopy (*)         (*)           V         400 50         1500 1660 (52 200 97.7)         (*)         (*)         (*)           V         400 160 17 2600 (*)         1000 (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)           BEDEV         1000 (*)         1000 (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)           V         400 160 (*)         1000 (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)           V         400 160 (*)         200 (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)           W         1000 (*)         1000 (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)         (*)           W         1000 (*)         1000 (*)         0200 (*)         (*)
Configure Motor Thermal Protection.	If a normally closed motor thermal protection switch has been connected, (contacts closed = temperature OK, contacts open = temperature fault), set <i>Motor Thermal Protection</i> Enable Pr <b>0.017</b> to <i>On</i> . Otherwise leave Pr <b>0.017</b> set to <i>Off</i> .
Set the Maximum Reference Clamp.	The Maximum Reference Clamp, Pr 0.022 normally matches the motor name plate speed as entered in Pr 0.007.          Maximum         Reference       Clamp         1500.0 rpm         It may be required when running to reduce this value if pump cavitation is suspected during operation.
Set the Hand Reference Speed.	Set the Hand mode digital frequency reference Pr 0.026. By default, this is half of the motor rated speed. Hand Mode Reference 750.0rpm
Select the auto-tune mode.	Set Auto-tune Pr 0.013 to Stationary to select a stationary auto-tune. The motor shaft will not rotate as a part of this test, however, as a precaution it should be treated as if will rotate.          Auto-tune         Stationary
Enable the drive.	Close the Enable or Safe Torque Off input switch to the drive. The pump software status changes to Off ( <i>Ready</i> ). Inhibit Off (Ready) 0.0rpm

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Run a Permanent-magnet motor in closed-loop sensorless (RFC-S)

Run the auto-tune.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch.
	Auto-tune 🔺
	Hand Run 0.0rpm HAND
	The drive will run the auto-tune to measure the electrical properties of the motor. The autotune process takes approximately 30 s.
	When the Autotune is completed the pump software status changes to Inhibit STO. The drive sequencer prevents the drive running in an
	unexpected way after the auto-tune. To allow the motor to run after the auto-tune, do one of the following:
	Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off switch.
	<ul> <li>Or press the red stop button.</li> <li>Or open the Hand switch.</li> </ul>
	The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
	Inhibit
	Off (Ready) 0.0rpm OFF Reset
Does the motor have a load?	If the motor has a pump attached or <i>RFC Low Speed Mode</i> Pr <b>0.014</b> = Injection, move to the next step to Save the drive parameters.
	RFC Low Speed
	Mode
	Injection
	If the motor has no load attached e.g. for a basic bench test, and <i>RFC Low Speed Mode</i> Pr <b>0.014</b> = Current, reduce the Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Pr <b>0.015</b> to 50.0 %.
	RFC Low Speed
	Mode
	Current
Save the drive parameters.	When the load is attached, increase Pr 0.015 back to 100.0%. Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.
	Parameter mm.000
	Save parameters Reset
Start the motor in Hand mode.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn at the Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to <i>Hand Run</i> .
	Run
	Hand Run
	25.0Hz HAND
	If instability is noted at high speed and load, additional filtering of the estimated speed feedback may be required. Stop the Motor by pressing and the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to <i>Off (Ready)</i> .
	Inhibit
	Off (Ready) O.Orpm
	Reset Reset Increase the Sensorless Mode Filter value Pr 0.019 in single steps until the required performance is reached. Stop and start the motor
	making sure it starts and runs at high speed properly. If the motor doesn't start properly and there is significant starting torque required to turn the load, check if the RFC Low Speed Mode
	Pr 0.014 = Injection. If it is set to "Injection" please try setting Pr 0.014 to "Current" instead and Increase the Low Speed Sensorless
Check the motor is turning in	Current Pr 0.015 to 100 %. All pumps have a direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compare to the
the correct direction.	direction of rotation of the cooling fan or motor output shaft. The Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to see the direction.
	Hand Mode
	Reference
	750.0rpm
	If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction, reverse two motor phases electrically, when safe to do so. Alternatively, set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to do this in software, then set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF /
	Reset button.
	Reverse Output Parameter mm.000 Phase Sequence
	On Save parameters OFF
Stop the motor.	Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to Off ( <i>Ready</i> ).
	Inhibit
	Off (Ready) OFF
	0.0rpm Reset

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Run a permanent-magnet motor with feedback.

Before power up.	Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off, Hand and Auto mode switches so the drive powers up in the Inhibit STO state. Make sure that
	no items are preventing the application motor from turning e.g. a ceased or blocked pump. Ensure an SI-Universal Encoder module has been fitted and connected to the motor encoder.
Power up.	After power, up the display indicates as shown below.
r ower up.	Inhibit Off (Ready) 0.0rpm
Select Permanent-magnet motor.	Set Motor Type Pr 0.004 to Permanent-magnet and press the red OFF / Reset button to change the mode. This selects closed loop sensorless control for a permanent-magnet motor.
	Motor Type Permanent-magnet
	If "Permanent-magnet" is already shown, then skip this step.
Configure the motor name plate details.	<ul> <li>Set Volts Per 1000 rpm Pr 0.005, the Back EMF / Ke in V/kmin-1.</li> <li>Set Rated Current Pr 0.006, the motor rated current in Amps.</li> <li>Set Rated Speed Pr 0.007, the motor rated speed in rpm.</li> <li>Set Rated Voltage Pr 0.008, the motor rated voltage in Volts.</li> <li>Set Number Of Motor Poles Pr 0.009</li> </ul>
	DE:     6320 C3     SGR     POLYPREX EM 103     (*)       NDE:6317 C3 IB     48g / 6200h     (*)     (*)       Y     +400     50     5500     Horizanda       Y     +400     50     560     Horizanda       Horizanda     1540     1540     1540     Horizanda       Horizanda     1540     1540     Horizanda     Horizanda
Configure Motor Thermal Protection.	If a normally closed motor thermal protection switch has been connected, (contacts closed = temperature OK, contacts open = temperature fault), set <i>Motor Thermal Protection</i> Enable Pr 0.017 to <i>On</i> . Otherwise leave Pr 0.017 set to <i>Off</i> . Motor Thermal Protection Enable Off
Set the Maximum Reference Clamp.	The Maximum Reference Clamp, Pr 0.022 normally matches the motor name plate speed as entered in Pr 0.007.          Maximum         Reference       Clamp         1500.0 rpm         It may be required when running to reduce this value if pump cavitation is suspected during operation.
Set the Hand Reference Speed.	Set the Hand mode digital frequency reference Pr 0.026. By default, this is half of the motor rated speed. Hand Mode Reference 750.0rpm
Identify the encoder interface slot number.	To configure the motor encoder parameters, the physical slot that the SI-Universal Encoder option module has been fitted in must be identified. The diagram shows the slot numbers and the configuration parameter menus Slot 3  Pr17.PPP  Slot 2 Pr16.PPP Slot 1 Pr15.PPP Slot 1 Pr15.PPP Pr16.PPP Pr16.PPP Slot 2 Pr16.PPP

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Run a pe	rmanent-r	magnet m	otor with	feedbac	k.	Į.	Į	l	Į		Į	1
Configure th	e encoder in	terface Se	Ensure Me Menu Level Set P1Rot P1 Ro Per R Set P1 Su Volta Set P1 Co other types P1 Co Rate Set P1 De P1 De Set P1 Au Selec	A c c e s A c c e s A c c e s A l 1 ary Lines Pe te v o l u pply Voltage pply Voltage pply Voltage pp l v g e mms Baud s mms B 2 vice Type P vice Type P vice Type P vice Type C to - c o t t	Level Pr 0.0 s 1 Menus er Revolution Lines tion 1024 e PrMM.036 5V Rate PrMM0 a ud 2M Baud rMM.038 to Type 3 Servo lect to Enabl n fig Enabled	01 is set to Ai n PrMM.034 to to the supply 0.37 to 2M Bai the correct va	<i>I Menus</i> to allo	on the encoder on the encoder ler is and <i>EnDat</i> coder fitted.	encoder opti er counts per 5 V, 8 V or 19 or <i>BiSS</i> type	5 <i>V</i> . . Leave at t	he default of 3	300 k for all
mode.	encoder feedt	I gain. In	Universal of Set RFC F FC Fee I o d e crease Speed Speed C G G a i n	encoder opt Feedback M d b a c k Feed d Controller ontrol K i	ion is fitted i ode Pr <b>3.024</b> Iback	n, to select th to Feedback	e location of the select encoder of the sele	t	· · ·	ding on the	option slot that	at the SI-
Select the A	uto-tune test	tre	1.00 S <sup>2</sup> /rad         Set Auto-tune Pr 0.013 to Full Stationary. The motor shaft will not rotate as a part of this test, however, as a precaution it should be treated as if will rotate.         Auto-tune         Full Stationary									t should be
Enable the o	drive.		Inhibit		Forque Off in	put switch to	the drive. The	pump software s	status change	es to Off (R	eady).	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Run a permanent-magnet motor with feedback.

When the Aubu-Aune is completed the pump offware status changes to Inhibit STO. The drive sequencer prevents the drive run is an unexpected way after the Aubu-Aune. No one of the following:         Callow the motor for run after the Aubu-Aune. do one of the following:         Op mose the rought of Figure DM switch.         Start the motor is the Aubu-Aune status changes to DM (Ready).         Start the motor in Hand mode.         Start the motor in Hand mode.         All pump software status changes to DM (Ready).         When the Aubu-Aune is completered and pump software status changes to Hand Switch. The motor will turn at Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Hand Run         Start the motor in Hand mode.         Start the motor is luming in the direction to lumin for the main persition. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compa to direction.         Hand B & U         Chock the motor is luming in the motor cocing fan or motor cocing fan or motor duput shaft. Hand Made Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to induction of the motor science for 0.026 may need to be lowered to induction.         Hand B wood in the direction of the motor cocing fan or motor duput shaft. Hand Made Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to induction.         Hand B wood in the direction of the motor cocing fan or motor duput shaft. Hand Made Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to inducto	Run the Auto-tune.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch.
When the Auto-Lune is completed the pump software status changes to Mubib STO. The drive sequencer prevents the drive run in an unrapedidative year the Mub-Lune.       To allow the motor to run after the Auto-Lune.         It allow the motor is an after the Auto-Lune.       Or pees the red OFF / Reset button       It allow the motor in the Hand switch.         It are pump software status changes to Off (Ready).       Auto-Curre is one of the following:       It allow the motor in the Hand switch.         Start the motor in Hand mode.       Set Pr 0.000 to Sive Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.         Start the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 so close the Hand switch. The motor will turn a Hand mode speed relearnce and the pump software status changes to Hand Acu.         Check the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 so close the Hand switch. The motor will turn a Hand mode speed relearnce and the pump software status changes to Hand Acu.         Check the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is eff to run the motor colling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be towered to the direction of rotation of the motor colling fan or motor direction:         Check the motor is turning in the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button       It and the direction of rotation.         Press Sequence Pr 0.018 hase Sequence Pr 0.018 ho On to change the motor direction of rotation.       It and the experimental and comparison.         Start the Motor by pressing the red OFF		Hand Run
In an unspecied way after the Auto-Lune.         In a unspecied way after the Auto-Lune.         In a Unspecied way after the Auto-Lune.         Oppose the Inde Grane Off Sweets button         Oppose the Inde Grane Off P. Reset button         In a Unspecied way fait the Auto-Lune.         Oppose the Inde Grane Off P. Reset button         In a Unspecied way fait the Auto-Lune.         In a Unspecied way fait the Auto-		The drive will run the Auto-tune to measure the electrical properties of the motor. The Auto-tune process takes approximately 30 s.
<ul> <li>Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off switch.</li> <li>Or press the red OFF / Reset button</li> <li>Or open the Hand switch.</li> <li>The pump adtivare status changes to Off (Ready).</li> <li>Auto-tum</li> <li>Auto-tum</li> <li>Save the drive parameters.</li> <li>Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button of 2.5 or close the Hand switch. The motor will lum a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand mode.</li> <li>Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2.5 or close the Hand switch. The motor will lum a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand mode.</li> <li>Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2.5 or close the Hand switch. The motor will lum a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Alend Run</li> <li>Run Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction</li> <li>Run Hand Run Crepton</li> <li>Fight motor speeds to be running in the wrong direction:</li> <li>Band Run of Pr Sector Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.</li> <li>Press Couple Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.</li> <li>Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.</li> <li>Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.</li> <li>Set Reverse Output Phase status changes to All Menus to allow accees to</li></ul>		When the Auto-tune is completed the pump software status changes to <i>Inhibit STO</i> . The drive sequencer prevents the drive running in an unexpected way after the Auto-tune.
Auto-tune       FF:         Save the drive parameters.       Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.         Save the drive parameters.       Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters         Start the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will lum a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Hand Run.         Check the motor is turning in the direction of rotation of the motor coulput shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction of rotation of the motor coulput shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction.         The motor appears to be running in the direction of rotation of the run real operation. Use the motor direction of rotation.         If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:         • Set P1 Feedback Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to Or to change the motor direction of rotation.         Phase is 0 utput         Phase is 0 utput         • Set P1 Feedback Reverse Pr 0.018 to Or to change the motor feedback direction of rotation.         Phase is 0 utput         • Set P1 Feedback Reverse Pr 0.010 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         If Set P 0.000 to Save Parameters         Off         • Set P1 Feedback Reverse Pr 0.016 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         If Set P 0.000 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056. <tr< th=""><th></th><th><ul> <li>Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off switch.</li> <li>Or press the red OFF / Reset button</li> </ul></th></tr<>		<ul> <li>Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off switch.</li> <li>Or press the red OFF / Reset button</li> </ul>
Hand Fran       OFF Meet         Save the drive parameters       Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.         Save the drive parameters       Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.         Start the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to <i>Hand Run</i> Run       Hand & Run         Hand & Run       HAND         Check the motor is turning in the correct direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compatible direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction         Check the motor is turning in the word reperson to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compatible direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction         Reference       750.0 Ppm         If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:       • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         Off       Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button       • Set Pr 1 Feedback Reverse Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enor interface.         If feedback Reverse Pr 0.010 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF /		The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
Start the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to <i>Hand Run</i> .         Run       Run       Hand Run         Check the motor is turning in the correct direction. to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compa the direction for taken or the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Hand # Add # Run       All pumps have a direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compa the direction or taken or the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Hand # Add # Run       All pumps have a direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compa the direction or the motor output shaft. <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Hand # Add # Run       If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:         • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.       If the motor direction of rotation.         P hase S equence       Or       Or to change the motor direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the end interface.         If the cost of the lower and press the red OFF / Reset button       If the cost of the motor cost of the motor appears to allow accces to PrMM.056.         If the cost of		
Save parameters       OFF Press         Start the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn a Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Hand Run         Run       Press         Check the motor is turning in the correct direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compa the direction of treation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Hand # Mode       Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         If the motor spears to be running in the wrong direction:       • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF meet       On       • Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation.       Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation.         Mere See Verse Parameters       OFF       On       • Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Stop the motor.       Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button       Parameter Parameters       OFF         Stop the motor.       Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to O	Save the drive parameters.	Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.
Stave parameters       Rest         Start the motor in Hand mode.       Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn a Hand mode and the pump software status changes to Hand Run         Run       Run       Run         Check the motor is turning in the correct direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Rand       Mode         Reference       Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Rand       Mode         Reference       Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Rand       Mode         Reference       Pr 0.028 may need to be lowered to the direction.         If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:       • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF       Rest       On         • Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Reverse       On         • Set		
Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Hand Run         Run         Run         750.0rpm         HAND         Check the motor is turning in the         All pumps have a direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compa the direction of totation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         Hand Rode         Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:         • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF         Next         • Stet Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the eno interface.         • Stet P1 Faedback Reverse PrMM.056' to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the eno interface.         • Stet P1 Faedback Reverse PrMM.056' to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the eno interface.         • Stet P1 Faedback Reverse PrMM.056' to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the eno interface.         • Stet P1 0.000 to Save Parameters       OFF Reset button         Step the Motor by		Save parameters OFF Reset
Hand Run 750.0 erpm       HAND Image: Comparison of the motor solution in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and comparison could be direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction the direction.         Check the motor is turning in the origination of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:         • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF         • Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Phase Sequence On         • Set Pr Feedback Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the encounterface.         Placed back Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the encounterface.         Placed back Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the encounterface.         Placed back Reverse Prevence Pr 0.001 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Placed back Reverse Prevence Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrfMM.056.         Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrfMM.056.         Menu Accesss Level Pr 0.001 must b	Start the motor in Hand mode.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn at the Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to Hand Run
correct direction.       the direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 may need to be lowered to the direction.         H and Mode       Reference         750.0rpm       If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:         • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF       Image: Control of the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:         • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF       Image: Control of rotation of rotation of rotation.         Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the ence interface.         P1 Feedback Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the ence interface.         P1 Feedback Reverse Promotion         • Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Parameter mm.000         Save parameters         OFF         Reverse         OR         * Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         If end Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         If end Access Level         All Menus		Hand Run
Reference       750.0rpm         If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:       • Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.         OFF       Image: Comparison of the motor of the motor direction of rotation.         Reset       Image: Comparison of the motor direction of rotation.         Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.         Phase Sequence On         • Set P1 Feedback Reverse PrIMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enclinterface.         P1 Feedback Reverse PrIMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enclinterface.         P1 Feedback Reverse PrIMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enclinterface.         P1 Feedback Reverse PriMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enclinterface.         P1 Feedback Reverse PriMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation.         Mereter min.0000         Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Prometer min.0000         Save parameters         Preventer         Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PriMM.056.         Leve1         All Menus		All pumps have a direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compare to the direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> Pr <b>0.026</b> may need to be lowered to see the direction
<ul> <li>Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. OFF @@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@@</li></ul>		Reference
<ul> <li>Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.</li> <li>Set Reverse Output</li> <li>Phase Sequence</li> <li>On</li> <li>Set P1 Feedback Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enconterface.</li> <li>Riverse Output</li> <li>Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button</li> <li>Parameter mm.000</li> <li>Save parameters</li> <li>OFF Reset</li> <li>Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.</li> <li>Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.</li> </ul>		Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.     OFF
Reverse Output         Phase Sequence         On         • Set P1 Feedback Reverse PrIMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the enclinterface.         21 Feedback         Reverse         On         • Set P1 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Parameter         Parameters         OFF         Reset         • Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrIMM.056.         Menu Access         Level         All Menus         Stop the motor.		heset
interface.         P1 Feedback         Reverse         On         • Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Parameter mm.000         Save parameters         OFF         Reset         * Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         Stop the motor.         Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to OFF		Reverse Output Phase Sequence
Reverse       On         • Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button         Parameter mm.000         Save parameters         OFF         Reset         • Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         Menu Access         Image: Note of the motor.         Stop the motor.		<ul> <li>Set P1 Feedback Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the encoder interface.</li> </ul>
Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button     Parameter mm.000     Save parameters     OFF     Reset     OFF     Reset     * Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.     Menu Access     Level     All Menus  Stop the motor.     Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to OFF		Reverse
Save parameters       OFF Reset         * Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.         Menu Access         Level         All Menus         Stop the motor.    Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to OFF		Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button
* Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.      Menu Access Level     All Menus  Stop the motor.  Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to Off		OFF COM
Stop the motor.         Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to OF		Reset
		Level
	Stop the motor.	Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
Inhibit Off (Ready) 0.0rpm OFF Reset		Off (Ready) OFF

STEP 2

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## Run an induction motor with feedback

Before power up.	Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off, Hand and Auto mode switches so the drive powers up in the <i>Inhibit STO</i> state. Make sure that no items are preventing the application motor from turning e.g. a ceased or blocked pump. Ensure an SI-Universal Encoder or SI-Encoder module has been fitted and connected to the motor encoder.
Power up.	After power, up the display indicates as shown below.
	Inhibit STO 0.0 rpm
Select RFC-A motor control mode	Set Motor Control Mode Pr 11.031 to RFC-A
for induction motors in closed loop.	Motor Control Mode RFC-A
	<ul> <li>Set Pr 0.000 to 1253 for 50Hz regions, or 1254 for 60Hz regions.</li> <li>Parameter mm.000</li> <li>1253</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Press the red OFF / Reset button to change the mode. This selects closed loop sensorless control for an induction motor in closed loop motor.</li> </ul>
<u> </u>	OFF Reset
Configure the motor name plate details.	<ul> <li>Set Rated Current Pr 0.006 to the motor rated current in Amps.</li> <li>Set Rated Speed Pr 0.007, the motor rated speed in rpm.</li> <li>Set Rated Voltage Pr 0.008, the motor rated voltage in Volts.</li> <li>Set Rated Power Factor Pr 0.009, the motor rated power factor, (cos phi or cos φ).</li> </ul>
	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c } \hline MOT. 3 & & LS & 80 & L & T \\ \hline N^{\circ} & 734570 & BJ & 002 & & Kg & 9 \\ \hline IP & 55 & I & cl.F & 40^{\circ}C & S1 \\ \hline V & Hz & min^{-1} & kW & cos & \varphi & A \\ \hline \end{array} $
Configure the motor thermal protection	If a normally closed motor thermal protection switch has been connected, (contacts closed = temperature OK, contacts open = temperature fault), set <i>Motor Thermal Protection Enable</i> Pr <b>0.017</b> to <i>On</i> . Otherwise leave Pr <b>0.017</b> set to <i>Off</i> . Motor Thermal Pr otection Enable
<u></u>	Off
Set the maximum reference clamp.	Maximum Reference Clamp Pr 0.022 normally matches the motor name plate speed as entered in Rated Speed Pr 0.007. Maximum Reference Clamp 1500.0 rpm
	It may be required when running to reduce this value if pump cavitation is suspected during operation.
Set the Hand mode reference speed.	Set <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> Pr <b>0.026</b> . By default, this is half of the motor rated speed. Hand Mode Reference <b>750.0rpm</b>
Identify the encoder interface slot	To configure the motor encoder parameters, the physical slot that the SI-Universal Encoder or SI-Encoder option module has been
number.	fitted in must be identified. The diagram shows the slot numbers and the configuration parameter menus.
	PPP = 3 digit encoder parameter number

Safety informati	Product on information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Configure the encoder interface	Set up the encoder interface parameters $MM = 15$ , 16 or 17 as identified in the province step
Configure the encoder interface	<ul> <li>Set up the encoder interface parameters. MM = 15, 16 or 17 as identified in the previous step.</li> <li>Ensure <i>Menu Access Level</i> Pr 0.001 is set to <i>All Menus</i> to allow access to the encoder option parameters.</li> </ul>
	Menu Access
	Level
	All Menus     Set P1Rotary Lines Per Revolution PrMM.034 to the number of lines or encoder counts per revolution.
	P1 Rotary Lines
	Per Revolution 1024
	<ul> <li>Set P1 Supply Voltage PrMM.036 to the supply voltage stated on the encoder 5 V, 8 V or 15 V.</li> </ul>
	P1 Supply Voltage 5V
	• Set P1 Comms Baud Rate PrMM0.37 to 2M Baud if the encoder is and EnDat or BiSS type. Leave at the default of 300 k for all other types
	P1 Comms Baud Rate 2M Baud
	• Set P1 Device Type PrMM.038 to the correct value for the encoder fitted.
	P1 Device Type
	AB Servo     Set P1 Auto-config select to Enabled.
	P1 Auto-config
	Select Enabled
	Reset any encoder trips caused when changing the encoder type by pressing the red reset button.
	OFF Reset
Change to encoder feedback mode.	• First, set <i>Motor Control Feedback Select</i> Pr <b>3.026</b> to <i>P1 Slot1, P1 Slot2</i> or <i>P1 Slot3</i> , depending on the option slot that the SI- Universal encoder option is fitted in, to select the location of the encoder feedback.
	• Set <i>RFC Feedback Mode</i> Pr <b>3.024</b> to Feedback to select encoder feedback.
	RFC Feedback Motor Control Mode Feedback Select Feedback P1 Slot3
Increase the speed loop I gain.	Increase Speed Controller I Gain Ki Pr <b>3.011</b> to 1.00 s <sup>2</sup> /rad.
	Speed Controller I Gain Ki 1.00 S <sup>2</sup> /rad
Select the Auto-tune test mode.	Set Auto-tune Pr 0.013 to Basic The motor shaft will not rotate as a part of this test, however, as a precaution it should be treated as if will rotate.
	Auto-tune Basic
Enable the drive.	Close the Enable or Safe Torque Off input switch to the drive. The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
	Inhibit Off (Ready) 0.0rpm

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Run an ir	Run an induction motor with feedback											

Run the Auto-tune.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch.
	Auto-tune Hand Run 0.0rpm HAND
	The drive will run the Auto-tune to measure the electrical properties of the motor. The Auto-tune process takes approximately 30 s.
	When the Auto-tune is completed the pump software status changes to <i>Inhibit STO</i> . The drive sequencer prevents the drive running in an unexpected way after the Auto-tune.
	<ul> <li>To allow the motor to run after the Auto-tune, do one of the following:</li> <li>Open the Enable or Safe Torque Off switch.</li> <li>Or press red OFF / Reset button</li> <li>Or open the Hand switch.</li> </ul>
	The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
	Inhibit Off (Ready) OFF
Save the drive parameters.	Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button.
ouve the drive parameters.	Parameter mm.000
	Save parameters OFF Reset
Start the motor in Hand mode.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn at the Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to <i>Hand Run</i>
	Run
	Hand Run 750.0rpm HAND
Check the motor is turning in the correct direction.	All pumps have a direction to turn in for their main operation. Use the manufacturers data or labels on the apparatus and compare to the direction of rotation of the motor cooling fan or motor output shaft. <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> Pr <b>0.026</b> may need to be lowered to see the direction
	Hand Mode Reference 750.0rpm
	<ul> <li>If the motor appears to be running in the wrong direction:</li> <li>Stop the Motor by pressing the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch.</li> </ul>
	Reset
	<ul> <li>Set Reverse Output Phase Sequence Pr 0.018 to On to change the motor direction of rotation.</li> <li>Reverse Output</li> <li>Phase Sequence</li> <li>On</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Set P1 Feedback Reverse PrMM.056* to On to change the motor feedback direction of rotation. MM = the menu for the encoder interface.</li> </ul>
	P1 Feedback Reverse On
	Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red OFF / Reset button
	Parameter mm.000 Save parameters OFF
	* Menu Access Level Pr 0.001 must be set to All Menus to allow access to PrMM.056.
	Menu Access Level All Menus
Stop the motor.	Stop the Motor by pressing and holding the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to <i>Off (Ready)</i> .
	Inhibit Off (Ready) 0.0rpm OFF Reset

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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## STEP 2: Running the drive in Auto mode

This section gives guidance on how to get running in Auto mode assuming the most common application, a single pump application running with closed process PID loop to control pressure.

It is assumed that the process feedback device is a 4-20 mA transducer which has been connected to terminal 4 and 5.

### Running the drive in Auto mode

Action	Detail
Setup the process PID control feedback scaling.	Setup the <i>PID Minimum Scaling</i> Pr <b>0.030</b> and <i>PID Maximum Scaling</i> in Pr <b>0.031</b> . By default, the feedback is configured in percent where the range is 0.00 % to 100.00 %, where 100 % = the feedback device maximum value e.g. for a 1 bar pressure sensor 100 % = 1 bar.
	PID Feedback Min PID Feedback Max Scaling Scaling
	0.00 UU         100.00 UU           Note that all setpoints and feedback related parameters will use this scaling. The units of the feedback and setpoint may be scaled into
Test the feedback device.	any unit type e.g. percent but on the display the unit type will be shown as UU or User Unit.
Test the reedback device.	Make sure it is safe to run the motor. Press and hold the green Hand button for 2 s or close the Hand switch. The motor will turn at the Hand mode speed reference and the pump software status changes to <i>Hand Run</i> .
	Run Hand Run 25.0Hz HAND
	Observe the PID Final Feedback Pr 0.067 and vary the Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026. The PID Final Feedback Pr 0.067 should increase with an increase in Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026.
	PID1 Feedback 43.21 %
	If the feedback does not respond in proportion to the speed e.g. remains at 0. Please check the configuration of the feedback device and wiring.
Find the frequency or speed	Observe the output of the application. Increase the Hand Mode Reference Pr 0.026 and note the value when output flow is detected.
where flow starts.	Hand Mode Reference
	25.0Hz
	The resulting value should be entered as the Positive Minimum Reference Clamp Pr 0.023.
	Positive Minimum Reference Clamp
	22.00 Hz
Stop the motor.	Stop the Motor by pressing and holding the red OFF / Reset button or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
	Inhibit
	Off (Ready) 0.0Hz OFF Reset
Set the process PID setpoint.	Set process <i>PID Setpoint 0</i> Pr <b>0.029</b> to the value required by the system design, e.g. A system is designed to run at a constant 0.5 bar pressure and the pressure transducer maximum is 1 bar so the process PID setpoint in percent units would be 50.00 %.
	PID Setpoint 0
	50.00 UU
Set the wake threshold.	The wake threshold determines the feedback value, below which, the drive will start operating and the minimum working feedback level, e.g. if the setpoint pressure is 50.00 % and the wake threshold is 40.00 % the drive try to maintain its output between these values. Set the <i>Wake Detection Feedback Threshold</i> Pr <b>0.040</b> .
	Wake Detect Fbck Threshold 40.00 UU
Set the sleep threshold.	The sleep threshold determines the frequency or speed below which the drive will stop during normal operation. Set the Sleep Detect
	Speed Threshold Pr 0.042 to a value in the order of 1 % to 5 % of motor rated frequency or speed above the <i>Positive Minimum Reference Clamp</i> Pr 0.023 value.
	Sleep Detect Speed Threshold 25.00 Hz
	Setting the sleep threshold less than the <i>Positive Minimum Reference Clamp</i> Pr <b>0.023</b> value disables the sleep threshold.

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## Running the drive in Auto mode

Run in Auto mode.	When it is safe to do so, run the system in Auto mode. To do this, press and hold the blue Auto button for 2 s or close the Auto switch. The display will change to Auto Run.
	Run Auto Run 25.9 Hz AUTO
	The application motor should run at a speed that controls the system output at the process <i>PID Setpoint 0</i> Pr <b>0.029</b> . If the system remains in the sleeping state, the <i>process PID Final Feedback</i> Pr <b>0.075</b> has not fallen below the <i>Wake Detection Feedback Threshold</i> Pr <b>0.040</b> .
	Ready Sleeping 0.0 Hz
	Pid FinalWake Detect FbckFeedbackThreshold43.21 UU40.00 UU
	Move to the next step when the drive is running in Auto mode.
Verify the sleep threshold.	If the application has a discharge valve, slowly close it and make sure that the drive enters the <i>Sleeping</i> state. If the sleeping state is not entered with a fully closed discharge valve, note the frequency or speed while in this condition, and increase the Sleep Detect Speed Threshold to 1 % to 5 % above the noted value.
	Sleep Detect Speed Threshold 27.00 Hz
Stop the motor when finished.	Stop the Motor by pressing and holding the red OFF / Reset button for or by opening the Hand switch. The pump software status changes to Off (Ready).
	Inhibit off(Ready) 0.0Hz OFF Reset
Save the drive parameters.	Set Pr 0.000 to "Save Parameters" and press the red OFF / Reset button.
	Parameter mm.000 Save parameters Reset
Choose the operating mode	Set Pump Control Mode Pr 0.021 to match the system. The options available are Single Pump, Cascade and Multi-leader.
and additional features.	Pump & Fan Control Mode Single Pump
	Configure the Pump system features required. See 7 section Functional descriptions details on the control modes and features available.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 5.6 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the KI-HOA Keypad RTC or HOA Keypad RTC.

The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

#### Table 5-1 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Reserved menu
29	Reserved for pump functionality
30	Reserved
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

\*Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

## 5.6.1 KI-HOA Keypad RTC and HOA Keypad RTC

To enter the keypad set-up menu press and hold the escape button on the keypad from status mode. All the keypad parameters are saved to the keypad non-volatile memory when exiting from the keypad set-up menu.

To exit from the keypad set-up menu press the escape 🗲 or < or



button. Below are the keypad set-up parameters.

#### Table 5-2 Keypad set-up parameters

	Parameters	Range	Туре
Keypad.00	Language*	Classic English (0) English (1) German (2) French (3) Italian (4) Spanish (5) Chinese (6)	RW
Keypad.01	Show Units	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.02	Backlight Level	0 to 100 %	RW
Keypad.03	Keypad Date	01.01.10 to 31.12.99	RO
Keypad.04	Keypad Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	RO
Keypad.05	Show Raw Text Parameter Values	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.06	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad.07	Language version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO
Keypad.08	Font version	0 to 1000	RO
Keypad.09	Show menu names	Off (0), On (1)	RW

#### NOTE

It is not possible to access the keypad parameters via any communications channel.

\* The languages available will depend on the keypad software version.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
5.6.2 Display messages					Т	able 5-5 (	Option modul	e and NV n	nedia car	d and other	status	

#### The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

#### Table 5-3 Drive status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage			
Inhibit	InhibitThe drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)				
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active				
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed	Enabled			
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled			
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled			
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated	Enabled			
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled			
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display	Disabled			
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode	Disabled			
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled			
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'	Enabled			

#### 5.6.3 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the upper row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the upper row. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

#### Table 5-4 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator</i> Pr <b>10.039</b> in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	<i>Motor Protection Accumulator</i> Pr <b>04.019</b> in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> Pr <b>07.036</b> in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.

Option module and NV media card and other status indications at power-up

First row string	Second row string	Status							
Booting	Parameters Parameters are being loaded								
Drive parameters are being loaded from a NV Media Card									
Writing To	To NV Card Data being written to NV Media Card								
	Data is being written to a NV Media Card to ensure that its copy of the drive parameters is correct because the drive is in Auto or Boot mode								
Waiting For	Waiting For Power System Waiting for power stage								
The drive is after power-		sor in the power stage to respond							
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module							
The drive is	waiting for the options	s modules to respond after power-up							
Uploading From	Options Loading parameter database								
held by the o an application structure. The	At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed								

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## 5.7 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. User security status Pr 00.001 and User security code Pr 11.030 are not affected by this procedure).

#### Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 29 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
   Change the setting of Pr **29.157** as follows:

Parameter	00.004 (29.157) Motor Type	00.004 (29.157) Motor Type								
Short description	Use this to select the system mo	Jse this to select the system motor type. Reset drive to accept a new selection.								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A	Dpen-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A								
Minimum	0	0 Maximum 1								
Default	0	Units								
Туре	8 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background							
Display Format	Standard	Standard Decimal Places 0								
Coding	RW, TE, BU									

This parameter simplifies setup and selection of the application motor. To action the motor selection a drive reset must be actioned e.g. by pressing the red reset button on the keypad.

The following options are available:

Motor type	Value	Description
Induction	0	When <i>Motor Type</i> Pr <b>29.157</b> changes to Induction and a reset is performed, the drive will change to open-loop mode for induction motors and the previous regional defaults will be applied.
Permanent-		When <i>Motor Type</i> Pr <b>29.157</b> changes to Permanent-magnet and a reset is performed, the drive will change to RFC-S mode for servo motors and the previous regional defaults will be applied. By default the motor will be operating in sensorless mode i.e. no speed feedback device is required to run the motor.

#### NOTE

Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr mm.000 will only load defaults if the setting of Pr 29.157 has been changed.

### 5.8 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

#### Procedure

- 1. Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1001 in Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red 
   reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input, or
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

## 5.9 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.001) and *User security code* (11.030) are not affected by this procedure).

#### Procedure

- 1. Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 29 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
   Either:
- Press the red 
   reset button
- · Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

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## 5.10 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-6.

Table	5-6	Parameter	access	level	and	security
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Menu Access Level (11.044)	Access level	User security	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible
0	Merid 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW
I I	Air Merius	Closed	RO	RO
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible
2	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO
5	Read-only	Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible
4	Status Only	Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible
5	NU access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

### 5.10.1 Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of access that can be set by the user via *Menu Access Level* (11.044); these are shown in the table below.

Menu Access Level (Pr 11.044)	Description
Menu 0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible
All menus (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited
Read- only Menu 0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only
Read-only (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible
Status only (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited
No access (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/ fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module

## 5.10.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.001** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

## 5.10.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

#### Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 2147483647 in Pr 11.030 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr **00.001**. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been

activated and the drive returns to Menu 0 and the 🔒 symbol is

displayed in the right hand corner of the keypad display. The value of Pr 11.030 will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

#### Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the *cereb* button, the upper display will now show 'Security Code'. Use the arrow buttons

to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Incorrect security code' is displayed, then the display will revert to parameter view mode.

#### **Disabling User Security**

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 11.030

to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

## 5.11 Displaying parameters with non-default values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.10 *Parameter access level and security* on page 157 for further information regarding access level.

# 5.12 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr **mm.000** (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr **mm.000**), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr **mm.000** and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.10 *Parameter access level and security* on page 157 for further information regarding access level.

the Motor
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## 6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by {...}). Menu 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

## 6.1 Menu 0: Basic parameters

	Parameter			Range			Default			
	Description		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S		
00.001	Menu access level	11.044	Menu 0 (0), All Menu Read only (3), Stat							
00.002	Parameter cloning	11.042	None (0), Load File 1	(1), Save File Boot (4)	1 (2), Auto (3),	None (0)				
00.003		0.000								
00.004	Motor type	29.157	Induction (0),	Permanent ma	0 ()	Inc	luction (0)	Permanent-magnet (1)		
00.005	Volts per 1000 rpm	5.033	Rated Frequ	,	0 V to 1000 V		98 V			
00.006	Rated current	5.007		_CURRENT[N _CURRENT[N			M_RATED_CURRENT			
00.007	Rated speed	5.008	0 to 35940 rpm	0.00 to 33	3000.00 rpm	Std: 50 Hz:         Std:1450 rpm         Std:1500 rpm           US:60 Hz:         US: 1750 rpm         US:1800 rpm           200V drive:         230 V				
00.008	Rated voltage	5.009		LTAGE_SET[N LTAGE_SET[N			200V drive: 230 V 400V drive 50Hz: 40 400V drive 60Hz: 46 575V drive: 575 V 690V drive: 690 V	0 V 0 V		
00.009 (Not RFC-S)	Rated power factor	5.010	0.000 to 1.0	000			0.85			
00.010	Number or motor poles	5.011	Automatic (0	)) to 480 (240)	Poles		Automatic (0) Pole	s		
00.011 (Not RFC-S)	Low frequency voltage boost	5.015	0.0 to 25.0	%			1.0 %			
00.012 (OL only)	Low load power saving	5.013	OFF (0) or ON (1)			ON (1)	OFF	(0)		
00.013 (RFC modes only)	Autotune	5.012		None (0), Basic (1), Improved (2)	None (0) Stationary(1) Full Stationary(5)		None (0)			
00.014 (RFC-S mode only)	RFC low speed mode	5.064	Injection (0), Curren Test (3), Current				Current (2)			
00.015 (RFC-S mode only)	Low speed sensor- less mode current	5.071	0.0	to 1000.0 %				100.0 %		
00.016	Symmetrical current limit	4.007	VM_MOTOR1_C VM_MOTOR1_C			110.0 %				
00.017	Motor thermal protection enable	29.087	OFF	(0) or ON (1)			OFF (0)			
00.018	Reverse output phase sequence	5.042	OFF	(0) or ON (1)			OFF (0)			
00.019 (RFC-S mode only)	Sensor-less mode filter	3.079			4 (0), 8 (1), 16 (2), 32 (3), 64 (4) ms			4 (0) ms		
00.020		0.000								
00.021	Pump control mode	29.011	Mul	np (0), Cascad Iti leader (2)			Single Pump (0)			
00.022	Maximum reference clamp	1.006	VM_NEGATIVE VM_NEGATIVE	E_REF_CLAM	P1[MAX]	Std: 50 Hz US: 60 Hz	Std: 150 US: 180			
00.023	Positive minimum reference clamp	1.004	VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF[I )_FREQ_REF	[MAX]	0.0 Hz	0.0	rpm		
00.024	Control input mode	29.012	Input (0), Input & Key &	pad (1), Ctrl W Input (3)	/rd (2), Ctrl Wrd		Input & Keypad (1	)		
00.025	Hand mode reference select	29.016	Digital Speed	(0), Analog Sp	peed (1)		Digital Speed (0)			
00.026	Hand mode frequency/speed reference	1.022		_FREQ_REF[I _FREQ_REF		Std:25 Hz US:30 Hz	Std: 75 US: 90			
00.027	General acceleration rate 1	2.011		EL_RATE[MIN EL_RATE[MA]		1.0 s	1.00	00 s		
00.028	General deceleration rate 1	2.021		EL_RATE[MIN EL_RATE[MA]		1.0 s	1.00	)0 s		
00.029	PID setpoint 0	29.022		to 327.67 UU			0.00 UU			

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		ameter				Range		_			Default		
		ription dback min			OL	RFC-A	RFC	-S	OL		RFC-A	F	RFC-S
00.030	sca	aling	29.031		0.00	) to 327.67 U	U				0.00 UU		
00.031		lback max aling	29.032		0.00	) to 327.67 U	U				100.00 U	J	
00.032		lback filter onstant	29.033		0.0	00 to 327.67	6				1.00 s		
00.033		lback loss tion	29.048		Ignore (0), T	rip (1), Fixed	Speed (2)				Trip (1)		
00.034		lback high reshold	29.041		0.00	) to 327.67 U	U		<u> </u>		0.00 UU		
00.035		dback low elay	29.042		0.0	0 to 6553.5 s					5.0 s		
00.036	PID feed	dback low ode	29.043	Di	isabled (0), Th	reshold (1),	Bandwidth (2	2)			Disabled (	0)	
00.037	PID feed	dback low shold	29.044		0.00	) to 327.67 U	U		<u> </u>		2.00 UU		
00.038		Shold	0.000			1	-			<u> </u>		1	
00.039			0.000										
00.040		e detect c threshold	29.049		0.	00 to 327.37			<u> </u>		1.00 UU		
00.041		etect delav	29.050		0 (	0 to 6553.5 s					5.0 s		
00.042	Sleep de	tect speed shold	29.051			0.0 to 60.0					25.0		
00.043		etect delay	29.052		0./	0 to 6553.5 s					5.0 s		
00.044	Numbe	r of auto- attempts	10.034	None	(0), 1 (1), 2 (2			e (6)	<u> </u>		5 (5)		
00.045		set delay	10.035		1	.0 to 600.0 s					10.0 s		
00.046		ill mode	29.075	Disab	led (0), Feedb		), Flow Switc	h (2)	-		Disabled (	0)	
00.047		reference	1.024		VM_SPEED	D_FREQ_RE	F[MIN] to	( )	Std: 25 H US: 30 H		St	, d: 750 rpm S: 900 rpm	
00.048		maximum me	29.077		-	 0 to 6553.5 s				<b>I</b>	0.0 s		
00.049		threshold	29.076		0.00	) to 327.67 U	U		0.00 UU				
00.050	detection	l low load threshold cent	29.057		0.00% to 100%					1.00 %			
00.051		l low load on delay	29.058		0.0 to 6553.5 s				0.0 s				
00.052	-	l low load ode	29.059	Disat	Disabled (0), Alarm Only (1), Trip (2), Lower PID Output (3)				Disabled (0)				
00.053	PID	l low load output uction	29.060		Output (3) 0.00% to 100%						50.00%		
00.054		l low load rt delay	29.061		0.0	0 to 6553.5 s					5.0 s		
00.055		detection shold	29.069		0	.0 to 3000.0			0.0 Hz	<u>·</u>		0.0 rpm	
00.056		detection and	29.070		0	.0 to 3000.0				<b>i</b>	150.0		
00.057		detection elay	29.071		0.0	0 to 6553.5 s					5.0 s		
00.058	No flow	y setpoint g delay	29.072		0.0	0 to 6553.5 s			<u> </u>		1.0 s		
00.059	No flow	setpoint uction	29.073		0.0 to 6553.5 s 0.00 to 2.55 UU						0.06 UU		
00.060		cle mode	29.127	Disab	led (0), Alarm	Only (1), Trij (3)	o (2), Inc Set	point			Alarm Only	(1)	
00.061		cle starts hour	29.128			0 to 255			<u> </u>		5		
00.062			0.000	-					+	<u> </u>			
00.063			0.000						+				
00.064		oportional ain	14.010		0.	000 to 4.000	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	I	2.000	<u> </u>	
00.065	0	egral gain	14.011		0.	000 to 4.000			+		1.000		
00.066		eference	14.020	-		±100.00 %			+				
		-											
00.067	PID fe	edback	14.021		:	±100.00 %							

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	Para	ameter			Range					Default		
	Desci	ription		OL	RFC-A	RFC	-S	OL		RFC-A		RFC-S
00.069	Output fr	requency	5001	VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF[MIN] to VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF[MAX] Hz								
00.069	Speed for	eedback	3.002		VM_S	PEED[MIN] SPEED[MAX						
00.070	Percent	age load	4.020		_CURRENT _CURRENT[							
00.071	Output	power	5.003	VM_POWER[MIN	l] to VM_PO\	WER[MAX] I	kW					
00.072	Analog current l	input 1 oop loss	7.028	OFF	<sup>-</sup> (0) or ON (1	1)						
00.073	Operatir	ng status	29.003	Pipe Fill Auto I Auto Run As Sleeping Level Stop Hand Timeou Fbck Loss Ru	<ul> <li>(1), Hand Run (2), Waking (3), Pipe Fill (4), Auto Run (5), Auto Run Leader (6), Auto Run Assist (7), Pre sleep (8), Sleeping (9),Cleaning (10), Level Stop (11), Timer Stop (12), Hand Timeout (13), Over cycle (14), Fbck Loss Run (15)Dry Well Run(16) Dry Well Stop(17) Auto Stop Assist(18) None (0), Active (1), Card Slot 1 (2),</li> </ul>					Inhibit STO	0(0)	
00.074		dia Card Status	11.078	Card Slot 2 Card Slot 4 Card User P Card Data Exists (9)	2 (3), Card SI (5), Card Pro rog (7), Card , Card Option ), Card Error ta (13), Card I r (15), Card I	lot 3 (4), oduct (6), I Busy (8), n (10), Card r (12), I Full (14), Rating (16),						
00.075	PID final	feedback	29.036	-327.6	68 to 327.67	UU				0.00 UU	l	
00.076			0.000									
00.077		e software sion	29.001	0 1	o 99999999	•			·		·	
00.078	Tri	p 0	10.020		0 to 255							
00.079	Tri	p 1	10.021		0 to 255							
00.080	Tri	p 2	10.022		0 to 255							

\*Following a rotating autotune Pr 00.009 {05.010} is continuously written by the drive, calculated from the value of Stator Inductance (Pr 05.025). To manually enter a value into Pr 00.009 (05.010), Pr 05.025 will need to be set to 0. Please refer to the description of Pr 05.010 in the Parameter Reference Guide for further details.

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Note Parameter numbers shown in brackets (...) are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function

The Range - RFC-A / S column applies to both RFC-A and RFC-S. For some parameters, this column applies to only one of these modes, this is indicated accordingly in the Default columns.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Parameter	00.001 (11.044) Menu A	ccess Level		
Short description	Defines the menu acces	s level within the drive		
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC	C-A		
Minimum	0	Maximum	5	
Default		Units		
Туре	8 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background read	
Display Format	Standard	<b>Decimal Places</b>	0	
Coding	RW, TE, ND, PT			

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Value	Text
0	Menu 0
1	All Menus
2	Read-only Menu 0
3	Read-only
4	Status Only
5	No Access

#### Security

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *Menu Access Level* (**11.044**); these are shown in the table below.

Security Level	Description	Menu Access Level (11.044)
Menu 0	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible	0
All menus	All writable parameters are visible and available to be edited.	1
Read-only Menu 0	All parameters are read-only. Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only.	2
Read-only	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible.	3
Status only	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited	4
No access	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via serial comms.	5

When security has been set up the drive can either be in the locked or unlocked state. In the locked state the security level that has been set up applies. In the unlocked state the security is not active, but when the drive is powered down and powered up again the drive will be in the locked state. The drive may be relocked without powering down by selecting the required security level with the *Menu Access Level* (**11.044**) and initiating a drive reset.

Security can be set up as follows:

- 1. The User Security Code (11.030) should be set to the desired security unlock code (not zero). For security to remain set after power down then a parameter save should be performed to retain the set value.
- 2. If no further action is taken when the drive is powered down and then powered up read-only security will be set up and locked.
- If at any time the Menu Access Level (11.044) is set to a value corresponding the one of the security levels shown in the table above and a drive
  reset is performed the security level is changed to that level. The desired security level is automatically saved and retained after power down, the
  keypad state changes to status mode and security is locked. (The security level that is active, provided User Security Code (11.030) has been
  saved as a non-zero value, is shown in Security Status (11.085).)

When security is set up and locked:

- 1. Parameter access is restricted as shown in the table above.
- 2. User Security Code (11.030) reads as zero except in parameter edit mode. Therefore it is not possible to read the value of the security code when any level of security is active and locked.

Security can be unlocked as follows:

- If read-only security is set and locked then any attempt to edit any read/write parameter causes "Security code" to be displayed on the first row of the display. When the Up or Down keys are pressed the second row shows the code being adjusted. On setting the code the user presses the Enter key. If the correct code has been entered then the drive switches to Parameter edit mode on the parameter the user selected to edit, but if the correct code has not been entered the notification "Incorrect security code" is displayed for 2 s and the drive returns to Parameter view mode.
- 2. If Status only or No access security is set and locked then any attempt to leave status mode causes the security code to be requested as per the process described above. The security code entered must be correct for the keypad state machine to switch to the Parameter view mode. It is then possible to access all parameters normally.

Security can be cleared as follows:

- 1. Security must be unlocked.
- 2. The User Security Code (11.030) should be set to zero. For security to remain cleared after power down then a parameter save should be performed.

At any time *Menu Access Level* (**11.044**) can be changed between 0 and 1 to restrict access to Menu 0 alone or to all menus. If the change is made by a keypad the new value becomes active on leaving parameter edit mode. It should be noted that Menu *Access Level* (**11.044**) is a volatile parameter and that the actual state of the security system is stored in *Security Status* (**11.085**) and *Menu Access Status* (**11.086**), which are both power-down save parameters. Therefore the security status will be stored when the drive goes into the under-voltage state. If the drive is already in the under-voltage state the security state should be saved by writing 1001 to *Parameter mm.000* (mm.000) and initiating a reset

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Parameter	00.002 (11.042) Parameter Clon	00.002 (11.042) Parameter Cloning				
Short description	Can be used to initiate a data tra	nsfer to or from an NV med	ia card			
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A	Dpen-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A				
Minimum	0	Maximum	4			
Default	0	Units				
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background write			
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0			
Coding	RW, TE, NC					

Value	Text
0	None
1	Read
2	Program
3	Auto
4	Boot

\* Only a value of 0 or 3 in this parameter is saved.

Parameter Cloning (11.042) can be used to initiate data transfer to or from an NV media card as described below. The required action is only initiated if the parameter value has been changed before a drive reset is initiated. This ensures that if Auto or Boot mode are selected that a write is not performed to the card on every drive reset. If Read (1) or Program (2) are successful this parameter is reset to zero, but if Auto (3) or Boot (4) are successful in creating File 001 then this parameter is not reset to zero so that the drive remains in Auto or Boot mode. If any of these actions are not successful then this parameter is not modified, and must be modified by the user before another attempt is made to initiate the required action.

#### 1: Read

If a parameter difference file with file identification number 1 exists on the NV media card then setting this parameter to 1 and initiating a drive reset transfers the parameter data to the drive (i.e. the same action as writing 6001 to *Parameter mm.000 (mm.000)*). When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to zero.

#### 2: Program

Setting this parameter to 2 and initiating a drive reset transfers the parameter data from the drive to a parameter difference file with file identification number 1. This is the same action as writing 3001 to *Parameter mm.000 (mm.000)*. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to zero.

#### 3: Auto

Setting this parameter to 3 and initiating a drive reset performs the same action as Program (2) and selects automatic back-up mode. See File System, SD and SMART Card document for more details.

#### 4: Boot

The action is the same as Auto (3) except the file saved to the card is "bootable". See File System, SD and SMART Card document for more details.

Parameter	00.004 (29.157) Motor Type	00.004 (29.157) Motor Type				
Short description	Use this to select the system mo	tor type. Reset drive to acce	ept a new selection.			
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A	Dpen-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A				
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				
Туре	8 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background			
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0			
Coding	RW, TE, BU					

This parameter simplifies setup and selection of the application motor. To action the motor selection a drive reset must be actioned e.g. by pressing the red reset button on the keypad.

Safety information in	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The following options are available:

Motor type	Value	Description
Induction	0	<i>When Motor Type</i> ( <b>29.157</b> ) changes to Induction and a reset is performed, the drive will change to open-loop mode for induction motors and the previous regional defaults will be applied.
Permanent- magnet	1	When Motor Type (29.157) changes to Permanent-magnet and a reset is performed, the drive will change to RFC-S mode for servo motors and the previous regional defaults will be applied. By default the motor will be operating in sensorless mode i.e. no speed feedback device is required to run the motor.

Parameter	00.005 (05.033) Volts per 100 r	00.005 (05.033) Volts per 100 rpm				
Short description	Volts per 1000rpm					
Mode	RFC-S	RFC-S				
Minimum	0	Maximum	10000			
Default	98	Units	V			
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background Read			
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0			
Coding	RW					

Volts Per 1000 rpm (05.033) defines the r.m.s. line voltage produced by the motor flux at 1000 rpm, i.e. running at this speed with no current in the motor.

*Volts Per 1000 rpm* (**05.033**) is used as described in the table below.

Function	Details
Voltage feed-forwards	Provides voltage feed-forwards for the current control system.
Over-speed protection	Ke is used to determine the trip speed if Enable High Speed Mode (05.022) is set to Limit mode
Rated torque angle	If the drive defines Rated Torque Angle (05.089) no-load Lq is used in the calculation.
Spin start	Ke is used to define a threshold to detect when the motor is at standstill and spin start is not possible with sensorless operation.

Parameter	00.006 (05.007) Rated Current	00.006 (05.007) Rated Current				
Short description	Set to the rated current rated of t	the motor				
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A	Dpen-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A				
Minimum	VM_RATED_CURRENT[MIN]	Maximum	VM_RATED_CURRENT[MAX]			
Default	0.000	Units	A			
Туре	32 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read			
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0			
Coding	RW					

Rated Current (05.007) is used as follows:

Function	Details
Motor thermal protection	Defines the motor rated current.
Motor pre-heat	Motor pre-heat is set up as a percentage of rated current.
Motor control	Used in the motor control algorithm.
Current limits	Current limits are set up as a percentage of rated torque producing current.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic paramete	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 00.007 (05.008) Rated Speed											
Short de	scription	Set	to the rated	speed of t	he motor							
Mode Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A												
Minimum	Minimum			Open-Loop: 0 RFC-S & RFC-A: 0.00			Maximum         Open-Loop: 35940           RFC-S & RFC-A: 33000.00					
Default		See	exceptions	below	-	Jnits		rpm				
Туре		32 B	it User Save	Э	1	Jpdate Rate	Rate Background read					
Display F	Display Format Standard				1	Decimal Plac	ces	Open-Loop: 0 RFC-A: 2				
Coding		RW						-				

Default Value								
Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S						
Std: 1500	Std: 1450.00	Std: 1500.00						
US: 1750	US: 1750.00	US: 1800.00						

Set this to the motor name plate rated speed in rpm.

Rated Speed (05.008) is used in conjunction with Number Of Motor Poles (05.011) to define the rated frequency and this is used as described in the table below.

Function	Details
Sensorless control thresholds	The thresholds for changes from low speed starting mode to high speed normal operation and vice versa.
Flux controller gain	Rated frequency is to define the gain of the flux controller.

The units for Rated Speed (05.008) are rpm.

Parameter	00.008 (05.009) Rated Voltage	00.008 (05.009) Rated Voltage								
Short description	Set to the rated voltage of the mo	Set to the rated voltage of the motor								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-S, RFC-A									
Minimum	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN]	Maximum	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]							
Default	See exceptions below	Units	rpm							
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	4 ms read							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0							
Coding	RW, VM									

Voltage	Region	Default Value
200 V	All	230
400 V	50 Hz	400
400 V	60 Hz	460
575 V	All	575
690 V	All	690

#### **Open-Loop**

Rated Frequency (05.006) and Rated Voltage (05.009) define the frequency to voltage characteristic applied to the motor. See Open-loop Control Mode (05.014) for more details.

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#### RFC-S

Set this to the motor name plate rated voltage in Volts.

The *Rated Voltage* (05.009) is the maximum continuous voltage that is applied to the motor. Some headroom must be allowed if high performance is required at higher speeds. It should be noted that this limit is not applied unless *Enable High Speed Mode* (05.022) is set to 1.

Rated Voltage (05.009) is used as described in the table below.

#### RFC-A

The *Rated Voltage* (05.009) is the maximum continuous voltage that is applied to the motor. Normally this should be set to the motor nameplate value. If the drive is supplied through its own diode rectifier the maximum possible output voltage is just below the supply voltage level, and so the output voltage will not reach *Rated Voltage* (05.009) if this is equal to or above the supply voltage. If high transient performance is required at higher speeds then *Rated Voltage* (05.009) should be set to 95% of the minimum d.c. link voltage divided by  $\sqrt{2}$  to allow some headroom for the drive to control the motor current. If the drive is fed through its own diode rectifier the minimum d.c. link voltage is approximately supply voltage x  $\sqrt{2}$ .

In some cases it may be necessary to set the *Rated Voltage* (05.009) to a value other than the motor nameplate value. If this is the case the *Rated Frequency* (05.006) and Rated Speed (05.008) should be set up as follows:

K = Rated Voltage (05.009) / motor rated voltage

Rated Frequency (05.006) = motor rated frequency x K

Rated Speed (05.008) = motor rated speed + [(K - 1) x motor rated frequency x 60 / (number of motor poles / 2)]

The Rated Voltage (05.009), Rated Frequency (05.006) and Number Of Motor Poles (05.011) are used during the auto-tuning process to determine the flux level required in the motor for normal operation. Therefore if the Rated Voltage (05.009) is set to a value other than the nameplate value and the above adjustment is not applied the motor may be under or over-fluxed

Parameter	00.009 (05.010) Rated Power F	00.009 (05.010) Rated Power Factor									
Short description	Set to the rated power factor of t	Set to the rated power factor of the motor. This value can be measured by the drive during a rotating autotune.									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A	Dpen-Loop, RFC-A									
Minimum	0.000	Maximum	1.000								
Default	0.850	Units									
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read/write								
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	3								
Coding	RW	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

Set this to the motor name plate rated power factor. Normally this is a value in the region of 0.6 to 0.95 and is commonly represented by Cos φ or Cos Phi or PF.

Rated Power Factor (05.010) is the true power factor of the motor under rated conditions, i.e. the cosine of the angle between the motor voltage and current. If Stator Inductance (05.025) is set to a non-zero value then the stator inductance is used to calculate the rated magnetising current for the motor and the rated power factor can be calculated by the drive. Therefore if Stator Inductance (05.025) is non-zero Rated Power Factor (05.010) is continuously set to the calculated value of rated power factor by the drive. If Stator Inductance (05.025) is set to zero then Rated Power Factor (05.010) is used to estimate the rated magnetising current which is an approximation and not as accurate. Stator Inductance (05.025) can be measured by the drive during auto-tuning and this is the preferred option, however, if it is not possible to obtain the value for Stator Inductance (05.025) then Rated Power Factor (05.010) should be set to the motor nameplate value.

Parameter	00.010 (05.011) Number Of Mo	00.010 (05.011) Number Of Motor Poles							
Short description	Set to the number of poles of the	Set to the number of poles of the motor							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S							
Minimum	0	Maximum	240						
Default	4	Units	PolePairs						
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read						
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0						
Coding	RW, BU								

#### **Open-Loop**

The default setting of this parameter is "Automatic" which uses the following fomula to work out the correct setting:

Pole pairs = 60 x Rated Frequency (05.006) / Rated Speed (05.008) rounded down to the nearest integer.

When setting Number Of Motor Poles (05.011) via the keypad or Connect, it must be set to the number of motor poles e.g. for a 1500 rpm motor the number of poles is 4.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	5	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

When setting *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011) via communications, it must be set to the number of motor pole pairs, i.e. number of motor poles / 2, e.g. for a 1500 rpm motor the number of motor pole pairs is 2.

\* The units relate to the numeric value of the parameter and not the text string.

#### RFC-A

\* The units relate to the numeric value of the parameter and not the text string.

The numeric value in *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011) should be set to the number of motor pole pairs (i.e. number of motor poles / 2). The text strings associated with *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011) show the number of motor poles (i.e. the parameter value x 2). If a linear position feedback device is used Number Of Motor Poles (05.011) should be set to 1 (2 Poles).

If Number Of Motor Poles (05.011) = 0 (Automatic) the number of motor poles are calculated automatically as given below.

Pole pairs = 60 x Rated Frequency (05.006) / Rated Speed (05.008) rounded down to the nearest integer.

During an autotune when position feedback is being used, the drive will check to ensure that the combination of motor poles and position feedback resolution have been set up correctly, and will produce an Autotune 7 trip if this is not the case. The Autotune 7 trip will not occur if *Number Of Motor Poles* (**05.011**)  $\geq$  6 (i.e. 12 poles).

#### RFC-S

\* The units relate to the numeric value of the parameter and not the text string.

The numeric value in *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011) should be set to the number of motor pole pairs (i.e. number of motor poles / 2). The text strings associated with *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011) show the number of motor poles (i.e. the parameter value x 2). If a linear position feedback device is used *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011) should be set to 1 (2 Poles).

If Number Of Motor Poles (05.011) = 0 (Automatic) the number of motor poles = 3 (6 Poles).

During an autotune when position feedback is being used, the drive will check to ensure that the combination of motor poles and position feedback resolution have been set up correctly, and will produce an Autotune 7 trip if this is not the case. The Autotune 7 trip will not occur if *Number Of Motor Poles* (05.011)  $\geq$  6 (i.e. 12 poles).

Parameter	00.011 (05.015) Low Frequency	00.011 (05.015) Low Frequency Voltage Boost								
Short description	Defines the level of voltage boos	Defines the level of voltage boost at 0Hz when using a fixed V to F relationship								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	25.0							
Default	1.0	Units	%							
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1							
Coding	RW, BU									

#### **Open-Loop**

The default value for this parameter depends on the frame size of the drive as follows:

3.0 % up to frame size 06 drives,

2.0 % for frame size 07and frame size 08 drives

1.0 % for larger sizes

See Open-loop Control Mode (05.014).

#### RFC-A

The default value of 1 % is suitable for most Fan and Pump systems where the torque required to start is relatively small. For a waste water system where ragging or a build up of material inside the pump is likely, an increased percentage can be used to get the pump started e.g. 2 % or 3 %.

During auto-tune test 2 the drive uses the Open-loop mode control strategy with fixed voltage boost. *Low Frequency Voltage Boost* (05.015) is used to define the level of low voltage boost used during the test. See *Open-loop Control Mode* (05.014) in Open-loop mode for more details.

#### RFC-S

Value	Text	Value	Text
0	1 %	5	25 %
1	2 %	6	50 %
2	3 %	7	100 %
3	6 %		
4	12 %		

See Minimal Movement Phasing Test Mode (05.013).

Safety information	Product information		hanical Electrical started / Basi allation installation Running parame the Motor				Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 00.012 (05.013) Low Load Power Saving													
Short de	scription		Set to On to enable power saving at low load										
Mode			Open-Loop										
Minimum	ı		0			N	aximum		1				
Default			0			U	Units						
Туре			1 Bit l	User Save		U	Update Rate Background read						
Display F	Display Format Standard					D	Decimal Places 0						
Coding	Coding RW												

Low load power saving is intended for applications where power loss should be kept to a minimum under low load conditions, but dynamic performance is not important. The reduction in power loss under low load conditions is achieved by increasing the rated frequency used to derive the frequency to voltage characteristic of the drive with reduced load. If *Low Load Power Saving* (05.013) = 0 then *Rated Frequency* (05.006) is used directly to define the output voltage characteristic. If Low Load Power Saving (05.013) = 1 then a modified value of rated frequency is used when *|Percentage Load* (04.020)|

rated frequency = Rated Frequency (05.006) x [2 - |Percentage Load (04.020)| / 70.0%]

For higher load levels Rated Frequency (05.006) is used directly.

Parameter	00.013 (05.012) Auto-tune											
Short description	Defines the auto-tune test to be	Defines the auto-tune test to be performed										
Mode	RFC-S, RFC-A	FC-S, RFC-A										
Minimum	0	Maximum	RFC-A: 2									
			RFC-S: 5									
Default	0	Units										
Туре	8 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background read									
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0									
Coding	RW, TE, NC											

#### RFC-A

ĺ	Value	Text	Description
	0	None	
	1	Stationary	Autotune for sensorless operation
ĺ	5	Full Stationary	Autotune for operation with a feedback device

The following describes how an auto-tune test can be initiated and normal operation can be resumed after the test for RFC-S mode:

An auto-tune test cannot be initiated if the drive is tripped or the drive inverter is active, i.e. *Drive Healthy* (**10.001**) = 0 or *Drive Active* (**10.002**) = 1. The inverter can be made inactive by ensuring that the Final drive enable is inactive, or the Final drive run is inactive and *Hold Zero Speed* (**06.008**) = 0.

1. An auto-tune test is initiated by setting Auto-tune (05.012) to a non-zero value and making the Final drive enable and the Final drive run active.

- 2. All tests that move the motor will move the motor in the forward direction if *Reverse Select* (01.012) = 0 or the reverse direction if *Reverse Select* (01.012) = 1.
- 3. If the auto-tune sequence is completed successfully the Final drive enable is set to the inactive state and *Auto-tune* (**05.012**) is set to zero. The Final drive enable can only be set to the active state again by removing the enable and re-applying it. The enable can be removed by setting *Drive Enable* (**06.015**) = 0, or by setting bit 0 of the Legacy Control Word (**06.042**) to 0 provided *Legacy Control Word Enable* (**06.043**) = 1, or by making *Hardware Enable* (**06.029**) = 0.
- 4. If a trip occurs during the auto-tune sequence the drive will go into the trip state and *Auto-tune* (05.012) is set to zero. As in 4 above the enable must be removed and re-applied before the drive can be restarted after the trip has been reset. However, care should be taken because if the auto-tune was not completed the drive parameters that should have been measured and set up will still have their original values.
- 5. If the Final drive enable is made active, the Final drive run is inactive and *Hold Zero Speed* (**06.008**) = 1 the drive would normally be in the Stop state (i.e. the inverter is active, but the frequency or speed reference is 0).

The following describes the effects of the auto-tune test on the drive parameters for RFC-S mode:

- 1. All auto-tune tests rely on the motor being stationary when the test is initiated to give accurate results.
- 2. When each stage of the test is completed, the results are written to the appropriate parameters and these parameters saved in the drive non-volatile memory. If *Parameter Cloning* (11.042) is set to 3 or 4 the parameters are also written to a non-volatile media card fitted in the drive.

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The table below shows the parameters required for motor control indicating which should be set by the user and which can be measured with an autotune test.

Parameter	Required for	Measured in test
Rated Frequency (05.006)	Basic control	User set-up
Rated Current (05.007)	Basic control	User set-up
Rated Speed (05.008)	Basic control	User set-up
Rated Voltage (05.009)	Basic control	User set-up
Rated Power Factor (05.010)	Basic control	2
Number Of Motor Poles (05.011)	Basic control	User set-up
Stator Resistance (05.017)	Basic control	1, 2
Transient Inductance (05.024)	Basic control	1, 2
Stator Inductance (05.025)	Improved performance	2
Saturation Breakpoint 1 (05.029)	Improved performance with flux weakening	2
Saturation Breakpoint 3 (05.030)	Improved performance with flux weakening	2
Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059)	Basic control	1, 2
Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060)	Basic control	1, 2
Saturation Breakpoint 2 (05.062)	Improved performance with flux weakening	2
Saturation Breakpoint 4 (05.063)	Improved performance with flux weakening	2
Motor And Load Inertia (03.018)	Speed controller set-up and torque feed-forwards	3, 4
Inertia Times 1000 ( <b>04.033</b> )	Speed controller set-up and torque feed-forwards	3, 4
Current Controller Kp Gain ( <b>04.013</b> )	Basic control	1, 2
Current Controller Ki Gain ( <b>04.014</b> )	Basic control	1, 2
No-load Core Loss (04.045)	*Torque feedback	2
Rated Core Loss (04.046)	*Torque feedback	User set-up

\*Torque feedback is provided in *Percentage Torque* (04.026). The estimated value can be improved by setting up the *No-load Core Loss* (04.045) and *Rated Core Loss* (04.046) for the motor. It should be noted that the core loss characteristic for a motor is complex and depends to some extent on the switching frequency, but the drive can include an approximation to the core losses based on these two parameters. The value for the no-load core losses measured by the auto-tuning is likely to be higher than the actual value, but can be used to significantly reduce the difference that will be seen in the estimate torque between motoring and regenerating operation. If more accurate core loss compensation is required *No-load Core Loss* (04.045) and *Rated Core Loss* (04.046) must be set up based on testing the motor using a torque transducer.

#### 1: Basic

This test measures the basic control parameters without moving the motor.

- A stationary test is performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046).
- Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) are used to set up *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) and *Current Controller Ki Gain* (04.014). This is only performed once during the test, and so the user can make further adjustments to the current controller gains if required.

#### 2: Improved

This test measures the parameters for improved performance by rotating the motor.

- 1. Auto-tune 1 test is performed.
- A rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for up to 40 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). *Saturation Breakpoint* 1 (05.029), *Saturation Breakpoint* 3 (05.030), *Saturation Breakpoint* 2 (05.062) and *Saturation Breakpoint* 4 (05.063) are measured. The no-load motor core losses are measured and written to No-load Core Loss (04.045). It is not possible to measure the rated load motor core losses, and so *Rated Core Loss* (04.046) is set to zero. The motor should be unloaded for this test.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 3: Inertia 1

This test measures the mechanical characteristic of the motor and load by rotating the motor at the speed defined by the present speed reference and injecting a series of speed test signals. This test should only be used provided all the basic control parameters have been set-up correctly and the speed controller parameters should be set to conservative levels, such as the default values, so that the motor is stable when it runs. The test may give inaccurate results if standard ramp is active, particularly with high inertia low loss loads. The test measures the motor and load inertia, which can be used in automatic set-up of the speed controller gains and in producing a torque feed-forward term. If *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) is left at its default value of zero then the peak level of the injection signal will be 1% of the maximum speed reference subject to a maximum of 500 rpm. If a different test level is required then *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) should be set to a non-zero value to define the level as a percentage of the maximum speed reference, again subject to a maximum of 500 rpm. The user defined speed reference which defines the speed of the motor should be set to a level higher than the test level, but not high enough for flux weakening to become active. In some cases however, it is possible to perform the test at zero speed provided the motor is free to move, but it may be necessary to increase the test signal from the default value. The test will give the correct results when there is a static load applied to the motor and in the presence of mechanical damping. This test should be used if possible, however for sensorless mode, or if the speed controller cannot be set up for stable operation an alternative test is provided (*Auto-tune* (05.012) = 4) where a series of torque levels are applied to accelerate and decelerate the motor to measure the inertia.

1. A rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with the currently selected ramps up to the currently selected speed reference, and this speed is maintained for the duration of the test. The *Motor And Load Inertia* (03.018) and *Inertia Times 1000* (04.033) are set up.

#### 4: Inertia 2

Auto-tune test 3 should normally be used for mechanical load measurement, but under some circumstances this test may be used as an alternative. This test will not give such accurate results as test 3 if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value for the motor. Also this test is likely to give incorrect results if standard ramp mode is active. A series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to 3/4 x VM\_SPEED\_FREQ\_REF (i.e. speed reference variable maximum) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsuccessful a trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting *Mechanical Load Test Level* (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60s is allowed for the motor to reached the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor fast enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced.

- 1. The motor is accelerated in the required direction up to 3/4 of the maximum speed reference and then decelerated to zero speed.
- 2. The test is repeated with progressively higher torques until the required speed is reached.
- 3. Motor And Load Inertia (03.018) and Inertia Times 1000 (04.033) are set up.

Trip	Reason
Autotune Stopped	The final drive enable or the final drive run were removed before the test was completed.
Resistance.001	The measured value of <i>Stator Resistance</i> (05.017) exceeded a value of (VFS / $\sqrt{2}$ ) / <i>Full Scale Current Kc</i> (11.061), where VFS is the full scale d.c. link voltage.
Resistance.002	It has not been possible to measure the drive inverter characteristic to define <i>Maximum Deadtime Compensation</i> (05.059) and <i>Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation</i> (05.060).
Autotune 1.001	The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used.
Autotune 1.002	The motor did not reach the required speed.
Autotune 2.001	Position feedback direction is incorrect when position feedback is being used.
Autotune 2.002	A SINCOS encoder with comms is being used for position feedback and the comms position is rotating in the opposite direction to the sine wave based position.
Autotune 3.001	The measured inertia exceeds the parameter range.
Autotune 3.003	The mechanical load test has failed to identify the inertia.
Autotune 7	The motor poles or the position feedback resolution have been set up incorrectly where position feedback is being used. The trip will not occur if <i>Number Of Motor Poles</i> ( <b>05.011</b> ) $\ge$ 6 (i.e. 12 poles).

The table below shows the trips that can occur during an auto-tune test:

If Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 1 then trips Autotune 1, Autotune 2 and Autotune 7 are disabled.

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#### RFC-S

The following describes how an auto-tune test can be initiated and normal operation can be resumed after the test for RFC-S mode:

An auto-tune test cannot be initiated if the drive is tripped or the drive inverter is active, i.e. *Drive Healthy* (**10.001**) = 0 or *Drive Active* (**10.002**) = 1. The inverter can be made inactive by ensuring that the Final drive enable is inactive, or the Final drive run is inactive and *Hold Zero Speed* (**06.008**) = 0.

An auto-tune test is initiated by setting Auto-tune (05.012) to a non-zero value and making the Final drive enable and the Final drive run active.

All tests that move the motor will move the motor in the forward direction if *Reverse Select* (01.012) = 0 or the reverse direction if *Reverse Select* (01.012) = 1.

If the auto-tune sequence is completed successfully the Final drive enable is set to the inactive state and *Auto-tune* (**05.012**) is set to zero. The Final drive enable can only be set to the active state again by removing the enable and re-applying it. The enable can be removed by setting *Drive Enable* (**06.015**) = 0, or by setting bit 0 of the *Legacy Control Word* (**06.042**) to 0 provided *Legacy Control Word Enable* (**06.043**) = 1, or by making *Hardware Enable* (**06.029**) = 0.

If a trip occurs during the auto-tune sequence the drive will go into the trip state and *Auto-tune* (**05.012**) is set to zero. As in 4 above the enable must be removed and re-applied before the drive can be restarted after the trip has been reset. However, care should be taken because if the auto-tune was not completed the drive parameters that should have been measured and set up will still have their original values.

If the Final drive enable is made active, the Final drive run is inactive and *Hold Zero Speed* (**06.008**) = 1 the drive would normally be in the Stop state (i.e. the inverter is active, but the frequency or speed reference is 0).

The following describes the effects of the auto-tune test on the drive parameters for RFC-S mode:

All auto-tune tests rely on the motor being stationary when the test is initiated to give accurate results.

When each stage of the test is completed, the results are written to the appropriate parameters and these parameters saved in the drive non-volatile memory. If *Parameter Cloning* (11.042) is set to 3 or 4 the parameters are also written to a non-volatile media card fitted in the drive.

The table below shows the parameters required for motor control indicating which should be set by the user and which can be measured with an autotune test.

Parameter	Required for	Measured in test
Rated Current (05.007)	Basic control	User set-up
Rated Speed (05.008)	Basic control	User set-up
Rated Voltage (05.009)	Basic control	User set-up
Number Of Motor Poles (05.011)	Basic control	User set-up
Stator Resistance (05.017)	Basic control	1, 5
Ld ( <b>05.024</b> )	Basic control	1, 5
Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059)	Basic control	1, 5
Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060)	Basic control	1, 5
Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013)	Basic control	1, 5
Current Controller Ki Gain ( <b>04.014</b> )	Basic control	1, 5
Volts Per 1000rpm ( <b>05.033</b> )	Basic control	Not currently measured
Inverted Saturation Characteristic (05.070)	Sensorless control using current injection mod	Not currently measured
Phase Offset At Defined Iq Current (05.077)	Sensorless control using current injection mod	Not currently measured
Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071)	Sensorless control using current injection mod	Not currently measured
No-load Lq ( <b>05.072</b> )	Sensorless control and high performance current control	1, 5
Lq At The Defined Iq Current (05.078)	Sensorless control	Not currently measured
Lq At The Defined Id Current (05.084)	Sensorless control	Not currently measured
Position Feedback Phase Angle (03.025)	Basic control with position feedback	1, 5

Safety information			lectrical started / stallation Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 1: Stationary (for sensorless permanent-magnet motors)

This test can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control.

- 1. A test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. If *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle* (05.016) = 0 then motor inductance measurement is used and the motor should not move, otherwise a minimal movement method is used. See *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Mode* (05.013) for details. If sensorless control is being used (i.e. *Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 1) then inductance measurement is always used.
- 2. A stationary test is performed to measure Stator Resistance (05.017), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060).
- 3. If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046).
- 4. A stationary test is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor again in case the motor has moved during the previous test.
- 5. If sensorless mode is not selected (i.e. Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 0) then the position feedback phasing angle measured during stage 1 of this test is compared with the value measured during this stage of the test. If there is a difference of 30° or more then a Autotune 1.6 trip is initiated. Otherwise Position Feedback Phase Angle (03.025) is set up for the position from the position feedback interface selected with Motor Control Feedback Select (03.026). Whether inductance measurement or minimal movement was used to locate the flux Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle (05.016), Minimal Movement Phasing Test Current (05.015) and Minimal Movement Phasing Test Mechanical Load Phase (05.019) are saved. If inductance measurement is used then the values are set to their default levels. If minimal movement is used then the values are set as a result of the test.
- 6. A stationary test is performed to measure Ld (05.024) and No-load Lq (05.072).
- 7. Stator Resistance (05.017) and Ld (05.024) are used to set up Current Controller Kp Gain (04.013) and Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014). This is only performed once during the test, and so the user can make further adjustments to the current controller gains if required.

It should be noted that because this is a stationary or minimal movement test, it is not possible to check the direction of the position feedback. If the motor power connection phase sequence is incorrect so that the position feedback counts in reverse when the drive applies a phase sequence U-V-W to operate in the forward direction then when the drive is enabled after the auto-tune the motor will jump thought 90° electrical and stop with a current in the motor defined by the current limits. This can be corrected by changing the drive output phase sequence with *Reverse Output Phase Sequence* (05.042) and then repeating the auto-tuning. This will make the motor rotate correctly in the direction defined by the position feedback rotation. If the position feedback direction is correct the motor will then rotate under control in the required direction, but if the position feedback direction is incorrect the motor will then rotate under control in the wrong direction.

When using any type of encoder with digital commutation signals (i.e. AB Servo) the absolute position is not fully defined until the motor has moved by between 1 and 2 electrical revolutions (i.e. between  $120^{\circ}$  and  $240^{\circ}$  mechanical for a 6 pole motor). This means that *Position Feedback Phase Angle* (03.025) can only be measured correctly using motor inductance measurement (i.e. *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle* (05.016) = 0). Also if *Position Feedback Phase Angle* (03.025) is measured for a motor using this type of position feedback using a stationary test when the motor has not moved since power-up, or after the position feedback is re-initialised, there can be an error of +/-30° in the result. When the motor subsequently moves, the drive synchronises more accurately to the commutation signal edges and adjusts *Position Feedback Phase Angle* (03.025) to be correct and then saves the value in the drive. If a stationary auto-tune is performed and the motor is not moved by at least 2 electrical revolutions before powering down again this process is not carried out and the auto-tune should be repeated. When an encoder with digital commutation signals is used there is always an error of up to  $30^{\circ}$  in the phasing angle during starting until the motor has rotated by 1/3 of an electrical revolution. It should be noted that the +/- $30^{\circ}$  error in the phasing angle can increase this error to  $60^{\circ}$  and reduce the possible torque by up to 50 %. Once the motor has rotated by 2 electrical revolutions full torque will be available.

The stationary test cannot be used with commutation only type devices, and test 2 below should be used instead.

If inductance measurement is being used to locate the flux axis of the motor (see *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Mode* (05.013)) and the motor inductance is very high (i.e. low speed motor with high pole number), or the inductance is moderately high and the drive has a much higher power rating than the motor, then the drive may find it difficult to locate the flux axis. If this is a problem and position feedback is being used then the minimal movement method can be performed instead.

#### 5: Full Stationary (for permanent-magnet motors with a feedback device)

This test is intended to measure as many parameters as possible without rotating the motor. *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Mode* (05.013) should to be set to indicate whether the motor is free or constrained. The test is carried out as follows:

1. The stationary test described above is performed using inductance measurement.

2. If Stage 1 is successful the test is now complete. If position feedback is being used and the test has failed because the saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured (Inductance.004), the position feedback phasing angle is different by more than 30° between the first and second time the motor flux is located (Autotune 1.006), or the motor is not salient enough to use inductance measurement to locate the motor flux (Inductance.003) then the stationary test is repeated using minimal movement instead of inductance measurement to locate the motor flux. If *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle* (05.016) has a value of zero when the test is started *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle* (05.016) is set to an angle equivalent to at least 75 counts from the position feedback device if it is a rotary device and is connected to the P1 position feedback interface on the drive, subject to a maximum of 0.05° if the motor is constrained or 1.0° if the motor is free to rotate. If the device is not included in the table, is a linear device or is not connected to the P1 interface then the minimum values are used. If *Minimal Movement Phasing Test Angle* (05.016) is non-zero when the test is started then this value is used. If position feedback is not being used or any other trips occurred during the first stationary test the test is aborted and the drive is tripped.

3. If Stage 2 is successful the test is now complete.

#### NOTE

Further stages will be added to this test in the future, and so it should not be assumed that the test will be complete after the stages given above in future software versions.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information				
Position	Position feedback type							Calculation of minimal movement phasing test angle								
AB, FD,	AB, FD, FR, AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo						6750 / P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.034)									
SC, SC I	liperface, S	C EnDat, S	C SSI, SC	Servo, SC	: SC	6750 / (P1 Rotary Lines Per Revolution (03.034) x 256)										
Resolver	Resolver					5°										
EnDat, S	EnDat, SSI, BiSS						(P1 Comms Bi	ts (03.035) - P1 R	otary Turns Bi	ts (03.033))						

Trip	Reason
Autotune Stopped	The final drive enable or the final drive run were removed before the test was completed.
Resistance.001	The measured value of Stator Resistance (05.017) exceeded a value of (V <sub>FS</sub> / $\sqrt{2}$ ) / Full Scale Current Kc (11.061), where V <sub>FS</sub> is the full scale d.c. link voltage.
Resistance.002	It has not been possible to measure the drive inverter characteristic to define Maximum Deadtime Compensation ( <b>05.059</b> ) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation ( <b>05.060</b> ).
Autotune 1.001	The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used.
Autotune 1.002	The motor did not reach the required speed.
Autotune 1.003	The required commutation signal edge could not be found with commutation signal only position feedback.
Autotune 1.004	The required angular movement did not occur during a minimal movement test.
Autotune 1.005	The fine location of the motor flux during a minimal movement test failed.
Autotune 1.006	The phasing offset angle is measured twice during a stationary auto-tune and the two values were not within 30 degrees.
Autotune 1.007	The motor was rotating when a minimal movement test was performed to find the phasing offset angle on enable.
Autotune 1.009	During the final stage of the minimal movement phasing test with a constrained motor it was not possible to achieve the required movement.
Autotune 2.001	Position feedback direction is incorrect when position feedback is being used.
Autotune 2.002	A SINCOS encoder with comms is being used for position feedback and the comms position is rotating in the opposite direction to the sine wave based position.
Autotune 3.001	The measured inertia exceeds the parameter range.
Autotune 3.003	The mechanical load test has failed to identify the inertia.
Autotune 3.002	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo) and the commutation signals changed in the wrong direction.
Autotune 4	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo) and U signal did not change.
Autotune 5	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo) and V signal did not change.
Autotune 6	A position feedback device with commutation signals is being used (i.e. AB Servo, FD Servo, FR Servo, SC Servo) and W signal did not change.
Autotune 7	The motor poles or the position feedback resolution have been set up incorrectly where position feedback is being used. The trip will not occur if <i>Number Of Motor Poles</i> ( <b>05.011</b> ) $\ge$ 6 (i.e. 12 poles).
Inductance.003	The difference between the d and q axis inductance is not large enough to correctly determine the location of the motor flux. If position feedback is being used the measured value for <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (03.025) may not be reliable. Also the measured values of <i>Ld</i> (05.024) and <i>No-load Lq</i> (05.072) may not correspond to the d and q axis respectively. The test is completed and all the parameters saved to non-volatile memory in the drive, but the user should note that the measured results may not be correct. It should be noted that this trip is not produced if sensorless mode is selected and active (i.e. <i>Sensorless Mode Active</i> (03.078) = 1).
Inductance.004	During auto-tune test 1 when position feedback is being used (i.e. <i>Sensorless Mode Active</i> ( <b>03.078</b> ) = 0), the direction of the flux in the motor must be detected by the change of inductance with different currents. This trip is initiated if the

If Sensorless Mode Active (03.078) = 1 then trips Autotune 1, Autotune 2 and Autotune 7 are disabled.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor		Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Parameter	00.014 (05.064) RFC Low Speed	00.014 (05.064) RFC Low Speed Mode								
Short description	Defines the low speed mode of t	Defines the low speed mode of the drive when position feedback is not being used								
Mode	RFC-S	RFC-S								
Minimum	0	5								
Default	2	Units								
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0							
Coding	RW, TE									

If sensorless mode is being used and is active (i.e. *Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 1) and the motor is operating at low speed then a low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. The change between the low speed and normal operation algorithms is related to the drive output frequency. An upper threshold is provided for the change from low speed to normal operation, and a lower threshold is provided for the change back from normal to low speed operation as given in the table below. These values are a percentage of *Rated Speed* (05.008). If high saliency control is being used (*Active Saliency Torque Mode* (05.066) = 2) then the lower threshold is always 15 % and the upper threshold is 20 %.

Switching Frequency (05.037)	Lower Threshold	Upper Threshold
2 kHz	5 %	10 %
3 kHz	5 %	10 %
4 kHz	5 %	10 %
6 kHz	10 %	15 %
8 kHz	10 %	15 %
12 kHz	15 %	20 %
16 kHz	15 %	20 %

RFC Low Speed Mode (05.064) is used to select the algorithm to be used as described below. The following should be noted:

1. Current modes should not be used for motors with high saliency.

2. Torque control can be used with the "Injection" starting method in the same way as with position feedback. However if torque control is to be used in an application where the other starting methods are used then the following should be considered: Torque control should not be enabled until the low speed algorithm is no longer active and the motor speed must not drop to a level where the low speed mode will become active again while torque control is active. This means that the motor must be started in speed control and torque control should only be selected when the speed is high enough. To stop the motor the drive can simply be disabled or the run command should be removed for the drive to stop the motor. Removing the run causes the drive to switch from torque control to speed control, and so the motor speed can be reduced back down though the range where the low speed algorithm is active.

#### 0: Injection

A high frequency signal is injected into the motor to detect the motor flux axis. For this to operate correctly the motor must remain salient while the low speed mode is active. The no-load inductance parameters are checked by the drive on enable and if the motor is not sufficiently salient then a Inductance trip is initiated. See the details of this trip for the inductances required. Generally the q axis inductance falls as the q axis current is increased, i.e. the motor is loaded. While low speed operation is active the drive will apply a current limit defined by *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) to prevent the q axis inductance from falling to a level that would cause the motor to become non-salient. It will be necessary to limit the bandwidth of the speed controller to a level of 10Hz or less for stable operation particularly at low speeds. Provided these conditions are met this method can be used in the same way as control with position feedback, but the control performance is limited.

#### 1 or 2: Current

This method, which applies a rotating current vector at the frequency defined by the speed reference, can be used with any motor with no saliency or moderate saliency. It should only be used with motors where more of the torque is produced in conjunction with the magnet flux rather than from saliency torque. This mode does not provide the same level of control at low speed as injection mode, but it can be used with a motor that is not salient. The following should be considered:

- 1. Only speed control can be used when low speed mode operation is active.
- 2. A current specified by Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) is applied when low speed mode is active. This current should be sufficient to start the motor with the highest expected load. If the motor has some saliency with no-load applied, and a suitable saturation characteristic, the drive can detect the rotor position and apply the current at the correct angle to avoid starting transient. If the motor is non-salient as defined by the conditions for Inductance trip then the drive will not attempt to detect the rotor position and the current will be applied at an arbitrary angle. This could cause a starting transient if the level of current applied is high, and so Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should not be set to a higher level than necessary. To minimise the movement as a result of applying the current, it is increased over the period defined by Sensorless Mode Current Ramp (05.063) in the form of a squared characteristic (i.e. it is increased with a low rate of change at the beginning and the rate of change is gradually increased).
- 3. It is not possible to measure the motor inertia using auto-tuning with Auto-tune (05.012) = 4.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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4. As the level of current when low speed mode is active is not dependent on the applied load, but is as defined by *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071), and so the motor may become too hot if low speed mode is active for a prolonged period of time.

5. Generally Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should be set to a level higher than the expected maximum load, and can be set to a much higher level than the load if the saliency and saturation characteristic allow the position of the rotor to be detected on starting. However, Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should be matched more closely to the expected load under the following conditions: the load inertia is high compared to the motor inertia, or there is very little damping/loss in the load system, or where the q axis inductance of the motor changes significantly with load.

#### 3: Current no test

The "Current" method is used, but no attempt is made to determine the position of the rotor before applying the current. This can be selected for example, if the motor does not have a suitable saturation characteristic to allow the rotor position to be determined during starting, or if faster starting is required. The initial current vector angle will be at an arbitrary position with respect to the actual rotor position. As the vector sweeps round it must make the rotor start to rotate. If the ramp rate is too high the rotor may not keep up with the current vector and the motor may not start. If this is the case then the ramp rate should be reduced and/or the current used to start the motor should be increased.

#### 4: Current step

The current starting modes normally provide a smooth transition between the low speed current mode and normal running at higher speeds. If the drive accelerates very rapidly and only spends short periods of time in each mode the transition smoothing can malfunction. "Current step" mode is similar to "Current no test" mode except that the transition smoothing is disabled. It is not advisable to use this mode unless it is necessary as torque transients will occur when changing between low speed and normal running operation.

#### 5: Current only

The "Current" method is used, but no attempt is made to determine the position of the rotor before applying the current. The system remains in this starting mode at all speeds and does not change to the normal operating algorithms. This provides a very basic open-loop control method, that is not recommended for most applications. Flux weakening is not possible, and so this method will not operate correctly when the motor voltage approaches the maximum voltage available from the drive.

The current applied to the motor is always the level defined by *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) and the frequency is defined by the frequency reference. The following should be noted:

It is possible that the motor may become unstable especially on light load.

The current in the motor will always be at the level defined by Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) whatever the load. Care should be taken not to overheat the motor.

The speed feedback provided is derived from the reference, and so it does not necessarily represent the actual speed of the motor.

Parameter	00.015 (05.071) Low Speed Ser	00.015 (05.071) Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current									
Short description	Current reference applied in low	Current reference applied in low speed current mode or maximum current limit for low speed injection mode									
Mode	RFC-S	-C-S									
Minimum	0.0	0 <b>Maximum</b> 1000.0									
Default	100.0	Units	%								
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read								
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0								
Coding	RW										

See RFC Low Speed Mode (05.064).

Parameter	00.016 (04.007) Symmetrical Cu	00.016 (04.007) Symmetrical Current Limit									
Short description	Defines the symmetrical current	Defines the symmetrical current limit									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LI MIT[MIN]										
Default	0.0	Units	%								
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	4 ms read								
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1								
Coding	RW, VM										

See Motoring Current Limit (04.005).

Safety information	Product information	Mecha instal			Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	er		00.01	7 (29.087)	Motor Th	ermal Prote	ection Enab	le					
Short de	scription		Off = Disabled, On = Enabled. Selectes whether the motor temperature monitoring input is enabled or not										
Mode			Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	า		0			Ma	aximum		1				
Default			0			Ur	iits						
Туре	ype 1 Bit User Save Update Rate Background												
Display Format Standard					De	Decimal Places 0							
Coding RW													

When set to On(1), to the *Motor Thermal Protection Input* (29.086) is enabled.

When set to Off(0), to the Motor Thermal Protection Input (29.086) is disabled.

See Motor Thermal Protection Input (29.086).

Parameter	00.018 (05.042) Reverse Output	00.018 (05.042) Reverse Output Phase Sequence								
Short description	Set to 1 to reverse the sequence	Set to 1 to reverse the sequence on the output phases								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	0	Maximum 1								
Default	0	Units								
Туре	1 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0							
Coding	RW	RW								

If *Reverse Output Phase Sequence* (05.042) = 0 the output phase sequence is U-V-W when *Output Frequency* (05.001) is positive and W-V-U when *Output Frequency* (05.001) is negative. If *Reverse Output Phase Sequence* (05.042) = 1 the output phase sequence is reversed so that the phase sequence in W-V-U for positive frequencies and U-V-W for negative frequencies.

Parameter	00.018 (03.079) Sensorles	00.018 (03.079) Sensorless Mode Filter									
Short description	Defines the filter for the esti	Defines the filter for the estimated motor speed when sensorless mode is active									
Mode	RFC-S	FC-S									
Minimum	0	Maximum 4									
Default	0	Units	ms								
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read								
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0								
Coding	RW, TE										

Value	Text
0	4
1	8
2	16
3	32
4	64

When sensorless mode is active the estimated motor speed can include some unwanted noise. Some motors have concentrated windings which results is flux distortion when the motor is loaded, which in turn causes ripple in the motor currents and additional unwanted components in the calculated speed feedback. This usually has a more significant effect if the motor is running at high speed when the voltage controller may be active to limit the motor voltage. A filter is applied to the speed feedback with a time constant defined by *Sensorless Mode Filter* (03.079). The default value for this parameter gives the maximum amount of filtering, so that motors which introduce unwanted feedback noise will operate correctly. If the motor does not introduce this type of noise it is possible to reduce the filter time constant to give better dynamic performance when speed control is required.

Safety information	Product information		hanical Electrical Started / Basic allation installation Running paramete the Motor		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	ər		00.02	21 (29.011)	Pump Co	ontrol Mode							
Short de	scription		This :	sets the cor	ntrol mode	e for the driv	/e e.g. Sing	le pump, Ca	ascade etc				
Mode			Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	ı		0 <b>Maximum</b> 2										
Default			0			Un	iits						
Туре			8 Bit	User Save		Up	date Rate		Background	1			
Display F	ormat		Stand	dard		De	cimal Plac	nal Places 0					
Coding			RW, TE, BU										
This defines	s the type of	fsyste	em tha	at the drive	is being a	pplied to. T	he following	g table show	s the options	available:			

 Value
 Text
 Description

 0
 Single Pump
 A single drive pump application

 1
 Cascade
 A single leader drive with up to 2 assist soft starters

 2
 Multi-leader
 Upto 3 drive system where the leader role is rotated

Mode	Value	Description
<i>Single Pump</i> (Simplex)	0	This is for a single pump installation running from a local Hand mode reference or in Auto mode using the main process PID controller to maintain a setpoint e.g. pressure or flow or level. Alternatively, if PID control isn't required in Auto mode, the drive can run from a fixed speed reference. Single Pump is the default control mode.
<i>Cascade</i> (Duty Assist)	1	This is for a single leader pump drive with up to 2 cascaded assist pumps powered by soft starters. The soft starters are commanded with simple digital I/O from the leader pump drive; the leader drive may require an SI-I/O option to Handle the assist control signals, e.g. <i>when Assist Control Mode</i> ( <b>29.106</b> ) = <i>Full I/O</i> . The application may run from a local Hand mode reference or in Auto mode using the main process PID controller to maintain a setpoint e.g. pressure or flow or level. Alternatively, if PID control isn't required in Auto mode, the drive can run from a fixed speed reference.
<i>Multi-leader</i> (Multiplex)	2	This is for a multi-leader pump installation where up to 3 pumps, controlled by F600 pump drives, are in the system. The role of leader drive is cycled between the pump drives, after a user set time, to even out pump wear. The leader drive requests assist pumps over an Ethernet network; each drive requires an SI-Ethernet option with >=V01.07.03.03 firmware to facilitate the control. The application may run from a local Hand mode reference or in Auto mode using the main process PID controller to maintain a setpoint e.g. pressure or flow or level. Alternatively, if PID control isn't required in Auto mode, the drive can run from a fixed speed reference. This has improved redundancy compared to the other modes where any drive can assume the role of leader in the event of a fault. In the event of a faulty PID feedback transducer, the leader can use the feedback from another drive via the Ethernet connection between drives.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	arameter 00.022 (01.006) Maximum Reference Clamp											
Short de	scription	Def	Defines the maximum value for the reference									
Mode		Оре	Open-Loop									
Minimum	1	-	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP Maximum VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] 1[MIN]									
Default		See	exceptions	below	Un	its						
Туре		32 8	32 Bit User Save Update Rate Background read									
Display F	ormat	Star	ndard		De	Decimal Places 1						
Coding		RW	RW, VM									

Default Value								
OL	RFC-A	RFC-S						
50.0	15	500.0						
60.0	18	300.0						

Maximum Reference Clamp (01.006) provides a limit on the maximum frequency or speed. This is normally set to the rated frequency or speed for the Pump motor.

Parameter	00.023 (01.004) Positive Minimu	00.023 (01.004) Positive Minimum Reference Clamp							
Short description	Sets the positive minimum refere	Sets the positive minimum reference clamp.							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S							
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	/M_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] Maximum VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]							
Default	0.0	Units							
Туре	32 Bit User Save	Update Rate	4 ms read						
Display Format	Standard	Standard Decimal Places 1							
Coding	RW, VM								

For Pump systems, this may be used to set the minimum positive frequency or speed that the Pump or fan can run at that will affect the main process PID feedback, (*PID Final Feedback* (**29.036**) or PID *Final Feedback Percent* (**29.035**)). Most fans and pumps don't give an appreciable output until up to 50% of their rated frequency or speed is reached.

When a Pump Cleaning / deragging cycle is running this is not used to permit the motor to turn backwards.

Parameter	00.024 (29.012) Control Input Mode							
Short description	Selects how the system will be s	Selects how the system will be started and stopped						
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S						
Minimum	0	Maximum 3						
Default	1	Units						
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background					
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0					
Coding	RW, TE, BU							

Value	Text	Description				
0	Input	Hand and Auto switched inputs				
1	Input & Keypad Hand Off and Auto from switched inputs and keypad button press					
2	Ctrl Wrd	All of the main system inputs are handled Control and status words Word				
3	Ctrl Wrd & Input	The control word and local inputs can be used in parallel for HMIs				

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This selects how the system will respond to control inputs. The following table shows the options available:

Mode	Value	Description
Input	0	In this mode the control logic is supplied to local bit type inputs such as <i>Hand Select Input</i> ( <b>29.013</b> ) or <i>Auto Select Input</i> ( <b>29.015</b> ). The user is intended to direct digital inputs to all bit type input parameters to be controlled.
<i>Input &amp; Keypad</i> (Default)	1	In this mode the control logic to apply either a Hand or Auto or to stop the system can come from either the Keypad HAND, OFF and AUTO buttons or from the digital inputs directed to <i>Hand Select Input</i> ( <b>29.013</b> ) or <i>Auto Select Input</i> ( <b>29.015</b> ). In this mode of control the keypad can be used to start and stop the drive, but will be overridden by <i>Hand Select Input</i> ( <b>29.013</b> ) or <i>Auto Select Input</i> ( <b>29.013</b> ) or <i>Auto Select Input</i> ( <b>29.015</b> ) if they are used. When the keypad is overridden, any selections made by it are reset. To activate Hand or Auto controls on the keypad press and hold the required function key for 2 s. The Off key operates with a short press. All other local bit type control inputs are handled the same as Input.
Ctrl Wrd	2	In this mode, control inputs are exclusively handled by <i>Pump Control Word 1</i> ( <b>29.151</b> ) and <i>Pump Control Word 2</i> ( <b>29.152</b> ) i.e. the local bit type inputs are ignored. This intended for PLC control, where most PLCs have hardware I/O to Handle devices such as flow switches.
Ctrl Wrd & Input	3	In this mode, control inputs may be asserted via <i>Pump Control Word 1</i> ( <b>29.151</b> ) and <i>Pump Control Word 2</i> ( <b>29.152</b> ) or by the equivalent local boolean inputs such as the <i>Flow Switch Input</i> ( <b>29.066</b> ). This intended for HMI control, where most HMIs don't have hardware I/O, and the Pump Drive F600 I/O is used for devices like flow switches, but the HMI is used to select Hand or Auto mode.

Parameter	00.025 (29.016) Hand Mode Reference Select							
Short description	Selects the reference type used	Selects the reference type used to define the Hand mode speed.						
Mode	Open-Loop	Open-Loop						
Minimum	0	Maximum 1						
Default	0	Units						
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background					
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0					
Coding	RW, TE							

This selects where the frequency or speed reference comes from when Hand mode is selected. When set to Digital Speed, Pr1.022 sets the reference. When set to Analog Speed, by default, a 0 to 10V signal is applied to analog input 2 T6. See the following table.

Mode	Value	Description
0	Digital Speed	In this mode when Hand is selected, the motor speed or frequency reference is provided by <i>Hand Mode Reference</i> (01.022).
1	Analog Speed	In this mode when Hand is selected, the motor speed or frequency reference is provided by a drive analog input <i>Hand Mode Analog Reference</i> ( <b>01.036</b> ). The default is via T6 Analog input 2.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanio installatio		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 00.026 (01.022) Hand Mode Reference												
Short de	scription	De	Defines the value for Hand mode reference 2									
Mode		0	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	ı	V	M_SPEED_FF	REQ_REF[M	/IN] Ma	ximum		VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]				
Default		Se	e exceptions	below	Un	its						
Туре		32	32 Bit User Save Update Rate 4 ms read									
Display I	Format	St	andard		De	Decimal Places 1						
Coding		R	N, VM									

Default Value								
OL	RFC-A	RFC-S						
25.0	7	50.0						
30.0	9	00.0						

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when running in Hand mode and when *Hand Mode Reference Select* (**29.016**) = Digital Speed. See *Hand Select Input* (**29.013**).

Parameter	00.027 (02.011) General Acceleration Rate								
Short description	Defines the general acceleration	Defines the general acceleration rate							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S							
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	/M_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] Maximum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]							
Default	OL: 5.0 RFC-A \ RFC-S: 1.000	Units	S						
Туре	32 Bit User Save	Update Rate	4 ms read						
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	OL: 1 RFC-A \ RFC-S: 3						
Coding	RW, VM	RW, VM							

This defines the acceleration rate in Hand and Auto, exept when a pump cleaning or de-ragging cycle is running.

The units of General Acceleration Rate (02.011), Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate (02.012), Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate (02.013) and Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate (02.014) are s / Ramp rate frequency or s / Ramp rate speed. See Ramp Rate Units (02.039) for the definition of Ramp rate frequency and Ramp rate speed.

Selecting a ramp rate that has been set to zero in Open-loop mode disables the ramp system so that the *Post Ramp Reference* (02.001) follows the *Pre-ramp Reference* (01.003) without any delay for acceleration or deceleration. It should be noted that this also disables the standard ramp d.c. link voltage controller and the frequency based current limits.

Safety information	Product information	Mechani installati		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameter	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 00.028 (02.021) General Deceleration Rate											
Short de	scription	D	efines the gen	eral decel	eration rat	е						
Mode		0	pen-Loop									
Minimum	Minimum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] Maximum						VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default			OL: 1.0 RFC-A \ RFC-S: 1.000			nits		S				
Туре		32	2 Bit User Sav	e	U	pdate Rate		4 ms read				
Display F	Format	St	Standard			ecimal Plac	es	OL: 1 RFC-A \ RFC-S: 3				
Coding		R	W, VM									

This defines the acceleration rate in Hand and Auto, exept when a pump cleaning or de-ragging cycle is running.

The units of General Acceleration Rate (02.011), Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate (02.012), Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate (02.013) and Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate (02.014) are s / Ramp rate frequency or s / Ramp rate speed. See Ramp Rate Units (02.039) for the definition of Ramp rate frequency and Ramp rate speed.

Selecting a ramp rate that has been set to zero in Open-loop mode disables the ramp system so that the *Post Ramp Reference* (02.001) follows the *Pre-ramp Reference* (01.003) without any delay for acceleration or deceleration. It should be noted that this also disables the standard ramp d.c. link voltage controller and the frequency based current limits.

Parameter	00.029 (29.022) PID Setpoint 0				
Short description	PID setpoint 0 which is used as t	PID setpoint 0 which is used as the main setpoint, set in user feedback units			
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S				
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67		
Default	0.00	Units	UU		
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background		
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	2		
Coding	RW				

PID Setpoint 0 (29.022) is the main process PID setpoint. PID Setpoint 0 (29.022) is selected by default because the PID setpoint select inputs, PID Setpoint Select Input 0 (29.026) and PID Setpoint Select Input 1 (29.027) are set to Off(0) by default.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Parameter	00.030 (29.031) PID Feedback Minimum Scaling				
Short description	Defines the minimum scaling val	Defines the minimum scaling value for the analogue PID feedback i.e. the user feedback units			
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S				
Minimum	0.00 <b>Maximum</b> 327.67				
Default	0.00	Units	UU		
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background		
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	2		
Coding	RW				

PID Feedback Minimum Scaling (29.031) defines the minimum value for the main process PID feedback provided by a transducer connected to Analog input 1 T5. PID Feedback Minimum Scaling (29.031) is used in combination with PID Feedback Maximum Scaling (29.032) to define to feedback scaling.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure scaling parameter. All of the PID related parameters are scaled within this range e.g. any setpoint or feedback value.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 00.031 (29.032) PID Feedback Maximum Scaling											
Short de	scription	Defi	nes the max	imum sca	ling value fo	or the analo	gue PID feed	lback i.e. the ι	iser feedba	ck units		
Mode		Ope	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	ı	0.01		Ма	Maximum		327.67					
Default		100.	100.00			its		UU				
Туре		16 B	16 Bit User Save		Up	date Rate		Background				
Display F	ormat	Stan	Standard		De	cimal Place	es	2				
Coding		RW										

*PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032) defines the maximum value for the main process PID feedback provided by a transducer connected to Analog input 1 T5. *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) is used in combination with *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032) to define to feedback scaling.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure scaling parameter.

Parameter	00.032 (29.033) PID Feedback Filter Time Constant					
Short description	Sets the PID feedback filter time	Sets the PID feedback filter time constant in seconds				
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S				
Minimum	0.00 <b>Maximum</b> 327.67					
Default	1.00	Units	s			
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	4 ms			
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	2			
Coding	RW					

This is the time constant in seconds for the low pass filter used to condition the value from the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 T5.

For a step change in feedback value, after 5x the filter time constant the input and output of the filter will be approximately equal e.g. if the time constant is 1 s, after a step change in feedback, after 5 s the output will approximately match the input.

The input to the filter is PID Feedback Percent (29.034) and the output from the filter is PID Final Feedback Percent (29.035).

Parameter	00.033 (29.048) PID Feedback Loss Action				
Short description	Sets the PID feedback filter time	Sets the PID feedback filter time constant in seconds			
Mode	Open-Loop	Open-Loop			
Minimum	0	Maximum	2		
Default	1	Units			
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background		
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0		
Coding	RW, TE, BU				

This chooses the action of the software when there is a total loss of PID feedback as indicated by *Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss* (07.028) = On(1). The table below shows the options available:

Mode	Value	Description		
Ignore	0	Ignore the feedback loss - do nothing.		
Trip	1	Trip the drive, ( <i>PID Feedbk Loss</i> ).		
Fixed Speed	2	Run at a fixed speed defined by PID Disabled / Feedback Loss Reference (01.023).		

Safety information	Product information		nanical Illation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramet	er		00.03	34 (29.041)	PID Feed	dback Higl	n Trip Thresl							
Short description Defines the upper limit for the P						the PID fe	D feedback in user feedback units before a trip							
Mode			Open	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimun	n		0.00			M	aximum		327.67					
Default			0.00			U	nits		UU					
Type 16 Bit User Save						U	pdate Rate		Background					
Display Format Standard					D	ecimal Plac	es	2						
Coding														

When set to 0, the main process PID high trip mechanism is disabled.

When set >0, this defines the threshold above which a PID Feedbk High trip is actioned.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

Parameter	00.035 (29.042) PID Feedback	Low Delay										
Short description	The filter delay applied when det	he filter delay applied when detecting if the feedback is low										
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	0.0	0 Maximum 6553.5										
Default	5.0	Units	S									
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background									
Display Format	Standard	tandard Decimal Places 1										
Coding	RW, BU											

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the feedback may be low for without actioning a feedback low drive trip. This acts as a filter for transient feedback conditions that prevents false detection of a main process PID feedback low condition.

This parameter is only used when PID Feedback Low Mode (29.043) = Threshold or Bandwidth.

The function of this parameter is defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is an under-pressure detection delay.

Parameter	00.036 (29.043) PID Feedback	00.036 (29.043) PID Feedback Low Mode									
Short description	Selects the method used to dete	Selects the method used to detect feedback low									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0	Maximum 2									
Default	0	Units									
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background								
Display Format	Standard	tandard Decimal Places 0									
Coding	RW, TE, BU										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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PID Feedback Low Mode (29.043) selects which mode to use when generating a feedback low indication and trip. The table below shows the options available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	No feedback low trip.
Threshold	1	If the main process PID feedback, <i>PID Final Feedback</i> (29.036), falls below the <i>PID Feedback Low Threshold</i> (29.044) for <i>PID Feedback Low Delay</i> (29.042) seconds, and the motor output frequency or speed is in the <i>Maximum Drive Reference Band</i> (29.083), then a PID Low drive trip is actioned. Status indication via <i>PID Feedback Low Output</i> (29.047) is also available.
Bandwidth	2	If the main process PID feedback, <i>PID Final Feedback</i> (29.036), falls below the <i>PID At Setpoint Band</i> (29.045) for <i>PID Feedback Low Delay</i> (29.042) seconds, and the motor output frequency or speed is in the <i>Maximum Drive Reference Band</i> (29.083), then a PID Feedbk Low trip is actioned. The detection band follows the current PID setpoint dynamically. Status indication via <i>PID Feedback Low Output</i> (29.047) is also available.

Parameter	00.037 (29.044) PID Fee	00.037 (29.044) PID Feedback Low Threshold										
Short description	Sets the PID feedback low	Sets the PID feedback low threshold in user feedback units										
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	0.00	00 <b>Maximum</b> 327.67										
Default	2.00	Units	UU									
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background									
Display Format	Standard	Standard Decimal Places 2										
Coding	RW	RM										

This defines the PID feedback low threshold, used when PID Feedback Low Mode (29.043) = Bandwidth.

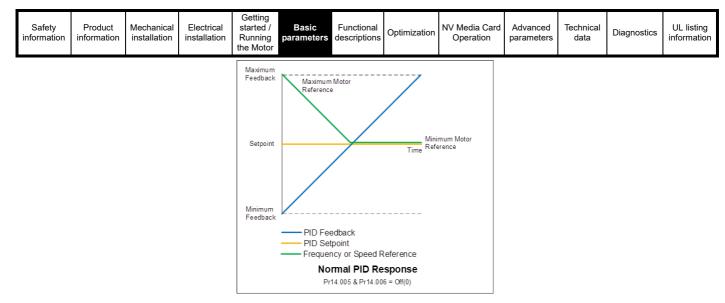
If the main process PID feedback, PID Final Feedback (**29.036**), falls below the *PID Feedback Low Threshold* (**29.044**) for *PID Feedback Low Delay* (**29.042**) seconds then a PID Low drive trip is actioned and a PID low indication is given via *PID Feedback Low Output* (**29.047**).

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

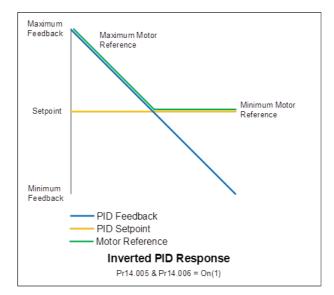
Parameter	00.040 (29.049) Wake Detect F	eedback Threshold										
Short description	Sets the system wake threshold	Sets the system wake threshold in user feedback units										
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Dpen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	0.00	.00 <b>Maximum</b> 327.67										
Default	1.00	Units	UU									
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background									
Display Format	Standard	Standard Decimal Places 2										
Coding	RW											

If the PID is running with a normal error response, (*PID1 Reference Invert* (**14.005**) and *PID1 Feedback Invert* (**14.006**) = Off(0)), *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* (**29.049**) defines the main process PID feedback level, *PID Final Feedback* (**29.036**), below which the system will wake when the system is running in Auto mode, and defines the minimum working feedback level for the system. For example, a pumping system with a pressure feedback device gives a high PID output with a low pressure, and a low PID output with high pressure. In this scenario when the feedback is above the setpoint the motor reference will reduce down to the minimum. In order to wake the system the PID Feedback must be below the wake threshold.

In a Cascade or Multi-leader system the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* (29.049) is used in combination with the *Add Assist Band* (29.123) to decide when to start an assist i.e. both the add assist and wake thresholds must be satisfied to start an assist.



If the PID is running with an inverse error response, (*PID1 Reference Invert* (14.005) and *PID1 Feedback Invert* (14.006) = On(1)), *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* (29.049) defines the main process PID feedback level, *PID Final Feedback* (29.036), above which the system will wake when the system is running in Auto mode. For example, cooling system with a temperature feedback device gives a high PID output with a high temperature, and a low PID output with low temperature. In this scenario when the feedback is below the setpoint the motor reference will reduce down to the minimum. In order to wake the system the PID Feedback must be above the wake threshold.

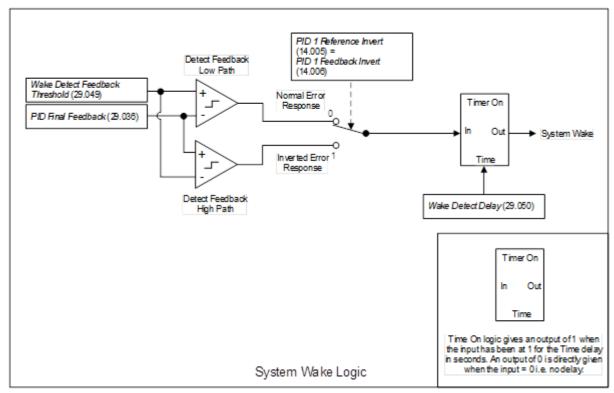


The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

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## NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then the wake threshold is ignored and the system will wake when started in Auto mode



Parameter	00.041 (29.050) Wake Detect D	elay										
Short description	Sets the system wake detection	ets the system wake detection delay time										
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	0.0	<b>Maximum</b> 6553.5										
Default	5.0	Units	s									
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background									
Display Format	Standard	andard Decimal Places 1										
Coding	RW, BU											

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the main process PID feedback, *PID Final Feedback* (29.036), must be above the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* (29.049) before the system is automatically started. *Wake Detect Delay* (29.050) filters out any intermittent wake conditions.

Note that if the main process PID has been disabled via *PID1 Enable* (14.008), then the wake threshold is ignored and the system will wake when started in Auto mode.

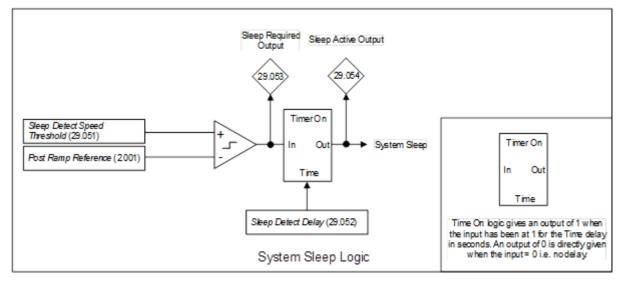
See Wake Detect Feedback Threshold (29.049).

Safety information	Product information	Mech instal	anical llation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 00.042 (29.051) Sleep Detect Speed Threshold												
Short description Sets the speed threshold where							system sho	uld go to sle	ер				
Mode Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S													
Minimum	ı		0.0			м	aximum		60.0				
Default			25.0			U	nits						
Type 32 Bit User Save						U	odate Rate		Background				
Display Format Standard						D	ecimal Plac	es	1				
Coding RW													

This defines the drive output frequency or speed below which the system will sleep. This must be set to a value greater than or equal to the *Minimum Reference Clamp* (01.007) to ensure the system will sleep in Auto mode.

If the system must never automatically sleep but still control using the PID then set *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* (**29.051**) to a lower value than *Minimum Reference Clamp* (**01.007**). Note that other conditions like Dry Well Low Load or No Flow can still stop the system automatically.

The system will tend to reach this threshold if there is no output demand from the pump e.g. in a pump system if a pump output valve is closed the motor speed will drop because the main process PID can reach the setpoint with a reduced speed where the system will enter this threshold.



Parameter	00.043 (29.052) Sleep Detect D	elay										
Short description	Sets the system sleep detection	Sets the system sleep detection delay time										
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	0.0	0 <b>Maximum</b> 6553.5										
Default	5.0	Units	s									
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background									
Display Format	Standard	tandard Decimal Places 1										
Coding	RW, BU											

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the motor frequency or speed must be below the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* (29.051) before the system is automatically stopped. *Sleep Detect Delay* (29.052) filters out any intermittent sleep conditions.

See Sleep Detect Speed Threshold (29.051).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	er	00.0	)44 (10.034)	Number									
Short de	scription	Set	to the numb	er of requi	red auto-res	set attempts	3						
Mode Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S													
Minimum	ı	0			Ма	Maximum 6							
Default		5			Un	its							
Туре	Type 8 Bit User Save							Background read					
Display Format Standard						cimal Place	es	0					
Coding	Coding RW, TE												

Value	Text
0	None
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	Infinite

If *Number Of Auto-reset Attempts* (10.034) = 0 then no auto-reset attempts are made. Any other value will cause the drive to automatically reset following a trip for the number of times programmed after a delay defined by *Auto-reset Delay* (10.035) subject to the minimum reset time allowed for the type of trip. Note that for some trips the minimum is 10 s. The auto-reset count is only incremented when the trip is the same as the previous trip otherwise it is reset to 0. When the auto-reset count reaches the programmed value, any further trip of the same value will not cause an auto-reset. If the number of auto-reset attempts defined by *Number Of Auto-reset Attempts* (10.034) has not been reached and there has been no trip for 5 minutes then the auto-reset count is cleared. Auto reset will not occur after any trips with priority levels 1, 2 or 3 as defined in *Trip 0* (10.020). When a manual reset occurs the auto-reset counter is reset to zero.

If Number Of Auto-reset Attempts (10.034) = 6 the auto-reset counter is held at zero, and so there is no limit on the number of auto-reset attempts.

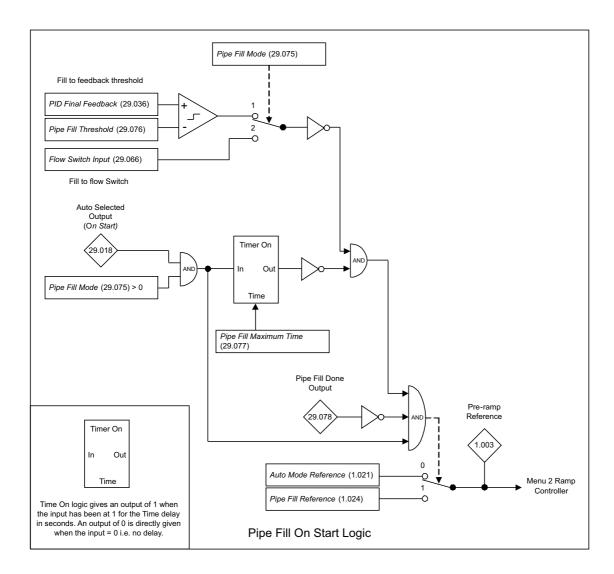
Parameter	00.045 (10.035) Auto-reset Dela	ay .							
Short description	Set to the required auto-reset de	lay							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S							
Minimum	1.0	.0 <b>Maximum</b> 600.0							
Default	10.0	Units	s						
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read						
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1						
Coding	RW								

See Number Of Auto-reset Attempts (10.034).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er	00.0	046 (29.075)	Pipe Fill	Mode							
Short de	scription	Use	Used to disable pipe fill or choose the feedback type that indicates when the pipe is full									
Mode		Ope	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	ı	0			Ma	iximum		2				
Default		0			Un	its						
Туре		8 B	t User Save		Up	date Rate		Background	1			
Display F	ormat	Star	Standard Decimal Places 0									
Coding		RW	, TE, BU									

This defines the operating mode of the automated pipe fill routine. The following options are available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	The pipe fill routine is disabled.
Feedback Level	1	<i>Pipe Fill Reference</i> (01.024) will be applied until <i>Pipe Fill Threshold</i> (29.076) is reached by the main process PID feedback. In the event that the <i>Pipe Fill Threshold</i> (29.076) isn't reached the <i>Pipe Fill Maximum Time</i> (29.077) will elapse stopping the automatic pipe filling routine.
Flow Switch	2	<i>Pipe Fill Reference</i> (01.024) will be applied until the <i>Flow Switch Input</i> (29.066) = On(1). In the event that the <i>Flow Switch Input</i> (29.066) isn't set to On(1) the <i>Pipe Fill Maximum Time</i> (29.077) will elapse stopping the automatic pipe filling routine.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installatior		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er	00.	047 (01.024)	Pipe Fill	Reference							
Short de	scription	Def	Defines the value for pipe fill reference 4									
Mode		Ope	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	ı	VM	_SPEED_FF	REQ_REF	[MIN] Ma	ximum		VM_SPEED_	FREQ_REI	F[MAX]		
Default		See	exceptions	below	Ur	iits						
Туре		32	Bit User Save	e	Up	date Rate		4 ms read				
Display F	Format	Sta	ndard		De	Decimal Places 1						
Coding		RW										

Default Value									
Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S							
25.0	750.0								
30.0	90	0.0							

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when the automated pipe filling routine is running. See Pipe Fill Mode (29.075).

Parameter	00.048 (29.077) Pipe Fill Maxim	um Time								
Short description	This defines the maximum time t	hat the pipe fill function will	run for							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-A	)pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-A								
Minimum	0.0	0 <b>Maximum</b> 6553.5								
Default	0.0	Units	s							
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1							
Coding	RW, BU	RW, BU								

This defines the maximum time in seconds that the pipe filling routine will run for in the event that pipe filled isn't detected by either feedback detection or flow switch detection.

See Pipe Fill Mode (29.075).

Parameter	00.049 (29.076) Pipe Fill Thresh	nold Pipe Fill Reference								
Short description	Sets the feedback threshold in u	ser feedback units when the	e pipe is considered filled							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-A	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-A								
Minimum	0.0	0 <b>Maximum</b> 327.67								
Default	0.0	Units	UU							
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	2							
Coding	RW									

This defines main PID feedback threshold above which the pipe is considered to be filled when *Pipe Fill Mode* (29.075) = Feedback Level. *Pipe Fill Threshold* (29.076) is compared against *PID Final Feedback* (29.036).

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

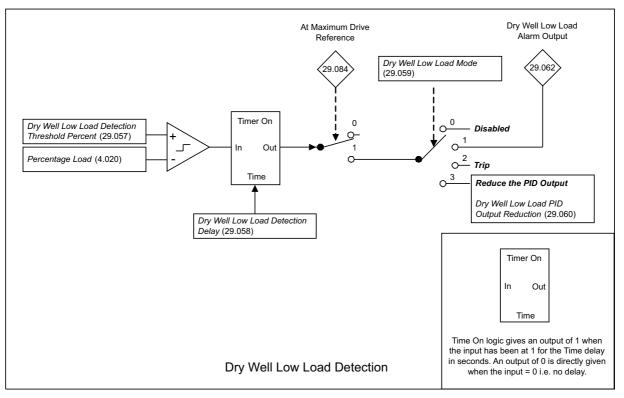
See Pipe Fill Mode (29.075).

Safety information	Product information	Mecha installa		Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	er		00.05	60 (29.057)	Dry Well	Low Load	Detection 1	hreshold Pe	ercent					
Short de	scription		Sets the percentage PID output level below which Dry Well is detected											
Mode			Open-Loop											
Minimum	ı		0.0			M	aximum		100.0					
Default			1.0			U	nits		%					
Туре			16 Bit	t User Save	e	U	odate Rate		Background					
Display I	ormat		Stand	lard		De	ecimal Plac	es	1					
Coding			RW, BU											

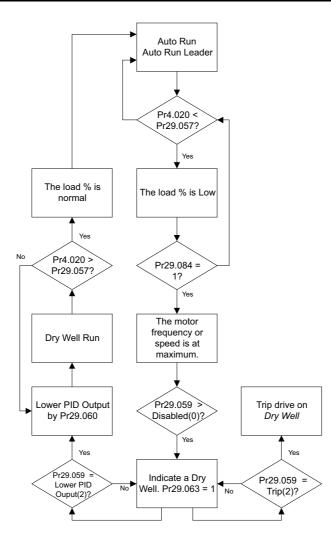
This defines the load percentage below which a dry well low load condition is detected. Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent (29.057) is compared against Percentage Load (04.020). To complete the dry well low load detection logic the motor frequency or speed must be within the Maximum Drive Reference Band (29.083).

# NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Parameter	00.051 (29.058) Dry Well Low L	oad Detection Delay								
Short description	Sets the dry well / low load deter	ction delay								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Dpen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	0.0	0.0 <b>Maximum</b> 6553.5								
Default	5.0	Units	s							
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1							
Coding	RW, BU									

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the load level must be below the Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent (29.057) and the motor frequency or speed must be within the Maximum Drive Reference Band (29.083) to detect a dry well low load condition. Dry Well Low Load Detection Delay (29.058) filters out any intermittent Dry Well Low Load conditions.

# NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanica installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er	00.	052 (29.059)	Dry Well	Low Load I	Mode						
Short de	scription	Se	Selects the action taken when dry well / low load is detected									
Mode		Op	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	ı	0			Ma	iximum		3				
Default		0			Un	its						
Туре		8 B	it User Save		Up	date Rate		Background	I			
Display F	Format	Sta	Standard Decimal Places 0									
Coding		RW	, TE, BU									

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	The Dry Well Low Load detection system is disabled.
Alarm Only	1	If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, an alarm is raised where <i>Dry Well Low Load Alarm Output</i> ( <b>29.062</b> ) = On(1).
Trip	2	If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, a Dry Well trip is actioned.
Lower PID Output	3	If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, the PID output is lowered by the Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction (29.060) value thereby limiting potential damage to the pump. When the load value is above the Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent (29.057), the PID output is restored. Operating Status (29.003) = Dry Well Run when the PID output has been reduced due to a dry well condition.

If a Dry Well condition is detected in a Cascade system, *Pump Control Mode* (29.011) = Cascade the Soft Starters will be stopped to prevent pump wear. The Soft Starters will automatically restart when the Dry Well condition has finished.

# NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Parameter	00.053 (29.060) Dry Well Low L	oad PID Output Reduction									
Short description	A percentage to lower the PID out	percentage to lower the PID output by during Dry Well / Low Load									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	en-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0.00	00 <b>Maximum</b> 100.00									
Default	50.00	Units	%								
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background								
Display Format	Standard	andard Decimal Places 2									
Coding	RW										

When *Dry Well Low Load Mode* (29.059) = Lower PID Output, if a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, the PID output is lowered by the *Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction* (29.060) value thereby limiting potential damage to the pump. When the load value is above the *Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent* (29.057), the PID output is restored.

Operating Status (29.003) = Dry Well Run when Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction (29.060) has been used to reduce the PID output due to a dry well condition.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanic installatic		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	ər	00	.054 (29.061)	054 (29.061) Dry Well Low Load Restart Delay									
Short de	scription	W	nen the drive	en the drive trips due to low load this is the minimum restart time									
Mode		Op	en-Loop, RF	C-A, RFC-	S								
Minimum	ı	0.0	)		Ma	<b>Maximum</b> 6553.5							
Default		5.0			Un	its		s					
Туре		16	Bit User Sav	е	Up	date Rate		Background					
Display F	ormat	Sta	Indard		De	cimal Place	es	1					
Coding		RV	RW, BU										

The defines the minimum time in seconds after the drive has been tripped due to a Dry Well Low Load condition before it can be restarted. This prevents the system from automatically resetting and attempting to run again without there being sufficient time to allow the well or tank to fill again. This is only used when *Dry Well Low Load Mode* (**29.059**) = Trip.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Parameter	00.055 (29.069) No Flow Detect	tion Threshold								
Short description	Sets the speed / frequency below	Sets the speed / frequency below which no flow will be detected								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	Open-Loop: 60.0 RFC-A \ RFC-S: 3000.0							
Default	0.0	Units								
Туре	32 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background							
Display Format	Standard	Indard Decimal Places 1								
Coding	RW									

When No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069) is > 0, software detection of no flow is enabled. This defines the frequency or speed threshold below which software based no flow is detected. This must be set to the greater of the *Positive Minimum Reference Clamp* (01.004) OR the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* (29.051) + No Flow Detection Band (29.070). In the event of a closed pump discharge, the main process PID feedback will rise causing the motor frequency or speed to dip below this level.

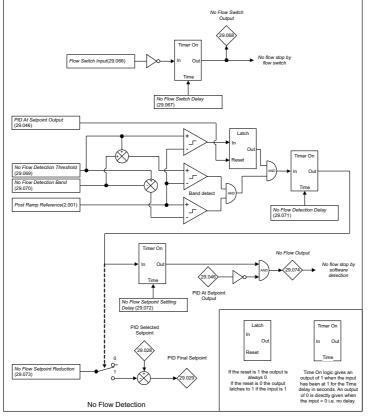
When No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069) = 0, software detection of no flow is disabled.

# NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

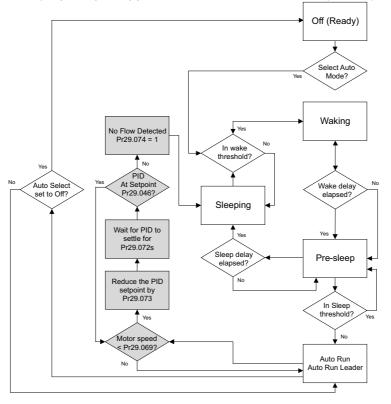
In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status (29.003) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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The No Flow by software detection scheme is made up of four stages:

- 1. Is the motor frequency or speed is < No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069)? If yes, move to the next step.
- 2. Is the motor frequency or speed within the No Flow Detection Band (29.070) for No Flow Detection Delay (29.071) seconds? If yes, move to the next step.
- 3. Reduce the main process PID setpoint by No Flow Setpoint Reduction (29.073) and wait for the No Flow Setpoint Settling Delay (29.072) to elapse. Is the PID is unable to follow the new setpoint? If yes, move to the next step.
- 4. Stop the system and set No Flow Output (29.074) to On(1). If the feedback is within the PID At Setpoint Output (29.046) window, move to step 1.



Safety information	Product information	Mecha install		Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er		00.05	056 (29.070) No Flow Detection Band									
Short de	scription		A time	ime that the now flow condition must be detected for before taking action.									
Mode			Open	-Loop									
Minimum	า		0.0			Ma	iximum		6553.5				
Default			5.0			Un	its		s				
Туре			16 Bit	16 Bit User Save Update Rate Backgrou									
Display I	Format		Stand	ard		De	Decimal Places 1						
Coding			RW, BU										

This defines the frequency or speed band used by the software no flow detection scheme. It is recommended to set this to 10 % of the *Maximum Reference Clamp* (01.006). In the event of a closed pump discharge, the PID feedback will rise causing the motor frequency or speed to dip into this band.

This is only used when No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069) is > 0. See No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069) for details on the no flow by software detection process.

### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status (29.003) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

See No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069).

Parameter	00.057 (29.071) No Flow Detect	ion Delay Pipe Fill Referen	ce								
Short description	A time that the now flow condition	A time that the now flow condition must be detected for before taking action.									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5								
Default	5.0	Units	S								
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background								
Display Format	Standard	tandard Decimal Places 1									
Coding	RW, BU										

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the motor frequency or speed must be below the *No Flow Detection Threshold* (29.069) to complete stage 1 of the no flow by software detection scheme. *No Flow Detection Delay* (29.071) filters out any intermittent No Flow conditions.

This is only used when No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069) is > 0. See No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069) for details on the no flow by software detection process.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status (29.003) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

See No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069).

Safety information	Product information	 anical llation	Optimization							Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er	00.05	58 (29.072)	No Flow	Setpoint S	ettling Dela	y					
Short de	scription	A set	tling delay a	applied at	fter the setp	oint had be	en reduced	by the no flow	/ software d	etection		
Mode		Open	n-Loop									
Minimum	ı	0.0			м	aximum		6553.5				
Default		1.0			U	nits		s				
Туре		16 Bi	t User Save	Э	U	pdate Rate		Background	1			
Display I	Format	Stand	dard		D	ecimal Plac	es	1				
Coding		RW, BU										

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the no flow by software detection scheme will wait after applying the *No Flow Setpoint Reduction* (29.073) before checking if the main process PID is able to track the change in setpoint. If the main process PID isn't able to track the change in setpoint a no flow by software detection stop is actioned and *No Flow Output* (29.074) is set to On(1).

This is only used when *No Flow Detection Threshold* (29.069) is > 0. See *No Flow Detection Threshold* (29.069) for details on the no flow by software detection process.

### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status (29.003) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

See No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069).

Parameter	00.059 (29.073) No Flow Setpoi	int Reduction									
Short description	Used to reduce the setpoint in us	sed to reduce the setpoint in user feedback units when no flow is detected									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	n-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	2.55								
Default	0.06	Units	UU								
Туре	8 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background								
Display Format	Standard	andard Decimal Places 2									
Coding	RW, BU										

This defines the main process PID setpoint reduction value used in stage 2 of detecting no flow by software. After applying the *No Flow Setpoint Reduction* (29.073) and waiting for the *No Flow Setpoint Settling Delay* (29.072) to elapse, the software will check to see if the main process PID hasn't been able to track the change in setpoint; if it hasn't then software no flow is detected and the system will stop.

This is only used when *No Flow Detection Threshold* (29.069) is > 0. See *No Flow Detection Threshold* (29.069) for details on the no flow by software detection process.

## NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable (14.008), then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (29.031) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (29.032), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status (29.003) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

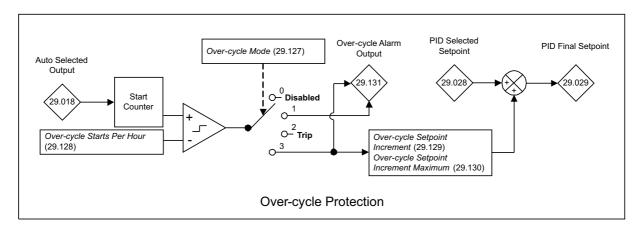
See No Flow Detection Threshold (29.069).

Safety information	Product information	Mechani installati		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	ər	0	0.060 (29.127)	060 (29.127) Over-cycle Mode									
Short de	scription	S	ets what the sy	ts what the system will do when the over-cycle starts per hour limit is reached									
Mode		0	Dpen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	ı	0			Ма	ximum		3					
Default		1			Un	its							
Туре		8	Bit User Save		Up	date Rate		Background					
Display F	ormat	S	andard		De	Decimal Places 0							
Coding		R	W, TE, BU										

This defines the over-cycle protection mode used by Single Pump, and when the drive is a Leader in a Cascade or Multi-Leader system. Soft Starter Assist over-cycle is always enabled and is handled separately; See Assist Starts Per Hour (29.120) and Assist Over-cycle Mode (29.121).

The following over-cycle modes are available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	Over-cycle protection is disabled.
Alarm Only	1	When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour (29.128) has been reached the system will indicate an alarm via the Over-cycle Alarm Output (29.131)
Trip	2	When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour (29.128) has been reached the system will trip Over-cycle.
Inc Setpoint	3	When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour (29.128) has been reached the system will indicate an alarm via the Over- cycle Alarm Output (29.131) and the PID setpoint will be increased by the Over-cycle Setpoint Increment (29.129) in order to keep the system running. The maximum amount that the PID setpoint can be increased by is set by Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum (29.130). An alarm is given via the Over-cycle Alarm Output (29.131) when Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum (29.130) is reached. This helps prevent the system from going to sleep as often thereby reducing the number of starts per hour. An alternative to this is to use PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level (14.028) and PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time (14.029).



Safety information	Product information	Mech instal	anical lation	Optimization							Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er		00.06	61 (29.128)	Over-cy	cle Starts F	Per Hour						
Short de	scription		Sets	the maximu	ım numbe	er of starts	per hour thr	shold for the	e over-cycle pr	otection			
Mode			Open	Dpen-Loop									
Minimum	ı		0			N	aximum		255				
Default			5			U	nits						
Туре			8 Bit	User Save		U	pdate Rate		Background				
Display F	Format		Stand	dard		D	Decimal Places 0						
Coding			RW, I	BU									

Sets the maximum number of starts per hour threshold for the over-cycle detection system. The internal count of starts is reset every hour. See Over-cycle Mode (29.127) for more details.

Parameter	00.064 (14.010) PID1 Proportion	nal Gain								
Short description	Defines the Kp gain used for PID	Defines the Kp gain used for PID1								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0.000	Maximum	4.000							
Default	2.000	Units								
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	3							
Coding	RW									

PID1 is used as the main process PID controller by the Pump software.

*PID1 Proportional Gain* (**14.010**) is the main process PID1 loop proportional gain. The default value of 2.000 is a good starting point for most applications. CT Scope may be used to tune the main process PID loop once the drive is operational to refine the performance according to the applications needs.

See PID1 Output (14.001).

Parameter	00.065 (14.011) PID1 Integral G	00.065 (14.011) PID1 Integral Gain								
Short description	Defines the Ki gain used for PID	Defines the Ki gain used for PID1								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0.000	Maximum	4.000							
Default	2.000	Units								
Туре	16 Bit User Save	Update Rate	Background read							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	3							
Coding	RW									

PID1 is used as the main process PID controller by the Pump software.

*PID1 Integral Gain* (**14.011**) is the main process PID1 loop integral gain. The default value of 1.000 is a good starting point for most applications. CT Scope may be used to tune the main process PID loop once the drive is operational to refine the performance according to the applications needs.

See PID1 Output (14.001).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanic installatic		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic arameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	er	00	0.066 (14.020) PID1 Reference										
Short de	scription	Dis	splays the value of the reference for PID1										
Mode		Op	)pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	ı	-1(	00.00		Ma	ximum		100.00					
Default					Uni	its		%					
Туре		16	Bit Volatile		Up	date Rate		4 ms write					
Display F	ormat	Sta	andard		Dee	cimal Place	es	2					
Coding		R	RO, ND, NC, PT										

PID1 is used as the main process PID controller by the Pump software.

PID1 Reference (14.020) indicates the level of the PID1 reference, which is the sum of the parameter pointed to by PID1 Reference Source (14.003) and PID1 Digital Reference (14.025), multiplied by PID1 Reference Scaling (14.023), in percent units.

## Reference

The reference section for the PID controllers is shown in the introduction. The pre-sleep boost control is only included in PID controller 1. The reference sections are always active even if the PID controller itself is disabled or the reference sources are not routed to valid parameters. If a reference source is not a valid parameter or is 0.000 then the value is taken as zero.

The reference is the sum of the reference source, the *PID1 Digital Reference* (**14.025**) and the *PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level* (**14.028**) when it is active. The result is multiplied by *PID1 Reference Scaling* (**14.023**) and then limited to +/-100.00 %. The reference can then be inverted if required (*PID1 Reference Invert* (**14.005**) = 1) and then a slew rate limit is applied with *PID1 Reference Slew Rate* (**14.007**). This limits the maximum rate of change so that a change from 0.00 to 100.00 % takes the time given in *PID1 Reference Slew Rate* (**14.007**).

Parameter	00.067 (14.021) PID1 Feedback	00.067 (14.021) PID1 Feedback							
Short description	Displays the value of the feedbac	Displays the value of the feedback for PID1							
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S							
Minimum	-100.00	100.00 <b>Maximum</b> 100.00							
Default		Units	%						
Туре	16 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	4 ms write						
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	2						
Coding	RO, ND, NC, PT								

PID1 is used as the main process PID controller by the Pump software.

*PID1 Feedback* (14.021) indicates the level of the PID1 feedback, which is the sum of the parameter pointed to by *PID1 Feedback Source* (14.004) and *PID1 Digital Feedback* (14.026), multiplied by *PID1 Feedback Scaling* (14.024), in percent units.

#### Feedback

The feedback section for the PID controllers is shown in the introduction. The feedback sections are always active even if the PID controller itself is disabled or the feedback sources are not routed to valid parameters. If a feedback source is not a valid parameter or is 0.000 then the value is taken as zero.

The feedback is the sum of the feedback source and the *PID1 Digital Feedback* (**14.026**). The result is multiplied by *PID1 Feedback Scaling* (**14.024**) and then limited to +/-100.00 %. A square root function can be applied (*PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 1* (**14.060**) = 1) and the feedback can then be inverted if required (*PID1 Feedback Invert* (**14.006**) = 1). The square root function is defined as follows.

Square root function output = Sign(Input) x 100.00 % x  $\sqrt{(|Input| / 100.00 \%)}$ 

where Sign(Input) = 1 if Input  $\geq$  0 or -1 otherwise

The square root function is useful in applications where the PID controller is operating with air flow as its reference and feedback and the motor is controlling a fan. It is easier to use a pressure transducer than a flow transducer, and so the feedback from the transducer needs to be converted from pressure to flow. As flow = Constant x  $\sqrt{Pressure}$  the square root function can be used in the conversion.

Safety information	Product information	Mecha install		Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	er		00.06	0.068 (14.001) PID1 Output										
Short de	scription		Displa	isplays the output for Main Process PID1										
Mode			Open	Dpen-Loop										
Minimum	า		-100.0	00		Ma	aximum		100.00					
Default						Ur	nits		%					
Туре			16 Bit	t Volatile		Up	date Rate		4 ms write					
Display I	Format		Stand	lard		De	cimal Plac	es	2					
Coding			RO, ND, NC, PT											

PID1 is used as the main process PID controller by the Pump software.

#### Controller

The controller section for the PID controllers is shown in the introduction. The structure of PID controller 1 shown in the introduction is when *PID1 Mode Selector* (14.059) = 0, *PID1 Feedback Output Scaling* (14.058) = 1.000, and *PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable* 2 (14.062) = 0. The additional features provided by these parameters are not available for PID controller 2, and so this controller always has the structure shown. If the combined enable is inactive then all internal states are held at zero and the destination parameter will be defined by *PID1 Feed-forwards Reference* (14.019) alone. If the enable is active the PID controller is active even if the destination is not routed to a valid parameter or to 0.000. It should be noted that if either of the enable sources is routed to 0.000 or to a non-valid parameter the source value is taken as 1, therefore with default settings, *PID1 Enable Source 1* (14.009) = 0.000 and *PID1 Enable Source 2* (14.027) = 0.000, the PID controller can be enabled by simply setting *PID1 Enable* (14.008).

*PID1 Error* (14.022) is the difference between the reference and feedback produced by the reference and feedback systems described in the previous sections. The PID controller output is defined as follows:

PID1 Output (14.001) = PID1 Error (14.022) x [Kp + Ki/s + sKd/(0.064 s + 1)]

Kp = PID1 Proportional Gain (14.010)

Ki = PID1 Integral Gain (14.011)

Kd = PID1 Differential Gain (14.012)

### Therefore:

- 1. If PID1 Error (14.022) = 100.00% the proportional term gives a value of 100.00% if PID1 Proportional Gain (14.010) = 1.000.
- 2. If *PID1 Error* (14.022) = 100.00% the integral term gives a value that increases linearly by 100.00% per second if *PID1 Integral Gain* (14.011) = 1.000.
- 3. If *PID1 Error* (**14.022**) increases linearly by 100.00 % per second the differential term gives a value of 100.00% if *PID1 Differential Gain* (**14.012**) = 1.000. (A filter with a time constant of 64 ms is provided on the differential gain to reduce the noise produced by this term.)

The output may be limited to a range that is less than the maximum range of *PID1 Output* (14.001) using *PID1 Output Upper Limit* (14.013) and *PID1 Output Lower Limit* (14.014). If *PID1 Output Lower Limit* (14.014) > *PID1 Output Upper Limit* (14.013) then the output is held at the value defined by *PID1 Output Upper Limit* (14.013). If *PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable* (14.018) = 1 then the lower limit = -(*PID1 Output Upper Limit* (14.013)). If the output reaches either of these limits the integral term accumulator is frozen until the output moves away from the limit to prevent integral wind-up. The integral hold function can also be enabled by the user by setting *PID1 Integral Hold* (14.017) = 1.

*PID1 Output Scaling* (14.015) can be used to scale the output, which is limited to a range from -100.00 % to 100.00 % after this function. The output is then added to *PID1 Feed-forwards Reference* (14.019) and is again limited to the range from -100.00 % to 100.00 % before being routed to the destination defined by *PID1 Destination* (14.016).

Parameter	00.069 (05.001) Output Frequer	00.069 (05.001) Output Frequency								
Short description	Displays the frequency applied to	isplays the frequency applied to the motor								
Mode	Open-Loop	pen-Loop								
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	Maximum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]							
Default		Units	Hz							
Туре	32 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	4 ms write							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1							
Coding	RO, FI, VM, ND, NC, PT									

If Enable Frequency Slaving (03.013) = 0 the Output Frequency (05.001) is the sum of the Post Ramp Reference (02.001) and the motor slip compensation frequency. If Enable Frequency Slaving (03.013) = 1 the Output Frequency (05.001) is given directly by the Frequency Slaving Demand (03.001).

Safety information	Product information	Mech instal	anical llation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic paramete	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Paramete	er		00.06	9 (03.002)	Speed Fe	eedback									
Short de	scription		Displa	ays the spe	ed feedba	ack from t	ne selected f	eedback sou	urce						
Mode			RFC-	A, RFC-S											
Minimum	า		VM_S	SPEED[MIN	1]	P	laximum		VM_SPEED[MAX]						
Default						ι	Inits								
Туре			32 Bit	t Volatile		ι	pdate Rate		4 ms write						
Display I	Format		Stand	lard			ecimal Plac	es	1						
Coding			RO, F	I, VM, ND,	NC, PT										

The speed feedback can be selected with *Motor Control Feedback Select* (03.026) to be taken from either of the drive position feedback interfaces or from a position feedback interface in a position feedback category option module. It is also possible to selected sensorless speed feedback with *RFC Feedback Mode* (03.024). Speed Feedback (03.002) shows the level of the speed feedback selected for the speed controller.

The FI attribute is set for this parameter, so display filtering is active when this parameter is viewed with one of the drive keypads. The value held in the drive parameter (accessible via comms or an option module) does not include this filter, but is a value that is obtained over a sliding 16 ms period to limit the ripple. The speed feedback includes quantisation ripple given by the following equation in rpm:

Ripple in Speed Feedback (03.002) = 60 / 16 ms / Position resolution

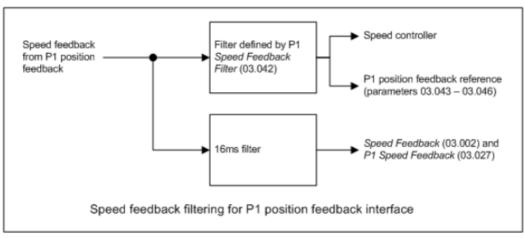
The ripple for a linear system is given by the following equation in mm/s:

Ripple in Speed Feedback (03.002) = Pole pitch in mm / 16 ms / Position resolution

The position resolution for each type of feedback device is defined in the table below.

Position feedback device	Position resolution
AB, AB Servo	4 x lines per revolution or pole pitch
FD, FR, FD Servo, FR Servo	2 x lines per revolution or pole pitch
SC, SC Hiperface, SC EnDat, SC SSI, SC Servo	1024 x sine waves per revolution or pole pitch
EnDat, SSI, BiSS	Comms bits per revolution or pole pitch
Resolver	See P1 Resolver Excitation (03.066)

For example the ripple in Speed Feedback (**03.002**) when a 4096 line AB type encoder is used is 0.23 rpm. It should be noted that no filtering is applied to the speed feedback used by the speed controller or for the position feedback reference system unless the feedback filter for that particular interface is activated by putting a non-zero value in the appropriate set up parameter (i.e. P1 Feedback Filter (**03.042**) for the P1 drive position feedback interface). The diagram below shows the filtering applied to the speed feedback when this is taken from the P1 drive position feedback interface.



The speed feedback ripple seen by the speed controller and the position feedback reference is given by the following equations when the filter set up value P1 Feedback Filter (**03.042**) = 0.

Ripple for a rotary system in rpm = 60 / Speed controller sample time / Position resolution

Ripple for a linear system in mm/s = Pole pitch in mm / Speed controller sample time / Position resolution

The speed controller sample time is 250 µs. If the filter set up value is non-zero the ripple is given by:

Ripple for a rotary system in rpm = 60 / Filter time / Position resolution

Ripple for a linear system in mm/s = Pole pitch in mm / Filter time / Position resolution

ſ	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()nfimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
					the Motor								

The description so far covers the P1 drive position feedback interface. Similar filtering is provided with the P2 drive position feedback interface and with position feedback interfaces in position feedback category option modules.

It is not advisable to use the speed feedback filter unless it is specifically required for high inertia applications with high controller gains, or if commutation signals alone are used for feedback, because the filter has a non-linear transfer function. It is preferable to use the current demand filters (*Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant* (04.012) or *Current Reference Filter 2 Time Constant* (04.023)) as these are linear first order filters that provide filtering on noise generated from both the speed reference and the speed feedback. It should be noted that any filtering included within the speed controller feedback loop, either on the speed feedback or the current demand, introduces a delay and limits the maximum bandwidth of the controller for stable operation.

The speed ripple seen by the speed controller can be quite high in some cases, for example with a 4096 line encoder the speed ripple is 14.6 rpm with a sample time of 250 µs. This causes high frequency torque ripple and acoustic motor noise. These effects increase with the level of speed feedback ripple and with the gains used in the speed controller. Therefore high speed feedback ripple usually limits the maximum possible gain settings for the speed controller, and so a position feedback device with high position resolution is usually required for a system with high dynamic performance or stiffness. It should be noted that the ripple caused by feedback quantisation and does not define speed feedback resolution. The speed controller accumulates all pulses from the position feedback, and so the speed controller resolution is not limited by the feedback, but by the resolution of the speed reference.

Parameter	00.070 (04.020) Percentage Loa	00.070 (04.020) Percentage Load								
Short description	Shows the level of torque produc	hows the level of torque producing current as a percentage of rated torque producing current for the motor								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	VM_USER_CURRENT[MIN]	M_USER_CURRENT[MIN] Maximum VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX]								
Default		Units	%							
Туре	16 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background write							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	1							
Coding	RO, FI, VM, ND, NC, PT									

Percentage Load (04.020) gives the lq, Torque Producing Current (04.002) as a percentage of the rated torque producing current for the motor. Positive values indicate motoring and negative values represent regenerating.

Parameter	00.071 (05.003) Output Power	00.071 (05.003) Output Power								
Short description	Displays the power flowing via th	Displays the power flowing via the a.c. terminals of the drive								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Dpen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	VM_POWER[MIN]	VM_POWER[MIN] Maximum VM_POWER[MAX]								
Default		Units	kW							
Туре	32 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	4 ms write							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	3							
Coding	RO, FI, VM, ND, NC, PT									

The Output Power (**05.003**) is the power flowing via the a.c. terminals of the drive. The power is derived as the dot product of the output voltage and current vectors, and so this is correct even if the motor parameters are incorrect and the motor model does not align the reference frame with the flux axis of a motor in RFC-A mode. For Open-loop, RFC-A and RFC-S modes a positive value of power indicates power flowing from the drive to motor. For Regen mode a positive value of power indicates power flowing from the supply to the regen drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Parameter 00.072 (07.028) Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss													
Short de	scription	Disp	lays when a	nalog inpu	it 1 falls bel	ow 3mA							
Mode		Ope	n-Loop, RF(	C-A, RFC-S	S								
Minimum	ı	0			Ма	ximum		1					
Default					Un	its							
Туре		1 Bi	t Volatile		Up	date Rate		Background v	vrite				
Display F	ormat	Star	Idard		De	Decimal Places 0							
Coding		RO,	ND, NC, PT										

By default, analog input 1 T5 is routed to the Pump and Fan software analog feedback input parameter *PID Feedback Percent* (**29.034**). This parameter provides feedback to the Pump and Fan software on the integrity of the main process PID feedback device current loop.

If Analog Input 1 Mode (07.007) is set to any of the 4-20 mA or 20-4 mA modes and the current falls below 3 mA then Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (07.028) is set to one. If the current is more than 3 mA or any other mode is selected then Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (07.028) is set to zero.

Parameter	00.073 (29.003) Operating State	00.073 (29.003) Operating Status									
Short description	Indicates which operating state t	dicates which operating state the drive is in									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	ipen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0	Maximum	18								
Default	0	Units									
Туре	8 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background								
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0								
Coding	RW, PR, TE, NC, PT, BU	RW, PR, TE, NC, PT, BU									

Value	Text
0	Inhibit STO
1	Off (Ready)
2	Hand Run
3	Waking
4	Pipe Fill
5	Auto Run
6	Auto Run Leader
7	Auto Run Assist
8	Pre-sleep
9	Sleeping
10	Cleaning
11	Level Stop
12	Timer Stop
13	Hand Timeout
14	Over-cycle
15	Fbck Loss Run
16	Dry Well Run
17	Dry Well Stop
18	Auto Stop Assist

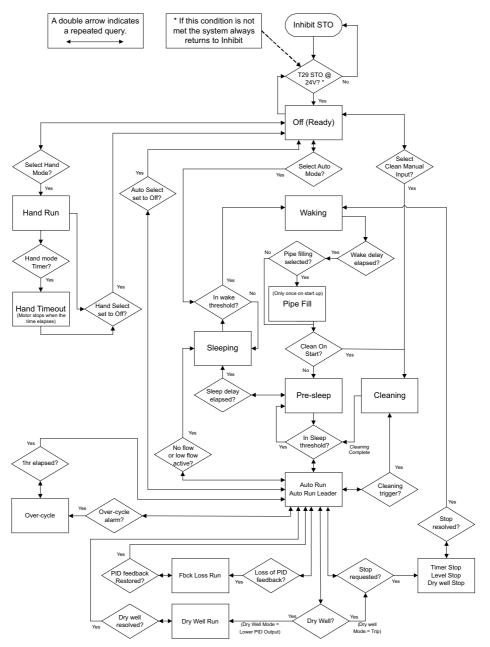
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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This parameter indicates the operating status of the pump software. This forms an important diagnostic aid which tells the user what the system is doing at any moment and why e.g. if the pump has gone to sleep or stopped the operating status will indicate why. The following table shows all of the status values:

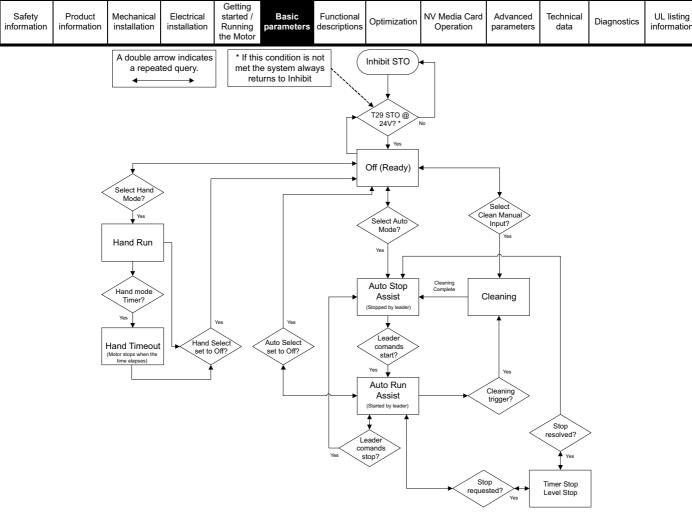
Mode	Value	Description
Inhibit STO	0	The drive is inhibited i.e. the STO input on drive terminal T29 is at 0 V. To enable the drive to move to the Off (Ready) state, apply 24 V to drive terminal T29.
Off (Ready)	1	The drive is hardware enabled and is waiting for a command to run i.e. Off.
Hand Run	2	The drive is running in Hand mode from a fixed speed reference.
Waking	3	The drive is in the process of waking i.e. the Wake Detect Delay (29.050) is timing.
Pipe Fill	4	The automated pipe filling routine is running.
Auto Run	5	The drive is running in Single Pump control in Auto mode
Auto Run Leader	6	The drive is running in Cascade or Multi-leader control in Auto mode as a Leader.
Auto Run Assist	7	The drive is running in Multi-leader control in Auto mode as an Assist
Pre-sleep	8	The drive is in pre-sleep i.e. the output frequency or speed is less than Sleep Detect Speed Threshold ( <b>29.051</b> ) and the Sleep Detect Delay ( <b>29.052</b> ) is counting down. This is shown for a short period when starting in Auto mode while the PID output builds up.
Sleeping	9	The drive is in Auto mode but has gone to sleep. The system enters Sleeping when the motor speed or frequency value satisfies the Sleep Detect Speed Threshold ( <b>29.051</b> ), if no flow from a flow switch, no flow by software detection or low flow is detected.
Cleaning	10	The drive is running the cleaning or de-ragging routine.
Level Stop	11	The system has stopped due to the high level switch being reached. See Level Switch High Input ( <b>29.079</b> ). This many be overridden by Hand or Manual Clean operation.
Timer Stop	12	The system has stopped because the timer switch input is not set to On indicating a timer shut-down period. See Time Schedule Run Input Enable ( <b>29.055)</b> and Time Schedule Run Input ( <b>29.056</b> ). This many be overridden by Hand or Manual Clean operation.
Hand Timeout	13	The system was stopped while running in Hand mode after the Hand Mode Timeout ( <b>29.017</b> ) elapsed. To reset this deselect and reselect Hand mode.
Over-cycle	14	The system has detected an over-cycle condition. The drive has started too many times in this hour. See Over- cycle Mode (29.127) and Over-cycle Starts Per Hour (29.128).
Fbck Loss Run	15	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss (07.028) = On(1) indicating that there is a current loop loss for the main process PID feedback, and PID Feedback Loss Action (29.048) = Fixed Speed where the drive is running with
Dry Well Run	16	A dry well low load condition has been detected and the drive is running with a reduced reference as defined by Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction ( <b>29.060</b> ). This state can only be reached when Dry Well Low Load
Dry Well Stop	17	A dry well low load condition has been detected and the drive has tripped on Dry Well, where Dry Well Low Load Mode ( <b>29.059</b> ) = Trip. When this happens the drive will remain stopped in the Dry Well Stop state until the
Auto Stop Assist	18	This indicates that the drive is an assist in a multi-leader system, Auto has been selected but the system leader has not commanded this assist to run.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting started /	Basic	Functional	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	Running the Motor	parameters	descriptions	Optimization	Operation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

The following state diagrams show the interactions between the states.



State diagram for Single Pump, Cascade and Multleader (Lead drive)



State diagram for Multi-leader (Assist drive)

Parameter	00.074 (11.078) NV Media Card	00.074 (11.078) NV Media Card Action Status									
Short description	Shows the status of an action on	hows the status of an action on an NV media card initiated with parameter mm.000.									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	pen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0	Maximum	18								
Default		Units									
Туре	8 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background Write								
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0								
Coding	RO, TE, ND, NC, PT	RO, TE, ND, NC, PT									

Value	Text	Value	Text	Value	Text
0	None	7	Card User Prog	14	Card Full
1	Active	8	Card Busy	15	Card File Error
2	Card Slot 1	9	Card Data Exists	16	Card Rating
3	Card Slot 2	10	Card Option	17	Card File Data
4	Card Slot 3	11	Card Read Only	18	Card Derivative
5	Card Slot 4	12	Card Error	14	Card Full
6	Card Product	13	Card No Data		

This parameter shows the status of any action on an NV media card that is initiated by setting a value in parameter mm.000. When the action starts this parameter changes to Active (1) and if the action completes successfully it changes back to None (0). If however, the action fails this parameter changes to another value to show the cause. Non-critical failures, i.e. an error that is detected when writing to a card, do not cause drive trips as these may disable the drive and disturb the wider system, and so this parameter is a way to find the cause of a non-critical error.

Safety information	Product information	Mecha install		Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 00.075 (29.036) PID Final Feedback												
Short de	scription		The fi	e final PID feedback in user feedback units									
Mode			Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S										
Minimum	ı		-327.0	68		Ma	ximum		327.67				
Default			0.00			Ur	iits		UU				
Туре			16 Bit Volatile Update Rate Background										
Display I	Format		Stand	lard		De	cimal Place	es	2				
Coding			RW, PR, NC										

This parameter is the output of the main process PID feedback filter, (see PID Feedback Filter Time Constant (29.033)), and scaled in to feedback units via PID Feedback Minimum Scaling (29.031) and PID Feedback Maximum Scaling (29.032).

PID Final Feedback (29.036) = PID Feedback Minimum Scaling (29.031) + (PID Final Feedback Percent (29.035) \* (PID Feedback Maximum Scaling (29.032) - PID Feedback Minimum Scaling (29.031) ) / 100).

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* (**29.031**) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* (**29.032**), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure feedback value with the same scaling.

Parameter	00.077 (29.001) Pump Software	00.077 (29.001) Pump Software Version									
Short description	This is the version of the Pump D	This is the version of the Pump Drive F600 software									
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Dpen-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	0	Maximum	99999999								
Default	0	Units									
Туре	32 Bit Volatile	Update Rate	Background								
Display Format	Version	Decimal Places	0								
Coding	RW, PR, ND, NC, PT										

This parameter indicates the pump software version number in the format ww.xx.yy.zz e.g. 01.00.00.00.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er	00.0	78 (10.020)	Trip 0								
Short de	scription	Sho	ws the curre	nt or last	trip to have	occurred						
Mode		Оре	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S									
Minimum	ı	0			Ма	ximum		255				
Default					Un	its						
Туре		8 Bit Power Down Save Update Rate Write on trip										
Display F	ormat	Star	dard		De	cimal Plac	es	0				
Coding		RO,	TE, ND, NC	, PT, BU								

Refer to Table 12-4Serial communications look up table on page 455 for full list of trips and descriptions.

*Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from Date (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

### Trip categories and priorities

Trips are grouped into the categories given in the table below. A trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped, or if it is already tripped and the new trip has a higher priority than the active trip (i.e. lower priority number). Unless otherwise stated a trip cannot be reset until 1.0 s after it has been initiated.

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01 - HF26	These are fatal problems that cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If a basic keypad is fitted it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function. These trips are not stored in the trip log.
1	Stored HF trip	Stored HF	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into Parameter mm.000 (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, Slot1 HF, Slot2 HF, Slot3 HF or Slot4 HF	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	EEPROM Fail	This can only be reset if Parameter mm.000 (mm.000) is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> ( <b>11.043</b> ) is set to a non-zero value.
4	Internal 24V power supply	PSU 24V	
5	Non-volatile media trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 6 during power-up.
5	Position feedback interface power supply	Encoder 1	This trip can override <i>Encoder 2</i> to <i>Encoder 6</i> trips.
6	Trips with extended reset times	OI ac, OI Brake, and OI dc	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
6	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	Phase Loss and OHt dc bus	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a Phase Loss.000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> ( <b>10.037</b> ). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an <i>OHt dc bus</i> occurs.
6	Standard trips	All other trips	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Internal faults

Trips {*HF01*} to {*HF26*} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. The error can only be reset by powering the drive down and up again. The table below gives the reasons for internal faults and their corresponding trip.

Trip	Reason								
{HF01}	CPU has detected an address error								
{HF02}	CPU DMAC has detected an address error								
{HF03}	CPU has detected an Illegal opcode								
{HF04}	CPU has detected an Illegal slot instruction								
{HF05}	An interrupt has occurred that does not have a defined function (Undefined exception)								
{HF06}	An interrupt has occurred which is reserved (Reserved exception)								
{HF07}	Watchdog failure								
{HF08}	CPU Interrupt crash								
{HF09}	Free store overflow								
{HF10}	Parameter routing system error								
{HF11}	Non-volatile memory comms error								
{HF12}	Stack overflow. Sub-trip is shown to indicate which stack:								
	1 - background tasks								
	2 - timed tasks								
	3 - main system interrupts								
{HF13}	The control hardware is not compatible with the firmware. The sub-trip number gives the actual ID code of the control board hardware.								
{HF14}	CPU register bank error								
{HF15}	CPU divide error								
{HF16}	RTOS error (the background task has returned)								
{HF17}	The clock supplied to the control board logic is out of specification								
{HF18}	The internal flash memory has failed when writing option module parameter data.								
	Sub-trip is shown to indicate which failure:								
	1 - Programming error while writing menu in flash								
	2 - Erase flash block containing setup menus failed								
	3 - Erase flash block containing application menus failed								
{HF19}	Invalid main application firmware CRC. Reprogramming required.								
{HF20}	The ASIC is not compatible with the firmware. The sub-trip number displayed is the ASIC version.								
{HF23}	If this trip occurs please consult the drive supplier.								
{HF24}	If this trip occurs please consult the drive supplier.								
{HF25}	If this trip occurs please consult the drive supplier.								
{HF26}	The control pod is either a UF90A or a UF99A and is fitted to a power stage that is not compatible because it only provided two phase current feedback. If this trip occurs pleas consult the drive supplier.								

When the drive is subsequently powered up a *Stored HF* trip is initiated where the sub-trip number is the number of the HF trip that last occurred. This trip will occur at every power-up until it is reset. The trip can only be reset by first entering 1299 into Parameter mm.000 (mm.000). If the drive is powered up and a *Stored HF* trip occurs, *Onboard User Program: Enable* (**11.047**) is reset to zero to prevent the on-board user program from running. This ensures that the user program can be changed or erased in case it causes an HF trip at every power-up. Once the *Stored HF* is cleared, it is necessary to power cycle the drive or to re-download the user program to allow the program to restart.

Similar trips that can be initiated by the control system or the power system

Trips shown in the table below can be generated either from the drive control system or from the power system. The sub-trip number which is in the form xxyzz is used to identify the source of the trip. The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system or the number of a power module if generated by the power system. If the drive is not a multi-power module drive then xx will always have a value of 1 indicating the trip is related to the power system. The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module. Where the y digit is relevant it will have a value of 1 or more, otherwise it will be 0. The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
OI Brake	Power Comms
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	Cloning
OHt Power	Temp Feedback
OHt Control	Power Data

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# Braking IGBT

The list below gives conditions that will disable the braking IGBT:

- 1. Braking IGBT Upper Threshold (06.074) = 0, or Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold Select (06.076) = 1 and Low Voltage Braking IGBT Threshold (06.075) = 0.
- 2. The drive is in the under-voltage state.
- 3. A priority 1, 2 or 3 trip is active (see *Trip 0* (10.020)).
- 4. One of the following trips is active or would be active if another trip is not already active: OI Brake, PSU, Th Brake Res or OHt Inverter.
- 5. Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level (07.036) = 100 %. This is an indication that some part of the drive is too hot and is used to indicate if an internally fitted braking resistor is too hot.
- 6. Brake R Too Hot is active or the system has been set up to disable the braking IGBT based on the braking resistor temperature and the resistor is too hot (i.e. bit 2 of Action On Trip Detection (10.037) is set).

### NOTE

The braking IGBT over-current trip cannot be reset until 10s after it is initiated. This period consists of a 9 s period after the trip where the braking IGBT cannot be switched on again and the OI Brake trip is held active and cannot be reset. This 9 s period is followed by the normal 1 s delay, that is present for other trips, before the trip can be reset. During this 1s period it is possible for the braking IGBT to switch on again. If the conditions are still present that caused the trip then the trip will be initiated again with a further 9 s hold-off period etc.

Parameter	00.079 (10.021) Trip 1									
Short description	Shows the 2nd from last trip to h	Shows the 2nd from last trip to have occurred								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	0	Maximum	255							
Default		Units								
Туре	8 Bit Power Down Save	Update Rate	Write on trip							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0							
Coding	RO, TE, ND, NC, PT, BU									

See Trip 0 (10.020).

Parameter	00.080 (10.022) Trip 2									
Short description	Shows the 3rd from last trip to ha	Shows the 3rd from last trip to have occurred								
Mode	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S	Open-Loop, RFC-A, RFC-S								
Minimum	0	Maximum	255							
Default		Units								
Туре	8 Bit Power Down Save	Update Rate	Write on trip							
Display Format	Standard	Decimal Places	0							
Coding	RO, TE, ND, NC, PT, BU									

See Trip 0 (10.020).

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# 6.2 Parameter descriptions

# 6.2.1 Pr mm.000

Pr **mm.000** is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr **mm.000** shown in Table . The functions in Table can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-1) in Pr **mm.000**. For example, enter 7001 in Pr **mm.000** to erase the file in NV media card location 001.

Table	6-1	Functions	in	Pr	mm.000
Iabio	• •	i anotiono		•••	

Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when Under Voltage Active (Pr 10.016) is not active and Low Under Voltage Threshold Select mode (Pr 06.067 = Off) is not active.
1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1070	Reset all option modules
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4ууу*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
5ууу*	NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
бууу*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx
7ууу*	NV media card: Erase file xxx
8ууу*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
9999*	NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card
59999	Delete onboard user program
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
40ууу	Back-up all drive data.
60ууу	Load all drive data.

\* See Chapter 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 317 for more information on these functions.

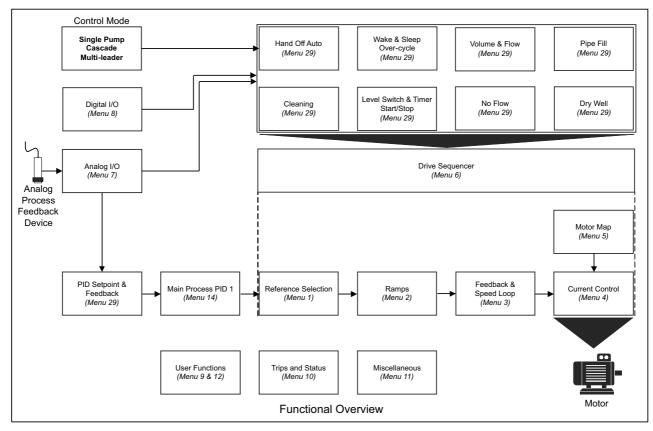
\*\* These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function.

To allow easy access to some commonly used functions, refer to the table overleaf. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

# 7 Functional descriptions

# 7.1 Parameter menu and functionality overview

The diagram below shows the functionality of the F600 and which parameter menus Handle it.



# 7.2 Control mode and feature matrix

The following table shows the features available in each control mode, as selected by Pr 29.011(0.021).

Feature	Single Pump	Cascade	Multi- leader
Main process PID control.	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
Auxiliary PID control.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓
Multiple PID setpoints.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Wake and sleep setpoints.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Over-cycle protection.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Main process PID feedback high / low detection.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Flow and volume indication (100Hz max. pulsed input).	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
No flow detection (flow switch, flow meter, software detection).	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Keypad Hand, off and Auto controls.	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
HMI / PLC control, status and alarm words	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
Run time indication.	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
Analog or digital Hand reference.	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
Timer start and stop using keypad real time clock.	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
Level switch control (start and stop).	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

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				Featu	ire				Sing Pum		ascade	Multi- leader
External e	quipment fa	ult input.							√		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Fault log.									✓		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Auto reset									✓		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dynamic V	//F energy s	aving (oper	n loop induc	tion moto	rs).				✓		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Loss of PII	D feedback	transducer	Handling.						✓		✓	$\checkmark$
Dry well lo	w load dete	ction.							✓		✓	$\checkmark$
Pipe filling	routine.								✓		✓	$\checkmark$
Pump cleaning (de-ragging).							✓		✓	$\checkmark$		
Pump starting order alternation.							✓		✓	$\checkmark$		
Cascade control - may require SI-I/O options, (24 V signal control of up to 2 soft starters).							✓		✓	$\checkmark$		
Multi-leade	Multi-leader control - requires SI-Ethernet options, (Ethernet based coordination of up to 3 F600 drives).							✓		✓	$\checkmark$	

\*A limited feature set is available

# 7.3 Control modes

The F600 supports 3 different control modes for single or parallel pumps. *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011** (0.021) sets the control mode as described in the following table.

Control Mode	Description
Single Pump (Simplex)	This is for a single pump installation running from a local Hand mode reference or in Auto mode using the main process PID controller to maintain a setpoint e.g. pressure or flow or level. Alternatively, if PID control isn't required in Auto mode, the drive can run from a fixed speed reference.
(Default)	Single Pump is the default control mode.
<i>Cascade</i> (Duty Assist)	This is for a single leader pump drive with up to 2 cascaded assist pumps powered by soft starters. The soft starters are commanded with simple digital I/O from the leader pump drive; the leader drive may require an SI-I/O option to Handle the assist control signals, e.g. when Assist Control Mode Pr <b>29.106</b> = Full I/O. The application may run from a local Hand mode reference or in Auto mode using the main process PID controller to maintain a setpoint e.g. pressure or flow or level. Alternatively, if PID control isn't required in Auto mode, the drive can run from a fixed speed reference.
<i>Multi-leader</i> (Multiplex)	This is for a multi-leader pump installation where up to 3 pumps, controlled by F600 pump drives, are in the system. The role of leader drive is cycled between the pump drives, after a user set time, to even out pump wear. The leader drive requests assist pumps over an Ethernet network; each drive requires an SI-Ethernet option with >=V01.07.03.03 firmware to facilitate the control. The application may run from a local Hand mode reference or in Auto mode using the main process PID controller to maintain a setpoint e.g. pressure or flow or level. Alternatively, if PID control isn't required in Auto mode, the drive can run from a fixed speed reference. This has improved redundancy compared to the other modes where any drive can assume the role of leader in the event of a fault. In the event of a faulty PID feedback transducer, the leader can use the feedback from another drive via the Ethernet connection between drives.

Note that changes to the control mode will only take effect while the system is not running:

- Hand mode must not be selected e.g. Hand Select Pr 29.013 = Off(0).
- Auto mode must not be selected e.g. Auto Select Pr 29.015 = Off(0).
- Manual cleaning must not be selected e.g. Clean Manual Input Pr 29.088 = Off(0).

# 7.4 Drive controls

The main operating modes for the F600 are Hand and Auto modes.

Hand mode is where the drive runs from a fixed frequency or speed reference for where the process PID loop is disabled. This is intended for localised manual control over the drive system.

Auto mode is where the drive typically runs using the main process PID controller with a suitable feedback transducer, e.g. pressure transducer, to maintain a constant setpoint. This is intended for Autonomous control over the drive system. While running in Auto mode the following features are available to respond to common system requirements:

- PID high / low detection
- Wake and sleep based on PID demand
- No flow stop by software detection or flow switch
- Low flow stop based on pulsed flow meter
- Dry well detection

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Pipe fill	ina											

Pipe filling

PID feedback loss Handling

Automatic cleaning

Level switch control .

#### 7.4.1 **Control input mode**

The way that Hand and Auto modes may be selected depends on the Control Input Mode Pr 29.012(0.024). The following selections are available.

Mode	Description					
Input	In this mode the control logic is supplied to local bit type inputs such as <i>Hand Select Input</i> Pr <b>29.013</b> or <i>Auto Select Input</i> Pr <b>29.015</b> . The user is intended to direct digital inputs to all bit type input parameters to be controlled.					
<i>Input &amp; Keypad</i> (Default)	In this mode the control logic to apply either a Hand or Auto or to stop commands comes from either the Keypad HAND, OFF and AUTO buttons or from the digital inputs directed to <i>Hand</i> <i>Select Input</i> Pr <b>29.013</b> or <i>Auto Select Input</i> Pr <b>29.015</b> . In this mode of control the keypad can be used to start and stop the drive, however, the keypad controls will be overridden by <i>Hand Select Input</i> Pr <b>29.013</b> or <i>Auto Select Input</i> Pr <b>29.015</b> if they are used. When the keypad is overridden, any selections made by it are reset. To activate Hand or Auto controls on the keypad press and hold the required function key for 2 s. The Off key activates with a short press. HAND OFF Reset OFF Reset AUTO All other local bit type control inputs are Handled the same as <i>Input.</i> <i>Input &amp; Keypad</i> is the default control input mode.					
Ctrl Wrd	In this mode, control inputs are exclusively Handled by <i>Pump Control Word 1</i> Pr <b>29.151</b> and <i>Pump Control Word 2</i> Pr <b>29.152</b> i.e. the local bit type inputs are ignored. This intended for PLC control, where most PLCs have hardware I/O to Handle devices such as flow switches.					
Ctrl Wrd & Input	In this mode, control inputs may be asserted via <i>Pump Control Word 1</i> Pr <b>29.151</b> and <i>Pump Control Word 2</i> Pr <b>29.152</b> or by the equivalent local bit type inputs such as the <i>Flow Switch Input</i> Pr <b>29.066</b> . This intended for HMI control, where most HMIs don't have hardware I/O, and the F600 Pump drive I/O is used for devices like flow switches, but the HMI is used to select Hand or Auto mode					

#### 7.4.2 Control, status and alarm

The following tables shows the Control, Status and Alarm words with their respective equivalent bit type parameters. The control, status and alarm words are used when Control Input Mode Pr 29.012(0.024) = Ctrl Wrd or Ctrl Wrd & Input.

The equivalent parameters are used when Control Input Mode Pr 29.012(0.024) = Input or Input & Keypad or Ctrl Wrd & Input. 24 V Digital I/O is configured as the source or destination for the equivalent parameters, see I/O section 7.4.4.

Table 7-1	Pump Control Word	1 Pr 29.151 and equivalent	control parameters.
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Bit	Equivalent parameter	Function
0	Drive Enable Pr <b>06.015</b> .	Remote software disable input via <i>Drive Enable</i> Pr <b>06.015</b> . This is in addition to the drive's STO input.
		Note that bit 0 is not a safety input.
1	Drive Reset Pr 10.033.	Resets the drive from a trip when set to 1
2	Hand Select Input Pr 29.013.	Selects Hand mode when set to 1.
3	N/A	Reserved
4	Auto Select Input Pr 29.015.	Selects Auto mode when set to 1.
5	Reset Volume Input Pr 29.010.	Resets Volume Pr 29.004 to 0 when set to 1.
6	PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr 29.026.	Used to select between the 4 different main process PID setpoints, PID Setpoint 0 Pr 29.022 to
7	PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr 29.027.	<i>PID Setpoint</i> 3 Pr <b>29.025</b>
8	Time Schedule Run Input Pr <b>29.056</b> .	In Auto mode, if <i>Time Schedule Run Input Enable</i> $Pr$ <b>29.055</b> = $On(1)$ , the time schedule run input must be set to 1 when the system must run and 0 when the system must stop.
9	Flow Switch Input Pr 29.066.	A system flow switch may be routed to this input where 1 = flow, 0 = No flow.
10	Level Switch High Input Pr 29.079.	In Auto mode, when set to 1, the system will stop. This is routed to a sensor that detects when the liquid level is at the maximum.

Saf inform	afety Product Mechanical Electrical start mation information installation Runr		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Bit	Bit Equivalent parameter					nction							
11	11 Level Switch Low Input Pr <b>29.080</b> .					In Auto mode, when set to 1, the system will restart. This is routed to a sensor that detects when the liquid level is at the minimum level.							
12	2 External Pump Fault Input Pr <b>29.085</b> .					This is used to indicate to the pump that there is a system fault and the drive must stop. $1 = fault$ , $0 = OK$ .							
13	Motor Thermal Protection Input Pr 29.086.				086. Th	This is used to input a signal from a normally closed thermal switch where 1 = OK, 0 = too hot.							
14	Clean Manual Input Pr 29.088					If Hand or Auto mode are not selected, setting the manual clean input to 1 runs a cleaning cycle. Cleaning continues run for as long as this input remains at 1.							
15	N/A					A system HMI or PLC must toggle this bit 0 to 1 to 0 continuously. At least once per second is recommended with the default setting of <i>Pump Control Word Watchdog Time</i> Pr <b>29.150</b> .							
Tabla	70 5			0.0.00.45			ntrol porom	0					

# Table 7-2 Pump Control Word 2 Pr 29.152 and equivalent control parameters.

Bit	Equivalent parameter	Function						
0	Assist 1 Ready Input Pr <b>29.108</b> .	Used in Cascade mode by assist 1 to indicate when it is ready to run e.g. healthy. 1 = Ready, 0 = Not ready.						
1	Assist 1 Running Input Pr 29.109	Used in Cascade mode by assist 1 to indicate when it is running. 1 = Running, 0 = Not running.						
2	Assist 2 Ready Input Pr <b>29.114</b> .	Used in Cascade mode by assist 2 to indicate when it is ready to run e.g. healthy. 1 = Ready, 0 = Not ready.						
3	Assist 2 Running Input Pr 29.115.	Cascade mode assist 2 running input. 1 = Running, 0 = Not running.						

Table 7-3 Pump Status Word 1 Pr 29.153 and equivalent status parameters.
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Bit	Equivalent parameter	Function
0	Auto Selected Output Pr 29.018.	When set to 1, indicates that Auto mode has been selected.
1	Hand Selected Output Pr 29.019.	When set to 1, indicates that Hand mode has been selected.
2	Auto Operational Output Pr 29.021.	When set to 1, indicates that Auto mode has been selected, and the system may be running or sleeping due to the system demand.
3	Auto Running Output Pr 29.020.	When set to 1, indicates that Auto mode has been selected, and the system is running.
4	PID Software Enable Pr <b>29.038</b> .	When set to 1, indicates that the Pump software is commanding the main process PID to enable. <i>PID1 Enable</i> Pr <b>14.008</b> may be used to override this bit and disable the PID in Auto mode.
5	PID At Setpoint Output Pr 29.046.	When set to 1, indicates that the main process PID is at setpoint.
6	PID Feedback Low Output Pr 29.047.	When set to 1, indicates that the main process PID is either lower than <i>PID At Setpoint Band</i> Pr <b>29.045</b> or less than <i>PID Feedback Low Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.044</b> .
7	Sleep Required Output Pr 29.053.	When set to 1, indicates that the motor frequency or speed has dropped into <i>Sleep Detect Speed Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.051</b> and <i>Sleep Detect Delay</i> Pr <b>29.052</b> is timing out.
8	Sleep Active Output Pr 29.054.	When set to 1, indicates that the drive has entered the Sleeping state due to low system demand.
9	Pipe Fill Done Output Pr 29.078.	When set to 1, indicates that the pipe filling routine has completed.
10	Clean Active Output Pr 29.104.	When set to 1, indicates that the Pump Drive F600 is running a cleaning cycle.
11	N/A	Cleaning was triggered due to load current threshold as configured by <i>Clean On Load Current Low Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.099</b> or Clean On Load Current High Threshold pr <b>29.098</b> .
12	N/A	Cleaning was triggered due to motor load accumulator build up as indicated by <i>Motor Overload Alarm</i> Pr <b>10.017</b> .
13	N/A	Cleaning was triggered due to the Clean On Interval Time Pr 29.096 elapsing.
14	N/A	Cleaning was triggered on start up. See Clean On Start Pr 29.089.
15	N/A	Cleaning was triggered due to Clean Manual Input Pr 29.088 being set to 1.

# Table 7-4 Pump Status Word 2 Pr 29.154 and equivalent status parameters.

Bit	Equivalent parameter	Function
0	Assist 1 Run Output Pr <b>29.107</b> .	Used in Cascade mode by assist 1 to command when the soft starter must run. 1 = Run, 0 = Do not run.
1	Assist 2 Run Output Pr <b>29.113</b> .	Used in Cascade mode by assist 2 to command when the soft starter must run. 1 = Run, 0 = Do not run.

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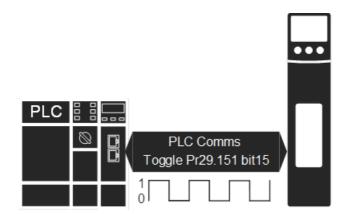
Bit	Equivalent parameter	Function
0	No Flow Switch Output Pr 29.068	When set to 1, indicates that no flow from a flow switch has been triggered.
1	No Flow Output Pr 29.074	When set to 1, indicates that no flow detected by the no flow software has been triggered.
2	Low Flow Meter Stop Output Pr 29.065	When set to 1, indicates that low flow detected by a flow meter has been triggered. See <i>Low Flow Meter Stop Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.063</b>
3	At Maximum Drive Reference Pr 29.084	When set to 1, indicates that the F600 Pump drive output frequency or speed is in the <i>Maximum Drive Reference Band</i> Pr <b>29.083</b> .
4	<i>PID Feedback High Alarm Output</i> Pr <b>29.040</b>	When set to 1, indicates that the main process PID feedback level is greater than <i>PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.039</b> .
5	Clean Per Hour Alarm Output Pr 29.105	When set to 1, indicates that Clean Per Hour Limit Pr 29.100 has been reached.
6	Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr 29.131	When set to 1, indicates that Pr 29.128 Over-cycle Starts Per Hour limit has been reached.
7	<i>Dry Well Low Load Alarm Output</i> Pr <b>29.062</b>	When set to 1, indicates that a Dry well has been detected.
8	N/A	Reserved
9	Assist 1 Lockout Output Pr 29.112	When set to 1, indicates that Cascade mode assist 1 has started too many times in an hour and is now locked out. <i>Assist 1 Lockout Countdown</i> Pr <b>29.111</b> indicates the remaining time until it is allowed to start.
10	Assist 2 Lockout Output Pr <b>29.118</b>	When set to 1, indicates that Cascade mode assist 2 has started too many times in an hour and is now locked out. <i>Assist 1 Lockout Countdown</i> Pr <b>29.111</b> indicates the remaining time until it is allowed to start.

# 7.4.2.1 Control Word watchdog

Pump Control Word Watchdog Time Pr 29.150 is used to give an indication if there is a communications failure between a connected PLC or HMI and the F600.

If Pump Control Word Watchdog Time Pr 29.150 is set to 0 the watchdog feature is disabled.

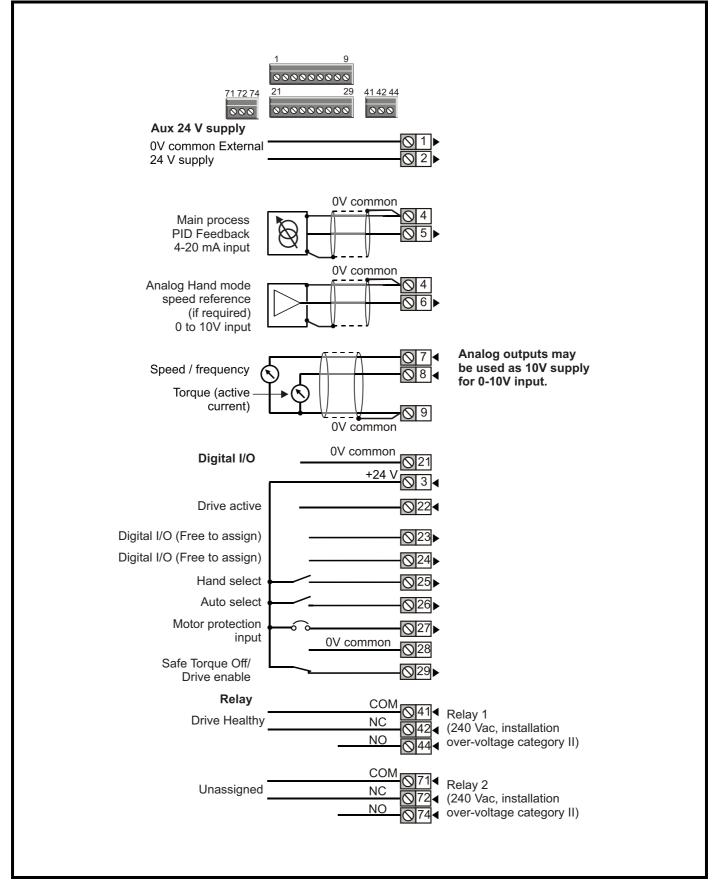
If *Pump Control Word Watchdog Time* Pr **29.150** is set to >0 the watchdog feature is enabled. The maximum time allowed without a state of *Pump Control Word 1* Pr **29.150** bit 15 is defined by *Pump Control Word Watchdog Time* Pr **29.150**, change and where the watchdog bit must be toggled 1 to 0 or 0 to 1 inside this time period by the PLC or HMI, otherwise a *Ctrl Wrd Watchdg* trip will occur, stopping the system. The watchdog is only started after the first time a change in the state of *Pump Control Word* Pr **29.151** bit 15 is seen.



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# 7.4.3 I/O Terminals

The diagram below shows the F600 I/O terminals and their default assignment. The assignment can be customised if required.



Safety information	Product Mechanical information installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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#### 7.4.4 I/O Assignment

I/O must be assigned for systems that use hard wired I/O for the control, i.e. *Control Input Mode* Pr **29.012**(0.024) = Input or Input & Keypad or Ctrl Wrd & Input. The F600 has 6 different types of I/O available:

- 3x 24 V digital inputs
- 3x 24 V user configured digital inputs or outputs
- 2x 4 20 mA or 0 to 10 v analog inputs
- 2x 4 20 mA or 0 to 10 v analog outputs
- 2x 240 V relay outputs
- 2x 24 V Supply

All of these I/O types are assigned in the same manner, where the I/O needs a source or destination parameter pointer, i.e. a place for the signal data to go to or to come from. For example, to assign Digital I/O 2 as a flow switch input set *Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination* Pr **8.022** to **29.066** (Flow Switch Input).

Care must be taken that the source / destination parameter used is of the correct type for the I/O e.g. a bit type (On/Off) parameter for a digital input or a numerical value for an analog input.

Table 7-2 Digital I/O terminals and configuration parameters

Terminal	Function	I/O Status	Invert	Source / Destination	Output Select	Default Source / Destination
22	24 V Input / Output 1	Pr 8.001	Pr 8.011	Pr 8.021	Pr 8.031	Drive Running 1.011
23	24 V Input / Output 2	Pr 8.002	Pr 8.012	Pr 8.022	Pr 8.032	Free to assign 0.000
24	24 V Input / Output 3	Pr 8.003	Pr 8.013	Pr 8.023	Pr 8.033	Free to assign 0.000
25	24 V Input 4	Pr 8.004	Pr 8.014	Pr 8.024	N/A	Hand Select Input 29.013
26	24 V Input 5	Pr 8.005	Pr 8.015	Pr 8.025	N/A	Auto Select Input 29.015
27	24 V Input 6	Pr 8.006	Pr 8.016	Pr 8.026	N/A	Motor Thermal Protection 29.086
29	STO Input	Pr 8.009	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	24 V Supply Output (May be used as a control output)	Pr 8.008	Pr 8.018	Pr 8.028	N/A	Free to assign 0.000
2	24 V Supply Input (May be used as a control input)	Pr 8.043	Pr 8.053	Pr 8.063	N/A	Free to assign 0.000
1, 4, 9, 21, 28	0 V common	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 7-3 Relay output terminals and configuration parameters.

Terminal	Function	I/O Status	Invert	Source / Destination	Default Source / Destination			
41 Com 42 NC 44 NO	240 V Relay Output 1	Pr 8.007	Pr 8.017	Pr 8.027	Drive Healthy 10.001			
71 Com 72 NC 74 NO	240 V Relay Output 2	Pr 8.045	Pr 8.055	Pr 8.065	Free to assign 0.000			

Safety informationProduct installationMechanical installationElectrical installationGetting started / Running the MotorBasic parametersFunctional descriptionsOptimiz	zation NV Media Card Advanced parameters Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
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#### Table 7-4 Analog I/O terminals and parameters

Terminal	Function	I/O Status	Mode	Scaling	Invert	Source / Destination	Default Source / Destination
5	Analog Input 1	Pr 7.001	Pr 7.007	Pr 7.008	Pr 7.009	Pr 7.010	PID Feedback 29.034
6	Analog Input 2	Pr 7.002	Pr 7.011	Pr 7.012	Pr 7.009	Pr 7.014	Hand Mode Analog Ref1.036
7	Analog Output 1	N/A	Pr 7.007	Pr 7.020	N/A	Pr 7.019	Frequency / Speed 5.001 / 3.002
8	Analog Output 2	N/A	Pr 8.032	Pr 7.023	N/A	Pr 7.022	Torque Current 4.002
1, 4, 9, 21, 28	0 V common	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note that the analog outputs may be used as a 10 V supply for a Hand mode speed potentiometer; set the source parameter for the analog output to an unused application parameter e.g. 18.011, and then set Pr **18.011** to 32767 (the parameter maximum) to give a 10 V output. If the source parameter for an analog output is set to its maximum, the analog output is also set to the maximum of 10 V. Save the parameters by setting Pr **0.000** to *Save Parameters* and press the red reset button . OFF

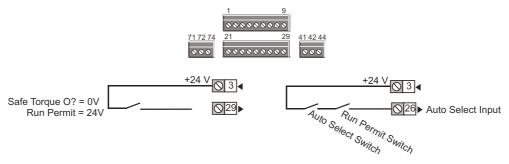
CON OFF

Please see the advanced parameters section, menus 7 and 8 for more information.

#### 7.4.5 Run permit

For systems that require a run permit, i.e. a run command signal in addition to the Auto Mode Select input, the following solutions area available:

- The STO input may be used as a run permit input for systems where the pump may coast to a stop when the run permit signal is removed.
- The Auto input may be interrupted by an additional switch contact for systems where the pump must decelerate to a stop when the run permit signal is removed.



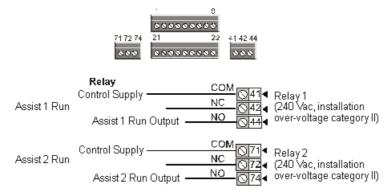
#### 7.4.6 Cascade (run only)

When Cascade mode is selected, *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011** = *Cascade*, and *Assist Control Mode* Pr **29.106** = *Run Only*, a single run signal is used to start an assist soft starter. This signal may be sent to the soft starter by a relay output or by 24 V digital output, whichever is the most suitable for the system.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 7.4.6.1 Run by relay output

The following terminal diagram shows the additional connections for the run output control relays, that command the soft starters to run.



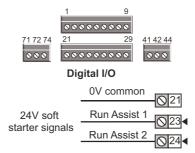
The control parameter source for the relay must be configured to control the relays. The following parameter settings must be made to use this configuration:

- Relay Output Source Pr 8.027 = 29.107
- Relay 2 Source Pr 8.065 = 29.113
- · Set Pr0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red reset button



#### 7.4.6.2 Run by 24 V digital output

The following terminal diagram shows the additional connections for the 24 V digital outputs that command the soft starter to run.



The control parameter source must be configured to control the digital I/O and they must be assigned as outputs. The following parameter settings must be made to use this configuration:

- Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination Pr 8.022 = 29.107
- Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination Pr 8.023 = 29.113
- Digital I/O 02 Output Select Pr 8.032 = On(1)
- Digital I/O 03 Output Select Pr 8.033 = On(1)
- · Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red reset button



#### 7.4.7 Cascade (Full I/O)

When Cascade mode is selected, *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011** = *Cascade*, and *Assist Control Mode* Pr **29.106** = *Full I/O*, assist soft starters will be controlled using Run output, Ready Input and Running Input. Using the drives existing hardware, the drive can control:

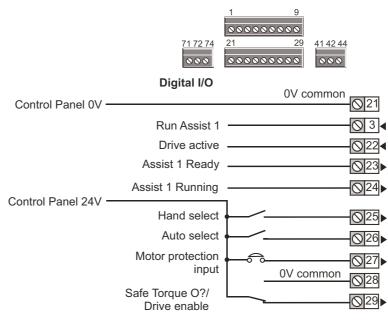
- A single soft starter with feedback, where the drives 24V supply output is used to supply the run signal. A control panel 24 V supply is required for the motor protection input, Hand and Auto select inputs.
- Other combinations are possible by rearranging the flexible I/O.

With the addition of an SI-I/O module, 2 assist soft starters with feedback is possible using 24 V digital I/O.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.4.7.1 Single soft starter with full I/O

The following terminal diagram shows the connections for the 24 V digital I/O to command the soft starter to run and receive feedback using the Pump Drive F600 I/O.



The control parameter source and destinations must be configured to control the digital I/O and they must be assigned as outputs. The following parameter settings must be made to use this configuration:

Digital I/O 02 Source/Desination Pr 8.022 = 29.108

Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination Pr 8.023 = 29.109

24 V Supply Input Destination Pr 8.063 = 29.107

Digital I/O 02 Output Select Pr 8.032 = Off(0)

Digital I/O 03 Output Select Pr 8.033 = Off(0)

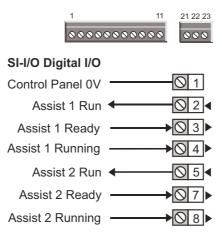
Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red reset button



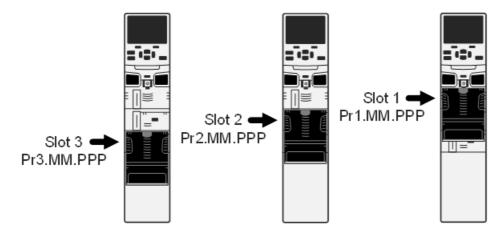
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.4.7.2 Dual soft starters with full I/O

The following terminal diagram shows the additional connections for the 24 V digital I/O to command the soft starter to run and receive feedback using an SI-I/O option module.



The control parameter source and destinations must be configured to control the digital I/O and they must be assigned as inputs or outputs as required. To do this the parameter Menu for the slot that the SI-I/O option is fitted in must be known.



MM= menu number, PPP = parameter number.

The following parameter settings must be made to use this configuration, where the slot number S = 1, 2 or 3 as identified in the previously:

Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination PrS. 02.021= 29.107 (Assist 1 Run)

Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination PrS. 02.022 = 29.108 (Assist 1 Ready)

Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination PrS. 02.023 = 29.109 (Assist 1 Running)

Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination PrS. 02.024= 29.113 (Assist 2 Run)

*Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination* PrS. **02.025** = 29.114 (Assist 3 Ready)

Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination PrS. 02.026 = 29.115 (Assist 4 Running)

T2 Digital I/O 1 Mode PrS. 01.011 = On(1)

T3 Digital I/O 2 Mode PrS.01.012 = Off(0)

T4 Digital I/O 3 Mode PrS.01.013 = Off(0)

T5 Digital I/O 4 Mode PrS.01.014 = On(1)

T7 Input 5 Mode PrS.01.015 = Digital Input(0)

T8 Input 5 Mode PrS.**01.016** = Digital Input(0)

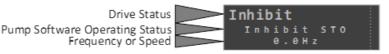
Set Pr 0.000 to Save Parameters and press the red reset button



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Started / Basic Function Information Information Information Basic the Motor	() ntimization Diagnostics
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# 7.5 Pump software operating status

The default status display shows the *Drive Status* Pr **29.101**, the *Pump software Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) and the *Output Frequency* Pr **5.001**(0.069) or *Speed Feedback* Pr **3.002**(0.069).



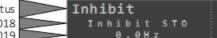
The default status display will be Automatically shown after 4 minutes if no buttons are pressed, or to show it quickly press the Escape button on the keypad.



The bottom 2 rows of the display may be easily customised to suit to the application requirements, although it is highly recommended to keep the *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) displayed.

The following diagram illustrates the parameters responsible for configuring the bottom 2 rows of the status display:

Drive Status Configured by Status Mode Parameter 1 Pr11.018 Configured by Status Mode Parameter 2 Pr11.019



Status Mode Parameter 1 Pr **11.018** and Status Mode Parameter 2 Pr **11.019** are parameter pointers, where the value entered is the parameter number that should be displayed. Any MM.PPP format parameter may be used, however some common parameter selections are given in the table below:

Parameter	Name
1.021	Auto Mode Reference (Single Pump, Cascade or Multi-leader (lead drive)
1.028	Multi-leader assist reference
2.001	Post Ramp Reference
3.002	Speed Feedback (in closed loop mode only)
4.020	Percentage load
5.001	Output Frequency
5.003	Output Power
14.020	PID Reference (in % units)
14.021	PID Feedback (in % units)
14.022	PID Error (in % units)
29.002	Total Run Time
29.003	Operating Status
29.004	Volume
29.005	Flow
29.029	PID Final Setpoint (in user units)
29.036	PID Final Feedback (in user units)
29.037	PID Error (in user units)

To adjust *Status Mode Parameter* 1 Pr **11.018** and *Status Mode Parameter* 2 Pr 1**1.019**, *Menu Access Level* Pr **0.001** must be set to All Menus. The following table lists the possible Pump software operating statuses and their meaning.

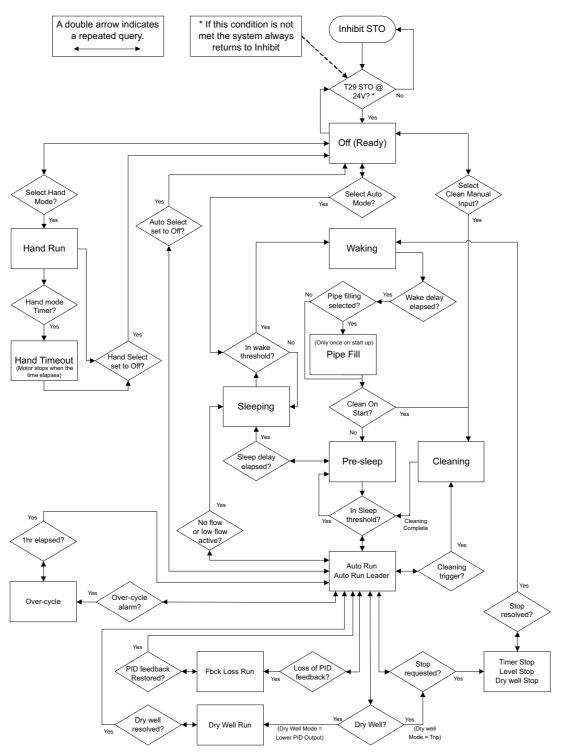
Status	Description
Inhibit STO	The drive is inhibited i.e. the STO input on drive terminal T29 is at 0 V. To enable the drive to move to the Off ( <i>Ready</i> ) state, apply 24 V to drive terminal T29.
Off (Ready)	The drive is hardware enabled and is waiting for a command to run.
Hand Run	The drive is running in Hand mode from a fixed speed reference.
Waking	The drive is in the process of waking i.e. the Wake Detect Delay Pr 29.050(0.041) is timing
Pipe Fill	The Automated pipe filling routine is running.
Auto Run	The drive is running in Single Pump control in Auto mode.
Auto Run Leader	The drive is running in Cascade or Multi-leader control in Auto mode as a leader.
Auto Run Assist	The drive is running in Multi-leader control in Auto mode as an assist
Pre-sleep	The drive is in Pre-sleep i.e. the output frequency or speed is less than <i>Sleep Detect Speed Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.051</b> and the <i>Sleep Detect Delay</i> Pr <b>29.052</b> is counting down. This is shown for a short period when starting in Auto mode while the PID output builds up.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Status		De	scription										
Sleeping		va	The drive is in Auto mode but has gone to sleep. The system enters Sleeping when the motor speed or frequency value satisfies the <i>Sleep Detect Speed Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.051</b> , if no flow from a flow switch, no flow by software detection or low flow is detected.										
Cleaning		Th	e drive is ru	inning the	cleaning o	r de-ragging	routine.						
Level Stop	)					e high-level s or Manual C		reached. See on.	Level Swite	ch High In	<i>put</i> Pr <b>29.0</b> 7	<b>79</b> . This	
Timer Stop	0	Tir		e Run İnp	<i>ut Enable</i> F			et to Off(0), in dule Run Inpu					
Hand Time	eout		,			ning in Hanc reselect Han		the Hand Mod	le Timeout	Pr <b>29.017</b>	elapsed. To	o reset a	
Over-cycle	;		,			,		has started to 2 <b>9.128</b> (0.061).	,	es in this	hour. See C	Over-cycle	
Fbck Loss	Run	PI	D feedback,	and PID	Feedback I		Pr 29.048 = I	ting that there Fixed Speed w Pr <b>01.023</b> .					
Dry Well R	Run	We		d PID Out	out Reduct	<i>ion</i> Pr <b>29.06</b>		ve is running w s state can on					
Dry Well S	Stop	Мо	ode Pr 29.0	<b>59</b> (0.052)	= <i>Trip</i> . Whe		ens, the drive	ve has tripped e will remain s osed.			•		
Auto Stop	Assist					ssist in a Mu sist to run ye		stem, Auto mo	de has bee	n selecte	d, but the sy	/stem	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 7.5.1 Single Pump, Cascade and Multi-leader (leader) state diagram

The following diagram shows the pump software status transitions for Single Pump, Cascade and Multi-leader (leader) as indicated by *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073).

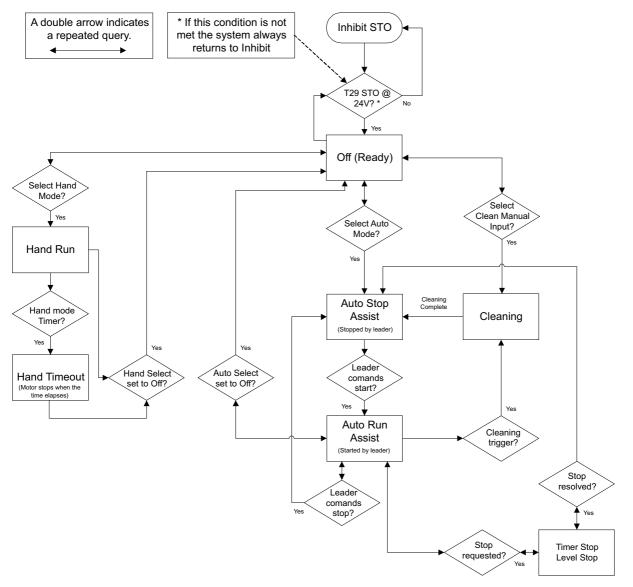


State diagram for Single Pump, Cascade and Multleader (Lead drive)

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.5.2 Multi-leader (assist) state diagram

The following diagram shows the pump software status transitions for Multi-leader (assist) as indicated by Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073).



State diagram for Multi-leader (Assist drive)

# 7.6 Hand mode

Hand mode runs the pump at a user defined fixed speed, from either a digital pre-set or an analog reference. The mode has a timeout facility to prevent continuous running in Hand mode if required.

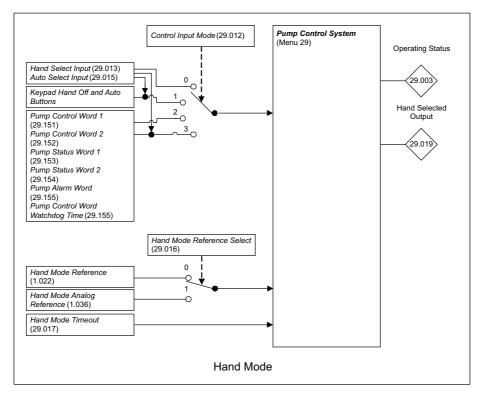
By default, the following setup is made for Hand mode:  $\label{eq:bound}$ 

- Hand mode is selected by either:
  - o Press and hold the Hand key for 2 s.  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HAND}}$
- $\bigcirc$
- o Apply 24 V to Digital input 4 T25
- The frequency or speed setpoint is set using Pr **1.022**(0.026).
- The Hand mode reference will run continuously while selected.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.6.1 Hand mode logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by Hand mode.



#### 7.6.2 Hand mode parameters

The following section details the parameters used by Hand mode.

Parameter	Parameter 29.016 (0.025) Hand Mode Reference Select							
Short Description	Selects the reference type used to define the Hand mode speed							
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	25.0					
Default	0.0 Units minutes							

This selects where the frequency or speed reference comes from when Hand mode is selected. When set to *Digital Speed*, Pr **1.022** sets the reference. When set to *Analog Speed*, by default, a 0 to 10 V signal is applied to analog input 2 T6.

#### NOTE

If a 10 V supply is required an analog output can be setup to provide this, see I/O section 7.4.4.

Param	neter	29.017 Hand Mode Timeout							
Minim	um	0.0	25.0						
Defaul	It	0.0	Units	minutes					

When set to 0.0 minutes, Hand mode timeout is disabled, i.e. the system will run in Hand mode for as long as Hand mode is selected.

When set > 0.0, this sets the time in minutes that Hand mode will be selected for before timing out and stopping the motor, where Operating State

Pr 29.003 changes to Hand Timeout. To reset the Hand mode timeout, Hand mode must be deselected.

Parameter	29.013 Hand Select Input							
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	1					
Default	0.0	Units						

This is the destination for a 24V digital input that is used to select Hand mode. This is used when *Control Input Mode* Pr **29.012** = *Input or Input & Keypad or Ctrl Wrd & Input*. By default, digital input 4 T25 is configured for this purpose.

When Control Input Mode Pr 29.012 = Ctrl Wrd This input is not used.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Parameter 1.036 Hand Mode Analog Referen						erence								
Minimum	Minimum			Minimum VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_RE FS[MIN]			Maximum			VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MAX]				
Default			0.0			Units			Hz or rpm					

Used to receive the final analogue speed / frequency reference in Hand mode. By default, analog input 2 T6 is directed to this parameter, and us used when analog Hand mode reference is selected by setting Hand Mode Reference Select Pr 29.016(0.025) = Analog Speed.

Parameter	1.022 (0.026) Hand Mode Reference								
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] Maximum VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]								
Default	DefaultSTD = 750, US = 900.	Units	Hz or rpm						

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when running in Hand mode and when Hand Mode Reference Select Pr **29.016**(0.025) = Digital Speed.

Parameter	29.019 Hand Selected Output						
Minimum	0	Maximum	1				
Default	0	Units					

When set to On(1), this indicates that Hand mode has been selected. The following conditions must be met for Hand Selected Output Pr **29.019** to become set to On(1):

- Hand Select Input Pr 29.013 = On(1), or Hand button pressed for 2 s, or Pump Control Word 1 Pr 29.151 bit2 = 1.
- The drive is enabled where Hardware Enable Pr 6.029 = On(1). 24 V must be applied to the STO input T29.
- Auto mode hasn't been selected where Auto Select Input Pr 29.015 = Off(0) or Pump Control Word 1 Pr 29.151 bit4 = 0.
- Hand mode time-out is disabled or hasn't timed out via Hand Mode Timeout Pr 29.017.

When set to Off, Hand mode is not selected.

Parameter	29.003 (0.073) Operating Status							
Minimum	0 Maximum 18							
Default	0	Units						

When Hand mode is running *Operating Status* = Hand Run. See section 7.5 Pump software operating status for more information on the operating states.

# 7.7 Auto mode

In Auto Mode, the pump starts Automatically with a start delay when the wake condition is detected, e.g. pressure transducer signal goes below wake threshold. Initially, a pipe fill operation may be performed to remove air from the pipes. An optional PID control then regulates the system to the setpoint e.g. for a constant pressure system, the demand pressure will be regulated by adjusting the motor speed. If the pump detects a stop condition for a defined time period it will Automatically stop and enter the *Sleeping state*. There are four main stop conditions - sleep on low motor speed, software no flow detection, no flow from a flow switch and low flow from a pulsed flow meter. All four conditions can be individually enabled to suit the system requirements.

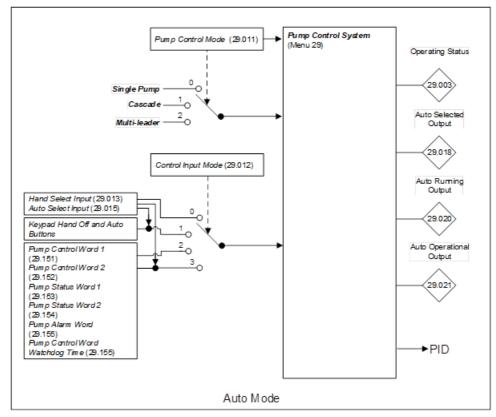
In Cascade or Multi-leader parallel pumping systems, when the leader drive PID output is at maximum, additional assist F600s or soft starters are commanded to run. If the sleeping threshold is reached additional assist F600s or soft starters are commanded to stop.

Optionally, Auto mode can run with no PID control and a fixed frequency or speed reference. This is helpful in tank filling systems that have a fixed head, where the pump starts and stops with level switch control instead of PID demand. See section 7.8 PID and 7.14 Level switches.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.7.1 Auto mode logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by Auto mode.



Note that the PID control is covered separately in section 7.8 PID.

#### 7.7.2 Auto mode parameters

The following section details the parameters used by Auto mode.

Parameter	29.011 (0.021) Pump Control Mode						
Minimum	0	3					
Default	0	Units					

This decides which type of system the F600 drive is being applied to and the behaviour in Auto mode. In *Single Pump*, Auto mode only runs a single independent pump. In Cascade or Multi-leader, when running in Auto mode, up to 2 additional parallel assist pumps are automatically commanded to run as required. See section 7.20 Cascade and 7.21 Multi-leader for more details.

Parameter	29.015 Auto Select Input		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

This is the destination for a 24 V digital input that is used to select Auto mode. This is used when *Control Input Mode* Pr **29.012**(0.024) = *Input or Input & Keypad or Ctrl Wrd & Input*. By default, digital input 5 T26 is configured for this purpose.

When Control Input Mode Pr 29.012(0.024) = Ctrl Wrd This input is not use

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Parameter			29.018 Au	uto Select	ed Output									
Minimum	Minimum		0			Maxim	Maximum			1				
Default		0			Units	Units								

When set to On(1), this indicates that Auto mode has been selected. The following conditions must be met for Auto Selected Output Pr **29.018** to become set to On(1):

- Auto Select Input Pr 29.015 = On(1), or Auto button pressed for 2s, or Pump Control Word 1 Pr 29.151 bit4 = 1.
- The drive is enabled where *Hardware Enable* Pr **6.029** = *On*(*1*). 24V must be applied to the STO input T29.
- Hand mode hasn't been selected where Hand Select Input Pr 29.013 = Off(0) or Pump Control Word 1 Pr 29.151 bit2 = 0.
- The time schedule function is disabled via *Time Schedule Run Input Enable* Pr **29.055**, or *Time Schedule Run Input Enable* Pr **29.055** = *On(1)*

and Time Schedule Run Input Pr 29.056 = On(1).

Parameter	29.020 Auto Running Output					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				

When set to On(1), this indicates that Auto mode is selected, and the motor is energised.

Parameter	29.021 Auto Operational Output	29.021 Auto Operational Output					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1				
Default	0	Units					

When set to On(1), this indicates that Auto mode is selected, and the system is sleeping (motor stopped) or running (motor energised).

Parameter	29.003 (0.073) Operating Status					
Minimum	0	Maximum	18			
Default	0	Units				

When Auto mode is running:

• Operating Status = Auto Run in Single Pump mode.

• Operating Status = Auto Leader Run in Cascade and Multi-leader mode, where a Multi-leader drive is the system leader.

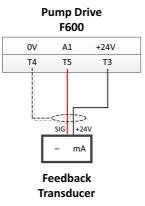
• Operating Status = Auto Assist Run in Multi-leader mode, where the Multi-leader drive is an assist to the leader.

See section 7.5 Pump software operating status for more information on the operating states.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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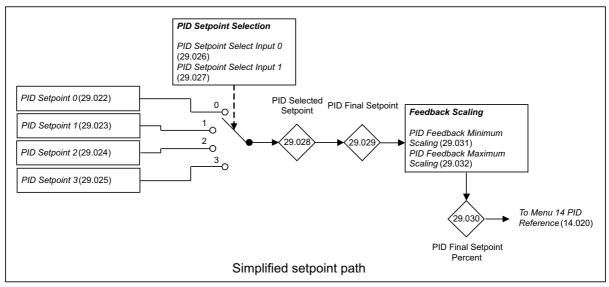
# 7.8 PID

The main process PID controller is used to modify the motor frequency or speed between the minimum and maximum in order to match the feedback to the setpoint while the system is in Auto mode. By default, the main process PID feedback is connected to Analog input 1 T5 and requires a 4-20 mA signal, (the signal type may be changed if required). In a Multi-leader system, each F600 may have a pressure feedback device to offer to best redundancy, or a 4-20 mA signal duplicator may be used and a single feedback transducer signal can then be split between the drives.



The feedback transducer defines the units that the main process PID controls in, e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor, then the PID is a pressure controller. The scaling defined by *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.031), where the PID feedback and setpoint will be in the units defined by the scaling. By default, the scaling is setup for percent units i.e. 0.00 % to 100.00 %.

The system has up to 4 selectable PID setpoints depending on the system requirements; selecting the different setpoints is done using *PID Setpoint Select Input 0* Pr **29.026** and *PID Setpoint Select Input 1* Pr **29.027**. By default, the system is setup to accept a single *PID setpoint, PID Setpoint 0* Pr **29.022**(0.029).



The resulting feedback and setpoint, *PID Final Feedback Percent* Pr **29.035** and *PID Final Setpoint Percent* Pr **29.030**, are passed to PID1 the main process PID in Menu 14 to control the motor frequency or speed, where the output of PID1 is routed to *Auto Mode Reference* Pr **1.021**.

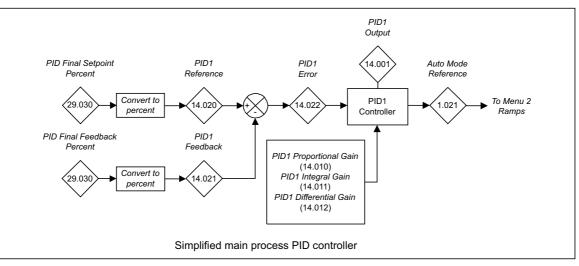
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.8.1 PID tuning

The default PID loop gains are a good starting point when commissioning the system, however, each system has different characteristics and tuning may be required. If the PID loop needs to be tuned to it is recommended that CT Scope is used to monitor the following parameters:

- PID1 Reference Pr 14.020(0.066)
- PID1 Feedback Pr 14.021(0.067)

While monitoring the PID reference, feedback and error using CT Scope, adjust *PID1 Proportional Gain* Pr **14.010**(0.064) and *PID1 Integral Gain* Pr **14.011**(0.065). It may be helpful to vary the PID setpoint between two values in order to see the performance of the PID As a starting point while changing the gains, the best practice when stiffening the PID loop performance is to double both *PID1 Proportional Gain* Pr **14.010**(0.064) and *PID1 Integral Gain* Pr **14.011**(0.065) to maintain the balance between the two gains. It is not recommended to introduce differential gain as this tends to introduce noise to the main process PID control loop, and for this reason by default *PID1 Differential Gain* Pr **14.012** is set to 0.000.



The PID controller output is defined as follows:

*PID1 Output* Pr **14.001** = *PID1 Error* Pr **14.022** x [Kp + Ki/s + sKd / (0.064s + 1)]

Kp = PID1 Proportional Gain Pr 14.010(0.064)

Ki = *PID1 Integral Gain* Pr **14.011**(0.065)

#### Kd = *PID1 Differential Gain* Pr **14.012**

Therefore:

- If PID1 Error Pr 14.022 = 100.00 % the proportional term gives a value of 100.00% if PID1 Proportional Gain Pr 14.010(0.064) = 1.000.
- If *PID1 Error* Pr **14.022** = 100.00 % the integral term gives a value that increases linearly by 100.00 % per second if *PID1 Integral Gain* Pr **14.011**(0.065) = 1.000.
- If PID1 Error Pr 14.022 increases linearly by 100.00 % per second, the differential term gives a value of 100.00 % if PID1 Differential Gain Pr 14.012 = 1.000. (A filter with a time constant of 64 ms is provided on the differential gain to reduce the noise produced by this term.)

Note that for a very rapid response, <1 s to full output, the default acceleration and deceleration rates configured by *General Acceleration Rate* Pr **2.011**(0.027) and *General Deceleration Rate* Pr **2.021**(0.028) may require adjustment.

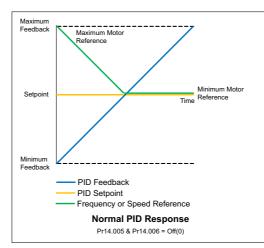
#### 7.8.2 Inverting the main process PID error response

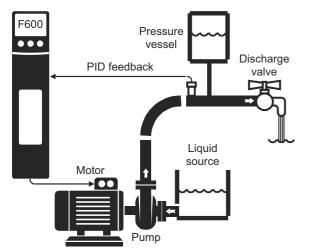
*PID1 Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** may be used in combination with *PID1 Feedback Invert* Pr **14.006** to invert the response characteristics of the main process PID. This is helpful in applications where if the feedback value is greater than the setpoint the system motor should speed up rather than slow down as it does with a normal error response.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 7.8.2.1 Normal PID Error response

If *PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** and PID1 *Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** = *Off(0)* then the main process PID will give a normal error response characteristic. See the following diagram:



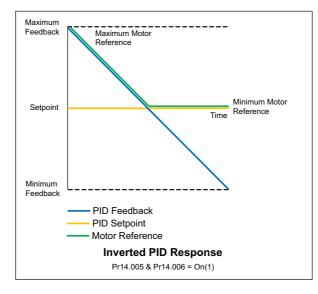


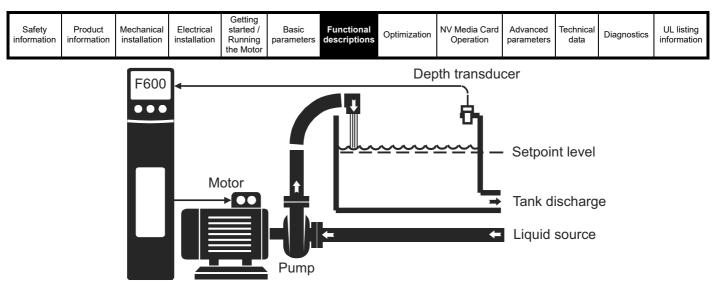
Normal error response example:

A pumping system with a pressure feedback device gives a high PID output with a low pressure, and a low PID output with high pressure. In this scenario when the feedback is above the setpoint, the setpoint the motor reference will reduce down to the minimum since the pressure is greater than the setpoint value.

#### 7.8.2.2 Inverted PID Error response

If *PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** and *PID1 Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** = *On(1)* then the main process PID will give an inverted error response characteristic. See the following diagram:





Inverted error response example:

A tank emptying system with a depth feedback device gives a high PID output with a high depth, and a low PID output with low depth. In this scenario when the feedback is above the setpoint, the motor reference will increase up to the maximum to empty the water rapidly since the liquid level is too high. If the liquid level is low the PID output will reduce, allowing the tank to fill.

Note that the Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) changes function depending on the state of PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005.

- If *PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** and *PID1 Reference Invert* Pr**1 4.005** = *Off(0)* then the feedback must be less than *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) for the system to wake.
- If PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005 = On(1) then the feedback must be greater than Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) for the system to wake.

#### 7.8.3 Disabling the PID for fixed speed systems

For some applications the PID is not necessary when running in Auto mode e.g. if filling a tank using level switches with a fixed head. In a fixed speed application:

- The main process PID is disabled while running in Auto mode by setting PID Enable Pr 14.008 to Off(0).
- The fixed speed reference used while running in Auto is set by PID Disabled / Feedback Loss Reference Pr 1.023.

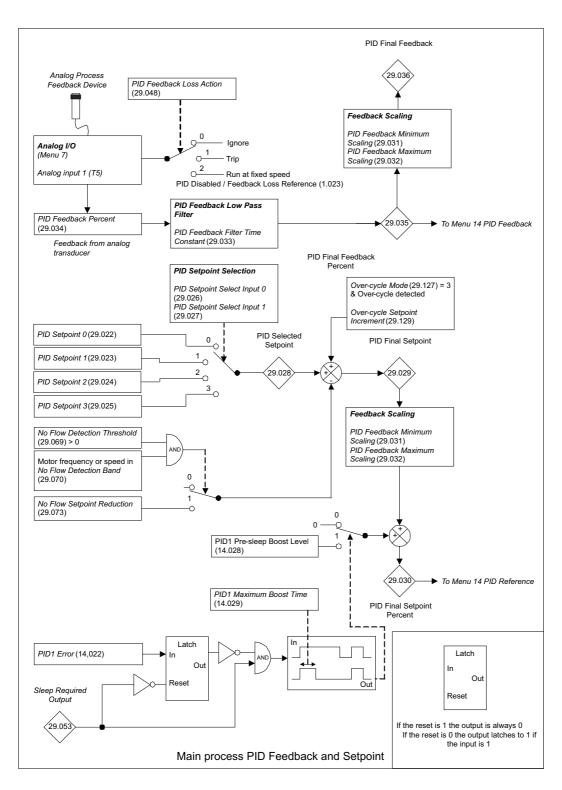
When the main process PID is disabled, the following features are affected:

- PID pressure control this is disabled.
- Waking / Starting the system will start immediately after the start time elapses.
- Sleeping / Stopping the system will only stop if low flow or no flow from a flow switch is detected.
- Pipe filling only available if a flow sensor or a flow switch is fitted.
- Feedback High / Low detection Only available if a feedback device is connected.
- Software no flow detection this is disabled.
- · Dry well low load detection this is disabled.

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	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.8.4 PID feedback and setpoint logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the PID feedback and setpoint



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#### 7.8.5 PID feedback and setpoint parameters

The following section details the parameters used by the PID feedback and setpoint.

Parameter	29.022 (0.029) PID Setpoint 0					
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67			
Default	0.00	Units	UU			

This is the main process PID setpoint and is selected by default, since the PID setpoint select inputs, *PID Setpoint Select Input 0* Pr **29.026** and *PID Setpoint Select Input 1* Pr **29.027** are set to *Off(0)* by default.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a

pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.023 PID Setpoint 1							
Minimum	0.00	0.00 Maximum 327.67						
Default	0.00	Units	UU					

This is an additional setpoint and requires the PID setpoint select inputs, PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr **29.026** and PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr **29.027**, to command it. If PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr **29.026** = On(1) and PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr **29.027** = Off(0), PID Setpoint 1 Pr **29.023** is selected.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a

pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.024 PID Setpoint 2					
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67			
Default	0.00	Units	UU			

This is an additional setpoint and requires the PID setpoint select inputs, PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr **29.026** and PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr **29.027**, to command it. If PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr **29.026** = Off(0) and PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr **29.027** = On(1), PID Setpoint 2 Pr **29.023** is selected.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a

pressure setpoint with the same scaling

Parameter	29.025 PID Setpoint 3				
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67		
Default	0.00	Units	UU		

This is an additional setpoint and requires the PID setpoint select inputs, *PID Setpoint Select Input 0* Pr **29.026** and *PID Setpoint Select Input 1* Pr **29.027**, to command it. If *PID Setpoint Select Input 0* Pr **29.026** = *On(1)* and *PID Setpoint Select Input 1* Pr **29.027** = *On(1)*, *PID Setpoint 3* Pr **29.023** is selected.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a

pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Par	rameter	29.026 PID Setpoint Select Input 0				
Min	nimum	0	Maximum	1		
Def	fault	0	Units			

PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr 29.026 is used in combination with PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr 29.027 to select the 4 different main process PID setpoints. By default, both inputs are set to Off where PID Setpoint 0 Pr 29.022(0.029) is selected.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr29.026 Value	PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr29.027 Value	Result
Off(0)	Off(0)	<i>PID Setpoint 0</i> Pr <b>29.022</b> (0.029) is selected.
On(1)	Off(0)	PID Setpoint 1 Pr 29.023 is selected.
Off(0)	On(1)	PID Setpoint 2 Pr 29.024 is selected.
On(1)	On(1)	PID Setpoint 3 Pr 29.025 is selected.

Parameter	29.027 PID Setpoint Select Input 1				
Minimum	0	Maximum	1		
Default	0	Units			

PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr 29.027 is used in combination with PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr 29.026 to select the 4 different main process PID setpoints. By default, both inputs are set to Off where PID Setpoint 0 Pr 29.022(0.029) is selected.

See PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr 29.026 for the selection table.

Parameter	29.028 PID Selected Setpoint				
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67		
Default	0.00	Units	UU		

This indicates the value of the setpoint selected by PID Setpoint Select Input 0 Pr 29.026 and PID Setpoint Select Input 1 Pr 29.027.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031(0.030) and PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr 29.032(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a

pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.029 PID Final Setpoint					
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67			
Default	0.00	Units	UU			

This indicates the final value of the setpoint passed to the main process PID reference setpoint PID1 Reference Pr 14.020 shown in feedback units. PID Final Setpoint Pr 29.029 = PID Selected Setpoint Pr 29.028 - No Flow Setpoint Reduction Pr 29.073.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031(0.030) and PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr 29.032(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.30 PID Final Setpoint Percent				
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	100.00		
Default	0.00	Units	%		

This indicates the final value of the setpoint passed to the main process PID reference setpoint PID1 Reference Pr 14.020 in percent units. PID Final Setpoint Percent Pr 29.030 = 100 \* (PID Selected Setpoint Pr 29.028 - No Flow Setpoint Reduction Pr 29.073) / (PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr 29.032 - PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031).

Parameter	29.31 (0.030) PID Feedback Minimum Scaling					
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67			
Default	0.00	Units	UU			

PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031(0.030) defines the minimum value for the main process PID feedback, provided by a transducer connected to Analog input 1 T5. PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031(0.030) is used in combination with PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr 29.032 to define to feedback scaling.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 29.32 (0.031) PID Feedback Maximum Scaling											
Minimum	Minimum 0.00			Maxim	Maximum 327.67							
Default	Default 100.00		Units	Units		UU						

PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr **29.032**(0.031) defines the maximum value for the main process PID feedback, provided by a transducer connected to Analog input 1 T5. PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr **29.031**(0.030) is used in combination with PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr **29.032**(0.031) to define to feedback scaling.

Parameter	29.33 PID Feedback Filter Time Constant				
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67		
Default	1.00	Units	S		

This is the time constant in seconds for the low pass filter used to condition the value from the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 T5. For a step change in feedback value, after 5 x the filter time constant the input and output of the filter will be approximately equal e.g. if the time

constant is 1 s, after a step change in feedback, after 5 s the output will approximately match the input.

The input to the filter is PID Feedback Percent Pr 29.034 and the output from the filter is PID Final Feedback Percent Pr 29.035.

Parameter	29.34 PID Feedback Percent						
Minimum	-100.00 Maximum 100.00						
Default	0.00	Units	%				

This parameter is the destination for the main process PID feedback analog input. by default, Analog input 1 T5 is routed to this parameter. This value is filtered, (see *PID Feedback Filter Time Constant* Pr **29.033**(0.032)), where the result of the filter is passed to *PID Final Feedback Percent* Pr **29.035** which is used as the main process PID feedback value.

Parameter	29.35 PID Final Feedback Percent						
Minimum	-100.00	100.00					
Default	0.00	Units	%				

This parameter is the output of the main process PID feedback filter and is routed to the main process PID Feedback reference source in Menu 14.

See PID Feedback Filter Time Constant Pr 29.033(0.032).

Parar	meter	29.36 PID Final Feedback					
Minim	num	-327.68 Maximum 327.67					
Defau	ult	0.00	Units	UU			

This parameter is the output of the main process PID feedback filter, scaled into feedback units via *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.032).

PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036 = PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031 + (PID Final Feedback Percent Pr 29.035 \* (PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr 29.032 - PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031) / 100).

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

See PID Feedback Filter Time Constant Pr 29.033(0.032).

Parameter	29.37 PID Error		
Minimum	-327.68	Maximum	327.67
Default	0.00	Units	UU

This indicates the main process PID Error in feedback units.

PID Error Pr 29.037 = PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031 + (PID1 Error Pr 14.022 \* (PID Feedback Maximum Scaling Pr 29.032 - PID Feedback Minimum Scaling Pr 29.031) / 100).

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure setpoint with the same scaling.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramete	er		29.048 <i>PI</i>	D Feedba	ick Loss Ac	tion							
Minimum	Minimum		0			Maxim	Maximum			2			

This chooses the action of the software when there is a total loss of PID feedback, as indicated by Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss Pr 07.028 = On(1), which shows when there is a connection fault to a 4-20mA transducer. If Analog Input 1 Mode Pr 7.007 is set to Volt(6) for 0 to 10V operation, this parameter has no effect. The table below shows the options available:

Units

Mode	Value	Description					
Ignore	0	Ignore the feedback loss - do nothing.					
Trip	1	Trip the drive, ( <i>PID Feedbk Loss</i> ).					
Fixed Speed2	2	Run at a fixed speed defined by <i>PID Disabled / Feedback Loss Reference</i> Pr <b>01.023</b> .					

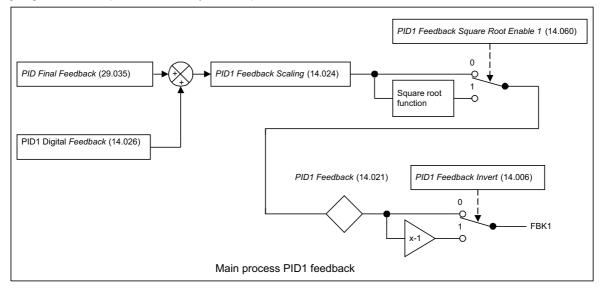
Default

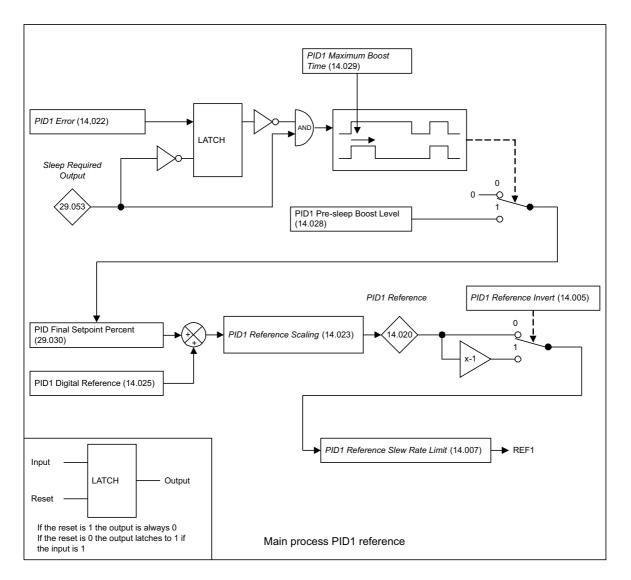
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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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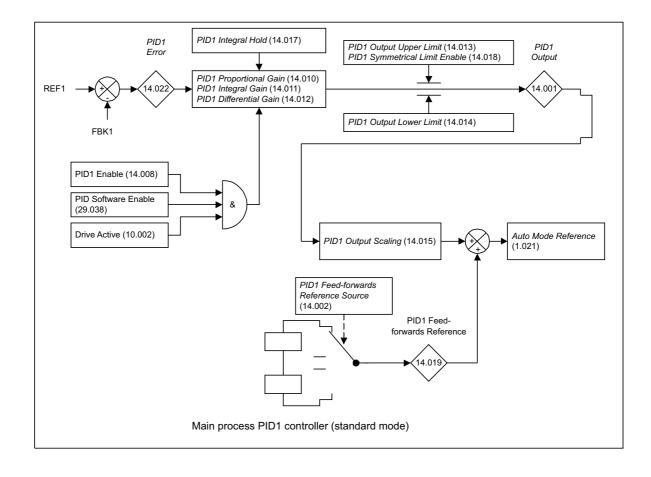
# 7.8.6 Main process PID logic diagrams

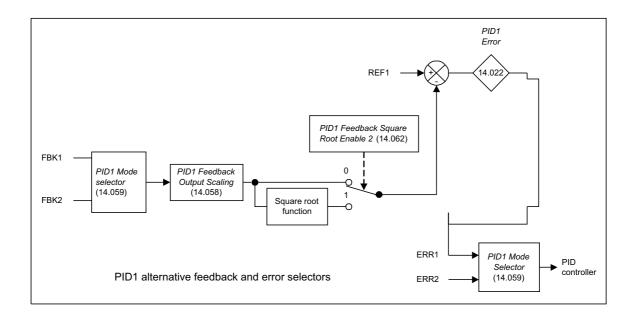
The following diagrams show the parameters used by the main process PID.





Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 7.8.7 Main process PID parameters

The following section details the parameters used by the main process PID.

Parameter	14.001 PID1 Output					
Minimum	-100	Maximum	100			
Default		Units	%			

PID1 is used as the main process PID controller by the Pump software. The output from the PID controller is routed to Auto Mode Reference Pr 1.021.

The structure of PID controller 1 shown in section 7.8.6 is when *PID1 Mode Selector* Pr **14.059** = 0, PID1 *Feedback Output Scaling* Pr **14.058** = 1.000, and *PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable* 2 Pr **14.062** = 0. If the PID enable inputs are inactive (Pr **14.008**, Pr **29.038** and Pr **10.002** = *Off(0)*), all internal states are held at zero and the destination parameter will be defined by *PID1 Feed-forwards Reference* Pr **14.019** alone.

PID1 Error Pr **14.022** is the difference between the reference and feedback produced by the reference and feedback systems described in the previous sections. The PID controller output is defined as follows:

PID1 Output Pr 14.001 = PID1 Error Pr 14.022 x [Kp + Ki/s + sKd / (0.064 s + 1)]

Kp = PID1 Proportional Gain Pr 14.010

Ki = PID1 Integral Gain Pr 14.011

Kd = *PID1 Differential Gain* Pr **14.012** 

Therefore:

1. If PID1 Error Pr 14.022Pr = 100.00 % the proportional term gives a value of 100.00% if PID1 Proportional Gain Pr 14.010 = 1.000.

2. If *PID1 Erro*r Pr **14.022** = 100.00 % the integral term gives a value that increases linearly by 100.00 % per second if *PID1 Integral Gain* Pr **14.011** = 1.000.

3. If *PID1 Error* Pr **14.022** increases linearly by 100.00 % per second the differential term gives a value of 100.00 % if *PID1 Differential Gain* Pr **14.012** = 1.000. (A filter with a time constant of 64 ms is provided on the differential gain to reduce the noise produced by this term.)

The output may be limited to a range that is less than the maximum range of *PID1 Output* Pr **14.001** using *PID1 Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013** and *PID1 Output Lower Limit* Pr **14.014**. If PID1 *Output Lower Limit* Pr **14.014** > PID1 *Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013** then the output is held at the value defined by *PID1 Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013**. If *PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable* Pr **14.018** = 1 then the lower limit = - (*PID1 Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013**). If the output reaches either of these limits the integral term accumulator is frozen until the output moves away from the limit to prevent integral wind-up. The integral hold function can also be enabled by the user by setting *PID1 Integral Hold* Pr **14.017** = 1.

*PID1 Output Scaling* Pr **14.015** can be used to scale the output, which is limited to a range from -100.00 % to 100.00 % after this function. The output is then added to *PID1 Feed-forwards Reference* Pr **14.019** and is again limited to the range from -100.00 % to 100.00 % before being routed to the destination defined by *PID1 Destination* Pr **14.016**.

Parameter	14.002 PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source						
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 59.999						
Default	0.000	Units					

*PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source* Pr **14.002** is used to set the source parameter for PID1 feedforward reference source. It is not used by default by the Pump software but may be added if required.

See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.003 PID1 Reference Source						
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 59.999						
Default	29.030	Units					

*PID1 Reference Source* Pr **14.003** is used to set the source parameter for PID1 reference source. By default, it is pointed at *PID Final Setpoint Percent* Pr **29.030** so it is serviced by the Pump software. It is not recommended to change this.

Parameter	14.004 PID1 Feedback Source				
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 59.999				
Default	29.030	Units			

*PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** is used to set the source parameter for PID1 feedback source. By default, it is pointed at *PID Final Feedback Percent* Pr **29.035** so it is serviced by the Pump software. It is not recommended to change this.

Safety Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Parameter	14.005 PID1 Reference Invert			
Minimum	0	Maximum	1	
Default	0	Units		

PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005 may be used in combination with PID1 Feedback Invert Pr 14.006 to invert the response characteristics of the main process PID.

If *PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** and *PID1 Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** = *Off(0)* then the main process PID will give a normal error response characteristic.

If *PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** and *PID1 Reference Invert* Pr1**4.005** = *On(1)* then the main process PID will give an inverted error response characteristic.

See section 7.8.2 Inverting the main process PID error response

#### NOTE

The Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049 changes function depending on the state of PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005.

See Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) and PID1 Reference Pr 14.020.

Parameter	14.006 PID1 Feedback Invert				
Minimum	0 Maximum 1				
Default	0	Units			

PID1 Feedback Invert Pr 14.006 may be used in combination with PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005 to invert the response characteristics of the main process PID.

See PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005 and PID1 Reference Pr 14.020.

Parameter	14.007 PID1 Reference Slew Rate				
Minimum	0.0 Maximum 3200.0				
Default	0.0	Units	S		

This introduces a fixed rate slew function that may be used to filter an incoming reference to the PID e.g. if the Pump software setpoint is derived from a noisy analog source such as a potentiometer.

See PID1 Reference Source Pr 14.003.

Parameter	14.008 PID1 Enable		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	1	Units	

*PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008** provides a means for the user to disable the main process PID for systems that don't require the motor speed to be controlled in order to reach a particular setpoint. Typically, it used by pumping systems that fill a tank with a fixed head, where high level and low level switches are used to command the pump to start or stop, (see *Level Switch Mode* Pr **29.082**).

When *PID1* Enable Pr **14.008** = *On(1)* and Auto is selected, *Auto Select Input* Pr **29.015** = On(1), the main process PID output reference is selected, *Auto Mode Reference* Pr **1.021**.

When PID1 Enable Pr **14.008** = Off(0) and Auto is selected, the main process PID is disabled and the drive will run from the fixed speed reference set by PID Disabled / Feedback Loss Reference Pr **01.023**. See section 7.8.3 Disabling the PID for fixed speed systems.

#### See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.009 PID1 Enable Source 1				
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 59.999				
Default	29.038	Units			

By default, *PID1 Enable Source 1* Pr **14.009** is directed to *PID Software Enable* Pr **29.038** as required by Pump software to operate correctly. This allows the Pump software to control when the PID is enabled or disabled. It is recommended to leave *PID1 Enable Source 1* Pr **14.009** set at the default value for normal Pump operation.

The user can still manually disable the PID if required by setting PID1 Enable Pr 14.008 to Off(0).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 14.010 PID1 Proportional Gain											
Minimum			0.000			Maxim	um	2	1.000			
Default			2.000			Units						

PID1 Proportional Gain Pr **14.010**(0.064) is the main process PID1 loop proportional gain. The default value of 2.000 is a good starting point for most applications. CT Scope may be used to tune the main process PID loop once the drive is operational to refine the performance according to the applications needs.

#### See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.011 PID1 Integral Gain				
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 4.000				
Default	1.000	Units			

*PID1 Integral Gain* Pr **14.011**(0.065) is the main process PID1 loop integral gain. The default value of 1.000 is a good starting point for most applications. CT Scope may be used to tune the main process PID loop once the drive is operational to refine the performance according to the applications needs.

#### See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.012 PID1 Differential Gain				
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 4.000				
Default	0.000	Units			

PID1 Differential Gain Pr14.012 is the main process PID1 loop differential gain. The default value of 0.000 is a good starting point for most applications. Note that the differential gain gives an output proportional to the rate of change of error which for most systems only serves to amplify feedback noise; it is recommended to leave this at 0.000.

#### See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.013 PID1 Output Upper Limit				
Minimum	0.00 Maximum 100.00				
Default	100.00	Units	%		

PID1 Output Upper Limit Pr 14.013 defines the PID output upper limit in percent units. It is written to by the Pump software and can't be modified by the user.

If Dry Well Low Load Mode Pr **29.059** = Lower PID Output and a dry well condition has been detected, *PID1 Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013** is set to Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction Pr **29.060**.

For all other conditions PID1 Output Upper Limit Pr 14.013 is set to 100.00 %, as required by normal PID operation.

#### See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.014 PID1 Output Lower Limit				
Minimum	-100.00 Maximum 100.00				
Default	0.00	Units	%		

*PID1 Output Lower Limit* Pr **14.014** sets the minimum output for the main process PID, where the default of 0 % is recommended such that reverse rotation of the pump is prevented, while running in Auto mode.

See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.015 PID1 Output Scaling				
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 4.000				
Default	1.000	Units			

*PID1 Output Scaling* Pr **14.015** implements a PID output scaling function. It is recommended to leave this at the default of 1.000 for normal operation. See 14.001 *PID1 Output*.

Parameter	14.016 PID1 Integral Hold				
Minimum	0	Maximum	1		
Default	0	Units			

By default, this is directed to *Auto Mode Reference* Pr **01.021**, as required by Pump software to operate correctly in Auto mode. See 14.001 *PID1 Output*.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Carc Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 14.017 PID1 Destination											
Minimum			0.000			Maxim	ım	ę	59.999			

Units

# Default

*PID1 Integral Hold* Pr **14.017** is used to prevent PID integral term from winding up in some applications. The default of *Off(0)* is suitable for most Pump applications.

See 14.001 PID1 Output .

1.021

Parameter	14.018 PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable				
Minimum	0	1			
Default	0	Units			

When PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable Pr 14.018 = Off(0), PID1 Output Upper Limit Pr 14.013 and PID1 Output Lower Limit Pr 14.014 define the main process PID output limits.

When *PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable* Pr **14.018** = *On(1)*, *PID1 Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013** defines the main process PID output limits where the lower limit = -(*PID1 Output Upper Limit* Pr **14.013**).

The default of Off(0) is recommended such that reverse rotation of the pump is prevented, while running in Auto mode.

#### See 14.001 PID1 Output .

Parameter	14.019 PID1 Feed-forwards Reference				
Minimum	-100.00	100.00			
Default		Units	%		

PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Pr 14.019 indicates the level of the PID1 feed-forward reference, pointed to by PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source Pr 14.002, in percent units.

Parameter	14.020 PID1 Reference				
Minimum	-100.00	100.00			
Default		Units	%		

*PID1 Reference* Pr **14.020** indicates the level of the PID1 reference, which is the sum of the parameter pointed to by *PID1 Reference Source* Pr **14.003** and *PID1 Digital Reference* Pr **14.025**, multiplied by *PID1 Reference Scaling* Pr **14.023**, in percent units.

The reference sections are always active even if the PID controller itself is disabled or the reference sources are not routed to valid parameters. If a reference source is not a valid parameter or is 0.000 then the value is taken as zero.

The reference is the sum of the reference source, *PID1 Digital Reference* Pr **14.025** and the *PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level* Pr **14.028**) when it is active. The result is multiplied by *PID1 Reference Scaling* Pr **14.023** and then limited to +/-100.00 %. The reference can then be inverted if required (PID1 Reference Invert Pr **14.005** = 1) and then a slew rate limit is applied with *PID1 Reference Slew Rate* Pr **14.007**. This limits the maximum rate of

change so that a change from 0.00 to 100.00 % takes the time given in PID1 Reference Slew Rate Pr 14.007.

Parameter	14.021 PID1 Feedback				
Minimum	-100.00	100.00			
Default		Units	%		

*PID1 Feedback* Pr **14.021** indicates the level of the PID1 feedback, which is the sum of the parameter pointed to by *PID1 Feedback Source* Pr **14.004** and *PID1 Digital Feedback* Pr **14.026**, multiplied by *PID1 Feedback Scaling* Pr **14.024**, in percent units.

The feedback sections are always active even if the PID controller itself is disabled or the feedback sources are not routed to valid parameters. If a feedback source is not a valid parameter or is 0.000 then the value is taken as zero.

The feedback is the sum of the feedback source and the *PID1 Digital Feedback* Pr **14.026**. The result is multiplied by *PID1 Feedback Scaling* Pr **14.024** and then limited to +/-100.00 %. A square root function can be applied (*PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 1* Pr **14.060** = 1) and the feedback can then be inverted if required (*PID1 Feedback Invert* Pr **14.006** = 1). The square root function is defined as follows.

Square root function output = Sign(Input) x 100.00 % x  $\sqrt{(|Input| / 100.00 \%)}$ 

where Sign(Input) = 1 if Input  $\geq$  0 or -1 otherwise

The square root function is useful in applications where the PID controller is operating with flow as its reference and feedback and the motor is controlling a pump. It is easier to use a pressure transducer than a flow transducer, and so the feedback from the transducer needs to be converted from pressure to flow. As flow = Constant x  $\sqrt{Pressure}$  the square root function can be used in the conversion.

ir	Safety nformation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Paramete	er		14.022 Pi	ID1 Error								
	Minimum			-100.00			Maxir	num		00.00			
	Default						Units		ç	6			
ΡI	PID1 Error Pr 14.022 indicates the main process PID error in percent units.												
	Paramete	er		14.023 Pi	ID1 Refere	ence Scalin	g						

1 arameter					
Minimum	0.000	Maximum	4.000		
Default	1.000	Units			

PID1 Reference Scaling Pr 14.023 implements a PID reference scaling function that is applied to the sum of the parameter pointed to by PID1 Reference Source Pr 14.003 and PID1 Digital Reference Pr 14.025. It is recommended to leave this at the default of 1.000 for normal operation.

Parameter	14.024 PID1 Reference Scaling				
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 4.000				
Default	1.000	Units			

PID1 Feedback Scaling Pr 14.024 implements a PID reference scaling function that is applied to the sum of the parameter pointed to by PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Digital Feedback Pr 14.026. It is recommended to leave this at the default of 1.000 for normal operation.

Parameter	14.025 PID1 Digital Reference				
Minimum	-100.00	Maximum	100.00		
Default	0.00	Units	%		

PID1 Digital Reference Pr 14.025 is summed with PID1 Reference Source Pr 14.003, after conversion to a percentage of the parameter maximum, and passed to PID1 Reference Scaling Pr 14.023. It may be used to provide an offset to PID1 Reference Source Pr 14.003.

For normal operation of the Pump software, it is recommended to leave PID1 Digital Reference Pr 14.025 at the default of 0.00 %.

Parameter	14.026 PID1 Digital Feedback				
Minimum	-100.00	Maximum	100.00		
Default	0.00	Units	%		

PID1 Digital Feedback Pr 14.026 is summed with PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004, after conversion to a percentage of the parameter maximum, and passed to PID1 Feedback Scaling Pr 14.024. It may be used to provide an offset to PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004.

For normal operation of the Pump software, it is recommended to leave PID1 Digital Feedback Pr 14.026 at the default of 0.00 %.

Parameter	14.027 PID1 Enable Source 2					
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 59.999					
Default	10.002	Units				

By default, *PID1 Enable Source 2* Pr **14.027** is pointed to *Drive Active* Pr **10.002** as required by Pump software to operate correctly. This ensures that the PID is only enabled when the motor is energised. It is recommended to leave *PID1 Enable Source 2* Pr **14.027** set at the default value for normal Pump operation.

The user can still manually disable the PID if required by setting PID1 Enable Pr14.008 to Off(0).

Parameter	14.028 PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level						
Minimum	0.00 Maximum 100.00						
Default	0.00	Units	%				

*PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level* Pr **14.028** is used to provide a small amount of PID reference boost as the drive enters *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042), as indicated by *Sleep Required Output* Pr **29.053**. The boost level is only applied for a maximum of *PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time* Pr **14.029** seconds.

This feature is a benefit in pumping systems where the output of the pump is controlled by a valve. In this scenario boosting the setpoint by a small amount can help prevent the system from going to sleep as often, and in the event that the system does go to sleep the boost in pump output will hold the system in sleep for longer reducing pump wear and running costs.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 14.029 PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximul				um Boost Tir	ne							
Minimum	Minimum 0.00		Maxim	um	2	250.00						
Default	Default 0.00		Units		s	1						

The PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Pr 14.028 is only applied for a maximum of PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time Pr 14.029 seconds.

#### See PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Pr 14.028.

Parameter	14.058 PID1 Feedback Output Scaling					
Minimum	0.000 Maximum 4.000					
Default	1.000	Units				

*PID1 Feedback Output Scaling* Pr**14.058** is used scale the result PID feedback after the effect of *PID1 Mode Selector* Pr**14.059** has been applied. *PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable* 2 Pr**14.062** can be used in converting the output of the combined feedback from pressure to flow. It is easier to use a pressure transducer than a flow transducer, and so the feedback from the transducer needs to be converted from pressure to flow. As flow = Constant x  $\sqrt{Pressure}$  the square root function can be used in the conversion.

See PID1 Mode Selector Pr14.059.

Parameter	14.059 PID1 Mode Selector						
Minimum	0 Maximum 7						
Default	0	Units					

The description given in *PID1 Output* Pr **14.001** assumed that *PID1 Mode Selector* Pr **14.059** = 0 so that PID controller 1 uses its own feedback (FBK1). It is possible to select alternative configurations that allow various combinations of feedback or error from either PID controller to be used as shown below.

*PID1 Mode Selector* Pr **14.059** can be used to select the feedback and error as shown in the table below. It should be noted that PID controller 2 will operate normally even when its feedback or error has been selected for PID controller 1. However, if *PID1 Mode Selector* Pr **14.059** is non-zero PID controller 2 enable is controlled directly by the enable state of PID controller 1.

PID1 Mode Selector Pr14.059	Feedback	Error
0: Fbk1	FBK1	ERR1
1: Fbk2	FBK2	ERR1
2: Fbk1 + Fbk2	FBK1 + FBK2	ERR1
3: Min Fbk	Lowest of FBK1 or FBK2	ERR1
4: Max Fbk	Highest of FBK1 or FBK2	ERR1
5: Av Fbk	(FBK1 + FBK2) / 2	ERR1
6: Min Error	FBK1	If  ERR1  ≤  ERR2  then ERR1 Else ERR2
7: Max Error	FBK1	If  ERR1  ≥  ERR2  then ERR1 Else ERR2

Parameter	14.060 Feedback Square Root Enable 1					
Minimum	0 Maximum 1					
Default	0	Units				

*PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 1* Pr **14.060** applies a square root function to *PID1 Feedback* Pr **14.021**, and the feedback can then be inverted if required, (*PID1 Feedback Invert* Pr **14.006** = 1). The square root function is defined as follows.

Square root function output = Sign(Input) x 100.00% x \/(|Input| / 100.00%)

Where Sign(Input) = 1 if Input  $\ge$  0 or -1 otherwise

The square root function is useful in applications where the PID controller is operating with flow as its reference and feedback and the motor is controlling a pump. It is easier to use a pressure transducer than a flow transducer, and so the feedback from the transducer needs to be converted from pressure to flow. As flow = Constant x  $\sqrt{Pressure}$  the square root function can be used in the conversion.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 14.062 Feedback Square Root Er				t Enable 1								
Minimum	Minimum 0		Maxim	Maximum								
Default			0			Units						

*PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable* 2 Pr **14.062** can be used in converting the output of the combined feedback from pressure to flow. It is easier to use a pressure transducer than a flow transducer, and so the feedback from the transducer needs to be converted from pressure to flow. As flow = Constant x  $\sqrt{Pressure}$  the square root function can be used in the conversion. See *PID1 Feedback Output Scaling* Pr **14.058**.

# 7.9 PID thresholds

The PID thresholds offer system protection against situations where the main process PID is High or Low and provide an indication when the main process PID is at the setpoint.

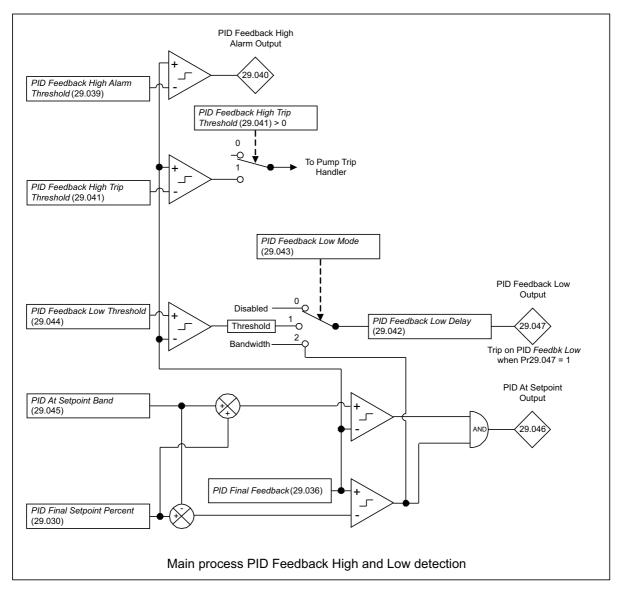
The PID feedback high detection thresholds provide alarm and trip detection when the main process PID feedback is high e.g. if the feedback device is a pressure transducer then this function provides over-pressure detection.

The PID feedback low detection threshold provides alarm and trip detection when the main process PID feedback is low e.g. if the feedback device is a pressure transducer then this function provides under-pressure detection which can protect the system in the event of a burst output pipe.

PID at setpoint detection is provided with a configurable band.

## 7.9.1 PID thresholds logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the PID thresholds.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 7.9.2 PID threshold parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the PID feedback and setpoint.

Parameter	29.039 PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold						
Minimum	0.00 Maximum 327.67						
Default	0.00	Units	UU				

This defines the threshold above which a main process PID feedback High alarm is given by the PID Feedback High Alarm Output Pr 29.040.

If PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold Pr 29.039 = 0.00, then the feedback high alarm feature is disabled.

# The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031** (0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.040 PID Feedback High Alarm Output						
Minimum	0 Maximum 1						
Default	0	Units					

This indicates when the PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold Pr 29.039 has been reached or exceed by the PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036.

Parameter	29.041(0.034) PID Feedback High Trip Threshold					
Minimum	0.00 Maximum 327.67					
Default	0.00	Units	UU			

When set to 0, the main process PID high trip mechanism is disabled.

When set >0, this defines the threshold above which a *PID Feedbk High* trip is actioned.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031** (0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.042(0.036) PID Feedback Low	29.042(0.036) PID Feedback Low Delay									
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5								
Default	5.0	Units	S								

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the feedback may be low for without actioning a feedback low drive trip. This acts as a filter for transient feedback conditions that prevents false detection of a main process PID feedback low condition.

This parameter is only used when PID Feedback Low Mode Pr 29.043(0.036) = Threshold or Bandwidth.

Parameter	29.043(0.036) PID Feedback Low	29.043(0.036) PID Feedback Low Mode								
Minimum	0	Maximum	2							
Default	0	Units								

*PID Feedback Low Mode* Pr **29.043**(0.036) selects which mode to use when generating a feedback low indication and trip. The table below shows the options available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	No feedback low trip.
Threshold	1	If the main process PID feedback, <i>PID Final Feedback</i> Pr <b>29.036</b> , falls below the <i>PID Feedback Low Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.044</b> for <i>PID Feedback Low Delay</i> Pr <b>29.042</b> seconds, and the motor output frequency or speed is in the <i>Maximum Drive Reference Band</i> Pr <b>29.083</b> , then a PID Low drive trip is actioned. Status indication via <i>PID Feedback Low Output</i> Pr <b>29.047</b> is also available.
Bandwidth	2	If the main process PID feedback, <i>PID Final Feedback</i> Pr <b>29.036</b> , falls below the <i>PID At Setpoint Band</i> Pr <b>29.045</b> for <i>PID Feedback Low Delay</i> Pr <b>29.042</b> seconds, and the motor output frequency or speed is in the <i>Maximum Drive Reference Band</i> Pr <b>29.083</b> , then a <i>PID Feedbk Low</i> trip is actioned. The detection band follows the current PID setpoint dynamically. Status indication via <i>PID Feedback Low Output</i> Pr <b>29.047</b> is also available.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Parameter 29.044(0.037) PID Feedback Low Mode													
Minimun	Minimum					Maxim	Maximum			327.67			
Default		2.00			Units		l	UU					

This defines the PID feedback low threshold, used when PID Feedback Low Mode Pr 29.043 = Bandwidth.

If the main process PID feedback, *PID Final Feedback* Pr **29.036**, falls below the *PID Feedback Low Threshold* Pr **29.044**(0.037) for *PID Feedback Low Delay* Pr **29.042**(0.035) seconds then a PID Low drive trip is actioned and a PID low indication is given via *PID Feedback Low Output* Pr **29.047**.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr**29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.045 PID At Setpoint Band		
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67
Default	0.35	Units	UU

This defines a symmetrical band around the PID setpoint, *PID Final Setpoint* Pr **29.029**, where the system is considered to be at the setpoint i.e. the top of the band is *PID Final Setpoint* Pr **29.029** + *PID At Setpoint Band* Pr **29.045**, and the bottom of the band is *PID Final Setpoint* Pr **29.029** - *PID At Setpoint Band* Pr **29.045**.

If the main process PID feedback, PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036), is within the PID At Setpoint Band Pr 29.045, PID At Setpoint Output Pr 29.046 is set to On(1) indicating that the system is at the setpoint.

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031** (0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure band with the same scaling.

Parameter	29.046 PID At Setpoint Output		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

When set to On(1), this indicates when the main process PID feedback, PID Final Feedback Pr **29.036** is within the PID At Setpoint Band Pr **29.045** indicating that the system is at the setpoint, PID At Setpoint Output Pr **29.046**.

When set to Off(0), the system isn't at the setpoint.

Parameter	29.046 PID At Setpoint Output	29.046 PID At Setpoint Output								
Minimum	0	Maximum	1							
Default	0	Units								

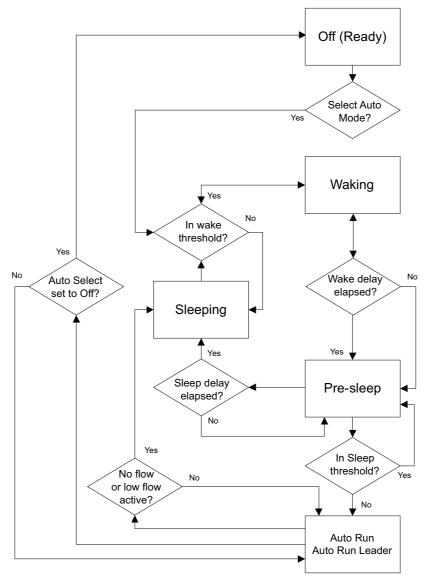
When set to On(1), this indicates when the main process PID feedback, PID Final Feedback Pr **29.036** is either less than the PID At Setpoint Band Pr **29.045** or the PID Feedback Low Threshold Pr **29.044**(0.037) indicating that the system is output is lower than the setpoint, PID Final Setpoint Pr **29.029**.

When set to Off(0), the system output isn't low

	Product Mechanica ormation installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.10 Wake and sleep

When the Auto mode has been selected, the wake and sleep system is activated, which instructs the system when to start and when to stop. The following diagram shows the wake and sleep system for single drive systems and parallel system leaders:



Note that an assist in a Multi-leader system is started and stopped in Auto mode by the system leader.

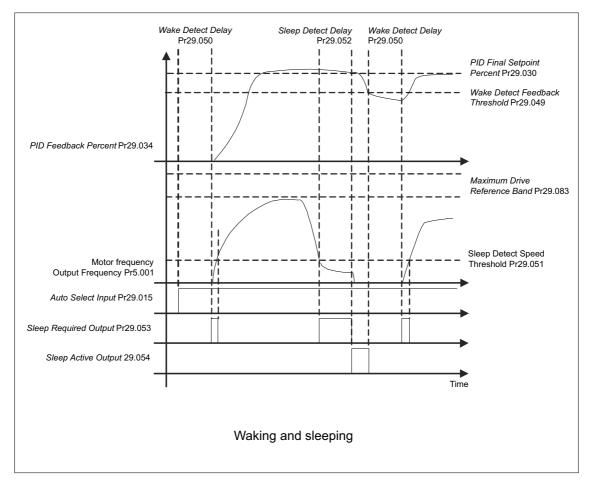
When the drive is placed in Auto mode, *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Sleeping* and the system checks if the PID feedback meets the wake threshold requirements. By default, *PID Final Feedback* Pr **29.036** must be less than *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040). If the PID has been inverted, (*PID1 Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** and *PID1 Feedback Invert* Pr **14.005** = 1), the feedback must be greater than the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040). See 7.8.2 Inverting the main process PID error response for more information.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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When the wake threshold has been satisfied, and the *Wake Detect Delay* Pr **29.049(**0.041) has elapsed, *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Pre-sleep*. Normally this happens for a few moments while the PID controller output accelerates the motor until the frequency or speed is above the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042), where *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Auto Run* or *Auto Run Leader*.

If the system output demand drops, the PID controller will reduce the speed of the motor until the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042) is reached and *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Pre-sleep*. If the speed remains below the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042) for the duration of the *Sleep Detect Delay* Pr **29.052**(0.043), the motor is stopped and *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Sleeping*.

The following timing diagram illustrates the wake and sleep process in Auto mode:

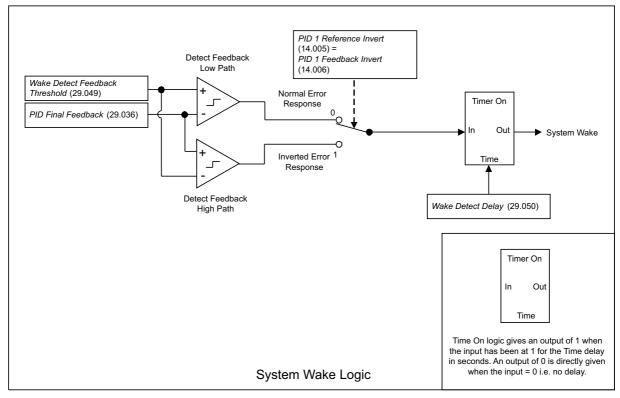


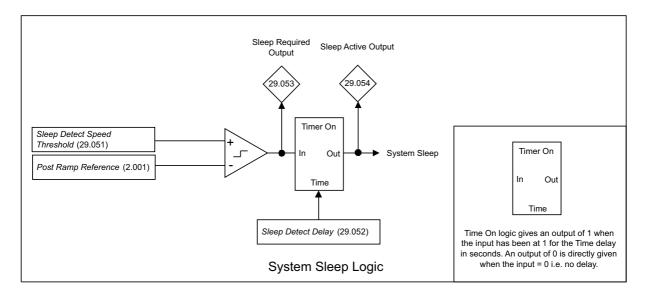
Note that if the main process PID has been disabled by setting *PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008** = *Off(0)*, then the wake threshold is ignored and the system will wake when started in Auto mode.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.10.1 Wake and sleep logic diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the wake and sleep system.





Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 7.10.2 Wake and sleep parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the wake and sleep system.

Parameter	29.049(040) Wake Detect Feedback Threshold					
Minimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67			
Default	1.00	Units	UU			

If the PID is running with a normal error response, (*PID1 Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** and *PID1 Feedback Invert* Pr **14.006** = Off(0)), *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) defines the main process PID feedback level, *PID Final Feedback* Pr **29.036**, below which the system will wake when the system is running in Auto mode, and defines the minimum working feedback level for the system. For example, a pumping system with a pressure feedback device gives a high PID output with a low pressure, and a low PID output with high pressure. In this scenario when the feedback is above the setpoint the setpoint the motor reference will reduce to the minimum. In order to wake the system, the PID Feedback must be below the wake threshold.

If the PID is running with an inverse error response, (*PID1 Reference Invert* Pr **14.005** and *PID1 Feedback Invert* Pr **14.006** = On(1)), Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr **29.049**(0.040) defines the main process PID feedback level, *PID Final Feedback* Pr **29.036**, above which the system will wake when the system is running in Auto mode. For example, a cooling system with a temperature feedback device gives a high PID output with a high temperature, and a low PID output with low temperature. In this scenario when the feedback is below the setpoint the motor reference will reduce to the minimum. In order to wake the system, the PID Feedback must be above the wake threshold.

See section 7.8.2 Inverting the main process PID error response .

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

Note that if the main process PID has been disabled via *PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008**, then the wake threshold is ignored, and the system will wake when started in Auto mode.

Parameter	29.050(041) Wake Detect Delay					
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5			
Default	5.0	Units	S			

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the main process PID feedback, *PID Final Feedback* Pr **29.036**, must be above the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr**29.049**(0.040) before the system is Automatically started. *Wake Detect Delay* Pr **29.050**(0.041) filters out any intermittent wake conditions.

Note that if the main process PID has been disabled via *PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008**, then the wake threshold is ignored, and the system will wake when started in Auto mode.

#### See Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040).

Parameter	29.051(042) Sleep Detect Speed Threshold					
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	3000.0			
Default	750.0	Units				

This defines the drive output frequency or speed below which the system will sleep. This must be set to a value greater than or equal to the *Minimum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.007** to ensure the system will sleep in Auto mode.

If the system must never Automatically sleep but still control using the PID then set *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042) to a lower value than *Minimum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.007**. Note that other conditions like Dry Well Low Load or No Flow can still stop the system Automatically.

The system will tend to reach this threshold if there is no output demand from the pump e.g. in a pump system if a pump output valve is closed the motor speed will drop because the main process PID can reach the setpoint with a reduced speed where the system will enter this threshold.

Parameter	29.052(043) Sleep Detect Delay				
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5		
Default	5.0	Units	S		

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the motor frequency or speed must be below *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042) before the system is Automatically stopped. *Sleep Detect Delay* Pr **29.052**(0.043) filters out any intermittent sleep conditions.

See Sleep Detect Speed Threshold Pr 29.051(0.042).

Safety informationProduct informationMechanical installationElectrical installationGetting started / Running the MotorBasic parametersFunc description		Advanced Technical parameters data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Parameter	29.053 Sleep Required Output					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				

This indicates when the motor frequency or speed is below the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051** and the *Sleep Detect Delay* Pr **29.052**(0.043) is timing down indicating that a sleep is required i.e. pre-sleep.

See Sleep Detect Speed Threshold Pr 29.051(0.042).

Parameter	29.054 Sleep Active Output					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				

This indicates when the motor frequency or speed was below the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051** and the *Sleep Detect Delay* Pr **29.052** has elapsed and the system is sleeping.

See Sleep Detect Speed Threshold Pr 29.051(0.042).

# 7.11 Over-cycle

The Pump software over-cycle protection that is used to check if the system has Automatically started and stopped too many times in an hour, due to the action of the wake and sleep system. For some systems it is not desirable for the system to stop and start too many times in an hour as this may disrupt system output.

- Over-cycle Mode Pr 29.127(0.060) configures how the over-cycle detection system operates:
- Disabled = Over-cycle protection is disabled.
- Alarm Only = When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr 29.128(0.061) has been reached the system will indicate an alarm via the Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr 29.131.
- Trip = When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr 29.128(0.061) has been reached the system will trip Over-cycle.
- Inc Setpoint = When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr 29.128(0.061) has been reached the system will indicate an alarm via the Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr 29.131 and the PID setpoint will be increased by the Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Pr 29.129 in order to keep the system running. The maximum amount that the PID setpoint can be increased by is set by Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum Pr29.130. An alarm is given via the Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr 29.131 when Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum Pr 29.130 is reached. This helps to prevent the system from going to sleep as often thereby reducing the number of starts per hour.

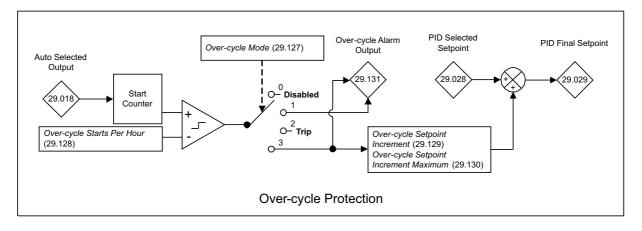
An alternative to these methods is to use the pre-sleep boost feature, configured using *PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level* Pr **14.028** and *PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time* Pr **14.029**.

PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Pr **14.028** is used to provide a small amount of PID reference boost as the drive enters Sleep Detect Speed Threshold Pr **29.051**(0.042), as indicated by Sleep Required Output Pr **29.053**). The boost level is only applied for a maximum of PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time Pr **14.029** seconds.

This feature is a benefit in pumping systems where the output of the pump is controlled by a valve. In this scenario boosting the setpoint by a small amount can help prevent the system from going to sleep as often. In the event that the system does go to sleep, the boost in pump output will hold the system in sleep for longer, reducing pump wear and running costs.

### 7.11.1 Over-cycle logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the over-cycle detection scheme.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 7.11.2 Over-cycle parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the over-cycle detection scheme.

Parameter	29.127(0.060) Over-cycle Mode				
Minimum	0 Maximum 3				
Default	1	Units			

This defines the over-cycle protection mode used by a single drive application like Single Pump, and when the drive is a Leader in a Cascade or Multi-Leader system. Soft Starter Assist over-cycle is always enabled and is Handled separately; See *Assist Starts Per Hour* Pr **29.120** and *Assist Overcycle Mode* Pr **29.121**.

The following over-cycle modes are available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	Over-cycle protection is disabled.
Alarm Only	1	When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr29.128(0.061) has been reached the system will indicate an alarm via the Over- cycle Alarm Output Pr29.131.
Trip	2	When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr29.128(0.061) has been reached the system will trip Over-cycle.
Inc Setpoint	3	When the Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr 29.128(0.061) has been reached the system will indicate an alarm via the Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr 29.131 and the PID setpoint will be increased by the Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Pr 29.129 in order to keep the system running. The maximum amount that the PID setpoint can be increased by is set by Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum Pr 29.130). An alarm is given via the Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr29.131) when Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum Pr 29.130 is reached. This helps prevent the system from going to sleep as often thereby reducing the number of starts per hour. An alternative to this is to use PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Pr 14.028 and PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time Pr 14.029.

Parameter	29.128(0.061) Over-cycle Starts Per Hour				
Minimum	0	255			
Default	5	Units			

Sets the maximum number of starts per hour threshold for the over-cycle detection system. The internal count of starts is reset every hour.

See Over-cycle Mode Pr 29.127(0.060) for more details.

Parameter	29.129 Over-cycle Setpoint Increm	9.129 Over-cycle Setpoint Increment								
Minimum	0.1	Maximum	2.00							
Default	0.01	Units	%							

Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Pr 29.129 is only used when Over-cycle Mode Pr29.127(0.060) = Inc Setpoint.

This defines the amount that will be added to the main process PID setpoint in the event that an over-cycle condition is detected. The maximum amount that the main process PID setpoint can be increased by is defined by *Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum* Pr **29.130**. This helps prevent the system from going to sleep as often thereby reducing the number of starts per hour.

See Over-cycle Mode Pr 29.127(0.060) for more details.

Parameter	29.130 Over-cycle Setpoint Increm	9.130 Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum								
Minimum	0.01	Maximum	15.00							
Default	0.60	Units	%							

Over-cycle Setpoint Increment Maximum Pr 29.130 is only used when Over-cycle Mode Pr 29.127(0.060) = Inc Setpoint.

This defines the maximum amount that will be added to the main process PID setpoint in the event that an over-cycle condition is detected. The amount that the main process PID setpoint is increased by is defined by *Over-cycle Setpoint Increment* Pr **29.129**. This helps prevent the system from going to sleep as often thereby reducing the number of starts per hour.

See Over-cycle Mode Pr 29.127(0.060) for more details.

Parameter	29.131 Over-cycle Alarm Output	29.131 Over-cycle Alarm Output							
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

In the event that Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr29.128(0.061) has been reached Over-cycle Alarm Output Pr 29.131 is set to On(1).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.12 Pipe fill on start up

An important feature for pumping systems is priming the output of the pump system with a pipe filling operation. This prevents saturation of the pressure control PID on start-up, which could result in erratic operation. Once the pipe fill operation is complete on the system, the operation will not run again until the system is stopped and re-enters Auto mode, or all drives are switched off.

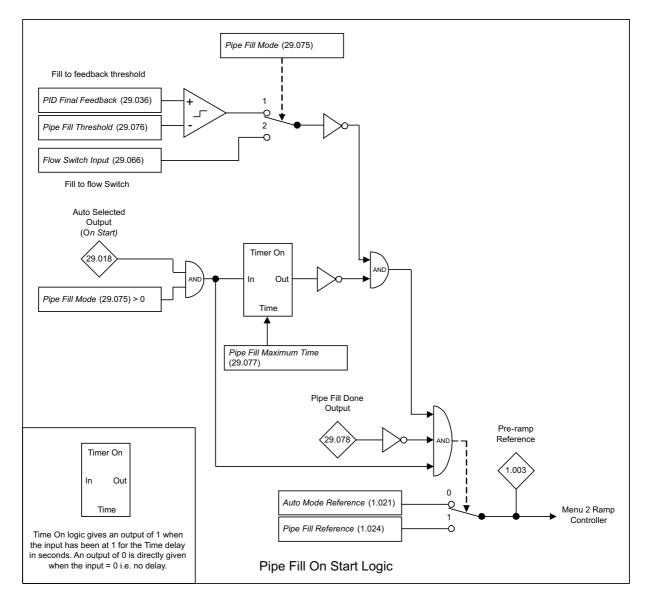
When starting the drive in Auto mode but prior to Automatic running, the drive may optionally run a fixed reference pipe filling routine. The routine has a time limit, (maximum time), to run which can be superseded by either reaching a PID feedback threshold or if flow is indicated from a hardware flow switch. When the routine is running *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Pipe Fill*. When the routine completes, the system moves to Auto Run where the PID controls the motor speed.

The pipe filing routine is configured using *Pipe Fill Mode* Pr **29.075**(0.046) with the following options:

- Disabled = The pipe fill routine is disabled.
- Feedback Level = Pipe Fill Reference Pr 1.024(0.047) will be applied until Pipe Fill Threshold Pr 29.076(0.049) is reached by the main process PID feedback. In the event that the Pipe Fill Threshold Pr 29.076(0.049) isn't reached, the Pipe Fill Maximum Time Pr 29.077(0.048) will elapse stopping the Automatic pipe filling routine
- Flow Switch = Pipe Fill Reference Pr 1.024(0.047) will be applied until the Flow Switch Input Pr 29.066 = On(1). In the event that
  the Flow Switch Input Pr 29.066 isn't set to On(1) the Pipe Fill Maximum Time Pr 29.077(0.048) will elapse stopping the Automatic pipe filling
  routine.

## 7.12.1 Pipe fill logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the pipe fill on start logic.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.12.2 Pipe fill parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the pipe fill logic.

Parameter	29.075(0.046) Pipe Fill Mode	29.075(0.046) Pipe Fill Mode							
Minimum	0	Maximum	2						
Default	0	Units							

This defines the operating mode of the Automated pipe fill routine. The following options are available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	The pipe fill routine is disabled.
Feedback Level	1	<i>Pipe Fill Reference</i> Pr <b>1.024</b> (0.047) will be applied until <i>Pipe Fill Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.076</b> (0.049) is reached by the main process PID feedback. In the event that the <i>Pipe Fill Threshold</i> Pr <b>29.076</b> (0.049) isn't reached the <i>Pipe Fill Maximum Time</i> Pr <b>29.077</b> (0.048) will elapse stopping the Automatic pipe filling routine.
Flow Switch	2	<i>Pipe Fill Reference</i> Pr <b>1.024</b> (0.047) will be applied until the <i>Flow Switch Input</i> Pr <b>29.066</b> = <i>On(1)</i> . In the event that the <i>Flow Switch Input</i> Pr <b>29.066</b> isn't set to <i>On(1)</i> the <i>Pipe Fill Maximum Time</i> Pr <b>29.077</b> (0.048) will elapse stopping the Automatic pipe filling routine.

F	arameter	29.076(0.047) Pipe Fill Threshold		
Ν	<i>l</i> inimum	0.00	Maximum	327.67
D	Default	0.00	Units	UU

This defines main PID feedback threshold above which the pipe is considered to be filled when *Pipe Fill Mode* Pr **29.075**(0.046) = *Feedback Level*. *Pipe Fill Threshold* Pr **29.076**(0.048) is compared against *PID Final Feedback* Pr **29.036**).

The units of this parameter UU, (User Units), are defined by the feedback type and scaling, *PID Feedback Minimum Scaling* Pr **29.031**(0.030) and *PID Feedback Maximum Scaling* Pr **29.032**(0.031), e.g. if the feedback transducer connected to Analog input 1 is a pressure sensor then this is a pressure threshold with the same scaling.

See Pipe Fill Mode Pr 29.075(0.046).

Parameter	29.077(0.048) Pipe Fill Maximum	29.077(0.048) Pipe Fill Maximum Time							
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5						
Default	0.0	Units	S						

This defines the maximum time in seconds that the pipe filling routine will run for in the event that pipe filled isn't detected by either feedback detection or flow switch detection.

See Pipe Fill Mode Pr 29.075(0.046).

Parameter	29.078 Pipe Fill Done Output	29.078 Pipe Fill Done Output							
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

When set to On(1), this indicates that the pipe filling routine has completed.

When set to Off(0), this indicates that the pipe filling routine is not enabled via Pipe Fill Mode Pr 29.075(0.046) or pipe filling has not been completed.

Safety information	Product Mechanica information installation	Electrical sinstallation	Getting started / Running pa the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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# 7.13 Timer scheduling

The Pump software has a dedicated input for a timer to select when the system will run in Auto and when it will be stopped, *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) changes to *Timer Stop*. Timer scheduling doesn't affect Hand mode operation. The timer control input is enabled by setting *Time Schedule Run Input Enable* Pr **29.055**.

The timer can be run in one of two ways:

An external timer with a 24 V output signal can be connected into a spare digital input that is directed to *Time Schedule Run Input* Pr 29.056. Note that to use this method *Timer 1 Destination* Pr 9.043 must be set to 0.000 and press reset.



The real time clock in the keypad supplied with the F600 may be used with the timer functionality in menu 9 to start and stop the drive in Auto mode. The output of Timer 1, configured by *Timer 1 Destination* Pr **9.043**, is directed to *Time Schedule Run Input* Pr **29.056** by default.
 To use the real time clock in the keypad the time must be set correctly. To do this set:

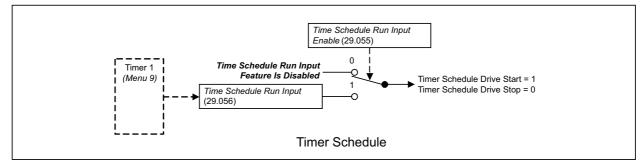
Select the date format using *Date Format* Pr 6.020, STD = DD-MM-YY, US = MM-DD-YY.

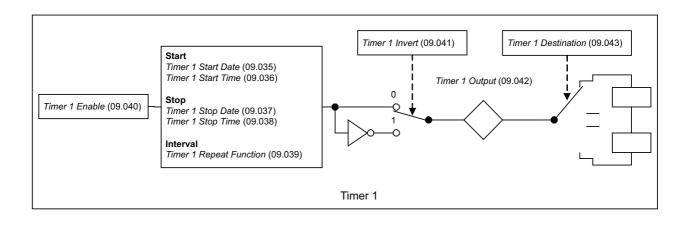
- Set Date/Time Selector Pr 6.019 to Set to allow the date and time to be updated
- Set Date Pr6.016 and Time Pr 6.017. Note that Day Of Week Pr6.018 will Automatically be resolved.
- · Set Date/Time Selector Pr 6.019 to Local Keypad
- To use timer 1 in menu 9 to schedule the on and off period in each day set the following parameters:
- Set Timer 1 Start Time Pr 9.036 in 24hour format.
- Set Timer 1 Stop Time Pr 9.038 in 24hour format.
- Set Timer 1 Repeat Function Pr 9.039 to Day.
- Set Timer 1 Enable Pr 9.040 to On(1)
- Perform a save by setting Pr0.000 to Save Parameters and then press the red reset button.



### 7.13.1 Timer scheduling logic diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the timer scheduling logic.





Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 7.13.2 Timer scheduling parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the timer scheduling logic.

Parameter	29.055 Time Schedule Run Input E	29.055 Time Schedule Run Input Enable								
Minimum	0	Maximum	1							
Default	0	Units								

When set to On(1), Time Schedule Run Input Pr 29.056 is enabled. To run the system in Auto Time Schedule Run Input Pr 29.056 must be set to On(1), and to stop the system Time Schedule Run Input Pr 29.056 must be set to Off(0).

This feature is intended to be operated by a clock such as the one provided by a KI-HOA Keypad RTC keypad, where timer 1 in the *User Functions 1* Menu 9 may be used to define on and off periods for the system e.g. for an irrigation pump it may be desirable to run the pump during the day only. By default, the output of timer 1, *Timer 1 Output* Pr **9.042**, is routed to the *Time Schedule Run Input* Pr **29.056** using *Timer 1 Destination* Pr **9.043**.

When set to Off(0), Time Schedule Run Input Pr 29.056 is disabled and has no effect on the system.

Parameter	29.056 Time Schedule Run Input	29.056 Time Schedule Run Input							
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

To use this input Time Schedule Run Input Enable Pr 29.055 must be set to On(1).

When set to On(1), the system will be permitted to run in Auto mode.

When set to *Off(1)*, the system will be stopped in Auto mode.

This feature is intended to be operated by a clock such as the one provided by a KI-HOA Keypad RTC keypad, where timer 1 in the *User Functions 1* Menu 9 may be used to define on and off periods for the system e.g. for an irrigation pump it may be desirable to run the pump during the day only. By default, the output of timer 1, *Timer 1 Output* Pr **9.042**, is routed to the *Time Schedule Run Input* Pr **29.056** using *Timer 1 Destination* Pr **9.043**.

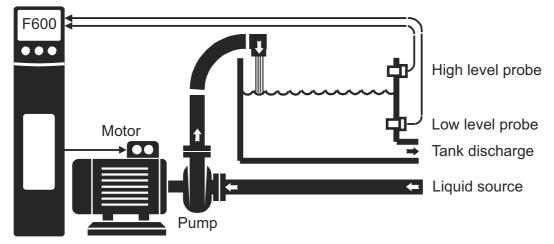
See Time Schedule Run Input Enable Pr 29.055.

## 7.14 Level switches

The level switch functionality allows the user to run the drive in two different ways, configured by Level Switch Mode Pr 29.082:

*High Only* = Stop the system in Auto mode when *Level Switch High Input* Pr **29.079** = *On(1)*; *Operating Status* Pr **29.003** changes to *Level Stop*. The system restarts when the high level switch input is set to *Off(0)*. This is intended for pumping systems that fill a tank or reservoir, that have a high level probe to detect if the tank is going to over-fill.

High Low Toggle = Start the system in Auto mode when Level Switch Low Input Pr 29.079 = On(1), and stop the system when Level Switch High Input Pr 29.079 = On(1); Operating Status Pr 29.003 changes to Level Stop. If the Level Switch Low Input Pr 29.079 and Level Switch High Input Pr 29.079 both = On(1); the high level switch has priority and the system will stop. This is intended for pumping systems that fill a tank or reservoir, that have a high and low level probe, where the liquid level must rise and fall between the two level probes.



The high level probe must be configured to detect when it comes into contact with liquid i.e. it outputs 24 V when liquid is present. The low level probe must be configured to detect when it isn't in contact with liquid, so that the level drops just below the sensor to start the pump. If the level probes can't be configured in this way directly, the F600 digital inputs may be inverted to get the correct logic.

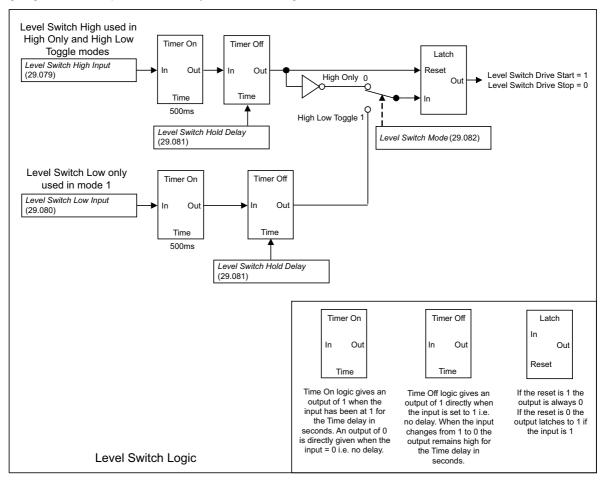
To filter out transient conditions, e.g. ripple on the liquid surface triggering the level probes, a fixed 500 ms settling time is used when triggering the high and low inputs, and once triggered the condition is held for a minimum time defined by *Level Switch Hold Delay* Pr **29.081**.

Note that if the main process PID has been disabled by setting *PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008** = Off(0), then the wake threshold is ignored and the system will wake when started in Auto mode, even if *Level Switch Low Input* Pr **29.079** hasn't been set to On(1). If the PID is enabled, *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) must be met by the feedback for the system to start.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.14.1 Level switch logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the level switch logic.



### 7.14.2 Level switch parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the level switch logic.

Parameter	29.079 Level Switch High Input		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

This is the input for a tank level high probe or switch where Off(0) = not at high level, On(1) = at the high level and the system must shut down. A digital input with a tank high level probe or switch connected should be routed to *Level Switch High Input* Pr **29.079**.

If Level Switch High Input Pr 29.079 and Level Switch Low Input Prb = On(1) the high switch action has priority and the system will stop.

Parameter	29.080 Level Switch Low Input	29.080 Level Switch Low Input								
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5							
Default	5.0	Units	S							

This is the input for a tank low level probe or switch where Off(0) = not at low level, On(1) = at the low level, where if *Level Switch Mode* Pr**29.082** = *High Low Toggle* the system will start. A digital input with a tank level low probe or switch connected should be routed to *Level Switch Low Input* Pr**29.080**.

If Level Switch High Input Pr 29.079 and Level Switch Low Input (29.080) = On(1) the high switch action has priority and the system will stop. The low level switch is only active when running in Auto mode.

This is intended to be used in a pumping system where the PID is not in use, *PID1 Enable* (**14.008**) = *Off(0*), and the system must fill a tank until the high level switch is reached, and then let the level fall until the low level switch is reached where the system will start again. If *PID1 Enable* Pr**14.008** = On(1), then the system must hit the low level switch and meet the wake criteria e.g. *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049(**0.040).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 29.081 Level Switch Hold Delay												
Minimum	Minimum 0.0			Maxim	Maximum			6553.5				
Default		5.0	5.0			Units		S				

This defines the minimum time in seconds for either a high or low level switch activation to be maintained for regardless of the state of the *Level Switch High Input* (29.079) or *Level Switch Low Input* (29.080). A fixed 500 ms switch debounce delay is added when confirming a level high or low switch activation.

Parameter	29.082 Level Switch Mode								
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

This defines the operating mode of the level switches. The following options are available:

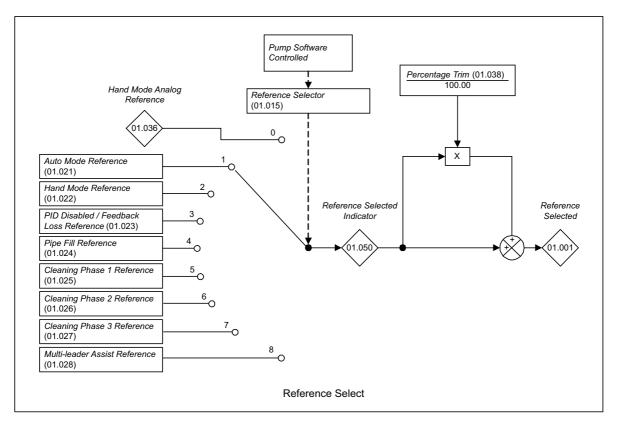
Mode	Value	Description
High Only	0	When the <i>Level Switch High Input</i> Pr <b>29.079</b> is set to <i>On(1)</i> the system will stop. This only happens when running in Auto mode, Hand mode and Cleaning are not affected. The <i>Level Switch Low Input</i> Pr <b>29.080</b> is not used.
High Low Toggle	1	The Level Switch Low Input Pr <b>29.080</b> is enabled where if this input = $On(1)$ the system will run until the Level Switch High Input Pr <b>29.079</b> = $On(1)$ when the system stops. The level will rise and fall automatically between these two limits. The low input and high input logic level does not need to be maintained

# 7.15 References, acceleration and deceleration

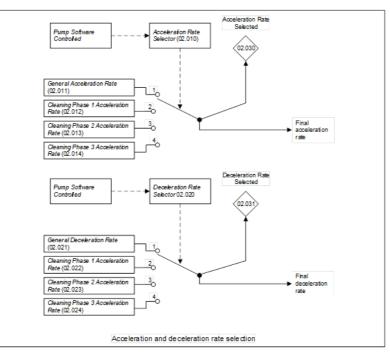
The frequency or speed setpoints and profile acceleration and deceleration are situated in Menu 1 and 2. Menu 1 is where the reference clamps, references and selection are found. Menu 2 is where the acceleration, deceleration and selection are found.

## 7.15.1 Reference, acceleration and deceleration logic diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the reference, acceleration and deceleration logic.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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## 7.15.2 Reference, acceleration and deceleration parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the reference, acceleration and deceleration logic.

Parameter	01.001 Reference	01.001 Reference Selected									
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREG	Q_REF[MIN] Maximum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]								
Default		Units	Hz or rpm								
Reference Selected Pr 0	1.001 is the basic reference s	elected from the available sources in	ncluding the effect of the percentage trim.								
Parameter	01.015 Reference	Selector									
Minimum	0	Maximum	8								
Default	1	Units									

Used by the Pump software to select the frequency or speed reference. See the table below for the list of reference selections:

Value	Reference
0	Hand Mode Analog Reference Pr 01.036
1	Auto Mode Reference Pr 01.021
2	Hand Mode Reference Pr <b>01.022</b> (0.026)
3	PID Disabled / Feedback Loss Reference Pr 01.023
4	Pipe Fill Reference Pr 01.024(0.047)
5	Cleaning Phase 1 Reference Pr 01.025
6	Cleaning Phase 2 Reference Pr 01.026
7	Cleaning Phase 3 Reference Pr 01.027
8	Multi-leader Assist Reference Pr 01.028

-		-	r		-						1			
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Function descriptio		Optimization	NV Media Ca Operation	rd Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Paramet	er		01.021 A	uto Mode	Reference									
Minimum	1		VM_SPE	ED_FREG	Q_REF[MIN	l] Max	ximur	m		VM_SPEED	_FREQ_I	REF[MAX]		
Default			0.0			Unit	ts			Hz or rpm				
		l or frequen Select Input						The outpu	ut of the mai	n process PII	D, (PID1),	is routed to	this	
Parameter 01.022(0.026) Hand Mode Reference														
Minimum	l		VM_SPE	ED_FREG	Q_REF[MIN	l] Max	ximur	m		VM_SPEED	_FREQ_I	REF[MAX]		
Default			25 Hz or 750 rpm (Std) 30 Hz or 900 rpm (US)			Uni	Units			Hz or rpm				
This define	s the speed	l or frequen	cy reference	e used wł	nen running	in Hand r	mode	e. See Han	nd Select Inp	<i>ut</i> Pr <b>29.013</b> .				
Paramet	er		01.023 Pi	D Disable	ed / Feedba	ick Loss F	Refere	ence						
Minimum	1		VM_SPE	ED_FREG	Q_REF[MIN	l] Max	ximur	m		VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]				
Default			25 Hz or 30 Hz or 9			Unit	ts			Hz or rpm				
Paramet	er		01.024(0.	047) Pipe	e Fill Refere	nce								
Minimum	1		VM_SPE	ED_FREG	Q_REF[MIN	l] Max	ximur	m		VM_SPEED	_FREQ_I	REF[MAX]		
Default			25 Hz or 30 Hz or			Uni	ts			Hz or rpm				
This define	s the speed	l or frequen	cy reference	e used wł	nen the Aut	omated pi	pe fil	ling routine	e is running.	See Pipe Fil	<i>Mode</i> Pr	<b>29.075</b> (0.04	46).	
Paramet	er		01.025 C	leaning P	hase 1 Refe	erence								
Minimum	1		VM_SPE	ED_FREG	Q_REF[MIN	l] Max	ximur	m		VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]				

Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	Maximum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]
Default	-15 Hz or -450 rpm (Std) -18 Hz or -540 rpm (US)	Units	Hz or rpm

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when pump cleaning, (de-ragging), phase 1 is in progress. See *Cleaning Phase 1 Time At Reference* Pr **29.093**, *Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate* Pr **2.012** and *Cleaning Phase 1 Deceleration Rate* Pr **2.022**.

Parameter	01.026 Cleaning Phase 2 Reference						
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
Default	15 Hz or 450 rpm (Std) 18 Hz or 540 rpm (US)	Units	Hz or rpm				

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when pump cleaning, (de-ragging), phase 2 is in progress. See Cleaning Phase 2 Time At Reference Pr 29.094, Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.013 and Cleaning Phase 2 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.023.

Parameter	01.027 Cleaning Phase 3 Reference						
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] Maximum VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]						
Default	40 Hz or 1200rpm (Std) 54 Hz or 1440rpm (US)	Units	Hz or rpm				

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when pump cleaning, (de-ragging), phase 3 is in progress. See Cleaning Phase 3 Time At Reference Pr **29.095**, Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr **2.014** and Cleaning Phase 3 Deceleration Rate Pr **2.024**.

Parameter	01.028 Multi-leader Assist Reference							
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] Maximum VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]							
Default	0.0	Units	Hz or rpm					

This defines the speed or frequency reference used by this drive when it is an assist to the leader drive in a Multi-leader system, Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Multi-leader.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 01.036 Hand Mode Analog Reference											
Minimum		VM_SPE	ED_FREG	_REF[MIN]	Maxim	um	1	M_SPEED	_FREQ_F	REF[MAX]		

Units

Hz or rpm

Used to receive the final analogue speed / frequency reference in Hand mode. By default, analog input 2 T6 is directed to this parameter, and us used when analog Hand mode reference is selected by setting Hand Mode Reference Select Pr **29.016**(0.025) = Analog Speed.

Parameter	01.038 Percentage Trim					
Minimum	-100.00	Maximum	100.00			
Default	0.00	Units	%			

Percentage Trim Pr 1.038 is used to apply an offset to the Reference Selected Pr1.001. The default of 0.00 is suitable for most applications. The final reference is calculated from Reference Selected Pr 1.001 multiplied by [1 + (Percentage Trim Pr 1.038 / 100.00)].

Parameter	01.050 Reference Selected Indicator					
Minimum	1	Maximum	8			
Default		Units				

Indicates which speed or frequency reference has been selected by *Reference Selector* Pr**1.015.** See the table below for the list of reference selections:

Value	Reference
0	Hand Mode Analog Reference Pr 01.036
1	Auto Mode Reference Pr 01.021
2	Hand Mode Reference Pr 01.022(0.026)
3	PID Disabled / Feedback Loss Reference Pr 01.023
4	Pipe Fill Reference Pr 01.024(0.047)
5	Cleaning Phase 1 Reference Pr 01.025
6	Cleaning Phase 2 Reference Pr 01.026
7	Cleaning Phase 3 Reference Pr 01.027
8	Multi-leader Assist Reference Pr 01.028

0.0

Parameter	2.001 Post Ramp Reference	2.001 Post Ramp Reference						
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	Maximum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
Default		Units						
The Post Ramp Reference Pr 2.001 is combined with the slip compensation frequency to define the output frequency of the drive.								
Parameter	2.010 Acceleration Rate Selector	2.010 Acceleration Rate Selector						

Parameter							
Minimum	1	Maximum	4				
Default	1	Units					

The Acceleration Rate Selector Pr 2.010 is used to select an acceleration rate by the Pump software. The following table shows the rates that may be selected:

Value	Reference
1	General Acceleration Rate Pr 2.011
2	Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.012
3	Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.013
4	Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.014

Default

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 2.011 General Acceleration Rate												
Minimum	Minimum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]			Maxim	Maximum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]							
Default		1.0			Units	Units		s				

This defines the acceleration rate in Hand and Auto, except when a pump cleaning or de-ragging cycle is running.

The units of General Acceleration Rate Pr 2.011), Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.012, Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.013 and Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.014 are s / Ramp rate frequency or s / Ramp rate speed. See Ramp Rate Units Pr 2.039 for the definition of Ramp rate frequency and Ramp rate speed.

Parameter	2.012 Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the acceleration rate when executing phase 1 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine; See *Cleaning Phase 1 Time At Reference* Pr **29.093**.

Parameter	2.013 Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] Maximum					
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the acceleration rate when executing phase 2 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.014 Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the acceleration rate when executing phase 3 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.020 Deceleration Rate Selector					
Minimum	1	4				
Default	1	Units				

The Deceleration Rate Selector Pr2.020 is used to select an acceleration rate by the Pump software. The following table show the selections possible:

Value	Deceleration Rate Selected				
1	General Acceleration Rate Pr 2.021				
2	Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.022				
3	Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.023				
4	Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.024				

Parameter	2.021 General Deceleration Rate							
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] Maximum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]							
Default	1.0	Units	S					

This defines the acceleration rate in Hand and Auto, except when a pump cleaning or de-ragging cycle is running.

The units of General Deceleration Rate Pr 2.021, Cleaning Phase 1 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.022, Cleaning Phase 2 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.023 and Cleaning Phase 3 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.024 are s / Ramp rate frequency or s / Ramp rate speed. See Ramp Rate Units Pr 2.039) for the definition of Ramp rate frequency and Ramp rate speed.

Parameter	2.022 Cleaning Phase 1 Deceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the deceleration rate when executing phase 1 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Ca Operation	rd Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramet	Parameter 2.023 Cleaning Phase 2 Deceleration Rate											
Minimum			VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] Maximum				VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default			5.0 Units					s				
This define	s the decele	eration rate	when execu	uting phas	e 2 of the c	leaning or de	e-ragging ro	utine.				
Paramet	er		2.024 Cleaning Phase 3 Deceleration Rate									
Minimum	ı		VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]			Maxim	Maximum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default	Default		5.0		Units			S				
This defines the deceleration rate when executing phase 3 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.												
Parameter			2.030 Acceleration Rate Selected			ted						
Minimum		0			Maxim	Maximum 8						

Acceleration Rate Selected 2.030 shows the acceleration rate that has been selected by the Pump software. The following table shows the rates that may be selected:

Units

Value	Acceleration Rate Selected				
1	General Acceleration Rate Pr 2.011				
2	Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.012				
3	Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.013				
4	Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.014				

Parameter	2.031 Deceleration Rate Selected					
Minimum	0 Maximum 8					
Default		Units				

Deceleration Rate Selected Pr 2.031 the deceleration rate that has been selected by the Pump software. The following table show the selections possible:

Value	Deceleration Rate Selected				
1	General Acceleration Rate Pr 2.021				
2	Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.022				
3	Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.023				
4	Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.024				

Parameter	2.039 Deceleration Rate Selected					
Minimum	0 Maximum 1					
Default	1	Units				

The ramp rate parameters, General Acceleration Rate Pr 2.011, Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.012, Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.013, Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.014, General Deceleration Rate Pr 2.021, Cleaning Phase 1 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.022, Cleaning Phase 2 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.023 and Cleaning Phase 3 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.024, are specified in s / Ramp rate frequency for Open-loop mode and s / Ramp rate speed for RFC-A and RFC-S modes. Ramp rate frequency and Ramp rate speed are selected with Ramp Rate Units Pr 2.039 as defined in the table below:

	Ramp Rate Units (2.039)	Open-loop Ramp rate frequency	RFC-A and RFC-S mode Ramp rate speed
ſ	0	100 Hz	1000 rpm
	1	Maximum frequency ( <i>Maximum Reference Clamp</i> Pr <b>1.006</b> )	Maximum speed ( <i>Maximum Reference Clamp</i> Pr <b>1.006</b> )

Default

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.16 Volume and flow using a pulsed flow meter

The F600 has volume and flow indication when a suitable pulsed flow sensor has been connected to a digital input routed to *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008**. The maximum input frequency is 100 Hz.

*Flow Scaling* Pr **29.007** converts the pulses from the flow meter into the equivalent flow rate e.g. Litres per minute or Gallons per minute. Many flow meters give a flow rate at a given frequency e.g. 100 Hz = 120 litres per minute, where this can be converted to a flow scale factor by dividing the flow rate by the frequency and then multiplying by the 5 s pump software sample rate e.g. flow Scale Factor = 120/(100\*5) = 0.24.

Volume Scaling Pr **29.006** converts the pulses from the flow meter into the equivalent volume e.g. Litres per minute of Gallons per minute. Many flow meters give a flow rate at a given frequency e.g. 100 Hz = 120 litres per minute, where this can be converted to a volume per pulse by dividing the flow rate by the frequency e.g. Volume Scaling = 120/100 = 1.2.

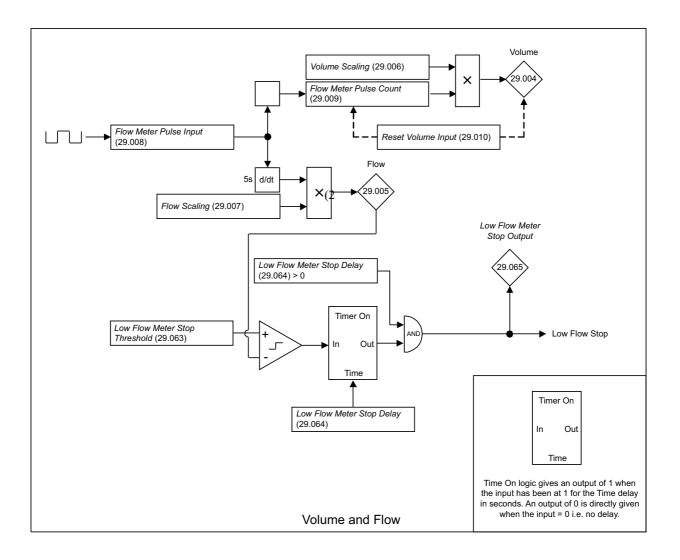
*Volume* Pr **29.004** indicates the total volume so far in the units defined by *Volume Scaling* Pr **29.006**. The value may be reset during operation by setting *Reset Volume Input* Pr **29.010** to *On(1)*.

Flow Pr 29.005 indicates the flow in the units defined by Flow Scaling Pr 29.007.

Once a suitable pulsed flow meter is connected, the system may be stopped in the event of the liquid flow going below *Low Flow Meter Stop Threshold* Pr **29.063**. The feature is enabled when Low Flow Meter Stop Delay Pr **29.064** is set >0.0 s.

### 7.16.1 Volume and flow logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the volume and flow logic.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.16.2 Volume and flow logic parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the volume and flow logic.

Parameter	29.004 Volume						
Minimum	0	Maximum	2147483647				
Default	0	Units	Defined by Volume Scaling Pr 29.006				

This indicates the system total volume so far in units defined by *Volume Scaling* Pr **29.006** e.g. Litres or Gallons. The volume value can be reset by setting *Reset Volume Input* Pr **29.010** to On(1). To calculate Volume a suitable pulsed output flow meter must be connected to a digital input routed to *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008**.

Parameter	29.005 Flow						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	10000000.0				
Default	0.0	Units	Flow Scaling Pr <b>29.007</b>				

This indicates the system flow in units defined by *Flow Scaling* Pr **29.007** e.g. Litres per minute or Gallons per minute. To calculate Flow a suitable pulsed output flow meter must be connected to a digital input routed to *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008**.

Parameter	29.006 Volume Scaling					
Minimum	0.000000	Maximum	1000.000000			
Default	1.000000	Units				

This is the scaling factor to convert the pulsed flow meter count into a volume in a user selected unit e.g. Gallons or Litres. The scaling factor is a volume per flow meter pulse. Many flow meters give a flow rate at a given frequency e.g. 100 Hz = 120 litres per minute, where this can be converted to a volume per pulse by dividing the flow rate by the frequency e.g. Volume Scaling = 120/100 = 1.2.

Parameter	29.007 Flow Scaling						
Minimum	0.000000	Maximum	1000.000000				
Default	1.000000	Units					

This is the scaling factor to convert the pulsed flow meter count into a flow rate in a user selected unit e.g. Gallons per minute or Litres per minute. The scaling factor converts the flow rate at maximum frequency to the equivalent flow with a 5s sample rate. Many flow meters give a flow rate at a given frequency e.g. 100 Hz = 120 litres per minute, where this can be converted to a flow scale factor by dividing the flow rate by the frequency \* 5 s e.g. flow Scale Factor = 120/(100\*5) = 0.24.

Parameter	29.008 Flow Meter Pulse Input						
Minimum	0	Maximum	1				
Default	0	Units					

This is the system input for a pulsed flow meter used to derive Flow and Volume. The maximum input frequency is 100 Hz. A digital input with a pulsed flow meter connected should be routed to this parameter.

Parameter	29.009 Flow Meter Pulse Count							
Minimum	0	Maximum	2147483647					
Default	0	Units						

This indicates the total number of flow meter pulses detected so far from the *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008**. This count can be reset by setting *Reset Volume Input* Pr **29.010** to *On(1)*. This count is the basis for the Volume calculation so resetting this value will also reset *Volume* Pr **29.004**.

Parameter	29.010 Reset Volume Input					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				

When set to On(1), this resets the total number of flow meter pulses detected so far in Flow Meter Pulse Count Pr 29.009 and Volume Pr 29.004.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter			29.063 La	w Flow M	leter Stop 7	hreshold						
Minimum			0.0			Maxim	Maximum			7		
Default			0.0			Units						

This defines the threshold below which the system will stop due to a low flow condition, detected using the pulsed flow meter feedback. This is set in the units defined by the *Flow Scaling* Pr **29.007**.

A suitable pulsed output flow meter must be connected to a digital input routed to the *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008** to allow the Low Flow functionality to operate.

In the event that a low flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping.

Parameter	29.064 Low Flow Meter Stop Delay						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5				
Default	5.0	Units	S				

When set to 0, the low flow stop feature is disabled.

When set to >0, the low flow stop feature is enabled.

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the Flow Pr **29.005** must be below Low Flow Meter Stop Threshold Pr **29.063** to detect a low flow condition. Low Flow Meter Stop Delay Pr **29.064** filters out any intermittent Low Flow conditions.

A suitable pulsed output flow meter must be connected to a digital input routed to *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008** to allow the Low Flow functionality to operate.

Parameter	29.065 Low Flow Meter Stop Output					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				

This indicates when a Low Flow meter stop has been actioned. This happens when the *Flow* Pr **29.005** is below the *Low Flow Meter Stop Threshold* Pr **29.063** and the *Low Flow Meter Stop Delay* Pr **29.064** has elapsed.

A suitable pulsed output flow meter must be connected to a digital input routed to *Flow Meter Pulse Input* Pr **29.008** to allow the Low Flow functionality to operate.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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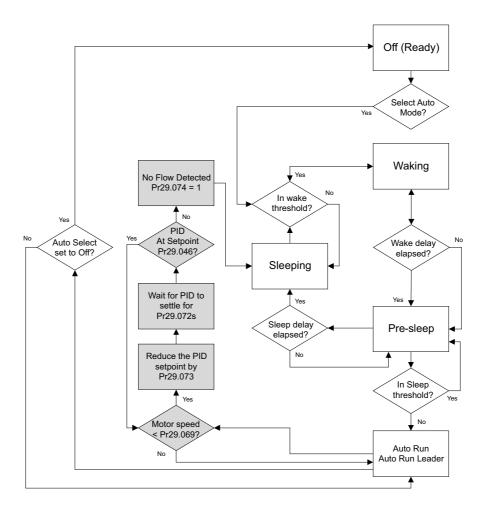
## 7.17 No flow detection

The F600 supports 2 no flow mechanisms, either from a flow switch or by software detection to stop the system in the event of no flow condition. The no flow detection schemes are intended to detect when there is no liquid flow due to a closed pump discharge valve, e.g. a closed tap. This is intended to be used in a pump system where the main process PID feedback is a pressure transducer and not a flow transducer.

No flow detection from a flow switch requires a digital input to be routed to *Flow Switch Input* Pr **29.066**, where 24 V to the digital input represents when there is flow, and *Flow Switch Input* Pr **29.066** is set to *On(1)*. When there is no flow, *Flow Switch Input* Pr **29.066** is set to *Off(0)*, and after *No Flow Switch Delay* Pr **29.067** has elapsed, *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) is set to *Sleeping* and the motor will stop. *No Flow Switch Delay* Pr **29.068** indicates when the system has stopped due to no flow caused by *Flow Switch Input* Pr **29.066** = *Off(0)* for *No Flow Switch Delay* Pr **29.067** seconds.

If a flow switch is not available, no flow detection by software detection is available, provided that the main process PID is enabled, *PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008** = On(1).

The following diagram illustrates the no flow software detection process:



The No Flow by software detection scheme is made up of four stages:

Is the motor frequency or speed < No Flow Detection Threshold Pr 29.069(0.055)? If yes, move to the next step.

Is the motor frequency or speed within the

- 1. No Flow Detection Band Pr 29.070(0.056) for No Flow Detection Delay Pr 29.071(0.057) seconds? If yes, move to the next step.
- 2. Reduce the main process PID setpoint by
- 3. No Flow Setpoint Reduction Pr **29.073**(0.059) and wait for the No Flow Setpoint Settling Delay Pr **29.072**(0.058) to elapse. Is the PID is unable to follow the new setpoint? If yes, move to the next step.
- 4. Stop the system and set *No Flow Output* Pr **29.074** to *On(1)*. If the feedback is within the *PID At Setpoint Output* Pr **29.046** window, move to step 1.

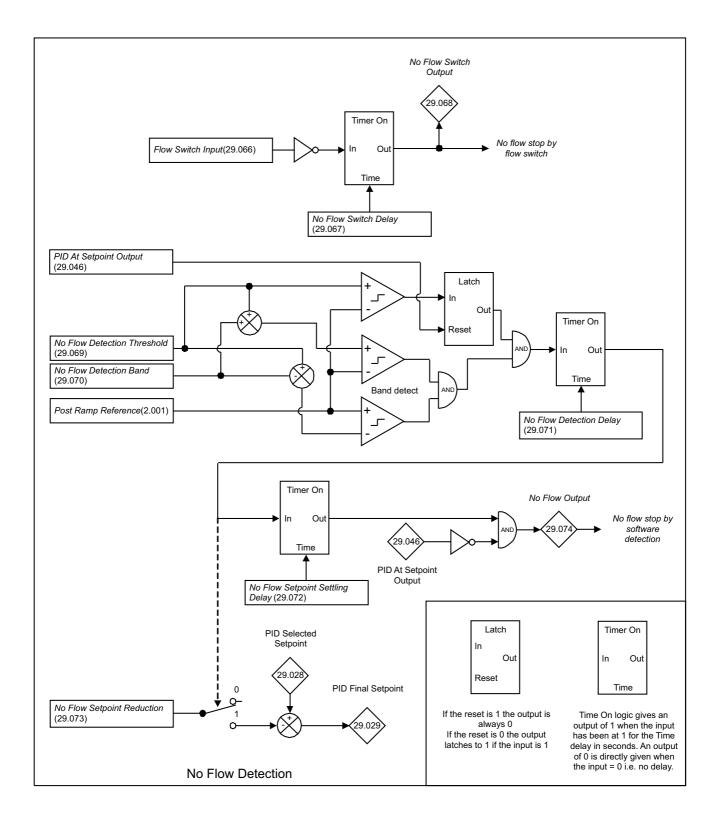
It is recommended to set *No Flow Detection Band* Pr **29.070**(0.056) to 10 % of the value found in the *Maximum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.006**(0.022), and *No Flow Detection Threshold* Pr **29.069** to the greater of the *Positive Minimum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.004**(0.023) OR

the Sleep Detect Speed Threshold Pr **29.051**(0.042) + No Flow Detection Band Pr **29.070**(0.056). In the event of a closed pump discharge valve the PID feedback will rise causing the PID output frequency or speed to dip into the No Flow Detection Band Pr **29.070**(0.056).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.17.1 No flow logic diagram

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the no flow logic.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 7.17.2 No flow logic parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the no flow logic.

Parameter	29.066 Flow Switch Input						
Minimum	0	Maximum	1				
Default	0	Units					

This is the input for a flow switch where *Off(0)* = No flow, *On(1)* = Flow. A digital input with a flow switch connected should be routed to this parameter. This input is used to detect when the system should stop due to no flow and to terminate the Automatic pipe filling routine when flow is detected; see *No Flow Switch Delay* Pr **29.067** and *Pipe Fill Mode* Pr **29.075**.

Where a flow switch is not fitted, set Flow Switch Input Pr 29.066 to On(1) and perform a drive parameter save to prevent a false no flow stop.

Parameter	29.067 No Flow Switch Delay						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5				
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the *Flow Switch Input* Pr **29.066** must be set to *Off(0)* to detect a no flow condition. *No Flow Switch Delay* Pr **29.067** filters out any intermittent No Flow conditions.

A suitable flow switch must be connected to a digital input routed to the Flow Switch Input Pr 29.066 to allow the No Flow by switch functionality to operate.

If a flow switch is fitted, then no flow by software detection is not required. A pump will be protected from running into a closed discharge using the flow switch.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Parameter	29.068 No Flow Switch Output						
Minimum	0 Maximum 1						
Default	0	Units					

This indicates when a No Flow detection from a flow switch has been detected. This happens when the *Flow Switch Input* Pr **29.066** = *Off(0)* for *No Flow Switch Delay* Pr **29.067** seconds.

A suitable flow switch must be connected to a digital input routed to the Flow Switch Input Pr 29.066 to allow the No Flow by switch functionality to operate.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Parameter	29.069(0.55) No Flow Detection Threshold						
Minimum	0.0	3000.0					
Default	0.0	Units	Hz or rpm				

When *No Flow Detection Threshold* Pr **29.069**(0.055) is > 0, software detection of no flow is enabled. This defines the frequency or speed threshold below which software based no flow is detected. This must be set to the greater of the *Positive Minimum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.004** OR the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051** + *No Flow Detection Band* Pr **29.070**(0.056). In the event of a closed pump output the main process PID feedback will rise causing the motor frequency or speed to dip below this level.

When No Flow Detection Threshold Pr 29.069(0.055) = 0, software detection of no flow is disabled.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Parameter	29.070(0.56) No Flow Detection Band						
Minimum	0.0 Maximum 3000.0						
Default	150.0	Units					

This defines the frequency or speed band used by the software no flow detection scheme. It is recommended to set this to 10% of the *Maximum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.006**. In the event of a closed pump or fan output the PID feedback will rise causing the motor frequency or speed to dip into this band.

This is only used when *No Flow Detection Threshold* Pr **29.069** is > 0. See *No Flow Detection Threshold* Pr **29.069** for details on the no flow by software detection process.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via *PID1 Enable* Pr **14.008**, then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled. In the event that a no flow is detected, *Operating Status* Pr **29.003** will transition to *Sleeping*.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Caro Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter 29.071(0.57) No Flow Detection Delay												
Minimum			0.0			Maxim	um		6553.5			
Default			5.0			Units		;	6			

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the motor frequency or speed must be below the *No Flow Detection Threshold* Pr **29.069**(0.055) to complete stage 1 of the no flow by software detection scheme. *No Flow Detection Delay* Pr **29.071**(0.057) filters out any intermittent No Flow conditions.

This is only used when No Flow Detection Threshold Pr 29.069(0.055) is > 0.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Parameter	29.072 No Flow Setpoint Settling Delay						
Minimum	0.0	6553.5					
Default	1.0	Units	S				

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the no flow by software detection scheme will wait after applying the *No Flow Setpoint Reduction* Pr **29.073**(0.059) before checking if the main process PID is able to track the change in setpoint. If the main process PID isn't able to track the change in setpoint a no flow by software detection stop is actioned and *No Flow Output* Pr **29.074** is set to *On*(1).

This is only used when No Flow Detection Threshold Pr 29.069(0.055) is > 0.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Parameter	29.073(0.059) No Flow Setpoint Reduction					
Minimum	0.00	2.55				
Default	0.06	Units	UU			

This defines the main process PID setpoint reduction value used in stage 2 of detecting no flow by software. After applying the *No Flow Setpoint Reduction* Pr **29.073**(0.059) and waiting for the *No Flow Setpoint Settling Delay* Pr **29.072** to elapse, the software will check to see if the main process PID hasn't been able to track the change in setpoint; if it hasn't then software no flow is detected. and the system will stop.

This is only used when No Flow Detection Threshold Pr 29.069 is > 0.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then then no flow detection when running in Auto mode is disabled.

In the event that a no flow is detected, Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) will transition to Sleeping and the motor will stop.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.18 Dry well

In a pump application, e.g. pumping from a well or tank, the level of liquid being pumped may drop below the level of the pump suction pipe. In this situation the pump should be slowed down or stopped to prevent pump wear. Dry Well Low Load detection Automatically checks for this condition and is configured by *Dry Well Low Load Mode* Pr **29.059**(0.052) to respond in one of the following ways:

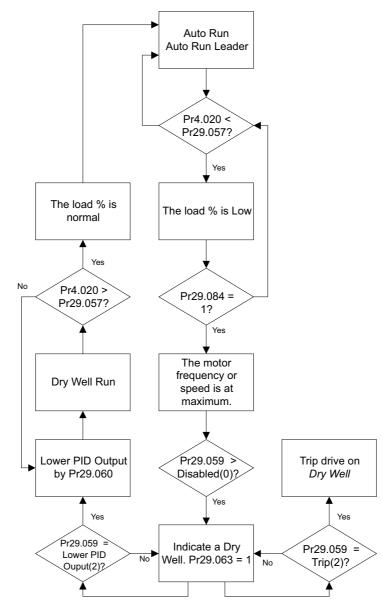
- Disabled The Dry Well Low Load detection system is disabled.
- Alarm only If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, an alarm is raised by setting Dry Well Low Load Alarm Output Pr 29.062 = On(1).
- Trip If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, a Dry Well trip is actioned.
- Lower PID Output If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, the PID output is lowered by the Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction Pr 29.060(0.053) value thereby limiting potential damage to the pump. When the load value is above the Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent Pr 29.057(0.050), the PID output is restored. Operating Status Pr 29.003(0.073) = Dry Well Run when the PID output has been reduced due to a dry well condition.

A dry well is detected when the load level is below the *Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent* Pr **29.057**(0.050) and the motor frequency or speed must be within the *Maximum Drive Reference Band* Pr **29.083** to detect a dry well low load condition. *Dry Well Low Load Detection Delay* Pr **29.058**(0.051) filters out any intermittent Dry Well Low Load conditions.

If a Dry Well condition is detected in a Cascade system, *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Cascade* the Soft Starters will be stopped to prevent pump wear. The soft starters will Automatically restart when the Dry Well condition has finished.

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

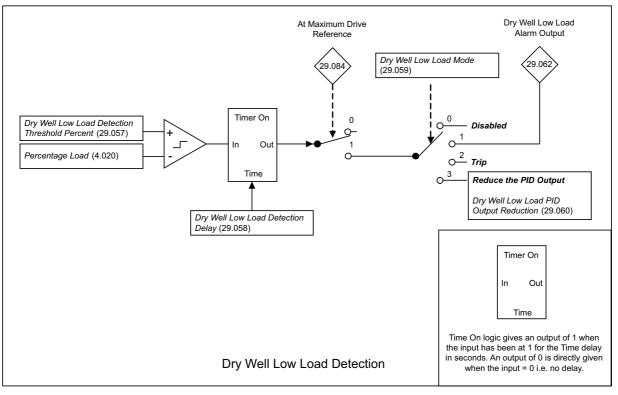
The following flow chart illustrates dry well process:



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.18.1 Dry well logic diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the dry well logic.



## 7.18.2 Dry well logic parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the no flow logic.

Parameter	29.057(0.050) Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent							
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	100.0					
Default	1.0	Units	%					

This defines the load percentage below which a dry well low load condition is detected. *Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent* Pr **29.057**(0.050) is compared against *Percentage Load* Pr **4.020**. To complete the dry well low load detection logic the motor frequency or speed must be within the *Maximum Drive Reference Band* Pr **29.083**.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr14.008, then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Parameter	29.059(0.052) Dry Well Low Load Mode							
Minimum	0 Maximum 3							
Default	0	Units						

This defines the Dry Well Low Load system will operate. The following options are available:

Mode	Value	Description
Disabled	0	The Dry Well Low Load detection system is disabled
Alarm Only	1	If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, an alarm is raised, <i>Dry Well Low Load Alarm Output</i> Pr <b>29.062</b> = <i>On(1)</i> .
Trip	2	If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, a <i>Dry Well</i> trip is actioned when a dry well low load condition is detected.
Lower PID Output	3	If a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, the PID output is lowered by the <i>Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction</i> Pr <b>29.060</b> (053) value thereby limiting potential damage to the pump. When the load value is above the <i>Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent</i> Pr <b>29.057</b> (0.050), the PID output is restored. <i>Operating Status</i> Pr <b>29.003</b> (0.073) = <i>Dry Well Run</i> when the PID output has been reduced due to a dry well condition.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er		29.060(0.	053) <i>Dry</i>	Well Low Lo	oad PID Outp	out Reductio	n				

Minimum	0.00	Maximum	100.00
Default	50.00	Units	%

When *Dry Well Low Load Mode* Pr **29.059**(0.052) = *Lower PID Output*, if a Dry Well Low Load condition is detected, the PID output is lowered by the *Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction* Pr **29.060** value thereby limiting potential damage to the pump. When the load value is above the *Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent* Pr **29.057**(0.050), the PID output is restored.

Operating Status Pr **29.003**(0.073) = Dry Well Run when Dry Well Low Load PID Output Reduction Pr **29.060**(0.053) has been used to reduce the PID output due to a dry well condition.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Parameter	29.061 Dry Well Low Load Restart Delay						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5				
Default	5.0	Units	S				

The defines the minimum time in seconds after the drive has been tripped due to a Dry Well Low Load condition before it can be restarted. This prevents the system from Automatically resetting and attempting to run again without there being sufficient time to allow the well or tank to fill again. This is only used when Dry Well Low Load Mode Pr **29.059** = *Trip*.

#### NOTE

If the main process PID has been disabled via PID1 Enable Pr 14.008, then Dry Well Low Load detection is internally disabled.

Parameter	29.062 Dry Well Low Load Alarm Output						
Minimum	0	Maximum	1				
Default	0	Units					

When set to On(1), this indicates when a Dry Well Low Load condition has been detected.

Safety information		lechanical nstallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.19 Pump cleaning

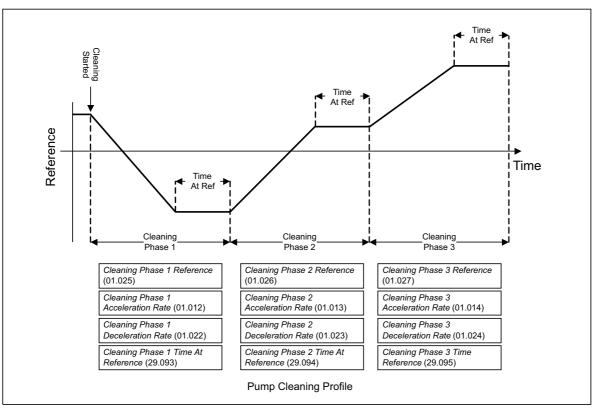
The pump cleaning or de-ragging functionality of the software works by cycling pump backwards and forwards with a user defined cleaning profile to release rags or other debris back into the suction tank where they can settle away from the pump suction inlet. This helps to keep remote pumps operating with moderate blockages without user intervention. For a persistent blockage, manual intervention may be still be required.

Before using this feature the pump manufacturer must be consulted to find out if the pump can be run backwards without damaging it; not all pumps can be run backwards e.g. centrifugal pumps are designed to run forwards only.

The pump cleaning or de-ragging functionality is started using the following triggers:

- A digital input routed to *Clean Manual Input* Pr **29.088**. The cleaning routine runs while this input is set to *On(1)*. Hand and Auto mode are a higher priority than manual clean and will cancel any manual cleaning that is in progress even if *Clean Manual Input* Pr **29.088** = *On(1)*.
- A cleaning cycle may be activated when the system is started in Auto mode, by setting Clean On Start Pr 29.089 = On(1).
- A cleaning cycle may be activated after Clean On Interval Time Pr 29.096, by setting Pr 29.090 Clean On Interval = On(1). This is not available in Cascade mode, Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade.
- A cleaning cycle may be activated when either the Clean On Load Current High Threshold Pr 29.098 or Clean On Load Current Low Threshold Pr 29.099 is reached, by setting Clean On Load Current Threshold Pr 29.091 = On(1). This is not available in Cascade mode, Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade.
- A cleaning cycle may be activated when Motor Overload Alarm Pr 10.017 = On(1), by setting Clean On Motor Over-load Pr 29.092 = On(1). This is not available in Cascade mode, Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade.

When the cleaning cycle is triggered, the cleaning profile runs the motor at 3 user defined frequencies or speeds. By default, the initial rotation is backwards to release debris from the impellor back into the suction tank thereby clearing the blockage. The following diagram shows the profile configuration:



The load current supplied to the pump motor is sampled before and after the cleaning routine in *Pre-clean Load Current* Pr **29.102** and *Post-clean Load Current* Pr **29.103** to give an indication of how well the blockage has been removed.

To protect the system for attempting to clean too many times in an hour, *Clean Per Hour Limit* Pr**29.100** set the maximum allowed number of cleaning cycles before taking the action configured by *Clean Per Hour Limit Mode* Pr **29.101**:

Alarm Only – An alarm will be raised where Clean Per Hour Alarm Output Pr 29.105 is set to On(1) when the limit is reached.

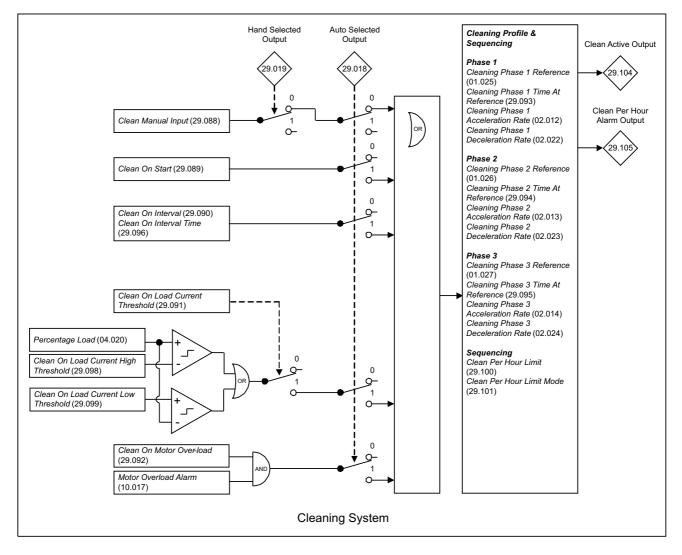
Stop Cleaning – An alarm will be raised where Clean Per Hour Alarm Output Pr 29.105 is set to On(1) and cleaning will be deactivated for the remainder of the current hour when the limit is reached.

*Trip* – The drive will trip *Clean Over-cycle* when the clean per hour limit is reached. Resetting the trip will reset the internal clean per hour counters so that cleaning can continue after the reset if triggered. The *Clean Over-cycle* will be logged in the trip log, *Trip 0* Pr **10.020** to *Trip 9* Pr **10.029**. When cleaning is activated *Clean Active output* Pr **29.104** is set to *On(1)*.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.19.1 Pump cleaning logic diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by the pump cleaning logic.



## 7.19.2 Pump cleaning logic parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by the pump cleaning logic.

Parameter	1.025 Cleaning Phase 1 Reference								
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	Maximum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]						
Default	-15 Hz or -450 rpm (Std) -18 Hz or -540 rpm (US)	Units	Hz or rpm						

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when pump cleaning, (de-ragging), phase 1 is in progress. See Cleaning Phase 1 Time At Reference Pr 29.093, Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.012 and Cleaning Phase 1 Deceleration Rate

Pr **2.022**.

Parameter	1.026 Cleaning Phase 2 Reference					
Minimum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]	Maximum	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			
Default	15 Hz or 450 rpm (Std) 18 Hz or 540 rpm (US)	Units	Hz or rpm			

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when pump cleaning, (de-ragging), phase 2 is in progress.

See Cleaning Phase 2 Time At Reference Pr 29.094, Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.013 and Cleaning Phase 2 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.023.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Parameter 1.027 Cleaning Phase 3 Reference													
Minimum	Minimum			VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]			Maximum			VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]			
Default		40 Hz or 7 54 Hz or 7	•	. ,	Units		ł	Iz or rpm					

This defines the speed or frequency reference used when pump cleaning, (de-ragging), phase 3 is in progress. See

Cleaning Phase 3 Time At Reference Pr 29.095, Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate Pr 2.014 and Cleaning Phase 3 Deceleration Rate Pr 2.024.

Parameter	2.012 Cleaning Phase 1 Acceleration Rate					
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	Maximum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]			
Default	5.0	Units	s			

This defines the acceleration rate when executing phase 1 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.013 Cleaning Phase 2 Acceleration Rate					
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	Maximum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]			
Default	5.0	Units	S			

This defines the acceleration rate when executing phase 2 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.014 Cleaning Phase 3 Acceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	Maximum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]				
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the acceleration rate when executing phase 3 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.022 Cleaning Phase 1 Deceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	Maximum VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]					
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the deceleration rate when executing phase 1 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.023 Cleaning Phase 2 Deceleration Rate					
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	Maximum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]			
Default	5.0	Units	S			

This defines the deceleration rate when executing phase 2 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	2.024 Cleaning Phase 3 Deceleration Rate						
Minimum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN]	Maximum	VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX]				
Default	5.0	Units	S				

This defines the deceleration rate when executing phase 3 of the cleaning or de-ragging routine.

Parameter	29.089 Clean On Start				
Minimum	0	Maximum	1		
Default	0	Units			

When set to On(1), this activates the pump cleaning cycle when the system is first run in Auto mode i.e. if the system goes to sleep and then wakes in Auto mode cleaning on start will not be triggered. If the pipe fill function is enabled via *Pipe Fill Mode* Pr **29.075**(0.046), then the pipe fill will happen first.

When set to Off(0), pump cleaning on start is disabled.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 29.090 Clean On Interval											
Minimum			0			Maxim	um	1				

Units

When set to On, this activates cleaning on interval. The interval is started when Auto mode is selected where the pump cleaning cycle will happen at the end of the interval, each time the interval elapses. The interval is defined by *Clean On Interval Time* Pr **29.096**.

This method of cleaning is not available when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = Cascade.

0

Default

Parameter	29.091 Clean On Lo	29.091 Clean On Load Current Threshold				
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	0	Units				

When set to On(1), this activates cleaning on current load thresholds defined by *Clean On Load Current High Threshold* Pr **29.098** and *Clean On Load Current Low Threshold* Pr**29.099**. Intermittent cleaning load current conditions are filtered using the *Clean On Load Current Delay* Pr **29.097**. A high current can by caused by a blocked pump rotor, and low current can be caused by a blocked pump input. The low and high current threshold be set outside of the normal pumping current range.

This method of cleaning is not available when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = Cascade.

This method of cleaning is not available when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade.

Parameter	29.092 Clean On Motor Over-load				
Minimum	0	1			
Default	0	Units			

When set to On(1), this activates cleaning on motor over-load as indicated when *Motor Overload Alarm* Pr **10.017** = On(1). The *Motor Thermal Time Constant* 1 Pr **4.015** must be set up correctly when using this feature; consult the pump motor manufacturer or documentation to find this value.

Parameter	29.093 Cleaning Pl	29.093 Cleaning Phase 1 Time At Reference					
Minimum	0.1	Maximum	6553.5				
Default	15.0	Units	s				

This defines the time in seconds that the pump will spend at *Cleaning Phase 1 Reference* Pr **1.025** before moving to phase 2 of the pump cleaning cycle.

Parameter	29.094 Cleaning Phase 2 Time At Reference					
Minimum	0.1	6553.5				
Default	10.0	Units	S			

This defines the time in seconds that the pump will spend at *Cleaning Phase 2 Reference* Pr **1.026** before moving to phase 3 of the pump cleaning cycle.

Parameter	29.095 Cleaning Phase 3 Time At Reference					
Minimum	0.1	6553.5				
Default	10.0	Units	S			

This defines the time in seconds that the pump will spend at Cleaning Phase 3 Reference Pr 1.027 before completing the pump cleaning cycle.

Parameter	29.096 Clean On Interval Time					
Minimum	1 Maximum 65535					
Default	1440	Units	minutes			

This defines the pump cleaning time interval in minutes used when *Clean On Interval* Pr **29.090** = *On(1)*. If the drive is running in Auto mode, when *Clean On Interval Time* Pr **29.096** elapses a cleaning cycle is actioned. If the drive is sleeping in Auto mode when the *Clean On Interval Time* Pr **29.096** elapses, a clean will be actioned next time the drive runs.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 29.097 Clean On Load Current Delay											
Minimum	Minimum 0.1			Maxim	Maximum		6553.5					
Default		10.0		Units	Units s		S					

Clean On Load Current Delay Pr 29.097 is only used when Clean On Load Current Threshold Pr 29.091 = On(1).

This defines the continuous time in seconds that the motor load current must be below the *Clean On Load Current Low Threshold* Pr **29.099** or above the *Clean On Load Current High Threshold* Pr **29.098** to initiate a clean on load current. *Clean On Load Current Delay* Pr **29.097** filters out any intermittent load current conditions that would otherwise trigger a clean on load current.

A high current can by caused by a blocked pump rotor, and low current can be caused by a blocked pump input. The low and high current threshold should be set outside of the normal pumping current range.

Parameter	29.098 Clean On Load Current High Threshold					
Minimum	0.0	200.0				
Default	80.0	Units	%			

Clean On Load Current High Threshold Pr 29.098 is only used when Clean On Load Current Threshold Pr 29.091 = On(1).

This defines the high load current threshold above which a clean on load current is initiated. *Clean On Load Current High Threshold* Pr **29.098** is compared against *Percentage Load* Pr **4.020**. *Clean On Load Current Delay* Pr **29.097** filters out any intermittent load current conditions that would otherwise trigger a clean on load current.

A high current can by caused by a blocked pump rotor, and low current can be caused by a blocked pump input. The low and high current threshold should be set outside of the normal pumping current range.

Parameter	29.099 Clean On Load Current Low Threshold					
Minimum	0.0	50.0				
Default	10.0	Units	%			

Clean On Load Current Low Threshold Pr 29.099 is only used when Clean On Load Current Threshold Pr 29.091 = On(1).

This defines the low load current threshold below which a clean on load current is initiated. *Clean On Load Current Low Threshold* Pr **29.099** is compared against *Percentage Load* Pr **4.020**. *Clean On Load Current Delay* Pr **29.097** filters out any intermittent load current conditions that would otherwise trigger a clean on load current.

A high current can by caused by a blocked pump rotor, and low current can be caused by a blocked pump input. The low and high current threshold should be set outside of the normal pumping current range.

Parameter	29.100 Clean Per Hour Limit						
Minimum	1 Maximum 30						
Default	5	Units	Cleaning cycles				

This defines the maximum number of pump cleaning cycles per hour. The action taken when the limit is reached is configured by the *Clean Per Hour Limit Mode* Pr **29.101**. When this limit is reached the *Clean Per Hour Alarm Output* Pr **29.105** = On(1).

Parameter	29.101 Clean Per Hour Limit Mode					
Minimum	0 Maximum 2					
Default	1	Units				

This sets the action taken when the Clean Per Hour Limit Pr29.100 is reached. The following modes are available:

Mode	Value	Description
Alarm Only	0	An alarm will be raised where Clean Per Hour Alarm Output Pr 29.105 is set to On(1) when the limit is reached.
		An alarm will be raised where <i>Clean Per Hour Alarm Output</i> Pr <b>29.105</b> is set to On(1) and cleaning will be deactivated for the remainder of the current hour when the limit is reached
Trip	2	The drive will trip <i>Clean Over-cycle</i> when the clean per hour limit is reached. Resetting the trip will reset the internal clean per hour counters so that cleaning can continue after the reset if triggered.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	Parameter 29.102 Pre-clean Load Current											
Minimum		-1000.0		Maxim	Maximum 1		1000.0					

Units

%

This indicates the load current percentage sampled from *Percentage Load* Pr **4.020** prior to running the cleaning cycle. By using *Preclean Load Current* (**29.102**) and comparing it to *Post-clean Load Current* Pr **29.103** it is possible to see if the cleaning cycle was effective.

Pre-clean Load Current Pr 29.102 and Post-clean Load Current Pr 29.103 are not updated if the cleaning cycle was started either manually via Clean Manual Input Pr 29.088 or on start-up via Clean On Start Pr 29.089.

Parameter	29.103 Post-clean Load Current					
Minimum	-1000.0	Maximum	1000.0			
Default	0.0	Units	%			

This indicates the load current percentage sampled from *Percentage Load* Pr 4.020 after running the cleaning cycle. By using *Preclean Load Current* Pr 29.102 and comparing it to Post-clean Load Current Pr 29.103 it is possible to see if the cleaning cycle was effective.

Parameter	29.104 Clean Active Output							
Minimum	0	Maximum	1					
Default	0	Units						

This indicates when a pump cleaning cycle is running.

0.0

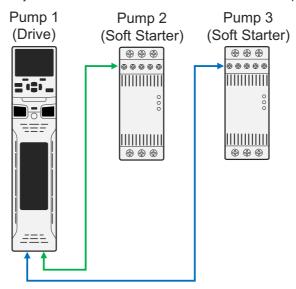
Parameter	29.105 Clean Per Hour Alarm Output							
Minimum	0	1						
Default	0	Units						

When Clean Per Hour Limit Mode Pr 29.101 = Alarm Only or Stop Cleaning, this indicates when the Clean Per Hour Limit Pr 29.100 has been reached.

# 7.20 Cascade mode

Default

A Cascade system is where a single leader drive is assisted by parallel pumps controlled by Soft Starters. The Soft Starters assists are commanded by 24 V I/O signals or relay outputs provided by the Leader drive. Cascade mode is selected when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Cascade*.



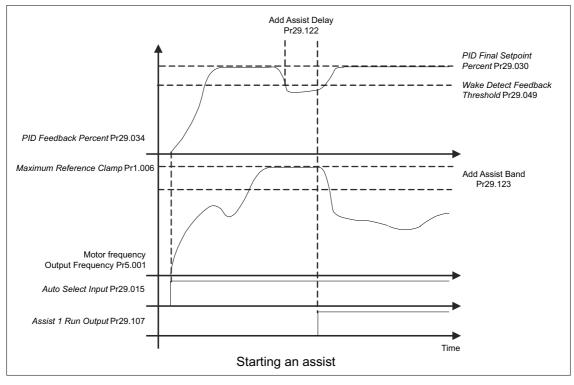
The F600 Pump drive is started and stopped using the logic described in section 7.10 Wake and sleep .

In a Cascade system, the leader drive commands assist soft starters to run or stop in order meet the setpoint demand. An assist soft starter is commanded to run when:

- The motor frequency or speed is within the Add Assist Band Pr 29.123 where the PID is at maximum output and unable to meet the demand.
- PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036 is < Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) for Wake Detect Delay Pr 29.050(0.041) seconds, when PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005 = Off(0).
- PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036 is > Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) for Wake Detect Delay Pr 29.050(0.041) seconds, when PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert Pr 14.005 = On(1).

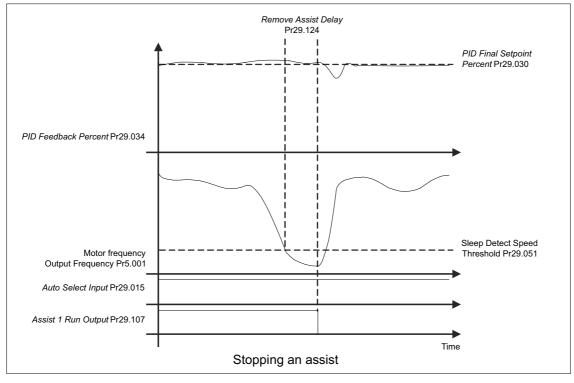
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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It is important to note that *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049(**0.040) not only defines the feedback level when the soft starters will be commanded to assist the leader drive, but also the minimum operating pump system output level, e.g. if the setpoint is 80.00 UU and the wake threshold is 70.00 UU then the pump discharge will operate between these two levels.



The process shown in the previous diagram illustrates the starting behaviour for a single assist, however, the process is repeated for a second assist. In a Cascade system the assist soft starters run at full speed, where the leader drives main process PID loop trims the pump motor frequency or speed to match the setpoint. The system may run in this mode with a single assist or two assists as required by the pump system design.

An assist soft starter is commanded to stop when the motor frequency or speed drops within the Sleep Detect Speed Threshold Pr 29.051(0.042) for Remove Assist Delay Pr 29.124 seconds.



The process shown in the previous diagram illustrates the stopping behaviour for a single assist, however, the process is repeated for a second assist.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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When controlling an assist, the user has 2 different control I/O options, as configured by Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106:

• *Run Only* – In this mode assist Soft Starters are only provided a run command signal via *Assist 1 Run Output* Pr **29.107** and *Assist 2 Run Output* Pr **29.113**. The assist run outputs must be routed to digital or relay outputs that are connected to Soft Starter run inputs.

It is assumed that a Soft Starter is running after the *Add Assist Delay* Pr **29.122** has elapsed. If the Soft Starter pump has contributed enough, the main process PID output will reduce and no further Soft Starters will be commanded to run. If the Soft Starter pump hasn't contributed enough, the main process PID output will remain high and another Soft Starter will be commanded to run, if another is installed.

Full I/O – In this mode assist soft starter controlled and monitored using the following control and status signals:

• Assist 1 Run Output Pr 29.107 and Assist 2 Run Output Pr 29.113.

• Assist 1 Ready Input Pr 29.108 and Assist 2 Ready Input Pr 29.114.

• Assist 1 Running Input Pr 29.109 and Assist 2 Running Input Pr 29.115.

If the Soft Starter pump has contributed enough, the main process PID output will reduce and no further Soft Starters will be commanded to run. If the Soft Starter pump hasn't contributed enough, the main process PID output will remain high and another Soft Starter will be commanded to run, if another is installed.

The Ready input is used to determine whether to attempt to start a given Soft Starter. If the Soft Starter indicates that it is Ready then it will be started if required. If it does not indicate that it is Ready then an alternative Soft Starter will be started instead if available. If a Soft Starter does not give a Ready signal during pumping its run output will be set to off and it will not be retried until it gives a Ready signal again. If a Soft Started does not give a running signal within Add Assist Delay Pr **29.122** seconds, the Run output for that Soft Starter will be set to Off, and an alternative Soft Starter will be started instead if available.

The Running input is used to give a more accurate running time for a given starter, and to provide indication on whether the start was successful or not via Assist Last Failed Start Pr 29.119.

Note that the system may run with only 1 assist starter if required, where the assist 2 parameters can be left at their default value.

See section for more information on how to configure the drive digital I/O and relay outputs. Additional I/O may be added to the drive with an SI I/O module.

The assist soft starters have their own individual over-cycle protection, where the user can configure *Assist Starts Per Hour* Pr **29.120** to protect the soft starters in the event that they are started more times in an hour than their rating, due to pump system demand. *Assist Over-cycle Mode* Pr **29.121** configures how the protection operates:

- Wait 1hr Cool In this mode the system will wait 1 hour from the last permitted start for the Soft Starter to cool down. After the cooling time has elapsed the Soft Starter will be allowed to run again, Automatically.
- Trip In this mode the drive will trip Assist 1 Cycle or Assist 2 Cycle indicating an over-cycle, and the system will wait 1 hour from the last permitted start for the Soft Starter to cool down. After the cooling time has elapsed and the trip is cleared the Soft Starter will be allowed to run again Automatically. By default, the system will Auto-reset the trip, but the Soft Starter over-cycle trip will be logged in the drives trip log, Trip 0 Pr 10.020 to Trip 9 Pr 10.029, for diagnostic purposes.

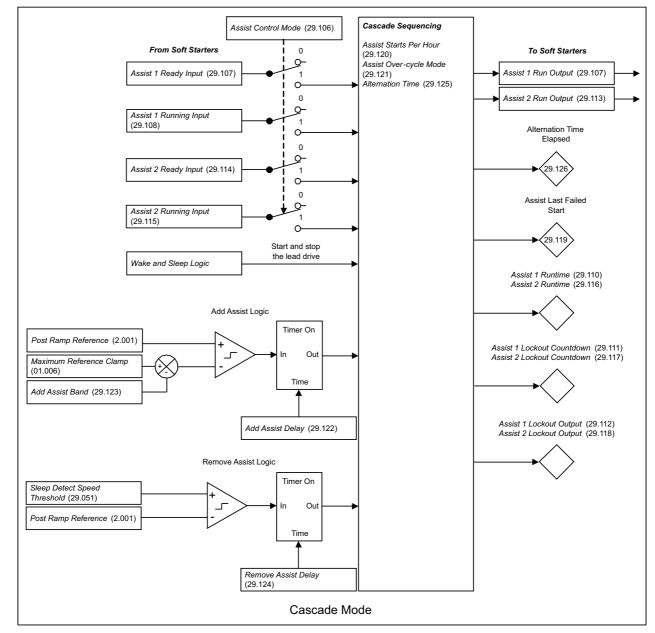
In the event of an assist over-cycle lockout, Assist 1 Lockout Output Pr **29.112** and Assist 2 Lockout Output Pr **29.118** will be set to On(1) and the remaining time cooling time for the soft starters is indicated by Assist 1 Lockout Countdown Pr29.111 and Assist 1 Lockout Countdown Pr **29.117** in seconds.

To even wear on the assist pumps the starting order is alternated after the Alternation Time Pr 29.125 has elapsed.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 7.20.1 Cascade mode diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by cascade mode.



## 7.20.2 Cascade mode parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by cascade mode.

Parameter	29.106 Assist C	29.106 Assist Control Mode							
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 is only used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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This selects how much I/O is required to control assist soft starters. Two options are available:

Mode	Value	Description
		In this mode assist Soft Starters are only provided a run command signal via Assist 1 Run Output Pr <b>29.107</b> and Assist 2 Run Output Pr <b>29.113</b> . The assist run outputs must be routed to digital outputs that are connected to Soft Starter run inputs.
Run Only	0	It is assumed that a Soft Starter is running after the <i>Add Assist Delay</i> Pr <b>29.122</b> has elapsed. If the Soft Starter pump has contributed enough, the main process PID output will reduce and no further Soft Starters will be commanded to run. If the Soft Starter pump hasn't contributed enough, the main process PID output will remain high and another Soft Starter will be commanded to run.
		Note that the system may run with only 1 assist starter if required, where the assist 2 parameters can be left at their default value.
Fill I/O	1	In this mode assist soft starter controlled and monitored using the following control and status signals: • Assist 1 Run Output Pr 29.107 and Assist 2 Run Output Pr 29.113. • Assist 1 Ready Input Pr 29.108 and Assist 2 Ready Input Pr 29.114. • Assist 1 Running Input Pr 29.109 and Assist 2 Running Input Pr 29.115. If the Soft Starter pump has contributed enough, the main process PID output will reduce and no further Soft Starters will be commanded to run. If the Soft Starter pump hasn't contributed enough, the main process PID output will remain high and another Soft Starter will be commanded to run. The Ready input is used to determine whether to attempt to start a given Soft Starter. If the Soft Starter indicates that it is Ready then it will be started if required. If it does not indicate that it is Ready then an alternative Soft Starter will be started instead if available. If a Soft Starter does not give a Ready signal during pumping its run output will be set to off and it will not be retried until it gives a Ready signal again. If a Soft Starter will be set to Off, and an alternative Soft Starter will be started instead, if available. The Running input is used to give a more accurate running time for a given starter, and to provide indication on whether the start was successful or not via Assist Last Failed Start Pr 29.119. Note that the system may run with only 1 assist starter if required, where the assist 2 parameters can be left at their default value.

The Soft Starter assists are called to run or stop using Add Assist Delay Pr **29.122**, Add Assist Band Pr **29.123** and Remove Assist Delay Pr **29.124**. The starting order of the Soft Starter assists is rotated using the Alternation Time Pr **29.125**.

Parameter	29.107 Assist 1 Run Output							
Minimum	0	Maximum	1					
Default	0	Units						

This is the Run command output for Assist 1. A digital output must be routed to this parameter where the subsequent 24 V signal is connected to the run Input of Soft Starter Assist 1.

Parameter	29.108 Assist 1 Ready Input								
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

Assist 1 Ready Input Pr 29.108 is only used when Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 = Full I/O.

This is the Ready feedback input for Assist 1. A digital input must be routed to this parameter where a 24 V signal is connected to a ready or healthy output from Soft Starter Assist 1.

Parameter	29.109 Assist 1 Running Input								
Minimum	0	Maximum	1						
Default	0	Units							

Assist 1 Running Input Pr 29.109 is only used when Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 = Full I/O.

This is the Running feedback input for Assist 1. A digital input must be routed to this parameter where a 24 V signal is connected to a running output from Soft Starter Assist 1.

	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Paramete	er		29.110 As	ssist 1 Rui	ntime							
	Minimum			0			Maxim	Maximum			2147483647		
	Default			0			Units		r	ninutes			
	This indicates the running time for Assist Soft Starter 1 in minutes sir					since the Le	ader drive w	as powered u	р.				
	Parameter 29.111 Assist 1 Lockout Countdou				down								
Minimum				0.0			Maxim	um		2600.0			

Minimum	0.0	Maximum	3600.0		
Default	0.0	Units	S		

In the event that Assist Starts Per Hour Pr 29.120 has been reached by Assist Soft Starter 1, Assist 1 Lockout Countdown Pr 29.111 indicates the remaining time in seconds that this Soft Starter is locked out for to allow time for it to cool down.

Parameter	29.112 Assist 1 Lockout Output		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

In the event that Assist Starts Per Hour Pr 29.120 has been reached by Assist Soft Starter 1, Assist 1 Lockout Output Pr 29.112 indicates when this Soft Starter is locked out to allow time for it to cool down.

Parameter	29.113 Assist 2 Run Output		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

This is the Run command output for Assist 2. A digital output must be routed to this parameter where the subsequent 24 V signal is connected to the run Input of Soft Starter Assist 2.

Parameter	29.114 Assist 2 Ready Input		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

Assist 2 Ready Input Pr 29.114 is only used when Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 = Full I/O.

This is the Ready feedback input for Assist 2. A digital input must be routed to this parameter where a 24 V signal is connected to a ready or healthy output from Soft Starter Assist 2.

Parameter	29.115 Assist 2 Running Input			
Minimum	0	Maximum	1	
Default	0	Units		

Assist 2 Running Input Pr 29.115 is only used when Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 = Full I/O.

This is the Running feedback input for Assist 2. A digital input must be routed to this parameter where a 24 V signal is connected to a running output from Soft Starter Assist 2.

Parameter	29.116 Assist 2 Runtime			
Minimum	0	2147483647		
Default	0	Units	minutes	

This indicates the running time for Assist Soft Starter 2 in minutes since the Leader drive was powered up.

Parameter	29.117 Assist 2 Lockout Countdown				
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	3600.0		
Default	0.0	Units	S		

In the event that Assist Starts Per Hour Pr 29.120 has been reached by Assist Soft Starter 2, Assist 2 Lockout Countdown Pr 29.117 indicates the remaining time in seconds that this Soft Starter is locked out for to allow time for it to cool down.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter			29.118 As	sist 2 Loc	kout Outpu	t					

Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

In the event that Assist Starts Per Hour Pr 29.120 has been reached by Assist Soft Starter 2, Assist 2 Lockout Output Pr 29.118 indicates when this Soft Starter is locked out to allow time for it to cool down.

Parameter	29.119 Assist Last Failed Start		
Minimum	0	Maximum	2
Default	0	Units	

When Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 = Full I/O, Assist Last Failed Start Pr 29.119 indicates which starter failed to run as indicated by Assist 1 Running Input Pr 29.109 and Assist 2 Running Input (29.115) failing to change to On(1) within the Add Assist Delay Pr 29.122 + 1 second. When Assist Control Mode Pr 29.106 = Run Only, Assist Last Failed Start P r29.119 is set to No Failed Starts.

Parameter	29.120 Assist Starts Per Hour			
Minimum	1	Maximum	60	
Default	5	Units		

This defines the maximum number of starts per hour for Soft Starter Assist 1 and 2. Please consult the Soft Starter documentation to find out how many starts per hour the particular Soft Starter used in the system is rated for.

Parameter	29.121 Assist Over-cycle Mode		
Minimum	0	Maximum	1
Default	0	Units	

This defines how the assist over-cycle detection will be Handled by the Leader drive. Assist over-cycle is always enabled to protect the Soft Starter. The following options are available:

Mode	Value	Description	
Wait 1hr Cool	0	In this mode the system will wait 1 hour from the last permitted start for the Soft Starter to cool down. After the cooling time has elapsed the Soft Starter will be allowed to run again Automatically	
Trip	1	In this mode the drive will trip <i>Assist 1 Cycle</i> or <i>Assist 2 Cycle</i> indicating an over-cycle, and the system will wait 1 hour from the last permitted start for the Soft Starter to cool down. After the cooling time has elapsed and the trip is cleared the Soft Starter will be allowed to run again Automatically. By default, the system will Auto-reset the trip, but the Soft Starter over-cycle trip will be logged in the drives trip log ( <i>Trip 0</i> Pr <b>10.020</b> to <i>Trip 9</i> Pr <b>10.029</b> ) for diagnostic purposes.	

Over-cycle Starts Per Hour Pr 29.128 used to detect an assist over-cycle condition.

Parameter	29.122 Add Assist Delay			
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5	
Default	3.0	Units	S	

Add Assist Delay Pr 29.122 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

This defines the continuous time period in seconds that the leader drive main process PID must set the drive output frequency or speed within the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123** until an assist drive or soft starter is requested. *Add Assist Delay* Pr **29.122** is used to filter intermittent entry to the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123**.

In a Cascade or Multi-leader system the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) is used in combination with the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123** to decide when to start an assist i.e. both the add assist and wake thresholds must be satisfied to start an assist.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Parameter			29.123 Ad	dd Assist I	Band									
Minimum	Minimum		0.0			Maxim	um	3	3000.0					
Default		30.0			Units	Units			Hz or rpm					

Add Assist Band Pr 29.123 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

This defines the frequency or speed band in which an assist Drive or Soft Starter will be requested by the Leader Drive, after the *Add Assist Delay* Pr **29.122** has elapsed. The top end of this band is aligned with the *Maximum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.006** i.e. the add assist band moves with the maximum reference clamp.

In a Cascade or Multi-leader system the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) is used in combination with the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123** to decide when to start an assist i.e. both the add assist and wake thresholds must be satisfied to start an assist.

This is used in both Cascade and Multi-leader systems to add an assist soft starter or drive.

Parameter	29.124 Remove Assist Delay	29.124 Remove Assist Delay						
Minimum	0.0 Maximum 6553.5							
Default	3.0	Units	S					

*Remove Assist Delay* Pr **29.124** is used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Cascade* or *Multi-leader*.

This defines the continuous time period in seconds that the leader drive main process PID must set the drive output frequency or speed below the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.052) until an assist drive or soft starter is stopped, (Sleeping). *Remove Assist Delay* Pr **29.124** is used to filter intermittent entry to the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.052).

This is used in both Cascade and Multi-leader systems to add an assist soft starter or drive.

Parameter	29.125 Alternation Time						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	3276.7				
Default	24.0	Units	hours				

In a Cascade system, where *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Cascade*, this defines the time period in hours that the a given assist starting order will be used for. When the time elapses the starting sequence of the Assists will be swapped. The starting sequences are Leader - Assist 1 - Assist 2, or Leader - Assist 2 - Assist 1.

In a Multi-leader system, where *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*, this defines the time period in hours that in that an individual drive will be the system Leader. When the time elapses, the Leader will be passed to the next drive in the sequence. The drive starting sequences are 1-2-3, 2-3-1, 3-1-2.

Parameter	29.126 Alternation Time Elapsed	29.126 Alternation Time Elapsed							
Minimum	0.0	3276.7							
Default	0.0	Units	hours						

Alternation Time Elapsed Pr 29.126 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

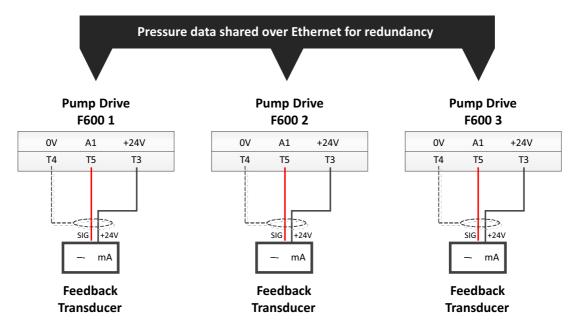
This indicates the alternation time elapsed so far in hours. When Alternation Time Elapsed Pr **29.126** = Alternation Time Pr **29.125** the system will alternate the running order of the connected Drives or Soft Starters. See Alternation Time Pr **29.125**.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 7.21 Multi-leader mode

The system consists of up to 3 variable speed pump drives of similar size. The pumps are controlled to regulate the pressure of the system to an optimum pressure set point. Each pump drive will be run based on the system demand where the higher the demand, the more drive pumps that will be commanded to run. The first pump drive to run is known as the leader pump and the pumps that are run after are called assist pumps, with system response controlled by the lead pump.

This software can run 2 or 3 pump systems, in addition to running individual pumps in Single Pump mode when necessary. Each drive has the option of a local PID feedback transducer that is shared across the network of drives, giving redundancy should a transducer failure occur.

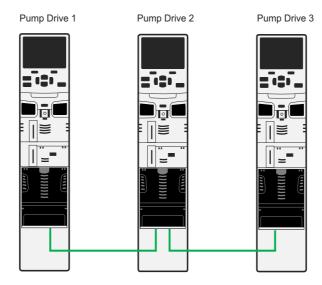


For more economic systems:

- · A minimum of 1 sensor may be fitted to any drive on the network and shared over comms.
- A 4-20 mA signal duplicator may be used where a single feedback transducer signal can then be split between the drives.

In the event of a fault with the system leader, the lead will Automatically pass to the next available drive in the system.

To use multi-leader, all drives in the system must have SI-Ethernet modules fitted, (software version >=V01.07.03.03 loaded), with suitable Ethernet connection cables so that the drives can pass control data between each other.



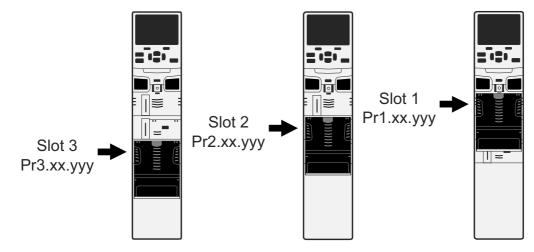
Multi-leader mode is selected by setting Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) to Multi-leader.

Each of the drives must have a unique static IP address configured, where it is recommended that the least significant IP Address number is 1, 2 or 3 to match pump 1, 2 or 3, for example:

- 192.168.1.1 for pump 1.
- 192.168.1.2 for pump 2.
- 192.168.1.3 for pump 3.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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To set up the SI-Ethernet module, the slot number that the SI-Ethernet module is fitted in must be known. The following diagram illustrates the option slot numbers and their configuration menu:



To offer the best mechanical fit, option modules are fitted starting with slot 3 and ending with slot 1.

The steps required to configure the Ethernet IP Address are given below:

- Set DHCP Enable PrS.02.005 to Off(0). This configures a static IP Address.
- Set IP Address
- PrS.02.006 to a unique IP Address e.g. 192.168.1.1.
- Set Subnet Mask
- PrS.02.007 to 255.255.255.0.
- Set Reset PrS.00.007 to On(1). After 1s this will Automatically change back to Off(0).
- · Communications are now configured. Repeat this process for all drives in the system giving each a unique IP address.
- S = the slot number.

After the IP Address configuration is completed, each pump must be assigned a node number which is configured by *Multi-leader Node ID* Pr **29.132**. The number must be either 1,2 or 3. If only 2 drives exist in the system then 1 or 2 should be selected. This tells the system software how to configure the Ethernet communications used to pass control and status data between the drives and is used by the Multi-leader control and scheduling. It is recommended to assign the pump node IDs as follows:

- Pump 1 = Node ID 1 = IP Address 192.168.1.1
- Pump 2 = Node ID 2 = IP Address 192.168.1.2
- Pump 3 = Node ID 3 = IP Address 192.168.1.3

Note that the node ID configuration takes effect 2 seconds after *Multi-leader Node ID* Pr **29.132** stops changing, where the user must select Multi-leader mode by setting *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) to *Multi-leader* before setting the node ID. After the configuration takes place it can take up to 30s for the network to establish a connection between drives.

Once all the pump drives have a unique node ID, the communications should be checked to make sure they are operating correctly. To verify this check *Cyclic Messages Per Second* PrS.**10.004** where a 2 drive system should have 200 messages per second and a 3 drive system should have 300 messages per second.

If an incorrect number of messages per second is seen, verify that each drive has a unique IP address and a unique node number.

In the event that communications are lost by an assist drive to the system leader, the user can choose between running the drive as a single pump or tripping, as configured by *Multi-leader Network Loss Mode* Pr **29.133**.

The lead drive in a Multi-leader system is started and stopped using the logic described in section 7.10 Wake and sleep .

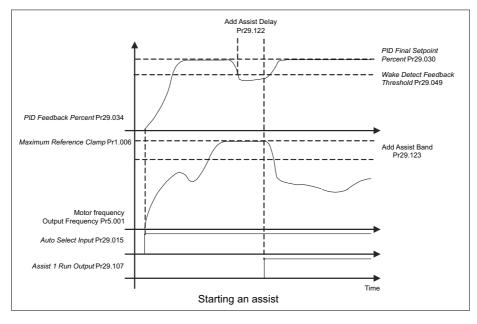
When running the system in Auto, the first drive that receives the command to run in Auto will become the system leader, and when running, will indicate this by displaying *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) = *Auto Run Leader*. The assist drives in the system will display *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) = *Auto Stop Assist* while system demand is too low to command the assists to run, and *Operating Status* Pr **29.003**(0.073) = *Auto Run Assist* when they are running in parallel with the system leader.

In a Multi-leader system, the leader drive commands assist drives to run or stop in order meet the setpoint demand. An assist drive is commanded to run by the leader when:

- The motor frequency or speed is within the Add Assist Band Pr 29.123 where the PID is at maximum output and unable to meet the demand.
- PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036 is < Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) for Wake Detect Delay Pr 29.050(0.041) seconds, when PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert 14.005 = Off(0).
- PID Final Feedback Pr 29.036 is > Wake Detect Feedback Threshold Pr 29.049(0.040) for Wake Detect Delay Pr 29.050(0.041) seconds, when PID1 Feedback Source Pr 14.004 and PID1 Reference Invert 14.005 = On(1).

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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It is important to note that *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) not only defines the feedback level when the assist drives will be commanded to assist the leader, but also the minimum operating pump system output level, e.g. if the setpoint is 80.00 UU and the wake threshold is 70.00 UU then the pump discharge will operate between these two levels.



The process shown in the previous diagram illustrates the starting behaviour for a single assist drive, however, the process is repeated for a second assist drive.

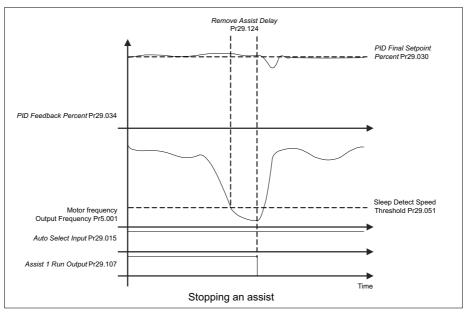
#### NOTE

The Multi-leader Node n Control Word uses bits 0 to 2 to indicate which drives in the system must run where:

- If bit 0 = 1, Pump 1 is commanded to run.
- If bit 1 = 1, Pump 2 is commanded to run.
- If bit 2 = 1, Pump 3 is commanded to run.

In a Multi-leader system, the assist drives receive a frequency or speed reference from the leader drives, where the leader drives main process PID loop trims the pump motor frequency or speed on all drives running in the system to match the setpoint.

An assist drive is commanded to stop when the leader drive motor frequency or speed drops within the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.042) for *Remove Assist Delay* Pr **29.124** seconds.



The process shown in the previous diagram illustrates the stopping behaviour for a single assist drive, however, the process is repeated for a second assist drive.

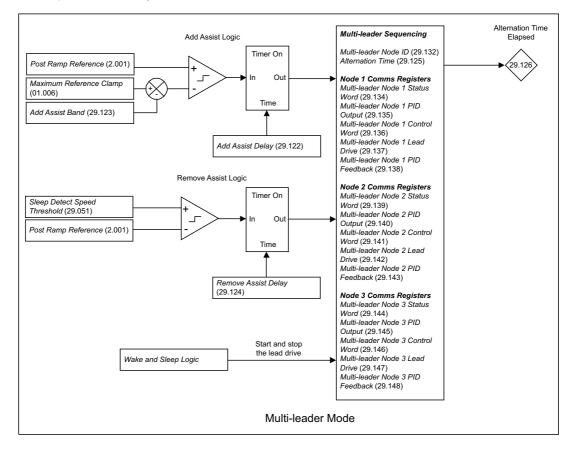
If only a single drive in the system has Auto mode selected, it will behave in the same way as a drive when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Single pump*.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Each drive retains the ability to run totally independently in Hand mode if required.

#### 7.21.1 Multi-leader mode diagrams

The following diagram shows the parameters used by Multi-leader mode.



#### 7.21.2 Multi-leader mode parameters

The following section shows the parameters used by multi-leader mode.

Parameter	29.122 Add Assist Delay						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	6553.5				
Default	3.0	Units	S				

Add Assist Delay Pr 29.122 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

This defines the continuous time period in seconds that the leader drive main process PID must set the drive output frequency or speed within the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123** until an assist drive or soft starter is requested. *Add Assist Delay* Pr **29.122** is used to filter intermittent entry to the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123**.

In a Cascade or Multi-leader system the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) is used in combination with the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123** to decide when to start an assist i.e. both the add assist and wake thresholds must be satisfied to start an assist.

Parameter	29.123 Add Assist Band						
Minimum	0.0 Maximum 3000.0						
Default	30.0	Units	Hz or rpm				

Add Assist Band Pr 29.123 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

This defines the frequency or speed band in which an assist Drive or Soft Starter will be requested by the Leader Drive, after the *Add Assist Delay* Pr **29.122** has elapsed. The top end of this band is aligned with the *Maximum Reference Clamp* Pr **1.006** i.e. the add assist band moves with the maximum reference clamp.

In a Cascade or Multi-leader system the *Wake Detect Feedback Threshold* Pr **29.049**(0.040) is used in combination with the *Add Assist Band* Pr **29.123** to decide when to start an assist i.e. both the add assist and wake thresholds must be satisfied to start an assist.

This is used in both Cascade and Multi-leader systems to add an assist soft starter or drive.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Carc Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Parameter			29.124 Re	emove As	sist Delay									
Minimum			0.0			Maximu	Maximum			6553.5				
Default		3.0			Units	Units		S						

Remove Assist Delay Pr 29.124 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

This defines the continuous time period in seconds that the leader drive main process PID must set the drive output frequency or speed below the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.052) until an assist drive or soft starter is stopped, (Sleeping). *Remove Assist Delay* Pr **29.124** is used to filter intermittent entry to the *Sleep Detect Speed Threshold* Pr **29.051**(0.052).

This is used in both Cascade and Multi-leader systems to add an assist soft starter or drive.

Parameter	29.125 Alternation Time						
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	3276.7				
Default	0.0	Units	hours				

In a Cascade system, where *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Cascade*, this defines the time period in hours that the a given assist starting order will be used for. When the time elapses the starting sequence of the Assists will be swapped. The starting sequences are Leader - Assist 1 - Assist 2, or Leader - Assist 2 - Assist 1.

In a Multi-leader system, where *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*, this defines the time period in hours that in that an individual drive will be the system Leader. When the time elapses, the Leader will be passed to the next drive in the sequence. The drive starting sequences are 1-2-3, 2-3-1, 3-1-2.

Parameter	29.126 Alternation Time Elapsed					
Minimum	0.0	Maximum	3276.7			
Default	0.0	Units	hours			

Alternation Time Elapsed Pr 29.126 is used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Cascade or Multi-leader.

This indicates the alternation time elapsed so far in hours. When *Alternation Time Elapsed* Pr **29.126** = *Alternation Time* Pr **29.125** the system will alternate the running order of the connected Drives or Soft Starters. See *Alternation Time* Pr **29.125**.

Parameter	29.132 Multi-leader Node ID					
Minimum	1	Maximum	3			
Default	1	Units				

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

This defines the node ID of this drive within a Multi-leader pump system. The number must be either 1,2 or 3. Note that if only 2 drives exist in the system then 1 or 2 should be selected. This tells the system software how to configure the Ethernet communications used to pass control and status data between the drives and is used by the Multi-leader control and scheduling.

The drive assists are called to run or stop using Add Assist Delay Pr 29.122, Add Assist Band (29.123) and Remove Assist Delay (29.124). The starting order of the Leader and drive assists is rotated using the Alternation Time (29.125).

Parameter	29.133 Multi-leader Network Loss Mode					
Minimum	0	Maximum	1			
Default	Run Single Pump (0)	Units				

This parameter is only used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Multi-leader.

This defines how the pump drive will respond in the event that Ethernet communications are lost to the Leader while running in Auto mode.

When Set to Run Single Pump, the system will switch internally to run as a Single Pump using its own feedback and main process PID.

When set to Trip, the system will trip Network Loss if the connection is lost to the leader drive.

Parameter	29.134 Multi-leader Node 1 Status Word					
Minimum	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Maximum	65535 (Display: 11111111111111)			
Default	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Units				

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr**29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Multi-leader Node 1 Status Word Pr29.134 is used by the Pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 1. The user is not intended to modify this value.

The following status bits are available:

Status Bit	Description
0	Drive On Network
1	Ready
2	Auto running
3	Drive Active
4	Loss Of Feedback
5	Hand Selected
6	Auto Selected
7	Pipe Fill Complete
8	Clean Request
9	Clean Permit

Parameter	29.135 Multi-leader Node 1 PID Output					
Minimum	-3276.8	Maximum	3276.7			
Default	0.0	Units				

This parameter is only used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Multi-leader.

Multi-leader Node 1 PID Output Pr 29.135 is used by the Pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 1. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the main process PID output represented as a frequency or speed.

Parameter	29.136 Multi-leader Node 1 Control Word						
Minimum	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Maximum	65535 (Display: 11111111111111)				
Default	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Units					

This parameter is only used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Multi-leader.

Multi-leader Node 1 Control Word Pr 29.136 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 1. The user is not intended to modify this value.

Control Bit	Description
0	Run drive node 1
1	Run drive node 2
2	Run drive node 3

Parameter	29.137 Multi-leader Node 1 Lead Drive					
Minimum	0	Maximum	3			
Default	0	Units				

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 1 Lead Drive Pr 29.137 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 1. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the current system leader and is used to change the Leader drive over after the Alternation Time 29.125 has elapsed.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Carc Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Paramete	er		29.139 M	ulti-leader	Node 2 Sta	atus Word						
Minimum	Minimum		0 (Display: 0000000000000000)			Maxim	Maximum         65535           (Display: 111111111111111)					
Default			0 (Display: (	00000000	00000000)	Units						

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 2 Status Word Pr 29.139 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 2. The user is not intended to modify this value.

The following status bits are available:

Status Bit	Description
0	Drive On Network
1	Ready
2	Auto running
3	Drive Active
4	Loss Of Feedback
5	Hand Selected
6	Auto Selected
7	Pipe Fill Complete
8	Clean Request
9	Clean Permit

Parameter	29.140 Multi-leader Node 2 PID Output					
Minimum	-3276.8	Maximum	3276.7			
Default	0.0	Units				

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 2 PID Output Pr 29.140 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 2. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the main process PID output represented as a frequency or speed.

Parameter	29.141 Multi-leader Node 2 Control Word					
Minimum	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Maximum	65535 (Display: 11111111111111)			
Default	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Units				

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 2 Control Word Pr 29.141 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 2. The user is not intended to modify this value.

The following control bits are available:

Control bit	Description
0	Run drive node 1
1	Run drive node 2
2	Run drive node 3

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Parameter			29.142 <i>M</i>	ulti-leader	Node 2 Le	ad Drive						
Minimum			0			Maxim	Maximum		}			
Default	It 0 Units											

This parameter is only used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Multi-leader.

Multi-leader Node 2 Lead Drive Pr 29.142 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 2. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the current system leader and is used to change the Leader drive over after the Alternation Time 29.125 has elapsed.

Parameter	29.143 Multi-leader Node 2 PID Feedback					
Minimum	-327.68	327.67				
Default	0.00	Units	%			

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

*Multi-leader Node 2 PID Feedback* Pr **29.143** is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 2. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the main process PID feedback after the filter has been applied, *PID Final Feedback Percent* Pr**29.035**. This is used by other drive nodes if the local PID feedback is not working.

Parameter	29.144 Multi-leader Node 3 Status Word					
Minimum	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Maximum	65535 (Display: 11111111111111)			
Default	0 (Display: 0000000000000000)	Units	%			

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 3 Status Word Pr 29.144 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 3. The user is not intended to modify this value.

The following status bits are available:

Status Bit	Description		
0	Drive On Network		
1	Ready		
2	Auto running		
3	Drive Active		
4	Loss Of Feedback		
5	Hand Selected		
6	Auto Selected		
7	Pipe Fill Complete		
8	Clean Request		

Parameter	29.145 Multi-leader Node 3 PID Output					
Minimum	-3276.8	3276.7				
Default	0.00	Units				

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 3 PID Output Pr 29.145 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 3. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the main process PID output represented as a frequency or speed.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Caro Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Parameter			29.146 Multi-leader Node 3 Control Word										
Minimum	Minimum			0 (Display: 0000000000000000)			Maximum			65535 (Display: 111111111111111)			
Default	Default         0           (Display: 00000000000000)		Units	Units		%							

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

Multi-leader Node 3 Control Word Pr 29.146 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 3. The user is not intended to modify this value.

The following control bits are available:

Control bit	Description
0	Run drive node 1
1	Run drive node 2
2	Run drive node 3

Parameter	29.147 Multi-leader Node 3 Lead Drive					
Minimum	0	Maximum	3			
Default	0	Units				

This parameter is only used when Pump Control Mode Pr 29.011(0.021) = Multi-leader.

Multi-leader Node 3 Lead Drive Pr 29.147 is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 3. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the current system leader and is used to change the Leader drive over after the Alternation Time Pr 29.125 has elapsed.

Parameter	29.148 Multi-leader Node 3 PID Feedback					
Minimum	-327.68	327.67				
Default	0.00	Units	%			

This parameter is only used when *Pump Control Mode* Pr **29.011**(0.021) = *Multi-leader*.

*Multi-leader Node 3 PID Feedback* Pr **29.148** is used by the pump software as part of a Multi-leader system for drive node 3. The user is not intended to modify this value.

This indicates the main process PID feedback after the filter has been applied, *PID Final Feedback Percent* Pr **29.035**. This is used by other drive nodes if the local PID feedback is not working.

## 7.22 Additional features

To extend the pump specific functionality, additional logic is provided in menus 9, 12 and 14. The following table indicates the functionality available.

Menu	Function	Use
9	Logic functions	Perform simple binary logic like ANDing
9	Motorised Pot	Bit type control to numerical output
9	Binary Sum	Bit type to numerical conversion
9	Timers	Perform actions after specified times using the keypad real time clock.
12	Threshold detectors	Numerical level to binary output.
12	Variable selectors	Numerical signal processing and selection
14	Second PID controller	Trim the main PID e.g. to implement anti-cavitation or control external valves.

Please see the advanced parameters diagrams for more information on these functions.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
0	<b>^</b>											

## 8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

## 8.1 Motor map parameters

## 8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 00.006 {05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum continuous motor current
<ul> <li>The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous</li> <li>Current limits (see section 8.3 <i>Switching frequency</i> on page 309, for</li> <li>Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 <i>Motor thermal pro</i></li> <li>Slip compensation (see <i>Enable Slip Compensation</i> (05.027), later in</li> <li>Dynamic V/F control</li> </ul>	<i>tection</i> on page 308, for more information)
Pr 00.008 {05.009} Rated Voltage	Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Pr 00.005 {05.033} Volts per 1000 rpm	Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied
The <i>Rated Voltage</i> ( <b>00.008</b> ) and the <i>Rated Frequency</i> ( <b>00.005</b> ) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see <i>Open Loop Control Mode</i> ( <b>05.014</b> ), later in this table). The <i>Rated Frequency</i> ( <b>00.005</b> ) is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see <i>Rated Speed</i> ( <b>00.007</b> ), later in this table).	Pr 00.008 / 2 Pr 00.008 / 2 Pr 00.005 / 2 Pr 00.005
Pr 00.007 {05.008} Rated Speed	Defines the full load rated speed of the motor
Pr 00.010 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor	rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.
Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Me	otor rated speed / 60]) = 00.047 = $\left(\frac{00.010}{2} \times \frac{00.007}{60}\right)$
nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. So because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can	to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors. e drive for a given output frequency. When Pr <b>00.010</b> is set to 'Automatic',
Number of poles = 120 x ( <i>Rated Frequency</i> ( <b>00.005</b> ) / <i>Rated Speed</i>	
Pr 00.009 {05.010} Rated Power Factor	Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current
The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle betwee with the <i>Rated Current</i> ( <b>00.006</b> ), to calculate the rated active current and extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in very parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated powelow).	ctor mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Pr 00.013	{05.012} A	utotune										

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test
  measures the Stator Resistance (05.014) and Transient Inductance (05.024) which are required for good performance in vector control modes
  (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value
  on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.009. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 05.012 to 1, and provide the drive with both an
  enable signal (on terminal 29) and a Hand select signal (on terminal 25).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 05.012 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a Hand select signal (on terminal 25).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

#### Pr 05.014 Open Loop Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to motor *Rated Frequency* (**00.005**), and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the *Rated Power Factor* (**00.009**) and *Stator Resistance* (**05.017**) are required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr **05.012** *Autotune*). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

(0) **Ur S** = The stator resistance is measured and the parameter for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(4) **Ur I** = The stator resistance is measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new value of stator resistance is not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.

(1) **Ur** = The stator resistance is not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the *Stator Resistance* (**05.017**). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance.

(3) **Ur\_Auto** = The stator resistance is measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the *Open Loop Control Mode* (**05.014**) is changed to Ur mode. The *Stator Resistance* (**05.017**) parameter is written to, and along with the *Open Loop Control Mode* (**05.014**), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

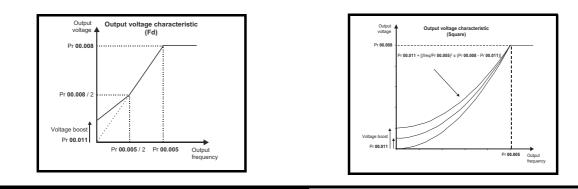
Safe informa	,	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Pr 05.	)14 Open Loo	p Control N	lode (cont)								

#### Fixed boost

The stator resistance is not used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by parameter Pr **00.008**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available: (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (**00.005**), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.

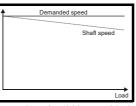
(5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (**00.005**), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

For both these modes, at low frequencies (from 0 Hz to ½ x Pr **00.005**) a voltage boost is applied defined by Pr **00.011** as shown below:



#### Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to a 1 (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **00.007** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr **00.007**, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr **00.007**, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6 pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
8.1.2 F	RFC-A Se	ensorles	s mode							I		
Induction	motor wi	thout pos	ition feed	back								
Pr 00.006	{05.007} <i>M</i>	otor Rated	Current			D	efines the m	aximum moto	or continuc	ous currei	nt	
		•						motor. The m			ised in the f	ollowing:
	thermal ove control alg		ction (see s	ection 8.2	2 Motor thei	rmal protec	<i>tion</i> on page	308, for more	information	)		
Pr 00.008	{05.009} R	ated Voltag	ye			D	efines the vo	oltage applied	to the mo	tor at rate	d frequenc	y
		ated Frequ						equency at w		-		
The motor applied to		ge Pr <b>00.00</b>	8 and the m	notor rated	d frequency	Pr <b>00.005</b>	are used to c	lefine the relat	ionship bet	ween the	oltage and	frequency
The motor current cor available c supply volt	rated voltaget ntrol to be n rive output age to the o	naintained, voltage. Fo drive.	it is necess r good trans	ary for the sient perfo	e drive to lea ormance at	ave some 'l high speed	neadroom' be l, the motor ra	otor. Normally etween the mo ated voltage sh tune test (see	tor terminal nould be se	voltage a t below 95	nd the maxi % of the m	mum inimum
			correct value					iune lesi (see	Autolune P	1 05.0121		able)
Pr 00.007	{05.008} R	ated Speed	1			D	efines the fu	II load rated s	speed of th	e motor		
Pr 00.010	{05.011} N	umber Of I	Notor Poles	6		D	efines the nu	umber of mot	or poles			
The motor	rated spee	d and moto	r rated frequ	uency are	used to det	termine the	full load slip	of the motor w	hich is used	d by the ve	ector control	algorithm.
<ul> <li>Reduct</li> <li>Reduct</li> <li>Inaccut</li> <li>The name</li> <li>name</li> </ul>	tion of max ed transien rate control plate value value is ina	t performan l of absolute is normally accurate.	e available ace e torque in t the value fo	orque cor or a hot m	ntrol modes otor; howev	ver, some a	-	ay be required				
motor Rate	ed Speed ( <b>0</b>	<b>)0.007</b> ).					-	ed from the mo				nd the
	-			uency ( <b>00</b>	.005 / Moto		· ·	rounded to the				
		ted Power		-				ngle between		•		
to zero the and magne is not used performing	n the powe etising curre by the driv a rotating	r factor is usents of the r ve, but is co	sed in conju notor, which	inction wil are usec vritten wit	th the motor I in the vect h a calculat	r <i>Rated Cul</i> tor control a ted value of	r <i>rent</i> ( <b>00.006</b> ) algorithm. If th	bltage and curr ) and other mo ne stator induc r. The stator in	tor parame tance has a	ters to cal a non-zero	culate the ra	ated active
Pr 05.012	Autotune											
								est. A stationar ues of the mot				
		ded that a r	otating auto	tune is pe	erformed (P	r <b>05.012</b> se	et to 2).					
autotu gains, the mo	onary autot ne measure and at the e tor so the v	es the <i>Stato</i> end of the te value on the	r Resistance est the value motor nam	e ( <b>05.017</b> ) es in Pr <b>04</b> ieplate mu	) and <i>Transi</i> <b>I.013</b> and P ust be enter	ie <i>nt Inducta</i> r <b>04.014</b> ar red into Pr (	<i>nce</i> (00.016) e updated. A 00.009. To pe	remove the loa of the motor. T stationary auto erform a station I (on terminal 2	These are u otune does nary autotur	sed to cal not measu	culate the cu are the powe	urrent loop er factor of
Autotune t	est 2:											
perforn freque power algorit	ned in whic ncy is main factor is als nm instead.	h the motor tained at th so modified	is accelerate level for u for user info a Rotating	ited with c p to 40 s. prmation c	currently sel During the only, but is r	lected ramp rotating au not used af	os up to a free totune the <i>St</i> ter this point a	first performs a quency of <i>Rate</i> <i>ator Inductanc</i> as the stator in e drive with bot	ed Frequen e ( <b>05.025</b> ) iductance is	cy ( <b>05.006</b> is modified s used in t	i) x 2/3, and by the driv he vector co	the e. The ontrol
before the	drive can b	e made to r	un at the re	quired ref	erence. The	e drive can	be put in to a	ve must be pla controlled disa drive via the co	able conditi	on by rem	oving the Sa	afe Torque

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#### Pr 04.013 / Pr 04.014 Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 05.012, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (00.016) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

#### Speed Loop Gains 03.010, 03.011, 03.012

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term.

#### Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 03.010

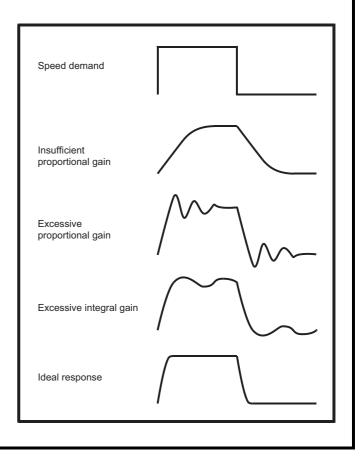
If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

#### Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 03.011

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

#### Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 03.012

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.



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## 8.1.3 RFC-S Sensorless mode

## Permanent magnet motor without Position feedback

Pr 00.006 {05.007} Rated Current	Defines the maximum motor continuous current
The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maxir	mum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 Motor	or thermal protection on page 308, for more information)
Pr 00.010 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles	Defines the number of motor poles
	of electrical revolutions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter orrectly. When Pr <b>00.010</b> is set to "Automatic" the number of poles is 6.
Pr 05.012 Autotune	
There are three autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorles	ss mode, a stationary autotune and a locked rotor test.
<ul> <li><i>Current Controller Ki Gain</i> (04.014). To perform a Stationary terminal 29) and a Hand signal (on terminal 25).</li> <li>Autotune test 2: Rotating Autotune</li> </ul>	<b>05.017</b> ) and <i>Ld</i> ( <b>00.016</b> ) are then used to set up <i>Current controller Kp Gain</i> ( <b>04.013</b> ) and y autotune, set Pr <b>05.012</b> to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on
In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 05.	<b>012</b> = 2), then a stationary autotune is performed.
before the drive can be made to run at the required reference	o into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition ce. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Parameter ( <b>06.015</b> ) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word
• Autotune test 6: Locked rotor test for load dependant particular test is not implemented at the time of writing.	arameters
Pr 03.079 Sensorless Mode Filter	
A filter is applied to the estimated speed and Sensorless Mo	ed can include some ripple, which increases as the drive passes into field weakening. ode Filter ( <b>03.079</b> ) defines the time constant. The default time constant is 64 ms. This is art with a low friction high inertia load, and can prevent over voltage trips when the drive

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Pr 00.014 Pr 05.071	. ,											

#### (0) Injection mode

For low speed sensorless operation with signal injection (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (05.064) = 0) it is necessary to have a ratio of Lq/Ld = 1.1. Even if a motor has a larger ratio on no load, this ratio normally reduces as the q axis current is increased from zero. *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) should be set at a level that is lower than the point where the inductance ratio falls to 1.1. The value of this parameter is used to define the drive current limits when signal injection is active and prevent loss of control of the motor.

#### (1) Non-salient mode

For low speed sensorless operation for non-salient motors (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (05.064) = 1) this defines a current applied in the d axis to aid starting. For most motors and application requiring up to 60 % torque on starting the default value is suitable. However the level of current may need to be increased to make the motor start.

#### (2) Current

This method, which applies a rotating current vector at the frequency defined by the speed reference, can be used with any motor with no saliency or moderate saliency. It should only be used with motors where more of the torque is produced in conjunction with the magnet flux rather than from saliency torque. This mode does not provide the same level of control at low speed as injection mode, but is easier to set up and more flexible than "Non-salient" mode. The following should be considered:

- 1. A current specified by Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) is applied when low speed mode is active. This current should be sufficient to start the motor with the highest expected load. If the motor has some saliency with no-load applied, and a suitable saturation characteristic, the drive can detect the rotor position and apply the current at the correct angle to avoid starting transient. If the motor is non-salient as defined by the conditions for Inductance trip then the drive will not attempt to detect the rotor position and the current will be applied at an arbitrary angle. This could cause a starting transient if the level of current applied is high, and so Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should not be set to a higher level than necessary. To minimise the movement as a result of applying the current, it is increased over the period defined by Sensorless Mode Current Ramp (05.063) in the form of a squared characteristic (i.e. it is increased with a low rate of change at the beginning and the rate of change is gradually increased).
- 2. As the level of current when low speed mode is active is not dependent on the applied load, but is as defined by *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071), and so the motor may become too hot if low speed mode is active for a prolonged period of time.
- Generally Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should be set to a level higher than the expected maximum load, and can be set to a much higher level than the load if the saliency and saturation characteristic allow the position of the rotor to be detected on starting. However, Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (05.071) should be matched more closely to the expected load under the following conditions: the load inertia is high compared to the motor interia, or there is very little damping/loss in the load system, or where the q axis inductance of the motor changes significantly with load.

#### (3) Current no test

The "Current" method is used, but no attempt is made to determine the position of the rotor before applying the current. This can be selected for example, if the motor does not have a suitable saturation characteristic to allow the rotor position to be determined during starting, or if faster starting is required. The initial current vector angle will be at an arbitary position with respect to the actual rotor position. As the vector sweeps round it must make the rotor start to rotate. If the ramp rate is too high the rotor may not keep up with the current vector and the motor may not start. If this is the case then the ramp rate should be reduced and/or the current used to start the motor should be increased.

#### (4) Current step

The current starting modes normally provide a smooth transition between the low speed current mode and normal running at higher speeds. If the drive accelerates very rapidly and only spends short periods of time in each mode the transition smoothing can malfunction. "Current step" mode is similar to "Current no test" mode except that the transition smoothing is disabled. It is not advisable to use this mode unless it is necessary as torque current and torque transients will occur when changing between low speed and normal running operation.

#### (5) Current only

The "Current" method is used, but no attempt is made to determine the position of the rotor before applying the current. The system remains in this starting mode at all speeds and does not change to the normal operating algorithms. This provides a very basic open-loop control method, that is not recommended for most applications. Flux weakening is not possible, and so this method will not operate correctly when the motor voltage approaches the maximum voltage available from the drive.

#### Pr 04.012 Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant

*Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant* (04.012) defines the time constant of a first order filter that can be applied to the *Final Current Reference* (04.004). The filter is provided to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation. The filter introduces a lag in the speed controller loop, and so the speed controller gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased.

#### Pr 04.013 / Pr 04.014 Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. The proportional gain (Pr **04.013**) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **05.012**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (**05.01**7) and *Transient Inductance* (**05.07**1) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

information installation installation Running parameters descriptions Operation Operation parameters data the Motor information information operation parameters and the Motor information information operation parameters and the Motor information operation operation parameters and the Motor information information installation information installation ins	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	5	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Speed Loop Gains Pr 03.010, Pr 03.011, Pr 03.012

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term.

NOTE: In sensorless mode, the speed controller bandwidth may need to be limited to 10 Hz or less for stable operation.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 03.010

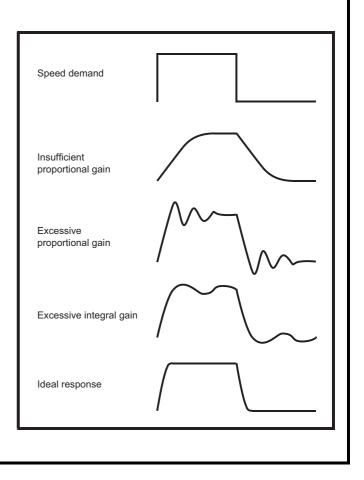
If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

#### Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 03.011

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application.

#### Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 03.012

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.



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## 8.2 Motor thermal protection

A dual time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses + Iron losses] Where:

Load related losses =  $(1 - K_{fe}) \times (I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated}))^2$ 

Iron losses =  $K_{fe} \times (w / w_{Rated})^{1.6}$ 

Where:

I = Current Magnitude (04.001)

I<sub>Rated</sub> = Rated Current (05.007)

 $K_{fe}$  = Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses (04.039) / 100 %

The *Motor Protection Accumulator* (**04.019**) is given by:

Pr **04.019** = Percentage Losses x [(1 - K<sub>2</sub>) (1 - e<sup>-t/t1</sup>) + K<sub>2</sub> (1 - e<sup>-t/t2</sup>)]

Where:

T = Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019)

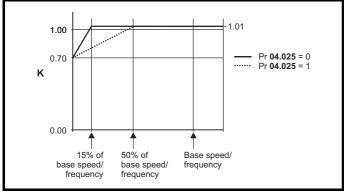
 ${\rm K_2}$  = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling (04.038) / 100 %

<sup>t1</sup> = Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 (**04.015**)

t<sup>2</sup> = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 (**04.037**)

K<sub>1</sub> = Varies, see below

#### Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr **04.016**. If Pr **04.016** is 0, the drive trips when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.016** is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr 04.019 falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator is reset to zero at power-up and accumulates the temperature of the motor while them drive remains powered-up. If the rated current defined by Pr 05.007 is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 04.015) is 89 s which is equivalent to an overload of 110 % for 165 s from cold.

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#### Fire Mode - Important Warning.

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping - typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks.

Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or de-activation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active".

Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr **01.053** or Pr **01.054** are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr **01.054** is controlled from digital input 4 and changing Pr **08.024** can re-allocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.10 *Parameter access level and security* on page 157). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

## 8.3 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr **05.018** (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Drive size	Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
3								
4								
5								
6	All	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1	1	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>
7		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
8								
9								
10								
11	400 V	✓	$\checkmark$	~	✓	✓		
11	575 and 690 V	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				

#### Table 8-1 Available switching frequencies

If the switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

1. Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied.

See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in section 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 393.

2. Reduced heating of the motor - due to improved output waveform quality.

3. Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.

4. Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers.

A trade off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

#### Table 8-2 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A / RFC-S		
Level 1	3 kHz = 167μs 6 kHz = 83 μs 12 kHz = 83 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 62.5 μs 16 kHz = 62.5 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers		
Level 2	250 μs	2 kHz -500 μs 4 kHz - 250 μs 8 kHz - 125 μs 16 kHz - 125 μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps		
Level 3	11	1 ms		Voltage controller		
Level 4	4 1	4 ms		erface		
Background			Non-time critical use	er interface		

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## 8.4 CT Modbus RTU specification

This section describes the adaptation of the MODBUS RTU protocol offered on Control Techniques' products. The portable software class which implements this protocol is also defined.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system with half-duplex message exchange. The Control Techniques (CT) implementation supports the core function codes to read and write registers. A scheme to map between MODBUS registers and CT parameters is defined. The CT implementation also defines a 32 bit extension to the standard 16 bit register data format.

### 8.4.1 MODBUS RTU

#### **Physical layer**

Attribute	Description
Normal physical layer for multi-drop operation	EIA 485 2 wire
Bit stream	Standard UART asynchronous symbols with Non Return to Zero (NRZ)
Symbol	Each symbol consists of:- 1 start bit 8 data bits (transmitted least significant bit first) 2 stop bits*
Baud rates	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200

\* The drive will accept a packet with 1 or 2 stop bits but will always transmit 2 stop bits

#### **RTU framing**

The frame has the following basic format

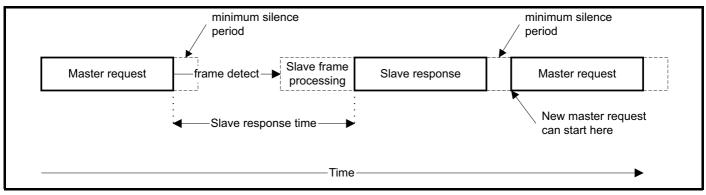
SLAVE ADDRESS	FUNCTION CODE	message data	16bit CRC	Silent interval
		Message data	]	

The frame is terminated with a minimum silent period of 3.5 character times (for example, at 19200 baud the minimum silent period is 2 ms). Nodes use the terminating silence period to detect the end of frame and begin frame processing. All frames must therefore be transmitted as a continuous stream without any gaps greater or equal to the silence period. If an erroneous gap is inserted then receiving nodes may start frame processing early in which case the CRC will fail and the frame will be discarded.

MODBUS RTU is a master slave system. All master requests, except broadcast requests, will lead to a response from an individual slave. The slave will respond (i.e. start transmitting the response) within the quoted maximum slave response time (this time is quoted in the data sheet for all Control Techniques products). The minimum slave response time is also quoted but will never be less that the minimum silent period defined by 3.5 character times.

If the master request was a broadcast request then the master may transmit a new request once the maximum slave response time has expired.

The master must implement a message time out to handle transmission errors. This time out period must be set to the maximum slave response time + transmission time for the response.



#### 8.4.2 Slave address

The first byte of the frame is the slave node address. Valid slave node addresses are 1 through 247 decimal. In the master request this byte indicates the target slave node; in the slave response this byte indicates the address of the slave sending the response.

#### Global addressing

Address zero addresses all slave nodes on the network. Slave nodes suppress the response messages for broadcast requests.

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#### 8.4.3 MODBUS registers

The MODBUS register address range is 16 bit (65536 registers) which at the protocol level is represented by indexes 0 through 65535.

#### **PLC registers**

Modicon PLCs typically define 4 register 'files' each containing 65536 registers. Traditionally, the registers are referenced 1 through 65536 rather than 0 through 65535. The register address is therefore decremented on the master device before passing to the protocol.

File type	Description
1	Read only bits ("coil")
2	Read / write bits ("coil")
3	Read only 16bit register
4	Read / write 16bit register

The register file type code is NOT transmitted by MODBUS and all register files can be considered to map onto a single register address space. However, specific function codes are defined in MODBUS to support access to the "coil" registers. All standard CT drive parameters are mapped to register file '4' and the coil function codes are not required.

#### CT parameter mapping

The Modbus register address is 16 bits in size, of which the upper two bits are used for data type selection leaving 14 bits to represent the parameter address, taking into account the slave increments the address value by 1, this results in a theoretical maximum parameter address of 163.84 (limited to 162.99 in software) when the default standard addressing mode (see *Serial Mode* Pr **00.035** {**11.024**}) is used.

To access a parameter number above 99 in any drive menu then the modified addressing mode must be used (see Serial Mode Pr 00.035 {11.024}), this will allow access to parameter numbers up to 255 but also limit the maximum menu number to 63.

The Modbus slave device increments the register address by 1 before processing the command, this effectively prevents access to parameter Pr 00.000 in the drive or option module.

The table below shows how the start register address is calculated for both addressing modes.

Parameter	Addressing mode		Protocol	register			
0.mm.ppp	Standard	mm x 100 + ppp - 1					
0.1111.ррр	Modified		mm x 256	+ ppp - 1			
		Examples					
		16-b	it	32-t	bit		
		Decimal	Hex (0x)	Decimal	Hex (0x)		
0.01.021	Standard	120	00 78	16504	40 78		
0.01.021	Modified	276	01 14	16660	41 14		
0.01.000	Standard	99	00 63	16483	40 63		
0.01.000	Modified	255	00 FF	16639	40 FF		
0.03.161	Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
0.03.101	Modified	928	03 A0	17312	43 A0		

#### Data types

The MODBUS protocol specification defines registers as 16 bit signed integers. All CT devices support this data size. Refer to the section 8.4.7 *Extended data types* on page 314 for detail on accessing 32 bit register data.

#### 8.4.4 Data consistency

All CT devices support a minimum data consistency of one parameter (16 bit or 32 bit data). Some devices support consistency for a complete multiple register transaction.

#### 8.4.5 Data encoding

MODBUS RTU uses a 'big-endian' representation for addresses and data items (except the CRC, which is 'little-endian'). This means that when a numerical quantity larger than a single byte is transmitted, the MOST significant byte is sent first. So for example

16 - bits	0x1234	would be	0x12	0x34		
32 - bits	0x12345678	would be	0x12	0x34	0x56	0x78

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### 8.4.6 Function codes

The function code determines the context and format of the message data. Bit 7 of the function code is used in the slave response to indicate an exception.

The following function codes are supported:

Code	Description
3	Read multiple 16 bit registers
6	Write single register
16	Write multiple 16 bit registers
23	Read and write multiple 16 bit registers

#### FC03 Read multiple

Read a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers, which can be read. If this is exceeded the slave will issue an exception code 2.

#### Table 8-3 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave destination node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x03
2	Start register address MSB
3	Start register address LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

#### Table 8-4 Slave response

Byte	Description						
0	Slave source node address						
1	Function code 0x03						
2	ength of register data in read block (in bytes)						
3	Register data 0 MSB						
4	Register data 0 LSB						
3+byte count	CRC LSB						
4+byte count	CRC MSB						

#### FC06 Write single register

Writes a value to a single 16 bit register. The normal response is an echo of the request, returned after the register contents have been written. The register address can correspond to a 32 bit parameter but only 16 bits of data can be sent.

#### Table 8-5 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x06
2	Register address MSB
3	Register address LSB
4	Register data MSB
5	Register data LSB
6	CRC LSB
7	CRC MSB

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Table 8-6	Slave res	sponse											
	Byte		Description										
	0		Slave source node address										
	1		Function code 0x06										
	2		Register ad	dress MS	В								
	3		Register ad	dress LSE	3								
4 Register data MSB													
	5		Register da	ta LSB									
	6		CRC LSB										
	7		CRC MSB										

FC16 Write multiple Writes a contiguous array of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

#### Table 8-7 Master request

Byte	Description							
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global							
1	Function code 0x10							
2	Start register address MSB							
3	Start register address LSB							
4	Number of 16 bit registers MSB							
5	Number of 16 bit registers LSB							
6	Length of register data to write (in bytes)							
7	Register data 0 MSB							
8	Register data 0 LSB							
7+byte count	CRC LSB							
8+byte count	CRC MSB							

#### Table 8-8 Slave response

Byte	Description								
0	Slave source node address								
1	Function code 0x10								
2	Start register address MSB								
3	Start register address LSB								
4	Number of 16 bit registers written MSB								
5	Number of 16 bit registers written LSB								
6	CRC LSB								
7	CRC MSB								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### FC23 Read/Write multiple

Writes and reads two contiguous arrays of registers. The slave imposes an upper limit on the number of registers which can be written. If this is exceeded the slave will discard the request and the master will time out.

#### Table 8-9 Master request

Byte	Description
0	Slave node address 1 through 247, 0 is global
1	Function code 0x17
2	Start register address to read MSB
3	Start register address to read LSB
4	Number of 16 bit registers to read MSB
5	Number of 16 bit registers to read LSB
6	Start register address to write MSB
7	Start register address to write LSB
8	Number of 16 bit registers to write MSB
9	Number of 16 bit registers to write LSB
10	Length of register data to write (in bytes)
11	Register data 0 MSB
12	Register data 0 LSB
11+byte count	CRC LSB
12+byte count	CRC MSB

#### Table 8-10 Slave response

Byte	Description							
0	Slave source node address							
1	Function code 0x17							
2	Length of register data in read block (in bytes)							
3	Register data 0 MSB							
4	Register data 0 LSB							
3+byte count	CRC LSB							
4+byte count	CRC MSB							

#### 8.4.7 Extended data types

Standard MODBUS registers are 16bit and the standard mapping maps a single #X.Y parameter to a single MODBUS register. To support 32 bit data types (integer and float) the MODBUS multiple read and write services are used to transfer a contiguous array of 16bit registers.

Slave devices typically contain a mixed set of 16 bit and 32 bit registers. To permit the master to select the desired 16 bit or 32 bit access the top two bits of the register address are used to indicate the selected data type.

#### Note

The selection is applied for the whole block access.

bit 15 TYP1	bit 14 TYP0	bits 0 - 13	
Туре	select	Parameter address X x 100+Y-1	

The 2bit type field selects the data type according to the table below:

Type field bits 15-14	Selected data type	Comments
00	INT16	backward compatible
01	INT32	
10	Float32	IEEE754 standard Not supported on all slaves
11	Reserved	

If a 32 bit data type is selected then the slave uses two consecutive 16 bit MODBUS registers (in 'big endian'). The master must also set the correct 'number of 16 bit registers'.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	()ntimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Example, read Pr **20.021** through Pr **20.024** as 32 bit parameters using FC03 from node 8:

#### Table 8-11 Master request

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x47	Start register address Pr 20.021
3	0xE4	(16384 + 2021 - 1) = 18404 = 0x47E4
4	0x00	Number of 16bit registers to read
5	0x08	Pr <b>20.021</b> through Pr <b>20.024</b> is 4x32 bit registers = 8x16 bit registers
6	CRC LSB	
7	CRC MSB	

#### Table 8-12 Slave response

Byte	Value	Description
0	0x08	Slave destination node address
1	0x03	FC03 multiple read
2	0x10	Length of data (bytes) = 4x32 bit registers = 16 bytes
3-6		Pr <b>20.021</b> data
7-10		Pr <b>20.022</b> data
11-14		Pr <b>20.023</b> data
15-18		Pr <b>20.024</b> data
19	CRC LSB	
20	CRC MSB	

#### Reads when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will send the least significant word of a 32 bit parameter if that parameter is read as part of a 16 bit access.

The slave will sign extend the least significant word if a 16 bit parameter is accessed as a 32 bit parameter. The number of 16 bit registers must be even during a 32 bit access.

Example, If Pr **01.028** is a 32 bit parameter with a value of 0x12345678, Pr **01.029** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0xABCD, and Pr **01.030** is a signed 16 bit parameter with a value of 0x0123.

Read	Start register address	Number of 16 bit registers	Response	Comments			
Pr <b>01.028</b>	127	1	0x5678	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data			
Pr <b>01.028</b>	16511*	2	0x12345678	Full 32 bit access			
Pr <b>01.028</b>	Pr 01.028         16511*         1           Pr 01.029         128         1		Exception 2	Number of words must be even for 32 bit access			
Pr <b>01.029</b>			0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register vill return low 16 bit word of data			
Pr <b>01.029</b>	Pr <b>01.029</b> 16512*		0xFFFFABCD	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data			
Pr <b>01.030</b>	16513*	2	0x00000123	32 bit access to a 16 bit register will return 32 bit sign extended data			
Pr <b>01.028 to</b> Pr <b>01.029</b>	127	2	0x5678, 0xABCD	Standard 16 bit access to a 32 bit register will return low 16 bit word of truncated data			
Pr <b>01.028 to</b> Pr <b>01.029</b>	16511*	4	0x12345678, 0xFFFFABCD	Full 32 bit access			

\* Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access.

#### Writes when actual parameter type is different from selected

The slave will allow writing a 32 bit value to a 16 bit parameter as long as the 32 bit value is within the normal range of the 16 bit parameter.

The slave will allow a 16 bit write to a 32 bit parameter. The slave will sign extend the written value, therefore the effective range of this type of write will be -32768 to +32767.

Examples, if Pr 01.028 has a range of  $\pm 100000,$  and Pr 01.029 has a range of  $\pm 10000.$ 

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Function descriptio		NV Media C Operatior		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
v	Vrite		t register ddress		nber of 16b registers	bit	Data		Comments				
Pr	Pr <b>01.028</b>		127		1		0x1234		Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0x00001234				
Pr	Pr <b>01.028</b>		127		1		0xABCD		Standard 16 bit write to a 32bit register. Value written = 0xFFFFABCD				
Pr	Pr <b>01.028</b>		16511		2		0x00001234		Value written = 0x00001234				
Pr	Pr 01.029 128 1			0x0123		Value written = 0x0123							
Pr	Pr <b>01.029</b> 16512 2			0x00000123		Value written = 0x00000123							

\* Bit 14 is set to allow 32 bit access

#### 8.4.8 Exceptions

The slave will respond with an exception response if an error is detected in the master request. If a message is corrupted and the frame is not received or the CRC fails then the slave will not issue an exception. In this case the master device will time out. If a write multiple (FC16 or FC23) request exceeds the slave maximum buffer size then the slave will discard the message. No exception will be transmitted in this case and the master will time out.

#### Exception message format

The slave exception message has the following format.

Byte	Description							
0	Slave source node address							
1	Driginal function code with bit 7 set							
2	Exception code							
3	CRC LSB							
4	CRC MSB							

#### **Exception codes**

The following exception codes are supported.

Code	Description						
1	Function code not supported						
2	Register address out of range, or request to read too many registers						

#### Parameter over range during block write FC16

The slave processes the write block in the order the data is received. If a write fails due to an out of range value then the write block is terminated. However, the slave does not raise an exception response, rather the error condition is signalled to the master by the number of successful writes field in the response.

#### Parameter over range during block read/write FC23

There will be no indication that there has been a value out of range during a FC23 access.

#### 8.4.9 CRC

The CRC is a 16 bit cyclic redundancy check using the standard CRC-16 polynomial x16 + x15 + x2 + 1. The 16 bit CRC is appended to the message and transmitted LSB first.

The CRC is calculated on ALL the bytes in the frame.

#### 8.4.10 Device compatibility parameters

All devices have the following compatibility parameters defined:

Parameter	Description
Device ID	Unique device identification code
Minimum slave response time	The minimum delay between the end of a message from the master and the time at which the master is ready to receive a response from the slave.
Maximum slave response time	When global addressing, the master must wait for this time before issuing a new message. In a network of devices, the slowest time must be used
Baud rate	Baud rate used by Modbus RTU
32 bit float data type supported	If this data type is not supported then an over range error will be raised if this data type is used
Maximum buffer size	Determines the maximum block size.

## 9 NV Media Card Operation

## 9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up, storing / reading PLC programs and drive copying using a SMARTCARD or SD card storing / reading PLC programs. The drive offers backward compatibility for a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD.

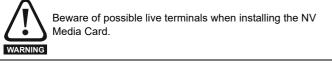
The NV Media Card can be used for:

- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving an onboard user program

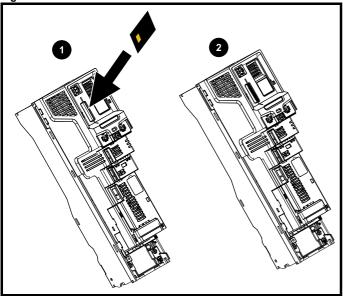
The NV Media Card is located at the top of the module under the drive display (if installed) on the left-hand side.

Ensure the NV Media Card is inserted with the contacts facing the lefthand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".



#### Figure 9-1 Installation of the NV Media Card



- 1. Installing the NV Media Card
- 2. NV Media Card installed

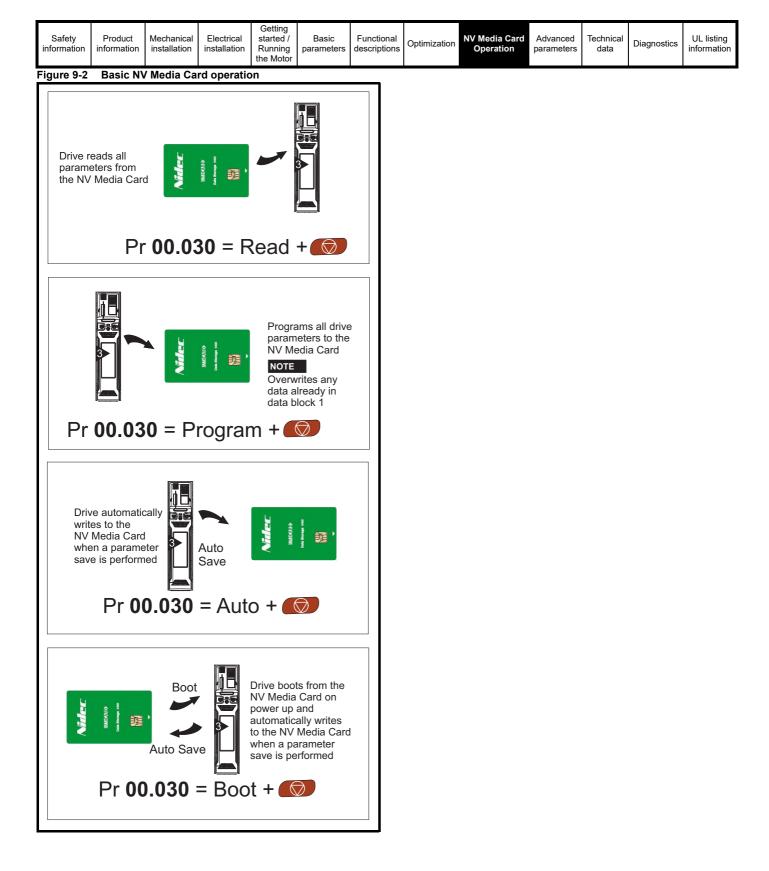
NV Media Card	Part number
SD Card Adaptor (memory card not included)	3130-1212
8 kB SMARTCARD	2214-4246
64 kB SMARTCARD	2214-1006

## 9.2 NV Media Card support

The NV Media Card can be used to store drive parameter sets and / or PLC programs set from the Pump Drive F600 in data blocks 001 to 499 on the card.

The Pump Drive F600 is compatible with a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD and is able to read and translate the Unidrive SP parameter set into a compatible parameter set for Pump Drive F600. This is only possible if The Pump Drive F600 is not able to read any other type of Unidrive SP data block on the card. Although it is possible to transfer difference from default data blocks from a Unidrive SP into the Pump Drive F600, the following should be noted:

- 1. If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.
- 2. If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.
- 3. If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply.



				Getting								
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	started /	Basic	Functional	Optimization	NV Media Card	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	Running	parameters	descriptions	Optimization	Operation	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
				the Motor								

The whole card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag as detailed in section 9.3.9 *9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag* on page 320.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

#### Table 9-1 SMARTCARD and SD card codes

### 9.3 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr **mm.000** and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 9-1.

Code	Operation	SMARTCARD	SD card
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	$\checkmark$	✓
7ууу	Erase file yyy.	✓	✓
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr mm.000</i> (mm.000) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.	~	~
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	$\checkmark$	✓
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9777	Clear the read-only flag	~	✓
9888	Set the read-only flag	~	✓
9999	Erase and format the NV media card	$\checkmark$	

Where yyy indicates the block number 001 to 999.

#### Note

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

#### 9.3.1 Writing to the NV Media Card

**4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the NV Media Card** The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the NV Media Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the NV Media Card.

## Writing a parameter set to the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Program (2))

Setting Pr **11.042** to Program (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the NV Media Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr **mm.000**. All NV Media Card trips apply except 'Card Change'. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to None (0).

#### 9.3.2 Reading from the NV Media Card

#### 6yyy - Reading from NV Media Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr **mm.000**, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option modules installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option modules installed are different between source and destination drives, the menus for the option module slots where the option module categories are different are not updated from the card and will contain their default values after the copying action. The drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different or are in different slots. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a NV Media Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values.

- Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage
- Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007 Motoring Current Limits
- Pr 04.024 User Current Maximum Scaling
- Pr 05.007 Rated Current
- Pr 05.009 Rated Voltage
- Pr 05.010 Rated Power Factor
- Pr 05.017 Stator Resistance
- Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency
- Pr 05.024 Transient Inductance
- Pr 05.025 Stator Inductance
- Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level
- Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level
- Pr 06.065 Standard Under Voltage Threshold
- Pr 06.066 Low Under Voltage Threshold

Safety information		chanical Electrical tallation installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Reading a parameter set from the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Read (1))

Setting Pr **11.042** to Read (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr **mm.000**.

All NV Media Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to None (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

#### 9.3.3 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 11.042 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the NV Media Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the NV Media Card. Changing Pr **11.042** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the NV Media Card when  $\Pr$  **mm.000** is set to 'Save Parameters' or a 1001 and the drive reset.

All NV Media Card trips apply, except 'Card Change'. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

If the card is removed when Pr **11.042** is set to 3 Pr **11.042** is then automatically set to None (0).

When a new NV Media Card is installed Pr **11.042** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new NV Media Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the NV Media Card is also updated, and therefore the NV Media Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the NV Media Card. The drive will display 'Card Write' during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new NV Media Card in during power down the new NV Media Card will have the correct data.

#### Note

When Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr **11.042** itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the NV Media Card.

## 9.3.4 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 11.042 = Boot (4))

When Pr **11.042** is set to Boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the NV Media Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- A card is inserted in the drive
- Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 11.042 on the card set to Boot (4)

The drive will display 'Booting Parameters during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'Card Drive Mode' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'Boot' mode is stored on the copying NV Media Card this makes the copying NV Media Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

#### Note

'Boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **11.042** is not transferred to the drive.

#### 9.3.5 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr mm.000 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr **mm.000** to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made.

Setting Pr mm.000 to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

# 9.3.6 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the NV Media Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr **mm.000**, will compare the NV Media Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr **mm.000** is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated.

#### 9.3.7 7yyy / 9999 - Erasing data from the NV Media Card values

Data can be erased from the NV Media Card either one block at a time or all blocks in one go.

- Setting 7yyy in Pr mm.000 will erase NV Media Card data block yyy
- Setting 9999 in Pr **mm.000** will erase all the data blocks on a SMARTCARD, but not on an SD Card.

#### 9.3.8 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card warning suppression flag

If the option modules installed to the source and destination drive are different or are in different slots the drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip. If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module(s) or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The options module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr mm.000 will set the warning suppression flag
- Setting 9555 in Pr mm.000 will clear the warning suppression flag

#### 9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag

The NV Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'Card Read Only' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

- Setting 9888 in Pr mm.000 will set the read only flag
- Setting 9777 in Pr mm.000 will clear the read only flag

## 9.4 Data block header information

Each data block stored on a NV Media Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)
- NV Media Card File Checksum (11.040)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr **11.038** to Pr **11.040** by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr **11.037**. If there is no data on the card Pr **11.037** can only have a value of 0.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 9.5 NV Media Card parameters

### Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036	{00	.029}	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded										
RO		Num						NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	ΰ		0 to	999		ð			0				
RFC-S													

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11	.03	7	NV Media Card File Number										
RW		Num											
OL				-	-					-			
RFC-A	Û		0 to	999		ð			0				
RFC-S													

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr **11.038**, Pr **11.039** and Pr **11.040**.

11	.03	8	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	ту	ре			
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL			(0), O		• • •					
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		⊱A (2), n (4), U			ð				
RFC-S			Option	App (6	)					

Displays the type/mode of the data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open-loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file
3	RFC-S	RFC-S mode parameter file
4	Regen	Regen mode parameter file
5	User Prog	Onboard user program file
6	Option App	Option module application file

11	.03	9	NV Me	NV Media Card File Version									
RO	-					Ν	D	NC	PT				
OL													
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 to 9		ð								
RFC-S	FC-A () FC-S												

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11.	040	0	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Ch	eck	sum		
RO		Num				N	D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	€		214748 21474		to	ð				

Displays the checksum of the data block selected in Pr 11.037.

11	.042	2	Paran	neter C	loning					
RW		Txt					NC		US*	
OL		No	one (0),	Read	(1)					
RFC-A	€		gram (2	2), Auto	. ,	ð		None	(0)	
RFC-S			Boo	ot (4)						

\* Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

### Note

If Pr **11.042** is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the drive or saved to the EEPROM. If Pr **11.042** is set to 3 or 4 the value is saved to the EEPROM

None (0) = Inactive

Read (1) = Read parameter set from the NV Media Card

Program (2) = Program a parameter set to the NV Media Card

Auto (3) = Auto save

Boot (4) = Boot mode

11	.07	2	NV Me	NV Media Card Create Special File										
RW		Num						NC						
OL														
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$		0 t	o 1		ð			0					
RFC-S														

If *NV Media Card Create Special File* (**11.072**) = 1 when a parameter file is transferred to an NV media card the file is created as a macro file. *NV Media Card Create Special File* (**11.072**) is reset to 0 after the file is created or the transfer fails.

11.07	3	NV Me	edia Ca	ard Typ	е				
RO	Txt				N	D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	s	None MART SD Ca		1),	ð				

This will display the type of media card inserted; it will contain one of the following values:

"None" (0) - No NV Media Card has been inserted.

"SMART Card" (1) - A SMARTCARD has been inserted.

"SD Card" (2) - A FAT formatted SD card has been inserted.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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11.075			NV Media Card Read-only Flag									
RO Bit					ND		NC	PT				
OL												
RFC-A	ţ	Off (0) or On (1)				ð						
RFC-S												

*NV Media Card Read-only Flag* (**11.075**) shows the state of the readonly flag for the currently installed card.

11.076			NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag									
RO Bit					ND		NC	PT				
OL												
RFC-A	$\hat{v}$	(	Off (0) or On (1)									
RFC-S												

*NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag* (**11.076**) shows the state of the warning flag for the currently installed card.

11.077			NV Media Card File Required Version									
RW Num					ND		NC	PT				
OL												
RFC-A	€		0 to 9999			ð						
RFC-S												

The value of *NV Media Card File Required Version* (**11.077**) is used as the version number for a file when it is created on an NV Media Card. *NV Media Card File Required Version* (**11.077**) is reset to 0 when the file is created or the transfer fails.

## 9.6 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 12 *Diagnostics* on page 426 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

Safety information		chanical Electrical allation installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 10 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

#### Table 10-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
-	programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Reserved menu
29	Reserved for pumping functions
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*
•	

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Мас	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

Table 10-2 Key to parameter table coding

\* Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
10.1 Parameter ranges and Variable							The setting	gs of other par	ameters			

#### Parameter ranges and Variable 10.1 minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum values which is dependent on one of the following:

The settings of other parameters

- The drive rating
- The drive mode
- Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_V	OLTAGE Range applied to part	ameters showing AC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 930	
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is drive voltage rating of VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0	lependent. See Table 10-3

VM_AC_VO	TAGE_SET	Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters				
Units	V					
Range of [MIN]	0					
Range of [MAX]	0 to 690					
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[	MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-3				
Demnition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0					

VM_AC	CEL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s / 1000 rpm, s / 1000 mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3200.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000 to 3200.000
Definition	A maximum needs to be applied to the ramp rate parameters because the units are a time for a change of speed from zero to a defined level or to maximum speed. The defined level is 100 Hz for Open-loop mode and 1000 rpm or 1000 mm/s for RFC-A and RFC-S modes. If the change of speed is to the maximum speed then changing the maximum speed changes the actual ramp rate for a given ramp rate parameter value. The variable maximum calculation ensures that longest ramp rate (parameter at its maximum value) is not slower than the rate with the defined level, i.e. 3200.00 s / Hz for Open-loop mode, and 3200.000 s / 1000 rpm or 3200.000 s / 1000 mm/s for RFC-A and RFC-S modes. The maximum frequency/speed is taken from <i>Maximum Reference Clamp</i> (01.006) if <i>Select Motor 2 Parameters</i> (11.045) = 0, or <i>m<sup>2</sup> Maximum Reference Clamp</i> (21.001) if <i>Select Motor 2 Parameters</i> (11.045) = 1. Open-loop mode VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 Otherwise: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 x Maximum frequency / 100.0 RFC-A, RFC-S modes VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000

VI	M_DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1190	
Definition		[MAX] is the full scale DC bus voltage feedback (over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is dependent. See Table 10-3 [MIN] = 0

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters												
Units	Units V											
Range of [MIN] 0												
Range of [MAX] 0 to 1150												

I tange of [III///	
	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-3
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

VM_DRIVE	CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	A	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	by Full Scale Current Kc (1	AX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) or Kc value for the drive and is given [1.061]. IN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

ł
0.000
0.000 to 99999.999
/M_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] /M_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.000
). V

VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE		Range applied to parameters showing high DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500	
Definition	VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale DC bus voltage feedback for the high DC bus voltage measurement which can measure the voltage if it goes above the normal full scale value. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-3 VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0	

VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS		Range applied the low under-voltage threshold	
Units	V		
Range of [MIN]	24		
Range of [MAX]	24 to 1150		
Definition	VM_LOW_UNDER_ If Back-up Mode En VM_LOW_UNDER_	If Back-up Mode Enable ( <b>06.068</b> ) = 0: VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] If Back-up Mode Enable ( <b>06.068</b> ) = 1: VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] / 1.1. VM_LOW_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] = 24.	

VM_MIN_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY		Range applied to the minimum switching frequency parameter	
Units	User units		
Range of [MIN]	0		
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6		
Definition	VM_MIN_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MAX] = <i>Maximum Switching Frequency</i> ( <b>05.018</b> ) VM_MIN_SWITCHING_FREQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the maximum)		

	hanical Electrical installation Running the Motor Basic parameters Functional descriptions Optimization Optim							
VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters								
Units	%							
Range of [MIN]	0.0							
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0							
Definition	$ \begin{array}{l} VM\_MOTOR1\_CURRENT\_LIMIT[\mathsf{MIN]} = 0.0 \\ Open-loop \\ VM\_MOTOR1\_CURRENT\_LIMIT[\mathsf{MAX]} = (I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \ \% \\ Where: \\ I_{Timit} = I_{MaxRef} \times \cos(\sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef})) \\ I_{Mrated} = Pr \ 05.007 \ \sin \phi \\ I_{Trated} = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \cos \phi \\ \cos \phi = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \cos \phi \\ \cos \phi = Pr \ 05.007 \ min \ MaxRef \ is \ 0.7 \ x \ Pr \ 11.061 \ or \ 1.1 \ x \\ Pr \ 11.060 \ (i.e. \ Normal \ duty). \\ RFC-A \\ VM\_MOTOR1\_CURRENT\_LIMIT[\mathsf{MAX] = (I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \ \% \\ Where: \\ I_{Timit} = I_{MaxRef} \times \cos(\sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef})) \\ I_{Mrated} = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_1 \\ ITrated = Pr \ 05.007 \ x \ sin \ \varphi_2 \\ I_{MaxRef} \ is \ 0.9 \ x \ Pr \ 11.061 \ when \ the \ motor \ rated \ urremoth \ rated \ motor \ rated \ sin \ rated \ sin \ rated \ rate$							

	TIVE_REF_CLAMP1 TIVE_REF_CLAMP2	Limits applied to the n	egative frequency or speed clamp				
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm	/s					
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 tc	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 0.0					
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 5000	0.0					
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]			
Definition	0	0	0.0	Pr <b>01.006</b>			
	0	1	0.0	0.0			
	1	Х	-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX]	0.0			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
		TIVE_REF_ TIVE_REF_	CLAMP2		Limits app	lied to the p	ositive frequ	iency or speed	reference	clamp		
Units		Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s										
Range of [	MIN]		Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0									
Range of [	MAX]		Open-loop: 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0									
VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] defines the rang (01.006), which in turn limit the references. In RFC-A a does not exceed the speed where the drive can no lon below. The limit is based on the position feedback devi possible to disable this limit if the <i>RFC Feedback Mode</i> above the level where the drive can interpret the feedb feedback device itself may have a maximum speed lim taken not to exceed a speed that would cause damage					o longer inte device sele <i>Mode</i> ( <b>03.02</b> feedback in s ed limit that is mage to the	erpret the feed ected with <i>Moto</i> $(24) \ge 1$ so that sensorless mo s lower than th	back signal or Control F the motor of de. It should nose given in ack device.	correctly eedback an be ope d be note n the table	as given in Select ( <b>03.(</b> erated at a d that the p	the table <b>)26</b> ). It is speed osition		
		AB, AB \$	Servo				/ rotary line	s per revolutio i in mm) mm/s	-			
Definition		FD, FD \$	FR, Servo, FR S	ervo				s per revolutio i in mm)/2 mm				
			Hiper, SC E SSI, SC Ser	,	•	(500 kHz x 60 / sine waves per revolution) rpm (500 kHz x linear line pitch in mm) mm/s						
			other devic	е	50	0000.0 rpm	or mm/s					
Any other device       50000.0 rpm or mm/s         In open-loop mode VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] is fixed at 550.0 Hz         In RFC mode a limit is applied to the speed reference of 550 x 60 / Motor pole pairs. Therefore, with a 4 pole motor limit for VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] will be 16,500 rpm.         VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MIN] = 0.0         VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP2 is defined in the same way as VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1 except         VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP2[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, m² Maximum Reference Clamp (21.001), which in turn limits the references.												

	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	with maximum a.c. outp	ating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive out voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor. 3 x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000
	VM_POWER[MIN] = -V	M_POWER[MAX]

VM_RATE	CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	А	
Range of [MIN]	0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURRENT Normal Duty rating of the VM RATED CURRENT	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
VM_SPEED				Range ap	olied to para	meters show	wing speed					
Units	Units Open-loop, RFC-A, RFC-S			-S: rpm or mm/s								
Range of [	Range of [MIN] Open-loop, RFC-A, RFC-S				S: -50000.0 to 0.0							
Range of [	MAX]	Oper	n-loop, RFC	-A, RFC-S	S: 0.0 to 500	0.00						
This variable minimum/max the range is set to twice the						monitoring par	ameters. To	o allow he	eadroom for	overshoot		
Definition VM_SPEED[MAX] = 2 x VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]												

VM\_SPEED[MIN] = 2 x VM\_SPEED\_FREQ\_REF[MIN]

VM_SPEED	_FREQ_KEYPAD_REF	Range applied Key	ypad Control Mode Reference (01.017)					
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A,	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s						
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 5	50.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -5	0000.0 to 50000.0					
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.	0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to	o 50000.0					
	parameters is the sam	e as other frequency red SER_REFS [MAX] = V	Control Mode Reference ( <b>01.017</b> ). The maximum applied to these ference parameters. M_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] ive Reference Clamp Enable ( <b>01.008)</b> and Bipolar Reference Enable					
Definition	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS[MIN]					
	0	0	If Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0 Minimum Reference Clamp ( <b>01.007</b> ), otherwise <i>m</i> <sup>2</sup> Minimum Reference Clamp ( <b>21.002</b> )					
	0	0						
		0 1 0	Clamp (01.007), otherwise m <sup>2</sup> Minimum Reference Clamp (21.002)					

VM_SPEED_	FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or spe	ed reference parameters
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm	or mm/s	
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to RFC-A, RFC-S: -500		
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to		
		m/maximum is applied throughout the freque n the range from the minimum to maximum of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 0	ncy and speed reference system so that the clamps. VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] if Select Motor 2 Parameters (11.045) = 1
Definition	0	Maximum Reference Clamp (01.006)	m² Maximum Reference Clamp ( <b>21.001</b> )
	1	Maximum Reference Clamp ( <b>01.006</b> ) or   <i>Minimum Reference Clamp</i> ( <b>01.007</b> )  whichever the larger	<i>m</i> <sup>2</sup> <i>Maximum Reference Clamp</i> ( <b>21.001</b> ) or  m <sup>2</sup> <i>Minimum Reference Clamp</i> ( <b>21.002</b> )  whichever the larger
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_	REF[MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX	].

Safety information ir	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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VM_SPEED_FREQ	_REF_UNIPOLAR	Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF		
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm	n/s		
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0			
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0			
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_ VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_	UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0		

VM_SPEED_I	FREQ_USER_REFS	Range applied to some	e analog reference parameters					
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s						
Range of [MIN]		Open-loop: -550.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: -50000.0 to 50000.0						
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000	Open-loop: 0.00 to 550.00 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 50000.0						
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_	_REFS[MAX] = VM_S	PEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]					
Definition	0	0	Pr 01.007					
	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
	1	0	0.0					
	1	1	-VM SPEED FREQ REF[MAX]					

VM_STD_UN	DER_VOLTS Ra	ange applied the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
VM_STD_UNDER_VOL		AX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET / 1.1 N] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-3.

VM_SUPPLY_	OSS_LEVEL Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150
Definition	VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 10-3

VM_SWITCH	HING_FREQUENCY	Range applied to the maximum switching frequency parameters
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 6	
Definition		REQUENCY[MAX] = Power stage dependent REQUENCY[MIN] = 0 for motor control modes, or 1 for Regen mode (subject to the maximum)

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
	VM_TOF	RQUE_CUF	RRENT		• •		ue and torqu to the active	e producing c current)	urrent para	meters (w	here this is	used in	
Units		%											
Range of [	MIN]	-1000	0.0 to 0.0										
Range of [	MAX]	0.0 to	0 1000.0										
			Select	Motor 2	Parameters	s (11.045)		_					
Definition					0			VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]					
					1			VM_MO	TOR2_CUI	RRENT_L	_IMIT[MAX]		
		VM_	TORQUE_C	URRENT	[MIN] = -VN	M_TORQUE	CURRENT	[MAX]					

VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX]
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0
Definition	User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES which are applied to <i>Percentage Load</i> (04.020), <i>Torque Reference</i> (04.008) and <i>Torque Offset</i> (04.009). This is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale output value to be defined by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT depending on which motor map is currently active.
	The maximum value (VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX] varies between drive sizes with default parameters loaded. For some drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter range limiting.

VM_USER_	CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT[M User Current Maximum S VM_USER_CURRENT_H Torque Offset (04.009). The output value to be defined	AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) IN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX] caling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and IIGH_RES which are applied to <i>Percentage Load</i> (04.020), <i>Torque Reference</i> (04.008) and his is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale I by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or MIT depending on which motor map is currently active.
		_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX] varies between drive sizes with default ome drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter

VM_USER_CURF	RENT_HIGH_RES	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with two decimal places
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.00 to 1000.00	
	VM_USER_CURRENT_H	GH_RES[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) with an additional decimal place
	VM_USER_CURRENT_HI	GH_RES[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX]
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT_HI Torque Offset (04.009). Thi output value to be defined I	aling (04.024) defines the variable maximum/minimums VM_USER_CURRENT and GH_RES which are applied to <i>Percentage Load</i> (04.020), <i>Torque Reference</i> (04.008) and s is useful when routing these parameters to an analog output as it allows the full scale by the user. This maximum is subject to a limit of MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT or IT depending on which motor map is currently active.
		TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR [MAX] varies between drive sizes with default ne drive sizes the default value may be reduced below the value given by the parameter

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Table 10-3	Voltage ra	atings depe	endant valu	ies								

Variable min/may	Voltage level (V)								
Variable min/max	200 V	400 V	575 V	690 V					
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	400	800	955	1150					
VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	415	830	990	1190					
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX]	265	530	635	765					
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	325	650	780	930					
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175	330	435	435					
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL[MIN]	205	410	540	540					
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE	1500	1500	1500	1500					

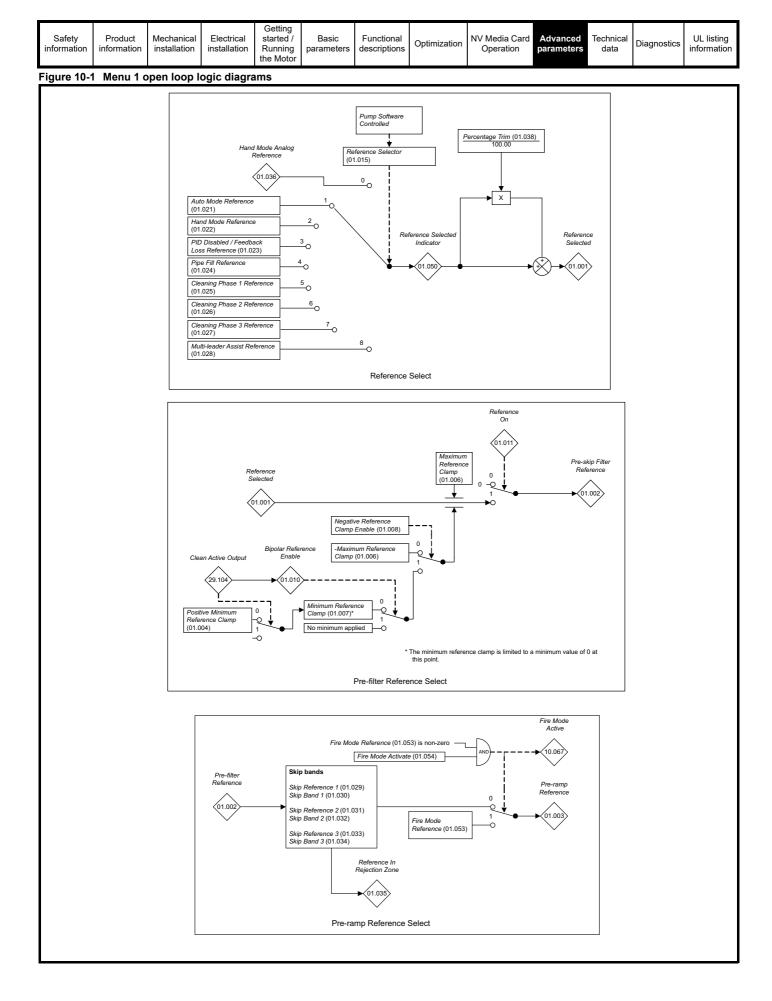
the Motor	I	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing informatior
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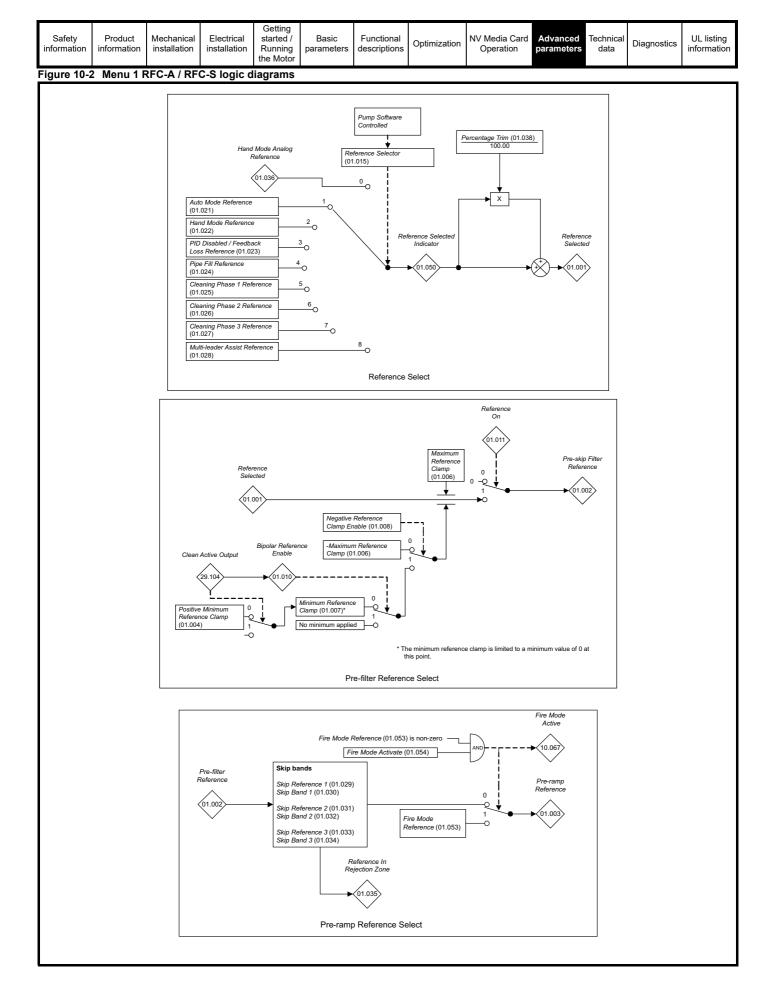
## 10.2 Menu 1: Frequency / speed reference

### Menu 1 Single Line Descriptions - Frequency References

	Parameter		Range		De	fault	Туре							
		Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	Open-Loop	RFC-A RFC-S								
01.001	Reference Selected		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)			RO	Num		NC	PT			
01.001		VM_SPE			1.0	Num		110	• •					
01.002	Pre-skip Filter Reference		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to				Num	ND	NC	PT				
			ED_FREQ_REF[MAX]											
01.003	Pre-ramp Reference		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)			RO	Num	ND	NC	ΡT			
	Positive Minimum	_	ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] D FREQ REF[MIN] to											
01.004	Reference Clamp	-	ED FREQ REF[MAX]	,	(	0.0	RW	Num				US		
	-		E REF CLAMP1[MIN	11 to	50 Hz: 50.0	50 Hz: 1500.0								
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp		VE REF CLAMP1[MA		60 Hz: 60.0	60 Hz: 1800.0	RW	Num				US		
04 007			/E REF CLAMP1[MIN											
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	VM_NEGATI	VE_REF_CLAMP1[MA	ĂX]	(	0.0	RW	Num				US		
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp Ena	0	ff (0) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				US		
	ble		() ()			()						-		
	Bipolar Reference Enable		ff (0) or On (1)		Or	n (1)	RW	Bit				US		
	Reference On	0	ff (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
01.015	Reference Selector		0 to 8			1	RW	Num				US		
01.021	Auto Mode Reference	_	D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)	(	0.0	RW	Num				US		
			ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] D FREQ REF[MIN] to		50 Hz: 25.0	50 Hz: 750.0								
01.022	Hand Mode Reference	_	ED FREQ_REF[MAX]	)	50 HZ: 25.0 60 Hz: 30.0	60 Hz: 900.0	RW	Num				US		
	PID Disabled /		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)	50 Hz: 25.0	50 Hz: 750.0								
01.023	Feedback Loss Reference	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] to         50 HZ: 25.0         50 HZ: 750.0           VM SPEED FREQ_REF[MAX]         60 Hz: 30.0         60 Hz: 900.0						Num				US		
		_	D FREQ REF[MIN] to	)	50 Hz: 25.0	50 Hz: 750.0	-							
01.024	Pipe Fill Reference		ED_FREQ_REF[MAX]		60 Hz: 30.0	60 Hz: 900.0	RW	Num				US		
01.025	Cleaning Phase 1 Reference	VM_SPEE	D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)	50 Hz: -15.0	50 Hz: -450.0		Num				US		
01.025	Cleaning Fliase 1 Relefence		ED_FREQ_REF[MAX]		60 Hz: -18.0	60 Hz: -540.0	RVV	Nulli				03		
01.026	Cleaning Phase 2 Reference		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)	50 Hz: 15.0	50 Hz: 450.0	RW	Num				US		
01.020		_	ED_FREQ_REF[MAX]		60 Hz: 18.0	60 Hz: 540.0		Tunn				00		
01.027	Cleaning Phase 3 Reference		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)	50 Hz: 40.0	50 Hz: 1200.0	RW	Num				US		
	3		ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to		60 Hz: 54.0	60 Hz: 1440.0								
01.028	Multi-leader Assist Reference		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to ED FREQ REF[MAX]	)	0.0			Num				US		
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.0 to 599.0	0 to 3300	າດ	0.0	0	R/W	Num				US		
	Skip Reference Band 1	0.0 to 25.0	0 to 250		0.0	0		Num				US		
	Skip Reference 2	0.0 to 599.0	0 to 3300		0.0	0	RW					US		
	Skip Reference Band 2	0.0 to 25.0	0 to 250		0.0	0	RW					US		
	Skip Reference 3	0.0 to 599.0	0 to 3300		0.0	0	RW					US		
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.0 to 25.0	0 to 250	0	0.0	0	RW	Num				US		
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone		ff (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
01.036	Hand Mode Analog Reference		REQ_USER_REFS[M		0.00	0.0	RO	Num		NC				
	5	VM_SPEED_F	REQ_USER_REFS[N	1AX]										
	Percentage Trim		±100.00 %			00 %	RW RW			NC				
	Analog Or Digital Speed Select							Bit		NC		<u> </u>		
01.050	Reference Selected Indicator		1 to 8				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
01.053	Fire Mode Reference		D_FREQ_REF[MIN] to	)		0.0	RW	Num				US		
01 054	Fire Mode Activate		ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] ff (0) or On (1)		01	f (0)	RO	Bit		NC				
01.004	I ITE MODE ACTIVATE	0			U	1(0)	RU	DIL		NU				

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						



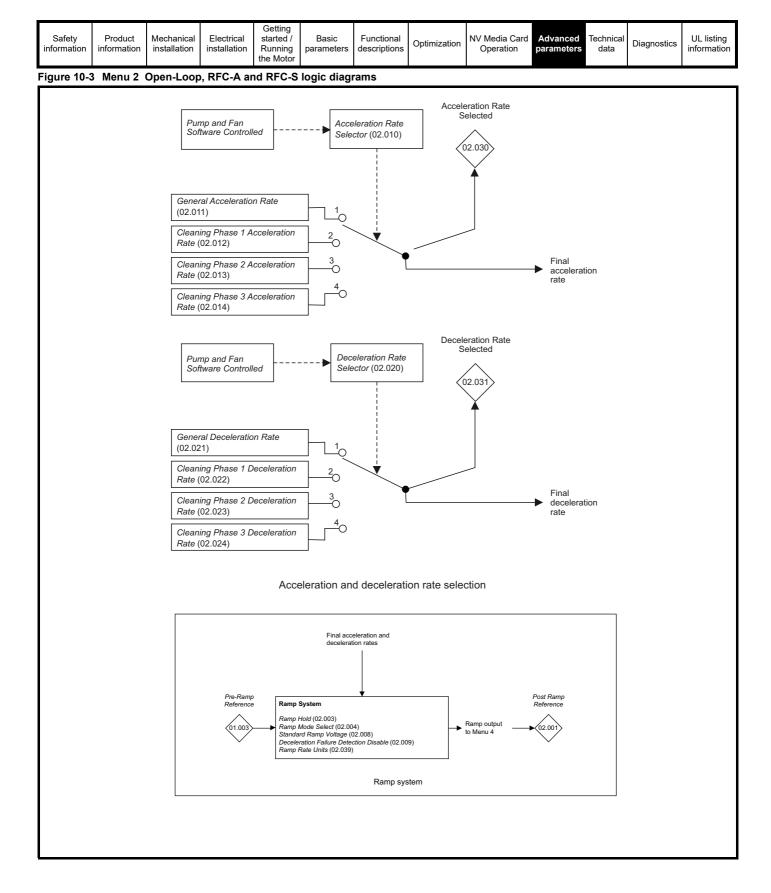


Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.3 Menu 2: Frequency Ramps

# Menu 2 Single Line Descriptions

						R	ange				Defa	ault						
	Parameter			(	Open	-Loop	RFC	C-A	RFC-S		Open-Loop	RFC- A	RFC- S			Туре		
02.001	Post Ramp Reference			VM_SF	PEEC	FREQ_REF[MI	N] to \ 1AX]	VM_SPE	ED_FREQ_R	EF[				RO	Num	ND N	С РТ	·
02.003	Ramp Hold					Off (0)	or On	ı (1)			Off	(0)		RW	Bit			US
02.004	Ramp Mode					tandard (1), post (2)	Fa	ist (0), S	tandard (1)	Ş	Std boost (2)	Standa	ard (1)	RW	Txt			US
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltag	e				VM_DC_VOLT	_				200 V driv 400 V drive 5 400 V drive 6 575 V driv 690V driv	50 Hz: 7 60 Hz: 7 ve: 895	750 V 775 V V	RW	Num	R	A	US
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detect	ction I	Disable			Off (0)	or On	ı (1)			Off	(0)		RW	Bit			US
02.010	Acceleration Rate Sele	ctor				1	to 4				1	1			Num			US
02.011	General Acceleration R	late		VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	1.0 s	1.00	)0 s	RW	Num			US
02.012	Cleaning Phase 1 Acce	elerati	ion Rate	VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	5.0 s	5.00	)0 s	RW	Num			US
02.013	Cleaning Phase 2 Acce	elerati	ion Rate	VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	5.0 s	5.00	)0 s	RW	Num			US
02.014	Cleaning Phase 3 Acce	elerati	ion Rate	VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	5.0 s	5.00	)0 s	RW	Num			US
02.020	Deceleration Rate Sele	ctor				1	to 4				1	1		RW	Num			US
02.021	General Deceleration F	Rate		VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	1.0 s	1.00			Num			US
02.022	Cleaning Phase 1 Dece	elerat	ion Rate	VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	5.0 s	5.00	)0 s	RW	Num			US
02.023	Cleaning Phase 2 Dece	elerat	ion Rate	VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	5.0 s	5.00	)0 s	RW	Num			US
02.024	Cleaning Phase 3 Dece	elerat	ion Rate	VM_	ACC	EL_RATE[MIN] t	o VM_	ACCEL	_RATE[MAX]	s	5.0 s	5.00	)0 s		Num			US
02.030	Acceleration Rate Sele	cted				0	to 8									ND N		
02.031	Deceleration Rate Sele	cted				0	to 8							RO	Num	ND N	C PT	•
02.039	Ramp Rate Units					Off (0)	or On	(1)			On	(1)		RW	Bit			US
RW F	Read / Write	RO	Read-only		Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text stri	na	Date	Date param	eter	Time	Time	e para	meter		
	Character parameter		Binary param	eter		IP address		MAC ad	<u> </u>	Ver	Version nun					I, para	mete	r
	lumber parameter		Destination	0.01		No default value			lependent	NC	Non-copyab				ected	, puru	moto	-
	iltered		User save		PS	Power- down save	101							. 100	- 5100			



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

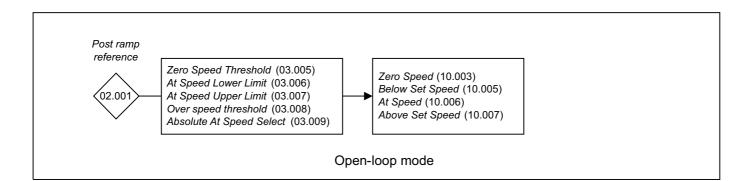
## **10.4 Menu 3: Speed Control and Position Feedback**

#### Menu 3 Single Line Descriptions

	Parameter		Range			Default				Tra			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	be		
03.001	Final Speed Reference		VM_SF	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Speed Feedback		VM_SF	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Speed Error		VM_SF	PEED				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.004	Speed Controller Output		VM_TORQUE_	CURRENT %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.005	Zero Speed Threshold	0.0 to 20.0 Hz	0 to 200	0 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 ı	pm	RW	Num				US
03.006	At Speed Lower Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 3300	00 rpm	1.0 Hz	5 ו	pm	RW	Num				US
03.007	At Speed Upper Limit	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 40000 rpm			5 ı	pm	RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Speed Threshold	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 4000	0.0 Hz	0 ו	pm	RW	Num				US	
03.009	Absolute At Speed Select		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
03.010	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1		Off (0) or On (1) 0.0000 to 200.0000 s/rad			0.030	0 s/rad	RW	Num				US
03.011	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1		0.00 to 655	.35 s <sup>2</sup> /rad		0.10	s <sup>2</sup> /rad	RW	Num				US
03.012	RFC> Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1		0.00000 to 0.0	65535 1/rad		0.0000	00 1/rad	RW	Num				US
03.024	RFC Feedback Mode		Feedback (0), S Feedback N Sensorless I	loMax (2),		Senso	less (1)	RW	Txt				US
03.025	Position Feedback Phase Angle			0.0 to 359.9 °				RW	Num	ND			US
03.026	Motor Control Feedback Select		P1 Slot1 (2), F P1 Slot2 (4), F P1 Slot3 (6), I	P2 Slot2 (5),		P1 SI	ot3 (6)	RW	Txt				US
03.078	Sensorless Mode Active		Off (0) or	On (1)		L		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
03.079	Sensorless Mode Filter		4 (0), 8 (1), 16 (2 ms			4 (0) ms	64 (4) ms	RW	Txt				US
03.080	Sensorless Position		-2147483648 to	2147483647									

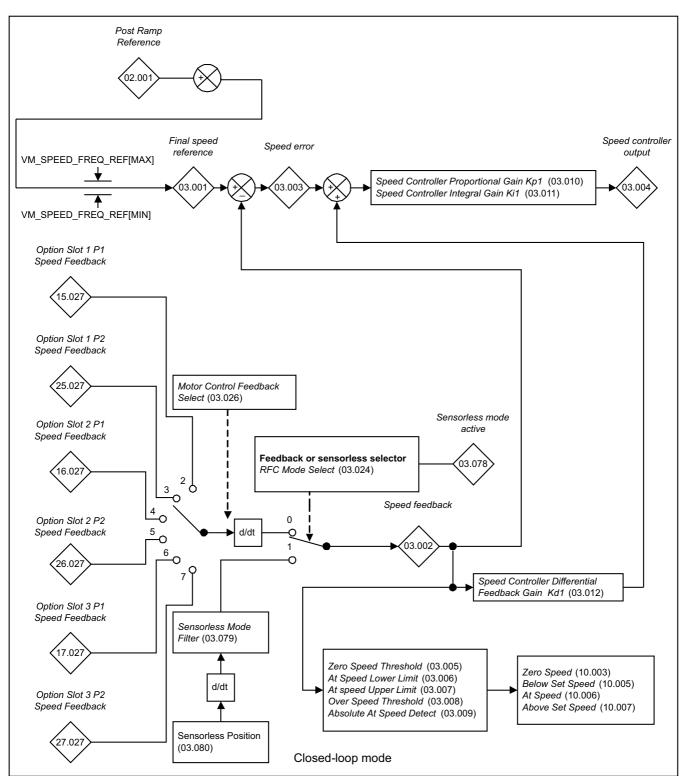
-											
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FL	Filtered	211	User save	PS	Power-						
	i illered	00		10	down save						

Figure 10-4 Menu 3 Open-Loop logic diagrams



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-5 Menu 3 RFC-A / RFC-S logic diagrams



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical started / Basic Functional Advanced Technical			Running	ical started / Bas ition Running param					Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## **10.5** Menu 4: Torque and current control

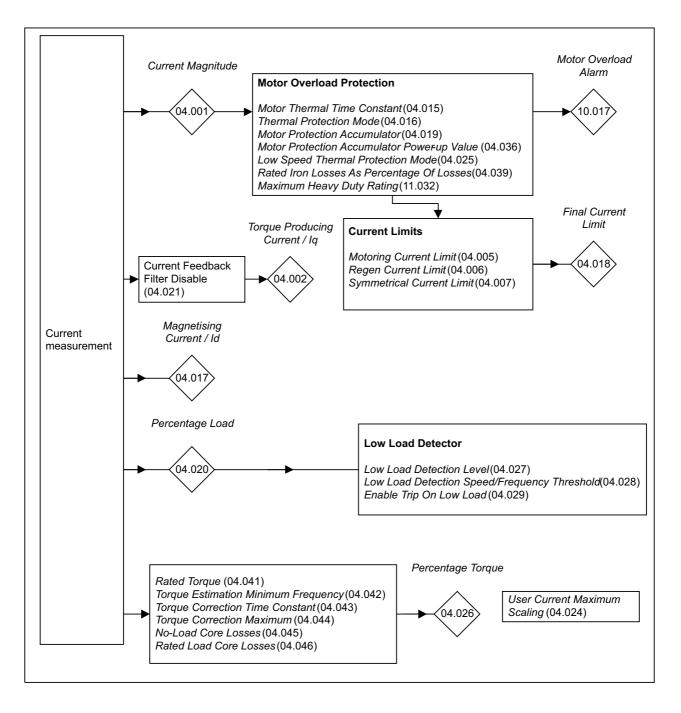
#### Menu 4 Single Line Descriptions

	Parameter		Range			efault			Тур	e		
		Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	Open- Loop	RFC-A RFC-S						
04.001	Current Magnitude		_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[I _CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[I				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	Open-Loop: Torque	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MIN]0 to					RO	Num	ND	NC	рт	FI
	Producing Current	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] A		·				- Turn				
04.002	RFC-A: Torque Producing Current		VM_DRIVE_CURRENT [MIN] to VM_DRIVE_CU RRENT[MAX] A				RO	Num	ND	NC	РТ	FI
	RFC-S: lq			VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[ MIN] to VM_DRIVE_CU RRENT[MAX] A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference			CURRENT[MIN] CURRENT[MAX] %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	to VM_MOTC	DR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[M DR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[M/	ΑX] %	(	0.0 %	RW	Num				US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit		DR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[M DR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[M/		(	0.0 %	RW	Num				US
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit		DR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[M PR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[M/	-	(	0.0 %	RW	Num				US
04.012	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant		0.0 to 2	25.0 ms		1.0 ms	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain		0 to 30000		20	150	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain		0 to 30000		40	2000	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1		1.0 to 3000.0 s		8	39.0 s	RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	Motor Trip (0), Motor Limit (	1), Drive Limit (2), Both Li	mit (3), Disabled (4)	Moto	or Trip (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Open-Loop: Magneti sing Current	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MIN] to VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] A		_			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.017	RFC-A: Magnetising Current		VM_DRIVE_CURRENT [MIN] to VM_DRIVE_CURRENT [MAX] A				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	RFC-S: Id			VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[ MIN] to VM_DRIVE_CU RRENT[MAX] A			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT	[MIN] to VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT[MAX] %				Num				
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator		0.0 to 200.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	VM_USER_CURRENT	[MIN] to VM_USER_CUR	RENT[MAX] %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.021	Current Feedback Filter Disable		Off (0) or On (1)		C	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	User Current Maximum Scaling		E_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR E_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR		165.0 %	175.0 %	RW	Num				US
04.025	Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode		0 to 1			1	RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	VM_USER_CURRENT	[MIN] to VM_USER_CUR	RENT[MAX] %			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.027	Low Load Detection Level		0.0 to 100.0 %		(	0.0 %	RW	Num				US
04.028	Low Load Detection Speed /Frequency Threshold		FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAF			0.0	RW	Num				US
04.029	Enable Trip On Low Load		Off (0) or On (1)		C	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Motor Protection Acc umulator Power-up V alue	Power dow	vn (0), Zero (1), Real time	(2)	Powe	r down (0)	RW	Txt				US
04.037	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2		1.0 to 3000.0 s		8	39.0 s	RW	Num				US
04.038	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling		0 to 100 %			0 %	RW	Num				US
04.039	Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses		0 to 100 %			0 %	RW	Num				US
04.041	Rated Torque	0.	.00 to 50000.00 Nm		0.	00 Nm	RW	Num				US

Safet informat		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Car Operation	d Advan parame			Diagnos	tics	UL lis	
04.049	Magnetising Curre	ent				0.0 to	100.0 %			100.0 %	R	W Nun	ı		US
04 050	Low-pass Filter Cut-off Frequency	,				0 to 1	000 Hz			0 Hz	R	WNum	ı		US

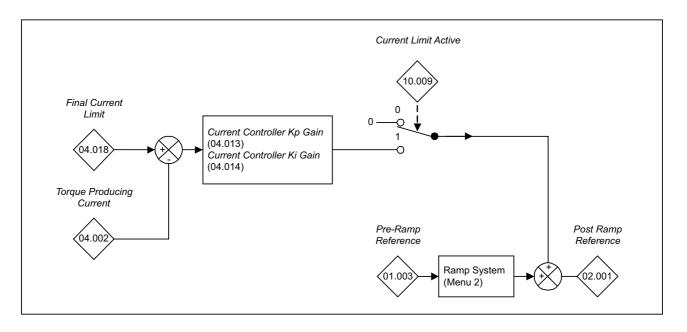
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

#### Figure 10-6 Menu 4 Open-Loop logic diagrams



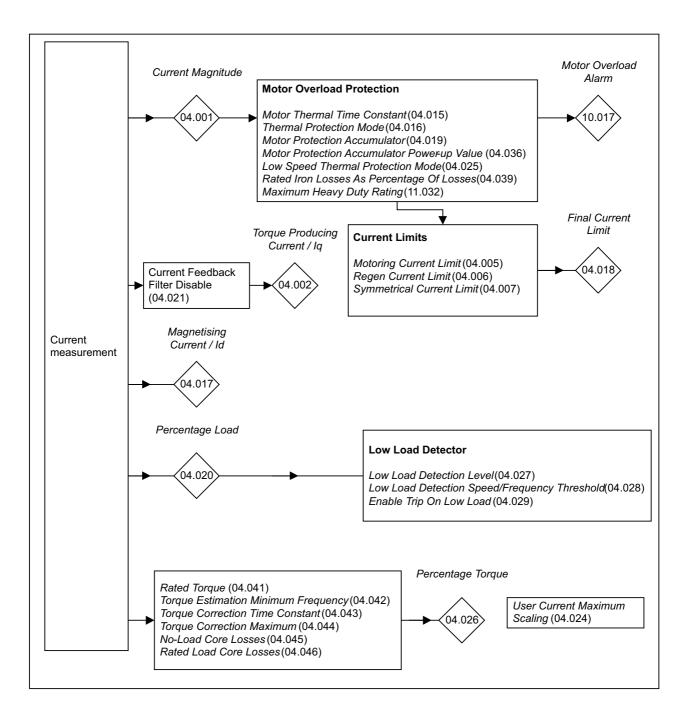
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 10-7



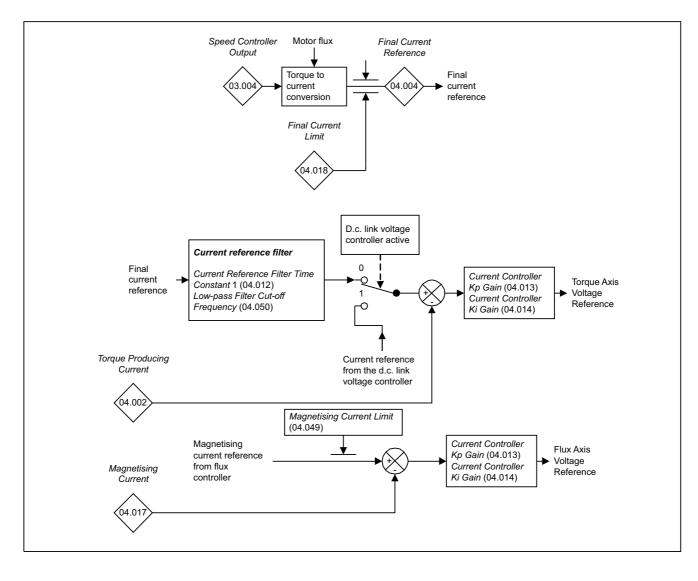
Safety information			lectrical Started / stallation Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-8 Menu 4 RFC-A and RFC-S logic diagram



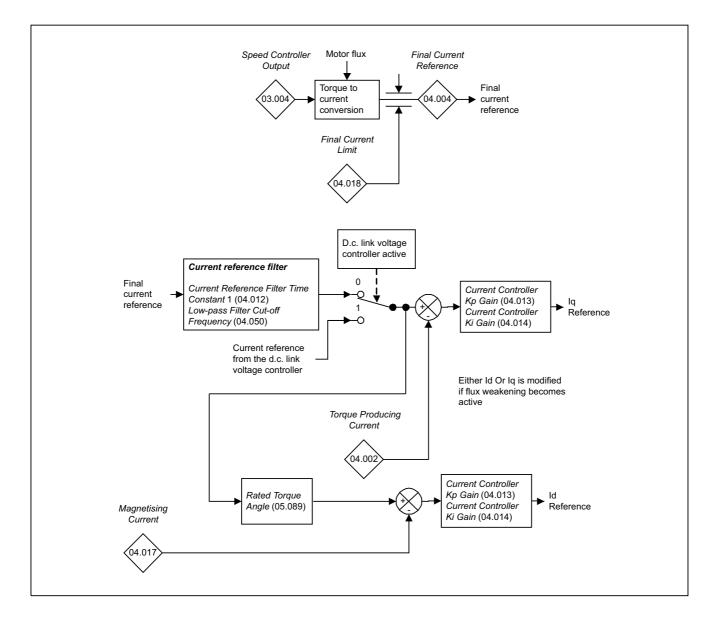
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 10-9 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-10 Menu 4 RFC-S logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 10.6 Menu 5: Motor control

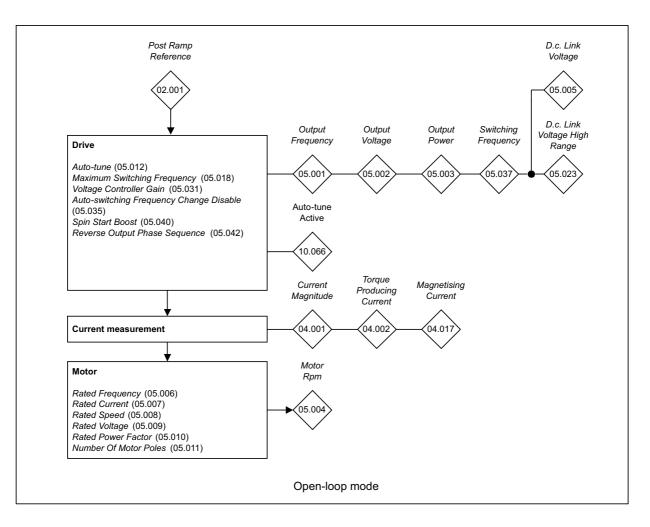
### Menu 5 Single Line Descriptions

	Parameter	Rang				efault	•			Туре		
	raiameter	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type	_	
05.001	Output Frequency	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN] to VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[M AX] Hz	±200	0.0 Hz				RO	Num	NDN	IC P	T FI
	Output Voltage	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] to VI								ND N		
	Output Power	VM_POWER[MIN] to VM	1_POWER[M/	AX] kW						ND N		
	Motor Rpm	±180000 rpm								ND N		
	D.c. Bus Voltage	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] to VI	0.0 to 550.0		50 Hz: 50.	0 47				ND N	CP	
05.006	Rated Frequency	0.0 to 599.0 Hz	Hz		60 Hz: 60.			RW	Num		_	US
05.007	Rated Current	VM_RATED_CUI to VM_RATED_CUI		A	0.	.000 A	-	RW	Num			US
05.008	Rated Speed	0 to 35940 rpm	0.00 to 33	000.00 rpm	50 Hz: 1500 rpm 60 Hz: 1750 rpm		50Hz: 1500.00 rpm 60Hz: 1800.00 rpm	RW	Num			US
05.009	Rated Voltage	VM_AC_VOLTAG to VM_AC_VOLTAG			400 V driv 400 V driv 575 V d	drive: 230 v ve 50Hz: 40 ve 60Hz: 46 drive: 575 v drive: 690 v	00 V 60 V V	RW	Num			US
05.010	Rated Power Factor	0.000 to 1.000			0.850			RW	Num			US
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles	Automatic (0) to 48	30 (240) Poles	S	Automatic (0)	) Poles	8 (4) Pole s	RW	Txt			US
05.012	Auto-tune	None (0), Basic (1), Impro	oved (2)	None (0), Stationary (1), Full Stationary (5)	N	one (0)		RW	Txt	•	IC	
	Open-Loop: Low Load Power Saving	Off (0) or On (1)		_	Off (0)			RW	Bit			US
	RFC-A: Flux Optimisation Select		Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit			US
05.013	RFC-S: Minimal Movement Phasing Test Mode			Free x4 (-3), Free x3 (-2), Free x2 (-1), Free (0), Constrained (1)			Free (0)	RW	Txt			US
	Open-Loop: Open-loop Control Mode	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5)		• • •	Fixed (2)			RW	Txt			US
05.014	RFC-S: Phasing Test On Enable			Disabled (0), Short (1), Short Once (2), Long (3), Long Once (4)			Disabled ( 0)	RW	Txt			US
	Open-Loop: Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 25.0 %			1.0 %			RW	Num			US
	RFC-A: Low Frequency Voltage Boost		0.0 to 25.0 %			1.0 %		RW	Num			US
05.015	RFC-S: Minimal Movement Phasing Test Current			1% (0), 2% (1), 3% (2), 6% (3), 12% (4), 25% (5), 50% (6), 100% (7)			1% (0)	RW	Txt			US
	Minimal Movement Phasing			0.00 to 25.00			0.00 °	RW	Num	ίΓ		US
05.016								1		4 1		1.1
	Test Angle Stator Resistance	0.000000 to 100	0.00000.0		0.00	00000 Ω		D14/	Num	$\vdash$	+	US

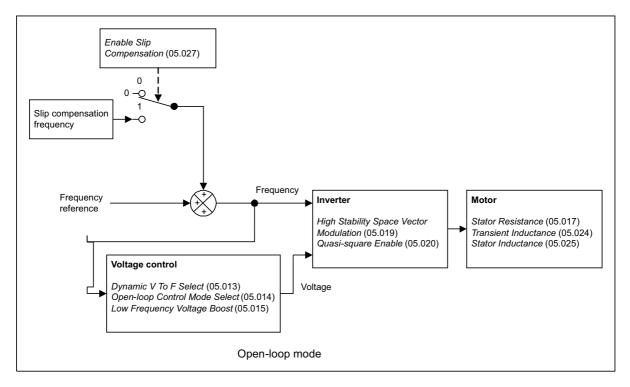
Safet informat		Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic paramet		()ntimiza	tion NV Media Ca Operation	rd Advand paramet			Diagn	ostic			listing matior
		-Loop: High e Vector Mo		Off	(0) or On (1	)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
05.019	RFC- Phasi	S: Minimal N ing Test Mee						-180 to 179	0		-180 °	RW	Num				US
	Phase Quas	e i-square Ena	able	Off	(0) or On (1	)			Off (0)		1	RW	Bit				US
		le High Spee			. ,			Limit (-2), Limit (Servo (-1), Disable (0), Enable (Servo) (1), Enable (2)			Limit (-2)						US
		-Loop: Tran	sient	0.000	to 500.000	mH			0.000 mH			RW	Num				US
			t Inductance				0.000 to 500.000 mH	4		0.000 mH	1	RW	Num				US
	RFC-	S: Ld						0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num				US
		r Inductance			0.00 to 50	00.00 ml	1		0.00 m	Н		RW	Num				US
		-Loop: Enab pensation	bie Slip	Off	(0) or On (1	)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
05.027	RFC-	A: Flux Con					±10.0			1.0			Num	_			US
		S: Flux Con						0.1 to 10.0 Off (0) or			1.0		Num	-			US
		ue Linearisat						On (1)			On (1)	RW					US
		ge Controlle Per 1000rpr				1 to 3	0	0 to 10000 \	(	1	98 V	_	Num	_			US US
			m				0.0 to 150.0	0 to 10000 \	/		98 V		Num				-
		entage Flux switching Fr	requency	Frick			%						Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Chan	0		Enab	ied (U), Disa	abled (1),	, No Ripple [	Detect (2)	En	abled (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.036	Step					1 to 2				2			Num				US
		hing Freque	ncy ng Frequency				(4), 12 (5), 1 G FREQUE		2	(0) kHz		R0 RW		ND	NC	PT	US
			r Temperature	010 0	<u>IVI_IVIIIN_SV</u>		_			<u>(0) кпz</u> 60 °С							
	Ripple					20 to 60				60 C			Num				US
		Start Boost ge Headroor	m		0.0 to	10.0	0 to	o 20 %	1.0	0 %	5 %		Num Num	_			US US
05 042		rse Output F			C	off (0) or (		20 /0		Off (0)	0 /0	RW					US
05 063		orless Mode	Current					0.00 to 1.00 s			0.20 s	RW	Num				US
		Low Speed	Mode					Injection (0) Current (1), Current (2), Current No Test (3), Current Step (4), Current Only (5)	/		Current (2)	RW	Txt				US
05.065	Salier	ncy Torque (	Control Select					Disabled (0) Low (1), High (2), Auto (3)	- -		Disabled ( 0)	RW	Txt				US
05.066	Active	e Saliency T	orque Mode					Disabled (0) Low (1), High (2)	,			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
			ent Trip Level					0 to 500 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
		-current Trip entage of Ra	Level as ated Current					0 to 1000 %			150 %	RW	Num				US
05 070	Invert	ted Saturatio						Off (0) or Or	ו		Off (0)	RW/	Bit				US
05 071	Low S		orless Mode					(1) 0.0 to 1000.0	0		100.0 %		Num				US
	Curre							% 0.000 to									
05.072								500.000 mH			0.000 mH						US
	· ·	s Current Fo e Offset At E	or Inductances Defined la					0 to 200 %			0 %		Num				US
	Curre							±90.0 °			0.0 °	RW	Num				US
	•		d lq Current					0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH						US
05.082	d Axis	s Current Fo	or Inductances					-200 to 0 %			-100 %	RW	Num	1			US

Safe		Mechanic installatic	n installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Function descriptio	()ntimizati	on	Media Ca Dperation	rd Advanc paramet			Diagr	nosti	cs i		listing mation
05.084	Lq At The Define	ed Id Currer	ıt				0.000 to 500.000 mH				0.000 mł	H RW	/Num				US
05.087	, User Defined Ra Angle	ted Torque					0 to 90 °				0 °	RW	/Num				US
05.088	Estimated Lq						0.000 to 500.000 mH					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.089	Rated Torque A	ngle					0 to 90 °					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string		Date Da	ate paramet	er Tir	ne Ti	me pa	aram	eter		
Chr	Character parame	eter Bin	Binary paramet	er IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	5	Ver Ve	ersion numb	oer SN	1P SI	ot, me	enu,	para	met	ter
Num	Number paramete	er DE	Destination	ND	No default val	lue RA	Rating depen	dent	NC No	on-copyable	e P	T Pi	rotect	ed			
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save												

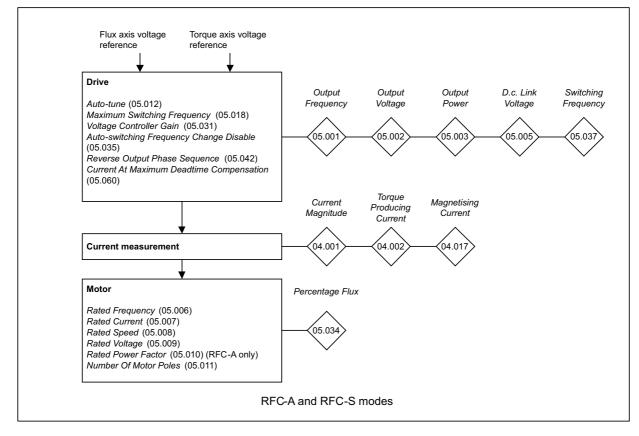
Figure 10-11 Menu 5 Open-Loop logic diagrams



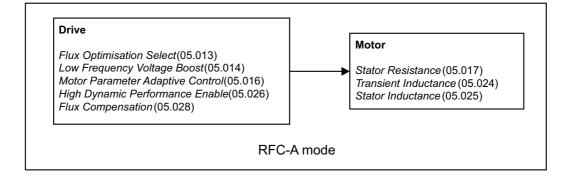
		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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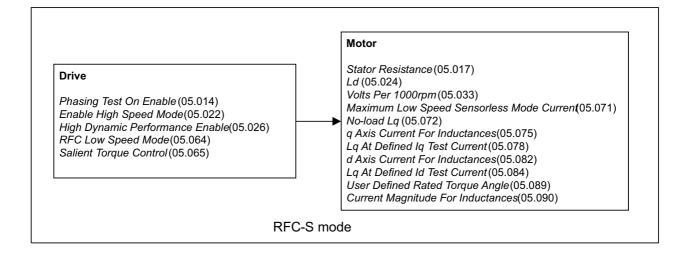






information installation installation Running parameters descriptions operation parameters data information information the Motor	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.7 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

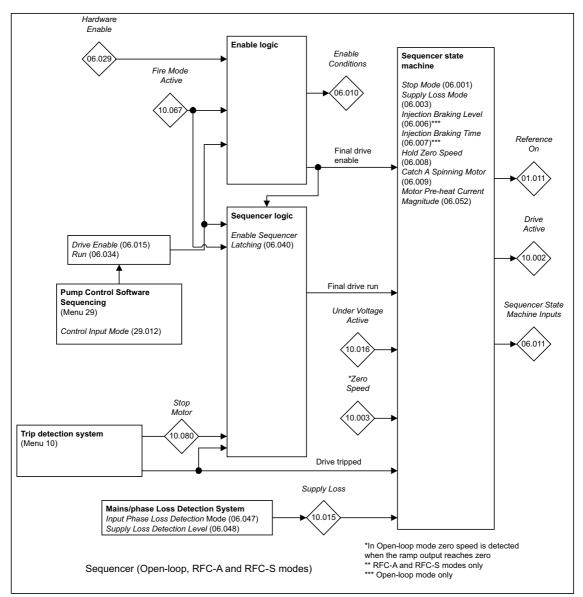
### Menu 6 Single Line Descriptions

	_		Range		De	efault	I					_
	Parameter	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S		RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	e		
06.001	Stop Mode	Coast (0), Ramp (1), Ramp dc I (2), dc I (3), Timed dc I (4)	Coast (0)	Ramp (1)	Rar	mp (1)	RW	Txt				US
	Supply Loss Mode	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2)		tamp Stop (1), Limit Stop (3)		able (0)	RW					US
	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %			100.0 %		RW					US
	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 100.0 s			1.0 s	<u> </u>	RW	Num				US
	Hold Zero Speed Catch A Spinning Motor	Disable (0), Enable (	(0) or On (1)	Pov Oply (2)		ff (0) able (0)	RW RW	Bit Txt				US US
	Enable Conditions		1), Fwd Only (2), 000 to 111111111		Disa		RV	Bin		NC		03
	Sequencer State Machine Inputs		00 to 111111	111			RO	Bin		NC		_
	Drive Enable		(0) or On (1)		0	n (1)	RW		ND	NC		US
	Date		-00 to 31-12-99		Ŭ		RW		ND	NC		00
	Time		:00 to 23:59:59				RW	Time		NC		
		Sunday (0), Monday (1		Vednesday (3),								
	Day Of Week		Friday (5), Sature	lay (6)		< 1 (A)	RO	Txt	ND	NC		
	Date/Time Selector Date Format	Local Keypad	(4), Remote Key d (0), US (1)			(eypad (4)	RW RW	Txt Txt				US US
	Time Between Filter Changes		30000 hours			nours	RW	Num				US
	Filter Change Required /											
06.022	Change Done	Off	(0) or On (1)				RW	Bit		NC		
	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to	30000 hours				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
	Reset Energy Meter		(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				
	Energy Meter: MWh		999.9 MWh				RO					
	Energy Meter: kWh		99.99 kWh				RO	Num	ND	NC		
	Energy Cost Per kWh	0	.0 to 600.0			0.0	RW					US
	Running Cost		±32000				RO	Num				<b>⊢</b>
	Hardware Enable		(0) or On (1)			<u>(())</u>	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Run	Off	(0) or On (1)			ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
	Drive Event Flags Legacy Control Word	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00 to 11	11111		00 00000000	RW RW	Bin Bin		NC NC		-
	Legacy Control Word Enable		(0) or On (1)			ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		US
	Active Supply		(0) or On (1)		0	11 (0)	RO	Bit		NC	рт	03
	Cooling Fan control		-10 to 11			10	RW		ND	NC		US
	Cooling Fan Speed		0 to 10			10	RO		ND	NC		00
	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	Full (0), Ripple	e Only (1), Disab	ed (2)	Fu	ull (0)	RW					US
	Supply Loss Detection Level	VM_SUPPL	Y_LOSS_LEVEL Y_LOSS_LEVEL	MIN]	200 V d 400 V d 575 V d	rive: 205 V rive: 410 V rive: 540 V rive: 540 V		Num		RA		US
06.051	Hold Supply Loss Active	Off	(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
06.052	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	C	) to 100 %		(	) %	RW	Num				US
06.058	Output Phase Loss Detection Time	0.5s (0), 1.0s	s (1), 2.0s (2), 4.0	is (3)	0.5	5 s (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.059	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable	Disabled (0), Phases	(1), Devices (2),	Low Noise (3)	Disa	bled (0)	RW	Txt				US
06.060	Standby Mode Enable	Off	(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit	L			US
06.061	Standby Mode Mask	00000	000 to 1111111		000	00000	RW	Bin				US
06.065	Standard Under Voltage Threshold		INDER_VOLTS[N INDER_VOLTS[N		400 V d 575 V d	rive: 175 V rive: 330 V rive: 435 V rive: 435 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.066	Low Under Voltage Threshold		JNDER_VOLTS[I JNDER_VOLTS[I		400 V d 575 V d	rive: 175 V rive: 330 V rive: 435 V rive: 435 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.067	Low Under Voltage Threshold Select	Off	(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.068	Backup Supply Mode Enable	Off	(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
06.069	Under-voltage System Contactor Close	Off	(0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	РΤ	
06.070	Under-voltage System Contactor Closed	Off	(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				
06.071	Slow Rectifier Charge Rate Enable	Off	(0) or On (1)		0	ff (0)	RW	Bit				US
												US

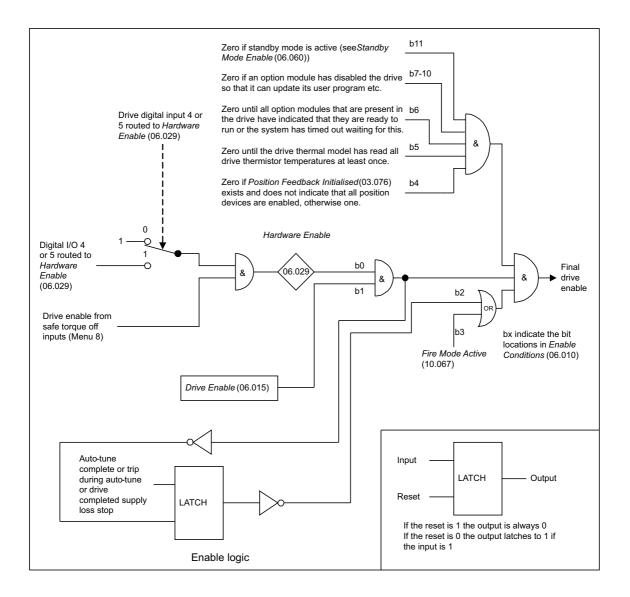
Safety informati		Mechanical installation		trical llation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		hnical ata	Diag	nostics	UL lis	
06.073	Braking IGBT Lo	ower Thresho	ld				GE_SET[MIN] GE_SET[MAX		200 V drive 400 V drive 575 V drive 690 V drive	e: 780 V e: 930 V	RW	Num		RA	US	
06.074	Braking IGBT U	pper Thresho	ld				GE_SET[MIN] GE_SET[MAX		200 V drive 400 V drive 575 V drive 690 V drive	e: 780 V e: 930 V	RW	Num		RA	US	
06.075	Low Voltage Bra Threshold	aking IGBT		VM_D	to VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] V 1_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] to VM_DC_VOLTAGE_S T[MAX] V				0 \	1	RW	Num		RA	US	
06.076	Low Voltage Bra Threshold Selec	•				Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (	0)	RW	Bit				
06.084	Date And Time	Offset				±12.00 h	ours		0.00 h	ours	RW	Num			US	
06.085	Control Word O	verride			0000000	0000000 to	111111111111	1111	00000000	000000	RW	Bin		NC		
06.086	Control override	enable			Disabled (	0), Control W	ord (1), Enab	led (2)	Disable	d (0)	RW	Txt		NC		

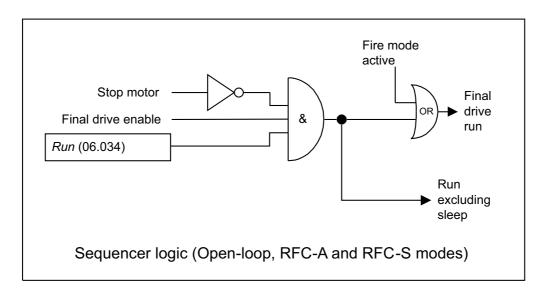
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS.	Power- down save						

Figure 10-13 Menu 6 Open-Loop and RFC logic diagrams



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.8 Menu 7: Analog I/O

### Menu 7 Single line descriptions

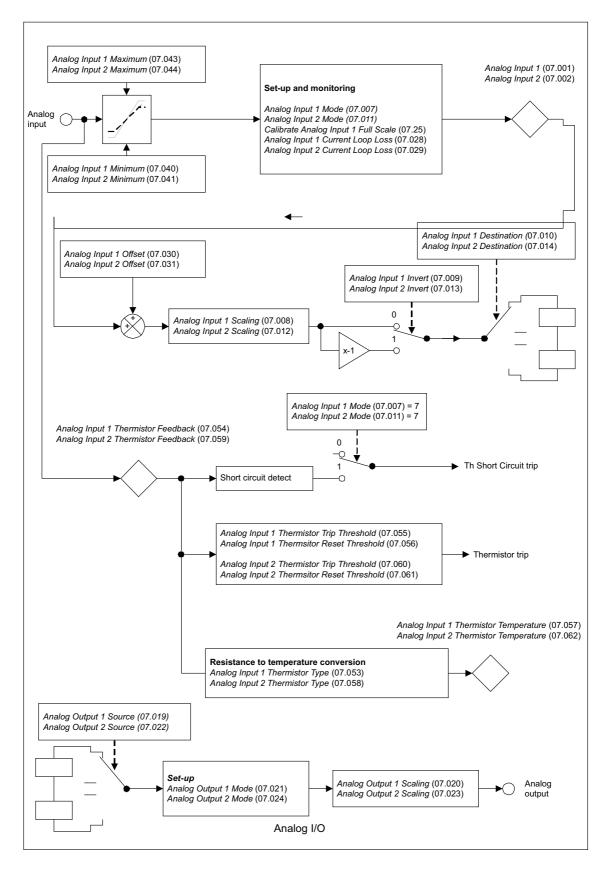
	Parameter		Range		D	efault				Тур	е		
		Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S						
	Analog Input 1		00.00 %					RO	Num				FI
	Analog Input 2		00.00 %					RO	Num				FI
	Monitored Temperature 1		250 °C					RO	Num				
	Monitored Temperature 2		250 °C					RO	Num			PT	
07.006	Monitored Temperature 3		250 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
		4-20 mA Low (-4),											
		mA Hold (-2), 20											
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode	mA (0), 20-0mA (1 mA Trip (3 ), 4-2			4-20	0 mA (4)		RW	Txt				US
		Volt (6), Therm Sho											
		( )/	No Trip (9)										
07 008	Analog Input 1 Scaling		) to 10.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 1 Invert		)) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	Analog Input 1 Destination		) to 59.999			9.034		_		DF		PT	
01.010		4-20 mA Low (-		ow (-3)		0.001							
		4-20 mA Hold (-											
07.044		0-20 mA (0), 20-0 r						-	<b>-</b> .				
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode	20-4 mA Trip (3), 4	-20 mA (4), 2	20-4 mA (5),	V	'olt (6)		RW	Txt				US
		Volt (6), Therm Sho	rt Cct (7), The	ermistor (8),									
		Therm	No Trip (9)										
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling	0.000	) to 10.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		0	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	Analog Input 2 Destination		) to 59.999			1.036		RW	Num	DE		PT	
	Analog Output 1 Source	0.000	) to 59.999		5.001	3.0	02	RW	Num			PT	
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling		) to 10.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
07 021	Analogue Output 1 Mode	Volts (0), 0-20 mA			V	olts (0)		RW	Txt				US
			20-4 mA (4)			.,							
	Analog Output 2 Source		) to 59.999			4.002		RW	Num			PT	US
07.023	Analog Output 2 Scaling		) to 10.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
07.024	Analogue Output 2 Mode	Volts (0), 0-20 mA			V	olts (0)		RW	Txt				US
			20-4 mA (4)			.,							-
	Calibrate Analog Input 1 Full Scale	,	)) or On (1)		, c	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC	DT	
	Analogue Input 1 Fast Update Active		)) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC NC		
	Analogue Input 2 Fast Update Active Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss		)) or On (1)					RO	Bit		NC		
	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss	· · · ·	)) or On (1) )) or On (1)					RO RO	Bit Bit		NC		
	Analog Input 2 Ourrent Loop Loss Analog Input 1 Offset		00.00 %		0	.00 %		RW	Num	ND	NC	PI	US
	Analog Input 2 Offset		00.00 %		-	.00 %		RW	Num				US
	Power Output		100.0 %		0	.00 /0		RO	Num		NC	DТ	00
	Inverter Temperature		250 °C					RO	Num		NC		
	Percentage Of d.c. Link Thermal Trip Level		o 100 %					RO	Num				
	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level		o 100 %					RO	Num		NC		
	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level		o 20999					RO	Num		NC		
	Temperature Monitor Select 1		to 1999			1001		RW	Num				US
	Temperature Monitor Select 2		to 1999			1002		RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 1 Minimum		00.00 %			.00 %		_					US
	Analog Input 2 Minimum		00.00 %			.00 %			Num				US
	Analog Input 1 Maximum		00.00 %			0.00 %			Num	1			US
	Analog Input 2 Maximum		00.00 %		10	0.00 %							US
07.051	Analog Input 1 Full Scale	0 t	o 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
07.052	Temperature Monitor Select 3		to 1999			1		RW	Num				US
07.052	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Type	DIN44082 (0), k				14082 (0)		RW	Txt				US
07.003		PT1000 (3), PT	2000 (4), NI	1000 (5)		++UUZ (U)							03
	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Feedback		ο 5000 Ω					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Trip Threshold		ο 5000 Ω			300 Ω		RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Reset Threshold		ο 5000 Ω		1	800 Ω		RW	Num				US
07.057	Analog Input 1 Thermistor Temperature		to 300 °C					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.058	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Type	DIN44082 (0), H PT1000 (3), PT			DIN4	44082 (0)		RW	Txt				US
07.059	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Feedback		ο 5000 Ω					RO	Num	ND	NC	ΡT	
	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Trip Threshold	0 to	ο 5000 Ω		3	300 Ω		RW	Num				US
	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Reset Threshold		ο 5000 Ω		1	800 Ω							US
	Analog Input 2 Thermistor Temperature	1	to 300 °C							ND	r		

the Motor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Menu 7 Open-Loop and RFC logic diagrams



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.9 Menu 8: Digital I/O

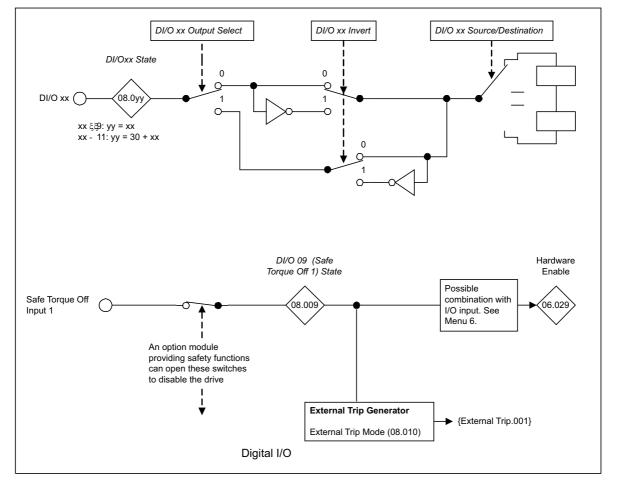
## Menu 8 Single line descriptions

	Parameter	Range	Default			Тур	е		
		Open-Loop RFC-A RFC-S	Open-Loop RFC-A RFC-S						
08.001	Digital I/O 01 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital I/O 02 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital I/O 03 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 04 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 05 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.006	Digital Input 06 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.007	Relay Output State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.008	24V Supply Output State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.009	STO Input 01 State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.010	External Trip Mode	Disable (0), STO 1 (1), STO 2 (2), STO 1 OR STO 2 (3)	Disable (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.011	Digital I/O 01 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
	Digital I/O 02 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital I/O 03 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 04 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 05 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.016	Digital Input 06 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.017	Relay Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.018	24V Supply Output Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Invert (1)	RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 to 511		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination	0.000 to 59.999	1.011	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	29.013	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	29.015	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.026	Digital Input 06 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	29.086	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.027	Relay Output Source	0.000 to 59.999	10.001	RW	Num			PT	US
08.028	24V Supply Output Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
08.029	Input Logic Polarity	Negative Logic (0), Positive Logic (1)	Positive Logic (1)	RW	Txt				US
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Select	Off (0) or On (1)	On (1)	RW	Bit				US
08.032	Digital I/O 02 Output Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
	Digital I/O 03 Output Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24V Supply Input State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.045	Relay 2 Output State	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Invert (1), Toggle (2)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Invert (1), Toggle (2)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.053	24V Supply Input Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.055	Relay 2 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)	Not Invert (0)	RW	Txt				US
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.063	24V Supply Input Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Relay 2 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
08.071	Digital I/O Output Enable Register 1	0000000000000000000 to 1111111111111111	000000000000000	RW	Bin			PT	US
08.072	Digital I/O Input Register 1	0000000000000000000 to 1111111111111111		RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
08.073	Digital I/O Output Register 1	0000000000000000000 to 1111111111111111	0000000000000000	RW	Bin			PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IΡ	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-14 Menu 8 Open-Loop and RFC logic diagrams



			-	Getting	<b>.</b> .						
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	 Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor							

## 10.10 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

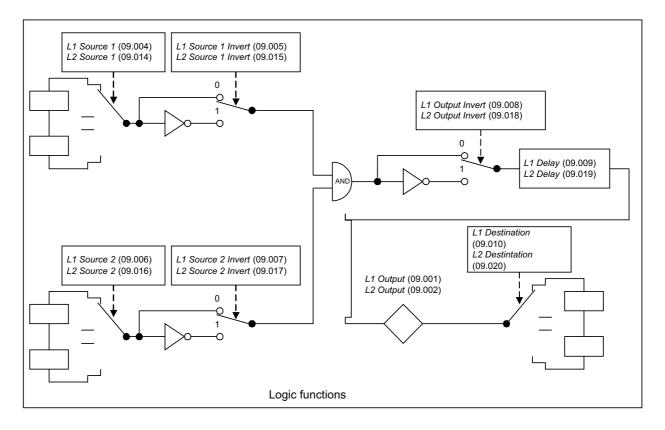
### Menu 9 Single line descriptions

	<b>R</b> esearch	F	Range		D	efault				-			
	Parameter	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		ļ
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0	) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (C	) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorised Pot Output	±1	00.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert		)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay		:25.0 s			0.0 s		RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay	t	:25.0 s			0.0 s		RW	Num				US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.021	Motorised Pot Mode		0 to 4			0		RW	Num				US
09.022	Motorised Pot Bipolar Select	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.023	Motorised Pot Rate	01	to 250 s			20 s		RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorised Pot Scaling	0.00	0 to 4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
09.025	Motorised Pot Destination	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.026	Motorised Pot Up	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorised Pot Down	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.028	Motorised Pot Reset	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0	) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
09.032	Binary Sum Output	0	to 255					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0	to 248			0		RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-0	0 to 31-12-	99	00	)-00-00		RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:0	0 to 23:59:5	59	00	00:00:00		RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-0	0 to 31-12-	99	00	)-00-00		RW	Date				US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	00:00:0	0 to 23:59:5	59	00	00:00:00		RW	Time				US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function		ear (5), One inute (7)		Ν	one (0)		RW	Txt				US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable	Off (C	)) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.041	Timer 1 Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0	)) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.043	Timer 1 Destination	0.000	) to 59.999		2	9.056		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date	00-00-0	0 to 31-12-	99	00	0-00-00		RW	Date				US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:0	0 to 23:59:5	59	00	00:00:00		RW	Time				US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date	00-00-0	0 to 31-12-	99	00	)-00-00		RW	Date				US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:0	0 to 23:59:5	59	00	00:00:00		RW	Time				US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function		ear (5), One inute (7)		Ν	one (0)		RW	Txt				US
09.050	Timer 2 Enable		)) or On (1)			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0	)) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
09.052	Timer 2 Output		) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000	) to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US

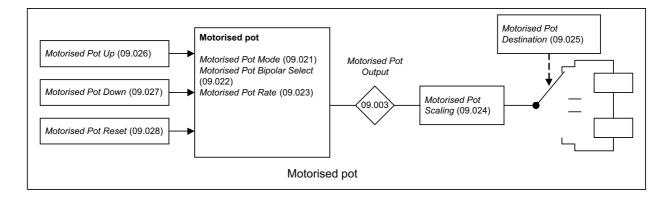
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information		lechanical nstallation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-15 Menu 9 logic diagram: Logic Functions

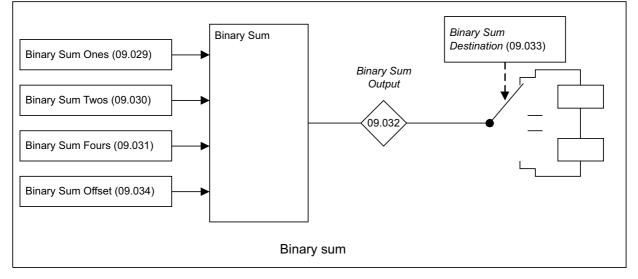


#### Figure 10-16 Menu 9 logic diagram: Motorised Pot

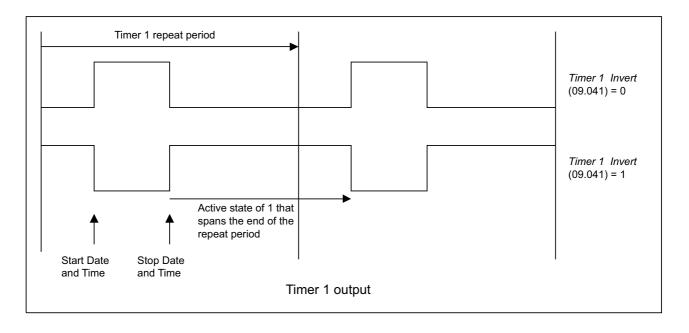


Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-17 Menu 9 logic diagram: Binary Sum



#### Figure 10-18 k



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the motor								

## 10.11 Menu 10: Status and trips

### Menu 9 Single line descriptions

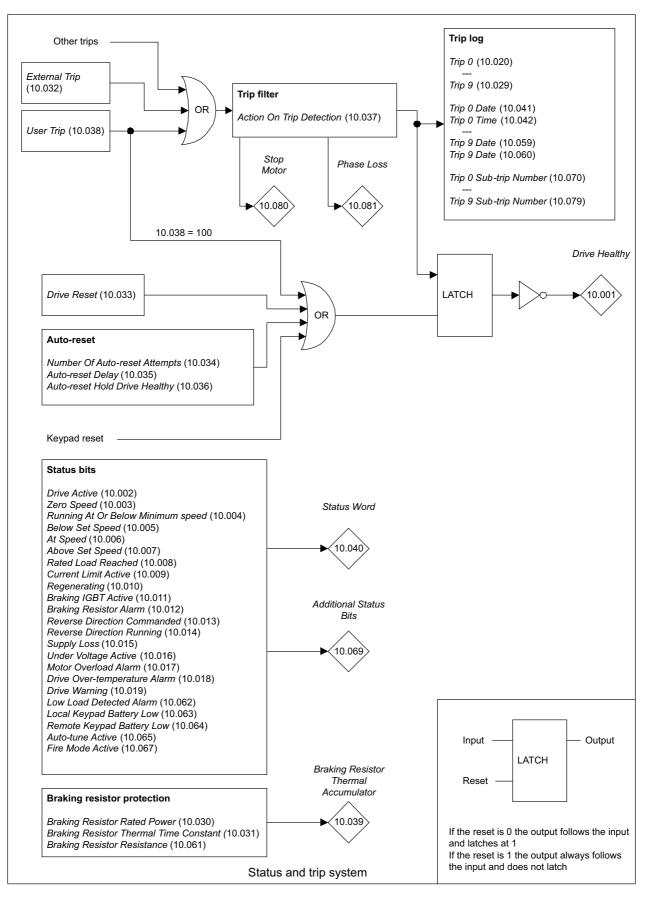
10.025         Trip 4         0.10.25         Trip 5         0.02 FT         ND         RC         PT         ND         NC         PT         Status         ND		Parameter	Range		Def	ault			Тур	е		
Ditox         Ditox <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Open-Loop F</th><th>RFC-A RFC-S</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<>					Open-Loop F	RFC-A RFC-S						
10003         Zero Speed         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         BK         NO         NC         PT           10004         Rumma AC P selow Minnum Speed         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         BK         NO         NC         FT           10005         Below Set Speed         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         BK         NO         NC         FT           10006         AdSpeed         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         BK         NO         NC         FT           10007         Advance Mass Plane Indel         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         BK         NO         NC         FT           10010         Begenerating         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         RO         NO         NC         FT           10011         Begenerating         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         RO         NO         NC         FT           10014         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         RO         NO         NC         FT           10014         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (3) or On (1)         RO         RO         NO         NC         FT           10014         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (3) or On (1)         RO			( ) ( )									
1000         Funning At 0r Betor Molnitum Speed         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bet ND         NC         FT           1000         Batow Set Speed         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         FT           1000         At Speed         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         FT           1000         Retaue Load Fasachad         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         FT           1000         Betwing (6T Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         FT           1001         Betwing (6T Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         FT           10013         Betwing (6T Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         RO         ND         NC         FT           10014         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         RO         ND         NC         RO         RO         ND         ND         RC         RC         ND         ND         RC         RC         ND         ND         RC         RC         ND         ND         RC         RC         ND <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· /</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				· /								
10.005         Biskov Šas Spead         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.007         Above Sas Spead         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.007         Above Sas Spead         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.007         Carrent Lumi Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.007         Carrent Lumi Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.018         Segme testing Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.014         Segme testing Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.014         Segme testing Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.015         Sigget Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.015         Sigget Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO				· /								L
10.000         Absect         Off (1) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         PT           10.000         Aboxe Sat Sgead         Off (1) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         PT           10.000         Aboxe Sat Sgead         Off (1) or On (1)         RO         BR         ND         NC         PT           10.000         Aboxe Sat Sgead         Off (1) or On (1)         RO         RE         ND         NC         PT           10.001         Besting Instand Instand         Off (1) or On (1)         RO         RE         ND												<b>—</b>
10.007         Above Set Speed         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.008         Read Land Reached         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.000         Current Limit Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.011         Bit Above Set Speed         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.011         Bit Above Set Speed         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.014         Reareste Direction faurning         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.015         Supply Losa         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         FT           10.016         Supply Losa         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         ND <td></td> <td><u> </u></td>												<u> </u>
10000         Rate Load Reached         Off (i) or On (1)         Ro         Ro         Bit         NO         PT           10010         Gurent Lind Active         Off (i) or On (1)         Ro         Bit         NO         PT           10010         Regenerating         Off (i) or On (1)         Ro         Ro         NO         PT           10011         Barking Resistor Adum         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         PT           10012         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         PT           10016         Input Loss         Adm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         PT           10016         Input Loss         Adm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         PT           10017         Motor Overhand Alam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         PT           10010         Trp 0         Oto 255         RO         Tit< ND												<u> </u>
10.000         Current Limit Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         RO <td></td> <td>  </td>												
10:010         Regenerating         Off (i) or On (i)         RO				· /								<u> </u>
10:011       Braking (B3T Active       Off (0) or On (1)       RO       RN       NN       NP       PT         10:012       Braking Resister Alarm       Off (0) or On (1)       RO       RO       RN       NN       NN       NP       T         10:013       Reverse Direction Commanded       Off (0) or On (1)       RO       RO       RN       NN       NN       NP       T         10:014       Reverse Direction Commanded       Off (0) or On (1)       RO       RN       NN       NP       T         10:014       Meter Overfaed Alarm       Off (0) or On (1)       RO       RN       NN       NP       T       NN       NN       NP       T       NN       NN <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u> </u></td></t<>												<u> </u>
10.012         Braking Resister Atam         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         RN         NN         C PT           10.013         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         RN         NN         NC         PT           10.014         Reverse Direction Running         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         RN         NN         NC         PT           10.015         Supply Uoss         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         RN         NN         NC         PT           10.016         Under Voltage Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bt <nd< td="">         NO         PT           10.010         Drive VoreHeang Atam         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bt<nd< td="">         NO         PT           10.010         Drive VoreHeang Atam         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         RD         NO         PT           10.021         Trp 0         0         Dt 256         RO         RO         TA         ND         NO         PT           10.025         Trp 5         0         Dt 255         RO         TA         ND         NC         PT           10.026         Trp 4         Dt 0 255         RO         TA         ND         RO</nd<></nd<>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	( )								
10.013         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.014         Reverse Direction Commanded         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.015         Supply Loss         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.016         Under Overload Alarm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.017         Motor Overload Alarm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.010         Drive Varetemperature Narm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.021         Trip 1         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT           10.023         Trip 4         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT           10.024         Trip 4         0 to 256         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT           10.025         Trip 4         0 to 256         RO         NA         ND				· /								
10.014         Reverse Direction Running         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.015         Supply Loss         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.016         Under Voltage Active         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.017         Motro Over-temporature Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.018         Drive Over-temporature Atam         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.020         Thg 0         0 to 255         RO         TAt         ND         NC         PT           10.023         Trig 4         0 to 255         RO         TAt         ND         NC         PT           10.024         Trig 6         0 to 255         RO         TAt         ND         NC         PT           10.026         Trig 6         0 to 255         RO         TAt         ND         NC         PT           10.029         Trig 6         0 to 255         RO         TAt         ND         NC <t< td=""><td></td><td>ÿ</td><td></td><td>· /</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		ÿ		· /								
10.015         Supply Loss         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.016         Under Vorefload Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.017         Motor Overlead Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.018         Drive Overlead Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.020         Tip 0         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT           10.022         Tip 2         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT           10.023         Tip 4         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT           10.026         Tip 6         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT           10.028         Tip 7         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT           10.028         Tip 8         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT           10.0												
10.016         Under Voltage Aatve         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         RI         ND         NC         PT           10.017         Motor Overleand Aarm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.018         Drive Overleand Aarm         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.010         Drive Warning         Off (i) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.021         Trip 1         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT           10.023         Trip 4         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.025         Trip 4         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.026         Trip 4         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.029         Trip 9         0 to 255         RO         Tat         ND         NC         PT         PT         ND         NC         PT         PT         ND         NC         PT		•										
10.017         Notor Overload Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         NC         PT           10.018         Drive Varning         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         NO         NC         PT           10.020         Trp 0         0         10         255         RO         TX         NO         NC         PT           10.021         Trp 1         0         10         255         RO         TX         NO         NC         PT         PT           10.021         Trp 3         0         10         255         RO         TX         NO         NC         PT         PT         10.025         Trp 4         NO         NC         PT         10.026         Trp 6         NO         NC         NC<												
10:010         Drive Warning         Of (f) or On (f)         Ro         Bit.         NO         NO         PT           10:020         Trip 0         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:021         Trip 1         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:022         Trip 3         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:024         Trip 4         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:025         Trip 5         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:026         Trip 7         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:030         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0:000 to 99999.990         0:0004         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:030         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0:0001 to 90:000 s         0:0000 s         0:0000 s         0:0000 s         0:0000 s         0:												
10:010         Drive Warning         Of (f) or On (f)         Ro         Bit.         NO         NO         PT           10:020         Trip 0         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:021         Trip 1         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:022         Trip 3         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:024         Trip 4         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:025         Trip 5         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:026         Trip 7         0:10:255         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:030         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0:000 to 99999.990         0:0004         RO         Tat.         NO         NO         PT         PS           10:030         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0:0001 to 90:000 s         0:0000 s         0:0000 s         0:0000 s         0:0000 s         0:												
10.020         Trip 0         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         KC         FT           10.021         Trip 1         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         FT         ND         NC         FT         RD         TM         ND         NC         FT         FT         RD         TM         ND         NC         FT         FT         FT         FT         FT         ND         NC         FT							RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.021         Trp 1         0 to 255         RO         TM         NO         NC         PT           10.022         Trp 3         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.023         Trp 4         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.025         Trp 5         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.026         Trp 6         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.027         Trp 6         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.028         Trp 8         0 to 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.028         Braking Resistor Rated Power         0 to 265         RO         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.035         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0 000 to 1500 00 s         0 000 s         0 000 s         Num         NC         PT         PS           10.035         Auto-reset Att		-	0 to 255	5			RO					
10.023         trip 3         0 10 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT           10.024         trip 4         0 10 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.025         trip 6         0 10 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.027         trip 7         0 10 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.028         trip 8         0 10 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.029         trip 9         0 10 255         RO         TM         ND         NC         PT         PT           10.038         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0.000 to 1500.000 s         0.0000 k         NUM         L         US           10.033         brakerset Hold Drive Realt         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         L         L         US           10.034         kuto-reset Hold Drive Healthy         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         L         L         US           10.035         kuto-reset Hold Drive H	10.021	Trip 1	0 to 255	5			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.025         Trip 4         0.10.25         Trip 5         0.02 FT         ND         RC         PT         ND         NC         PT         Status         ND		Trip 2										
10.025         Trip 5         0.10.25         RO         Trit         ND         RC         PT         ND         NC         PT         PT         PT         PT         PT         ND         NC         PT												PS
10.026         Trp 6         0.1027         Trp 7         0.1025         RO         Txt         ND         RC         PT           10.027         Trp 7         0.10255         RO         Txt         ND         RC         PT		•										PS
10.022         Trp 7         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.028         Trp 8         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.030         Braking Resistor Rated Power         0.000 to 99090 990 WW         0.000 NW         RW         Num         US           10.031         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0.000 to 1500.000 s         0.000 s         0.000 s         WW         WM         V         US           10.032         External Trp         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         L           10.033         Orive Reset         Off (1) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         L           10.034         Number Of Auto-reset Altempts         None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)         5 (5)         RW         Txt         L         US           10.035         Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy         Of(0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         N         L         US           10.033         Jarxeting Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 10.0 (3, 12.99)         RO         Num         ND		Trip 5	0 to 255	5			RO	Txt				PS
10.028         Trp 8         0 to 255         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.030         Braking Resistor Rated Power         0.000 to 590909 990 kW         0.000 s         RO         Txt         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.031         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0.000 to 1500.000 s         0.000 s         RW         Num         US           10.032         External Tinp         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         L           10.033         Datameter         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         L           10.035         Auto-reset Delay         1.0 to 800.0 s         10.0 s         RW         Num         L         US           10.035         Auto-reset Delay         1.0 to 255         RW         Num         N         L         US           10.034         Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 100.0 %         RN         RN         NN         N         PT         PS           10.035         Auto-reset Delay         0.0 to 100.0 %         RN         NN         N         C         US           10.035									ND	NC	PT	PS
10.029         Trp 9         0 to 255         Ro T xt.         ND N C PT PS           10.030         Braking Resistor Rated Power         0.000 to 9999 999 WW         0.000 kW         RW         Num         I         US           10.031         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0.000 to 1500.000 s         0.000 s         0.000 RW         RW         Num         I         US           10.032         External Trip         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW         Bit         NC         I           10.034         Number Of Auto-reset Attempts         None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)         5 (5)         RW         Txt         I         US           10.034         Auto-reset Delay         10 to 600.0 s         10.0 s         RW         Num         I         US           10.035         Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         I         US           10.036         Bitaring Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0000000000000000         RW         Num ND NC         I         US           10.034         Status Word         00000000000000000000000000000000         RO         Txt         ND         NC PT PS           10.043         Trip 0 Time <td></td>												
10.030         Braking Resistor Rated Power         0.000 to 9999 99 kW         0.000 W         RW         Num         Image: State							_					
10.03         Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant         0.000 to 1500.000 s         0.000 s         RW Num         Image: Statemal Trip         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         NC         Image: Statemal Trip         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         NC         Image: Statemal Trip         Image: Statemal Trip         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         NC         Image: Statemal Trip         Image: Statemal Trip         Image: Statemal Trip         Image: Statemal Trip         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         NC         Image: Statemal Trip         <									ND	NC	PT	
10.032         External Trip         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           10.033         Drive Reset         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           10.034         Number Of Auto-reset Attempts         None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)         5 (5)         RW         Txt         V <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>												-
10.033         Drive Reset         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           10.034         Number Of Auto-reset Attempts         None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)         5 (5)         RW         Txt         L         U         US           10.035         Auto-reset Delay         1.0 to 600.0 s         10.0 s         RW         Num         L         US           10.036         Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         L         US           10.037         Action On Trip Detection         000000 to 11111         000000         RW         Num         ND         KC           10.038         Griging Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 100.0 %         RO         Num         ND         KC         PT           10.041         Trip 0 Time         00000000000 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         KC         PT         PS           10.042         Trip 1 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12:99         RO         Date         ND         KC         PT         PS           10.043         Trip 2 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12:99         RO         Date         ND         KC         PT <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US</td>		-										US
10.034         Number Of Auto-reset Attempts         None (0), 1 (1), 2 (2), 3 (3), 4 (4), 5 (5), Infinite (6)         5 (5)         RW         Txt         US           10.035         Auto-reset Delay         1.0 to 600.0 s         10.0 s         RW Num         US           10.036         Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW Bit         US           10.037         Action On Trip Detection         000000 to 11111         00000         RW Num         ND NC           10.038         Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 100.0 %         RO         Num ND NC         PT           10.040         Status Word         0000000000 to 1111111111111111111         RO         Num ND NC         PT           10.042         Tip 0 Date         00-00000 to 13.12-99         RO         Date         ND NC PT           10.043         Trip 1 Date         00-00.00 to 13.59-59         RO         Date         ND NC PT           10.044         Trip 1 Date         00-00.00 to 13.59-59         RO         Time ND NC PT         PS           10.045         Trip 2 Date         00-00.00 to 13.59-59         RO         Time ND NC PT         PS           10.046         Trip 2 Date         00-00.00 to 13.59-59         RO         Time ND NC PT <td></td> <td></td> <td>( )</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>( )</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><math>\vdash</math></td>			( )			( )						$\vdash$
10.036         Number Of Auto-reset Delay         1.0 to 600.0 s         5 (s)         RW         Nat         US           10.035         Auto-reset Delay         1.0 to 600.0 s         10.0 s         RW         Num         US           10.036         Auto-reset Delay         0.0 to 100.0 s         RW         Num         US           10.037         Action On Trip Detection         00000 to 11111         000000         RW         Bin         V         US           10.038         Barking Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 100.0 %         RO         Num         ND         NC         PT           10.041         Trip 0 Time         000000000000 to 111111111111111111111111	10.033	Drive Reset		· /	Uff	(0)	RW	BIt		NC		<u> </u>
10.035       Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy       10.0 to 600.0 s       10.0 s       RW       Num       U       U         10.036       Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy       0ff (0) or On (1)       0ff (0) ar On (1) <td>10.034</td> <td>Number Of Auto-reset Attempts</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5 (</td> <td>5)</td> <td>RW</td> <td>Txt</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US</td>	10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts			5 (	5)	RW	Txt				US
10.036       Auto-reset Hold Drive Healthy       Off (0) or On (1)       Off (0)       RW       Bit       US         10.037       Action On Trip Detection       00000 to 11111       00000       RW       Bin       US         10.038       User Trip       0 to 255       RW       Num       ND       NC       PT         10.039       Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator       0.0 to 100.0 %       RO       Num       ND       NC       PT         10.041       Trip 0 Date       00000000000000000 to 111111111111111111       RO       Bin       ND       NC       PT         10.041       Trip 0 Date       0000000000000 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.043       Trip 1 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12:99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.044       Trip 3 Date       00-00-00 to 13-12:99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.045       Trip 3 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12:99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.045       Trip 4 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12:99       RO       Date       ND       NC       P	10.035	Auto-reset Delay			10	Ωs	RW	Num				US
10.037         Action On Trip Detection         00000 to 11111         00000         RW         Bin         Us           10.038         User Trip         0 to 255         RO         RW         Num         ND         NC           10.038         Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 100.0 %         RO         Num         ND         NC         PT           10.040         Status Word         000000000000 to 1111111111111111         RO         Bin         ND         NC         PT           10.041         Trip 0 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.043         Trip 1 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.044         Trip 2 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.045         Trip 2 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.046         Trip 3 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.047												
10.038         User Trip         0 to 255         RW         Num         ND         NC         PT           10.039         Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator         0.0 to 100.0 %         RO         Num         ND         NC         PT           10.040         Status Word         000000000000 to 3112.99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT           10.041         Trip 0 Date         00.000000000 to 3112.99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.043         Trip 1 Date         00.00000 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.044         Trip 1 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.045         Trip 2 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.046         Trip 3 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.047         Trip 3 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><b>、</b>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>US</td></t<>						<b>、</b> ,						US
10.039       Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator       0.0 to 100.0 %       RO       Num       ND       NC       PT         10.040       Status Word       000000000000 to 11111111111111       RO       Bin       ND       NC       PT         10.041       Trip 0 Date       00-00-00 to 13-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.042       Trip 0 Time       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.043       Trip 1 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.044       Trip 2 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.046       Trip 2 Time       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.047       Trip 3 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.048       Trip 4 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.050       Trip 4 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO									ND	NC		
10.040       Status Word       0000000000000 to 111111111111111       RO       Bin       ND       NC       PT         10.041       Trip 0 Date       00-0-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.042       Trip 0 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.043       Trip 1 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.044       Trip 1 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.045       Trip 2 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.046       Trip 3 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.047       Trip 3 Date       00:00:00 to 31:12:99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.048       Trip 4 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.050       Trip 4 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO											PT	
10.041       Trip 0 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.042       Trip 0 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.043       Trip 1 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.044       Trip 1 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.045       Trip 2 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.046       Trip 2 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.047       Trip 4 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.040       Trip 4 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.050       Trip 5 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.053       Trip 6 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO<		~										
10.042       Trip 0 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.043       Trip 1 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.044       Trip 1 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.045       Trip 2 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.046       Trip 3 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.048       Trip 3 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.048       Trip 4 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.050       Trip 4 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.052       Trip 5 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.052       Trip 6 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO<	10.041	Trip 0 Date					RO					PS
10.044       Trip 1 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.045       Trip 2 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.046       Trip 2 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.047       Trip 3 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.048       Trip 3 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.048       Trip 4 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.050       Trip 4 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.051       Trip 5 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.052       Trip 6 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.055       Trip 7 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO<	10.042	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 23	3:59:59			RO					
10.045         Trip 2 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.046         Trip 2 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.047         Trip 3 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.048         Trip 4 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.049         Trip 4 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.050         Trip 4 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.051         Trip 5 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.052         Trip 6 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC	10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31	-12-99								PS
10.046         Trip 2 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.047         Trip 3 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.048         Trip 4 Tine         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.050         Trip 4 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.051         Trip 5 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.052         Trip 6 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.052         Trip 6 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.053         Trip 6 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC			00:00:00 to 23	3:59:59								PS
10.047         Trip 3 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.048         Trip 3 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.049         Trip 4 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.050         Trip 4 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.051         Trip 5 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.052         Trip 5 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.053         Trip 6 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.054         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC	10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31	-12-99								
10.048         Trip 3 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.049         Trip 4 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.050         Trip 5 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.051         Trip 5 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.052         Trip 6 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.053         Trip 6 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.054         Trip 6 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.056         Trip 8 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC												
10.049Trip 4 Date00-00-00 to 31-12-99RODateNDNCPTPS10.050Trip 4 Time00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.051Trip 5 Date00-00-00 to 31-12-99RODateNDNCPTPS10.052Trip 5 Time00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.053Trip 6 Date00-00-00 to 31-12-99RODateNDNCPTPS10.054Trip 6 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.055Trip 7 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.056Trip 7 Time00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.057Trip 8 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.058Trip 9 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.059Trip 9 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59ROTimeNDNCPTPS10.050Trip 9 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59RORONDNCPTPS10.050Trip 9 Time00:00:00 to 23:59:59RONDNCPTPS10.051Trip 9 Date00:00:00 to 23:59:59RONDNCPTPS10.052Low Load Detected Alarm00:00:00 to 23:59:59RO		•										
10.050         Trip 4 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.051         Trip 5 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.052         Trip 5 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.053         Trip 6 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.054         Trip 6 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.056         Trip 7 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.057         Trip 8 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.058         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC		· · ·										
10.051       Trip 5 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.052       Trip 5 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.053       Trip 6 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.054       Trip 6 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.055       Trip 7 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.056       Trip 7 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.057       Trip 8 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.058       Trip 8 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.059       Trip 9 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.061       Braking Resistor Resistance       00:00												
10.052         Trip 5 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.053         Trip 6 Date         00:00:00 to 31:12:99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.054         Trip 6 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.056         Trip 7 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.057         Trip 8 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.058         Trip 8 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.059         Trip 9 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC		•										
10.053       Trip 6 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.054       Trip 6 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.055       Trip 7 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.056       Trip 7 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.057       Trip 8 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.058       Trip 8 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.059       Trip 9 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.060       Trip 9 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.061       Braking Resistor Resistance       0.00 to 1000:00 Ω       0.00 Ω       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.062       Low Load Detected Alarm		,										
10.054         Trip 6 Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.055         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.056         Trip 7 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.057         Trip 8 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.058         Trip 8 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.059         Trip 9 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.059         Trip 9 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.000 to 1000:00 Ω         0.00Ω         0.00Ω         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT     <												
10.055       Trip 7 Date       00-00-00 to 31-12-99       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.056       Trip 7 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.057       Trip 8 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.058       Trip 8 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.059       Trip 9 Date       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Date       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.060       Trip 9 Time       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.061       Braking Resistor Resistance       00:00:00 to 23:59:59       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.061       Braking Resistor Resistance       0.00 to 10000:00 Ω       0.00 Ω       0.00 Ω       RO       Time       ND       NC       PT       PS         10.062       Low Load Detected Alarm       Off (0) or On (1)       RO       RO       Bit       ND       NC       PT       IS       IS		· · ·										
10.056         Trip 7 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.057         Trip 8 Date         00:00:00 to 31:12:99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.058         Trip 8 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.059         Trip 9 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.00 to 10000.00 Ω         0.00 Ω         RW         Num         US         US           10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT		,										
10.057         Trip 8 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.058         Trip 8 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.059         Trip 9 Date         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.00 to 10000.00 Ω         0.00 Ω         RW         Num         US         US           10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT												
10.058         Trip 8 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.059         Trip 9 Date         00:00:00 to 31:12:99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.000 to 10000.00 Ω         0.00 Ω         RW         Num         V         VS           10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT												
10.059         Trip 9 Date         00-00-00 to 31-12-99         RO         Date         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.00 to 10000.00 Ω         0.00 Ω         RW         Num         US         US           10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT												
10.060         Trip 9 Time         00:00:00 to 23:59:59         RO         Time         ND         NC         PT         PS           10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.00 to 10000.00 Ω         0.00 Ω         RW         Num           US           10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT            10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT												
10.061         Braking Resistor Resistance         0.00 to 10000.00 Ω         0.00 Ω         RW         Num         US           10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT												
10.062         Low Load Detected Alarm         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT					0.0	10			U	110		
10.063         Local Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT		~			0.0				NΠ	NC		55
10.064         Remote Keypad Battery Low         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT           10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT				· /			_					
10.065         Auto-tune Active         Off (0) or On (1)         RO         Bit         ND         NC         PT												
			<b>N A</b>									
		Fire Mode Active					RO					

Safety informatior	Product n information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization		V Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagn	ostics		L list	
10.068	Hold Drive Hea	althy on Unde	r Voltage		Of	f (0) or On (1	)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
10.069	Additional Stat	us Bits	0			0000 to 11111					RO	Bin	ND	NC	ΡT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num		NC		
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num		NC		
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num		NC		
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num		NC		
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num		NC		
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip	Number				0 to 65535					RO	Num		NC		PS
10.080	Stop Motor				Of	f (0) or On (1)	)				RO	Bit		NC		
10.081	Phase Loss				Of	f (0) or On (1)	)				RO	Bit		NC		
10.082	Miscellaneous	Status Flags		000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0000 to 11111	111111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
				Inhibit			Scan (3), Run (	(4),								
40.404	Drive Status					s (5), Deceler		~				<b>-</b> .			<b></b>	
10.101	Drive Status					(12), Auto (13	o (9), Active (1	0),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	Ы	
				0		(12), Auto (1. age (15), Pha										
10.102	Trip Reset Sou	Irco			Under volt	0 to 1023	ising (10)				RO	Num		NC	рт	DS
	Trip Time Iden				-21/7/836	48 to 214748	3647 ms				RO			NC		FU
10.105	The fulle iden	unei		None			otor Overload (	(2)				Num		NO		
					· //	1 (3), Drive O	,	(2),								
							, Fire Mode (7	7).				_				
10.104	Active Alarm					(8), Option S		,,			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
						(10), Option										
					•	tion Slot 4 (12										
10.106	Potential Drive	Damage Cor	nditions		Ċ	0000 to 1111					RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS
		-		Not	Active (0), Re	esistance (1),	pLs (2), Ls (3	),					1			
10.107	Auto-tune State	e		Flu	x (4), Flux Re	epeat (5), Ld L	_q No-load (6)	,			RO	Txt	ND	NC	ΡT	
					Lq (7)	, Ke (8), Inerti	ia (9)									

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

#### Menu 10 logic diagram



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

# 10.12 Menu 11: Miscellaneous

### Menu 11 Single Line Descriptions

	Parameter	Range Open-Loop RFC-A RFC-S	Default Open-Loop RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	е		
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 59.999	29.003	RW	Num	I	I	PT	US
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 59.999	2.001	RW	Num				US
11.020	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or On (1)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021	Parameter 00.030 Scaling	0.000 to 10.000	1.000	RW	Num				US
11.022	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.080	0.004	RW	Num			PT	US
11.023	Serial Address	1 to 247	1	RW	Num				US
11.024	Serial Mode	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8),	8 2 NP (0)	RW	Txt				US
		7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15) 300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3),							
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 76800 (9), 115200 (10)	19200 (6)	RW	Txt				US
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250 ms	2 ms	RW	Num				US
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250 ms	0 ms	RW	Num				US
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC		L
11.029	Software Version	0 to 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC		
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 2147483647		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.031	Motor Control Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3)		RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	200V (0), 400V (1), 575V (2), 690V (3)		RO	Txt		NC		
11.034	Software Sub-version	0 to 99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.035	Number Of Power Modules Test	-1 to 20	-1	RW	Num				US
11.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999	0	RO	Num		NC	PT	
11.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 999	0	RW	Num				
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	None (0), Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3), Regen (4), User Prog (5)		RO	Txt		NC		
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 9999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.041	NV Media Card Disable Booting	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
11.042	Parameter Cloning	None (0), Read (1), Program (2), Auto (3), Boot (4)	None (0)	RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043	Load Defaults	None (0), Standard (1), US (2)	None (0)	RW	Txt		NC		
11.044	Menu Access Level	Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), Read-only Menu 0 (2), Read-only (3), Status Only (4), No Access (5)		RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 2000		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	U
11.052	Serial Number LS	000000000 to 999999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 999999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.054	Drive Date Code	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.056	Option Slot Identifiers	1234 (0), 1243 (1), 1324 (2), 1342 (3), 1423 (4), 1432 (5), 4123 (6), 3124 (7), 4132 (8), 2134 (9), 3142 (10), 2143 (11), 3412 (12), 4312 (13), 2413 (14), 4213 (15), 2314 (16), 3214 (17), 2341 (18), 2431 (19), 3241 (20), 3421 (21), 4231 (22), 4321 (23)	1234 (0)	RW	Txt			PT	
11.060	Maximum Rated Current	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num				
11.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 99999.999 A		RO	Num				
11.062	Power Board Software Version Number	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num				
11.063	Product Type	0 to 255		RO	Num				
11.064	Product Identifier Characters	1177956400 to 2147483647		RO	Num		NC		
11.065	Drive Rating And Configuration	00000000 to 99999999		RO	Num		NC		Ľ
11.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.067	Control Board Identifier	0.000 to 65.535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Γ
11.068	Internal I/O Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	Τ
11.069	Position Feedback Interface Identifier	0 to 255		RO	Num				T
	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num		NC		t
11.070									
11.070 11.071	Number Of Power Modules Detected	0 to 20		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	U

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technica data	Diag	nostic		JL lis forma	
11.073	B NV I	/ledia Card Ty	/pe		Nor	e (0), SMART SD Card (2	( //			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.075	5 NV M	Aedia Card Re	ead-only Flag			Off (0) or On	(1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.076	6 NV M	Aedia Card W	arning Suppre	ession Flag		Off (0) or On	(1)			RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.077	7 NV N	Aedia Card Fil	le Required V	ersion		0 to 9999	) Í			RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.078	3 NV 1	/ledia Card Ac	ction Status		Card Us Card Us Card Us Card Er Card Fu	None (0), Activ Slot 1 (2), Carc Card Product ser Prog (7), C: Card Data Exis Card Option ( Card Read Only for (12), Card N ill (14), Card Fi Card Rating ( Card Rile Data Card Derivative	d Slot 2 (3), d Slot 2 (3), d Slot 4 (5), (6), ard Busy (8), ts (9), (10), y (11), No Data (13), le Error (15), (16), (17),			RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.079	Drive	e Name Chara	acters 1-4		-214	7483648 to 21	47483647		0	RW	Num			PT	US
11.080	) Drive	e Name Chara	acters 5-8		-214	7483648 to 21	47483647		0	RW	Num			PT	US
11.081	1 Drive	e Name Chara	acters 9-12		-214	7483648 to 21	47483647		0	RW	Num			PT	US
11.082	2 Drive	e Name Chara	acters 13-16		-214	7483648 to 21	47483647		0	RW	Num			PT	US
11.084	1 Drive	e Mode				en-loop (1), RF RFC-S (3), Reg				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.085	5 Seci	urity Status				one (0), Read-o s-only (2), No				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	6 Men	u Access Stat	us			nu 0 (0), All M				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.090	) Key	oad Port Seria	l Address			1 to 16			1	RW	Num				US
11.091	1 Addi	tional Identifie	er Characters	1	-214	7483648 to 21	47483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.092	2 Addi	tional Identifie	r Characters	2	-214	7483648 to 21	47483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.093	3 Addi	tional Identifie	r Characters	3	-214	7483648 to 21	47483647			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.095	5 Num	ber Of Rectifie	ers Detected		1	0 to 9				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.096	6 Num	ber Of Rectifi	ers Expected			0 to 9			0	RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

the Motor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	5	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.13 Menu 12: User Functions 2

### Menu 12 Single line diagram

	D to .	R	ange		D	efault				-			
	Parameter	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0	) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0	) or On (1)					RO	Bit	ND	NC	ΡT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to	0 100.00 %		0	.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 t	o 25.00 %		0	.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode		, Itiply (4), D	ivide (5), o (7),	Inp	out 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±10	0.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±	4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±	4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00	to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to	0 100.00 %		0	.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 t	o 25.00 %		0	.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination		to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000	to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	,	iltiply (4), D	ivide (5), o (7),	Inp	out 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination		to 59.999		(	0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±10	0.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±	4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±	4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00	to 100.00			0.00		RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0	) or On (1)		(	On (1)		RW	Bit				US

						-					
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor	P							

Figure 10-19 Menu 12 Single Line Descriptions: Threshold detectors

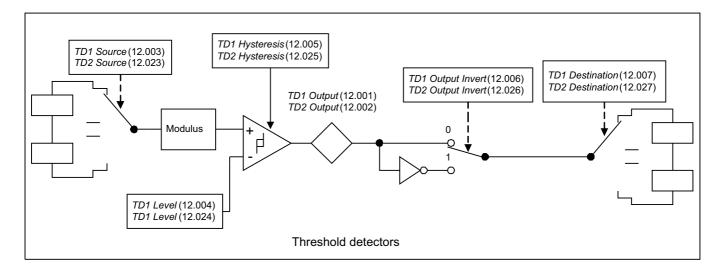
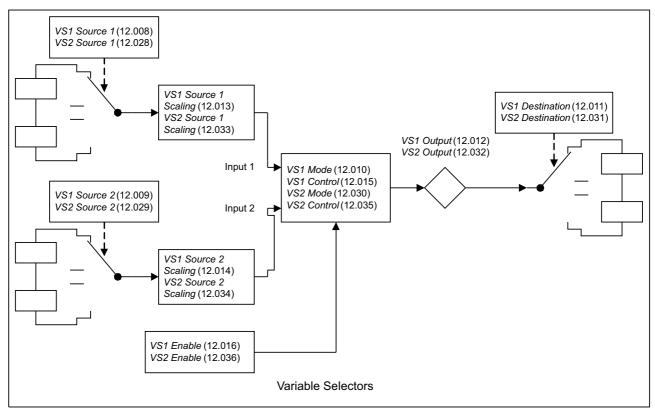


Figure 10-20 Menu 12 Single Line Descriptions: Variable Selectors



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.14 Menu 14: User PID controller

### Menu 14 Single line Descriptions

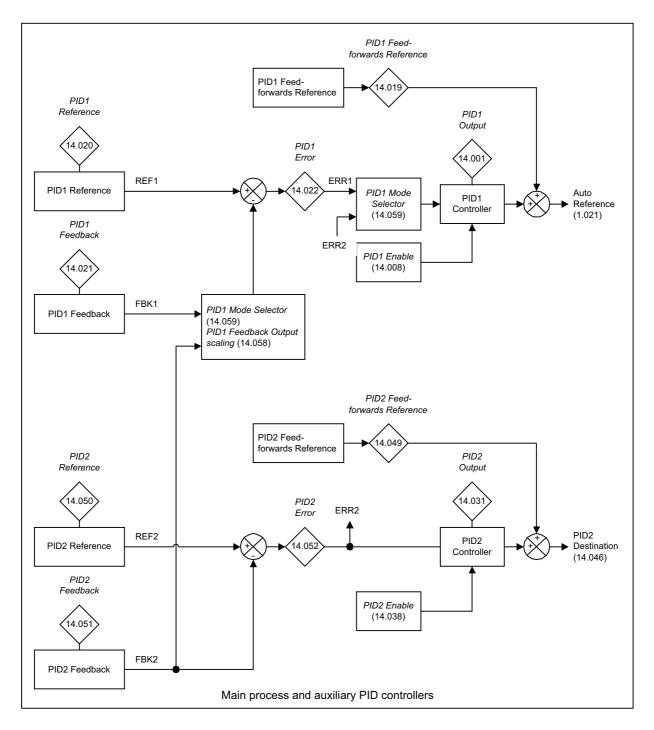
	Parameter	±100.00 %           nce Source         0.000 to 59.999           0.000 to 59.999           0.000 to 59.999			efault				Тур	P		
44.004			A RFC-S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S	D0				DT	
	PID1 Output PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source		0		0.000		R0 RW	Num Num	ND	NC	PT PT	US
	PID1 Reference Source				9.030		RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Feedback Source				9.035		RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (			Dff (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (	7		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to 3200.0	s		0.0 s		RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0) or On (		C	Dn (1)		RW	Bit				US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.99	9	2	9.038		RW	Num			PT	US
	PID1 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.00	)	2	2.000		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.00			1.000		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.00			0.000		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00	%		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %			.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Output Scaling PID1 Destination	0.000 to 4.00 0.000 to 59.99			1.000 1.021		RW RW	Num Num	DE		PT	US US
	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (			Dff (0)		RW	Bit	DE		FI	03
	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) or On (	,		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.00 %	• /		(0)		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
	PID1 Reference	±100.00 %					RO	Num		NC		
	PID1 Feedback	±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.00	)	1	1.000		RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.00	)	1	1.000		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Digital Reference	±100.00 % ±100.00 %			.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Digital Feedback				.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999 0.00 to 100.00 %			0.002		RW	Num			PT	US
	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level				.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID1 Pre-Sleep Maximum Boost Time				0.0 s		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Output	±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC		
	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference Source				0.000		RW	Num			PT PT	US
14.033 14.034	PID2 Reference Source PID2 Feedback Source	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW RW	Num Num			PT	US US
	PID2 Reference Invert	Off (0) or On (		Diff (0)		RW	Bit			FI	US	
14.035	PID2 Feedback Invert	Off (0) or On (	1		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
	PID2 Reference Slew Rate Limit	0.0 to 3200.0	,		0.0 s		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Enable	Off (0) or On (	Off (0)				RW	Bit				US
	PID2 Enable Source 1	0.000 to 59.99	,	0.000			RW	Num			ΡT	US
14.040	PID2 Proportional Gain	0.000 to 4.00	)	1.000			RW	Num				US
14.041	PID2 Integral Gain	0.000 to 4.00	)	(	0.500		RW	Num				US
14.042	PID2 Differential Gain	0.000 to 4.00	)	(	0.000		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Output Upper Limit	0.00 to 100.00	%		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
-	PID2 Output Lower Limit	±100.00 %	-		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.00			1.000		RW	Num				US
	PID2 Destination	0.000 to 59.99			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	PID2 Integral Hold	Off (0) or On (	,		Off (0)		RW					US
	PID2 Symmetrical Limit Enable PID2 Feed-forwards Reference	Off (0) or On ( ±100.00 %	1)	(	Off (0)		RW RO	Bit Num	ND	NC	БΤ	05
	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference PID2 Reference	±100.00 % ±100.00 %					RO	Num		NC		┝──┦
	PID2 Reference PID2 Feedback						RO	Num		NC		┝─┤
14.051	PID2 Error	±100.00 %					RO	Num	ND	NC		┝──┦
14.053	PID2 Reference Scaling	±100.00 % 0.000 to 4.000		-	1.000		RW				<u> </u>	US
	PID2 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000 0.000 to 4.000			1.000		RW		l			US
	PID2 Digital Reference	±100.00 %			.00 %		RW		1			US
	PID2 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %			.00 %		RW	Num		1		US
14.057	PID2 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.058	PID1 Feedback Output Scaling	0.000 to 4.000			1.000		RW	Num				US
14.059	PID1 Mode Selector	Fbk1 (0), Fbk2 (1), Fbk1 + Fbk2 (2), Min Fbk (3), Max Fbk (4), Av Fbk (5), Min Error (6), Max Error (7)			Fbk1 (0)			Txt				US
	PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 1	e 1 Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			Bit				US
	PID2 Feedback Square Root Enable	Off (0) or On (			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.062	PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 2	Off (0) or On (	1)	0	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US

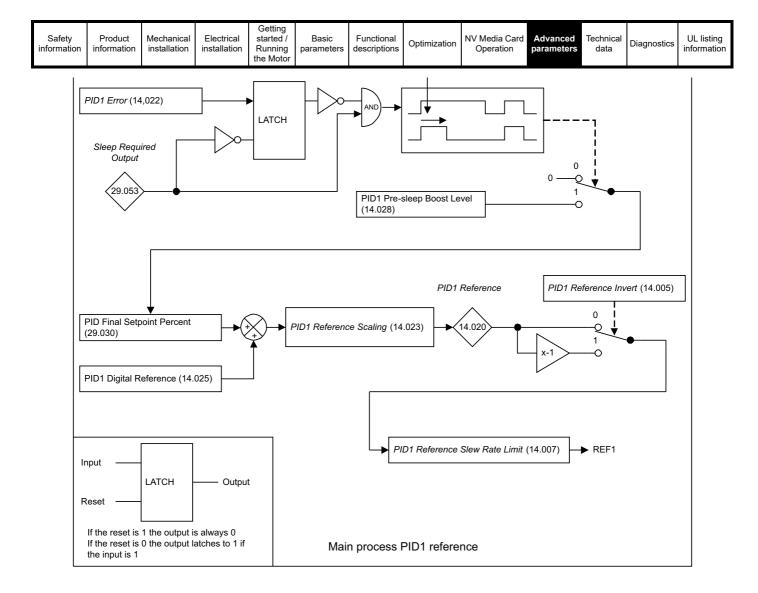
	I	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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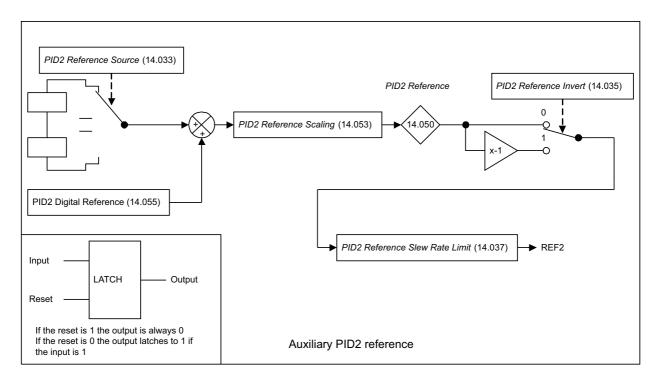
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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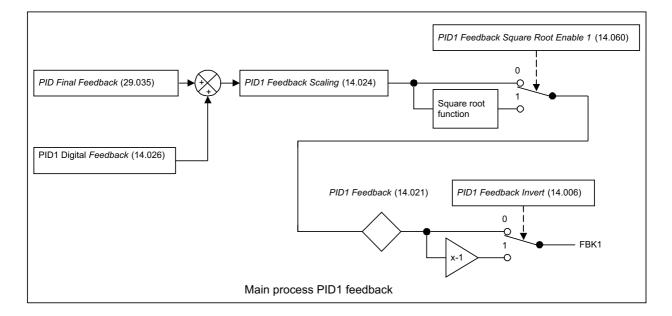
Figure 10-21 Menu 14 Logic diagrams

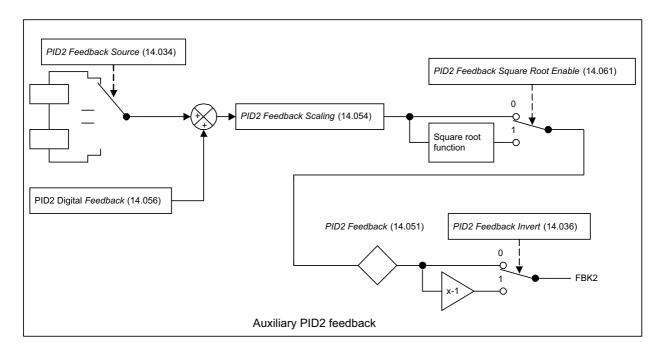




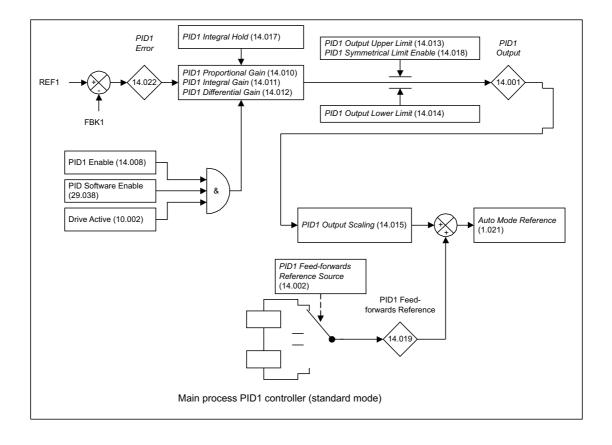


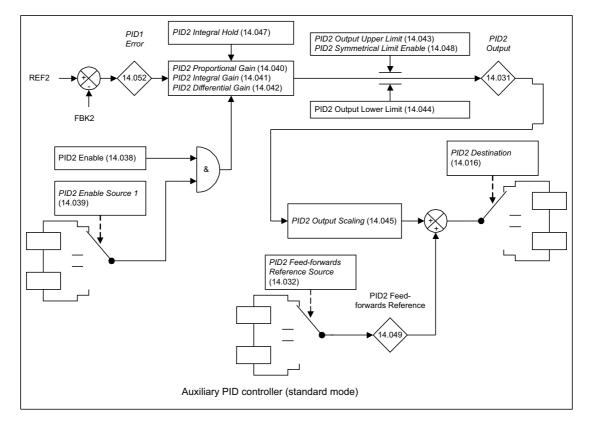
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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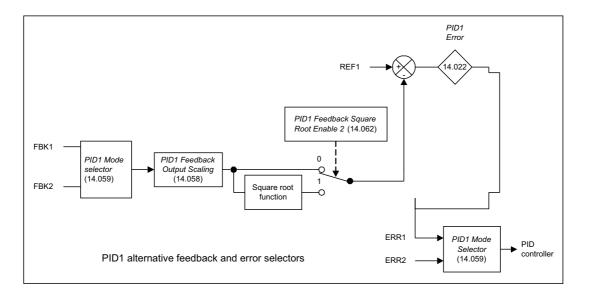


Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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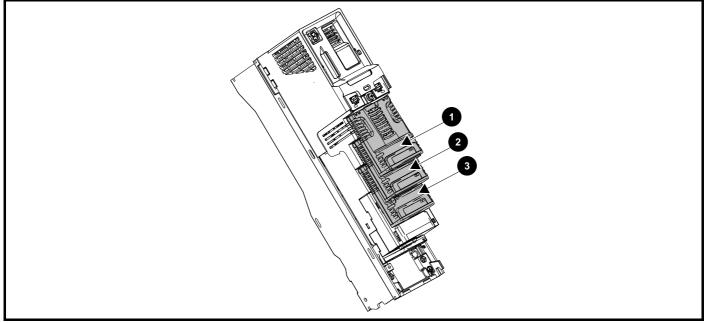
Safety Product Mechanical information information installation Electrical installation Electrical installation between the botor electrical term of t		()ntimization	Diagnos	ics UL lis	5
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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 10.15 Menus 15, 16 and 17: Option module set-up

Figure 10-22 Location of option module slots and their corresponding menu numbers



- 1. Solutions Module Slot 1 Menu 15
- 2. Solutions Module Slot 2 Menu 16
- 3. Solutions Module Slot 3 Menu 17

#### 10.15.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(‡)	Default(⇔)			Тур	е		
mm.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
mm.002	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
mm.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
mm.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
mm.005	Serial Number MS	0 10 99999999		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
mm.006	Module Status	-2 to 3		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
mm.007	Module Reset	Off (0) to On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
443	SI-PROFIBUS	
447	SI-DeviceNet	
448	SI-CANopen	- Fieldbus
433	SI-Ethernet	Fleiabus
432	SI-PROFINET RT	
434	SI-PROFINET V2	
105	SI-Encoder	Feedback
106	SI-Universal Encoder	Feedback
311	MCi200	Automation (Applications)

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.16 Menu 18: Application menu 1

	Parameter	Rar	ıge(\$)		Default(⇔	·)			Tur		
	Faranieler	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	Je	
18.00	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer	-32768	3 to 32767		0		RW	Num			PS
18.00 to 18.01	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer	-32768	to 32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	US
18.01 to 18.03	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer	-32768	8 to 32767		0		RW	Num			US
18.03 to 18.05	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit			US
18.05 to 18.05	Application Menu T Fower-down Save	-2147483648	8 to 2147483647		0		RW	Num			PS
RW	Read / Write ROL Num	umber arameter	t Bit parameter	Txt T	Text string	Bin	nary Iramet	tor	FI	Filte	red

RW	Read / Write	RO	only	Num	parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

## 10.17 Menu 19: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Range	∌(\$)		Default(⇔	·)			т.		
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Ту	Je	
19.001	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			PS
19.002 to 19.010	Application Menu 2 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC	US
19.011 to 19.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num			US
19.031 to 19.050	Application Menu 2 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit			US
19.051 to 19.054	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num			PS
RW Re	ead / Write I RO I Read only I Num I	mber Bit	Bit parameter	Txt Tex	F	Bina Bina	ry		FI	Filter	ed

RW Read / Wri	e RO	Read only	Num	parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

## 10.18 Menu 20: Application menu 3

	Parameter	Range	e(\$)	I	Default(⇔	)			Туре	
	Falameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type	
20.001 to 20.020	Application Menu 3 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num		
20.021 to 20.040	Application Menu 3 Read-write Long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

# 10.19 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

			Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Туре		
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up					11.044		RW	Num		PT	US
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up					11.042		RW	Num			US
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up				-	0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up					29.157		RW	Num		PT	US
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up				-	5.006		RW	Num		PT	US
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up					5.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up					5.008		RW	Num			US
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up					5.009		RW	Num			US
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up				5.0	)10	0.000	RW	Num			US
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up					5.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up				5.0	)15	0.000	RW	Num			US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up				5.013	0.	000	RW	Num			US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up				0.000	5.	012	RW	Num			US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up				0.0	000	5.064	RW	Num			US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up					000	5.071	RW	Num			US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up				4.007	0.	000	RW	Num			US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up					29.087		RW	Num			US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up				-	5.042		RW	Num			US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num			US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up				-	0.000		RW	Num			US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up				-	29.011		RW	Num			US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up					1.006		RW	Num			US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up					1.004		RW	Num			US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up					29.012		RW	Num			US
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up					29.016		RW	Num			US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up					1.022		RW	Num			US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up					2.011		RW	Num			US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up					2.021		RW	Num			US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up	(	0.000 to 59.99	99		29.022			Num			US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up					29.031		RW	Num			US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up					29.032		RW	Num			US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up					29.033		RW	Num			US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up					29.048		RW	Num			US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up					29.041		-	Num			US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up					29.042		RW	Num			US
22.036 22.037	Parameter 00.036 Set-up Parameter 00.037 Set-up					29.043 29.044		RW	Num Num			US US
22.037								_				US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up Parameter 00.039 Set-up					0.000		RW RW	Num			US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up					29.049			Num Num			US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up					29.049		RW	Num			US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up					29.050		-	Num			US
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up					29.051		RW				US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up					10.034		RW	Num			US
-						10.034						US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up					10.035		RVV	Num		PT	05

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Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization		Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 10.19 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

		D				Range(≎)				De	fault(⇔)					-	_	
		Parame	ter		OL	RFC-A	RFC	-S	OL	F	RFC-A	RFC	-S			Тур	e	
22.	058	Parameter	00.08	58 Set-up						2	29.072		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	059	Parameter	00.0	59 Set-up						2	29.073		1	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	060	Parameter	00.00	60 Set-up						2	29.127		1	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	061	Parameter	00.00	61 Set-up						2	29.128			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	062	Parameter	00.00	62 Set-up							0.000			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	063	Parameter	00.00	63 Set-up							0.000			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	064	Parameter	00.00	64 Set-up						1	4.010			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	065	Parameter	00.00	65 Set-up						1	14.011			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	066	Parameter	00.00	66 Set-up						1	4.020		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	067	Parameter	00.00	67 Set-up						1	4.021		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	068	Parameter	00.00	58 Set-up						1	4.001		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	069	Parameter	00.00	69 Set-up		0.000 to 59.99	9			:	5.001		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	070	Parameter	00.07	70 Set-up							4.020		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	071	Parameter	00.07	71 Set-up						:	5.003		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	072	Parameter	00.07	72 Set-up							7.028		I	RW	Num		PT	US
22.	073	Parameter	00.07	73 Set-up						2	29.003			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	074	Parameter	00.07	74 Set-up						1	11.078			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	075	Parameter	00.07	75 Set-up						2	29.036			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	076	Parameter	00.07	76 Set-up							0.000			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	077	Parameter	00.07	77 Set-up						2	29.001			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	078	Parameter	00.07	78 Set-up						1	0.020			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	079	Parameter	00.07	79 Set-up						1	0.021			RW	Num		PT	US
22.	080	Parameter	00.08	30 Set-up						1	0.022			RW	Num		PT	US
RW	Rea	d / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit p	parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary param		-	FI	Filtere	d
ND	No c valu	lefault e	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rati dep	ing endent	US	User save	PS	Powe save	r-do	wn	DE	Destin	ation

information information installation installation Running parameters descriptions operation parameters data and information information installation restallation installation restallation information information information installation restallation information information information installation installation restallation information infor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 10.20 Menu 29: Pump Control

### Menu 29 Single line Descriptions

Open-Loop         IRFC-A         RFC-A <thirfc-a< th=""> <thirfc-a<< th=""><th></th><th>Parameter</th><th>F</th><th>Range</th><th></th><th></th><th>fault</th><th></th><th></th><th>Тур</th><th><u> </u></th><th></th><th></th></thirfc-a<<></thirfc-a<>		Parameter	F	Range			fault			Тур	<u> </u>		
92:000         Total Run Time         0.0 68533 hours         0.0 hours         RV         Num         NC         PT           29:003         Operating Status         Insthill STO (). CI (RedW)(1), Hand Run (2). Waining (3), Pie F III (4), Auto Exercise (3), Dev F III (4), Dev veryole (4), Fack Loss Run (15), Dev veryole (4), Run (4), Dev (4), Run (4), Dev veryole (4), Run (4), Dev (4), Dev veryole (4), Run (4), Dev (4), Dev veryole (4), Dev (4), Run (4), Dev					RFC-S	Open-Loop R	FC-A RFC-S						
Institution         Institutities (1), Control (Ready) (1), Auto Run (6), Autor Run Leader (6), Autor Run (6), Conversion (1), Doversion (10), Conversion (1), Doversion (10), Conversion (1), Doversion (10), Doversion (1), Doversion (10), Doversion (1), Doversion (10), Doversion (1), Doversion (10), Doversion (1), Doversion (1), Doversion (1)													
Bunds Run (2), Waking (3), Peje Fill (1), Aute Run (Astur (7), Pre-steep (8), Normal (1), Cleman (1), Clue Stop (1), Dyer (1), Dyer (	29.002	Total Run Time				0 h	ours	RW	Num		NC	PT	PS
22004 Volume         0 b 214/483647         0         RW Num         NC FT           22005 Filow         0 0 to 1000.00000 0         0.0.0         RW Num         NC FT           22006 Filow         0.000000 to 1000.000000         1.000000 RW Num         PT US           22007 Filow Sealing         0.000000 to 100.000000         RW Num         NC FT           22008 Filow Meter Puise Input         0 ft (0) er On (1)         Oft (0)         RW HM         NC FT           22001 Concol Input Mode         Bingle Puny (0) Cassade (1).         Single Puny (0) Cassade (1).         Single Puny (0) Cassade (1).         RW HM         NC FT           22012 Concol Input Mode         Input 6 Anno Select Input         Oft (0) or On (1)         Oft (0) RW B8         NC FT           22013 Hand Select Input         Oft (0) or On (1)         Oft (0) RW B8         NC FT         US         US           22014 Hand Mode Timeout         Oft (0) or On (1)         Oft (0) RW B8         NC FT         US         US         US           22015 Hand Mode Timeout         Oft (0) or On (1)         Oft (0) RW B8         NC FT         US         US           22014 Anto Desterd Duput         Oft (0) or On (1)         Oft (0) RW B8         NC FT         US         US           22015 Disbestind Couput         Oft (0	29.003	Operating Status	Hand Run (2), W Auto Run (5), A Auto Run Assi Sleeping (9), Clean Timer Stop (12) Over-cycle (14), Dry Well Run (16	aking (3), Pipe Auto Run Lead st (7), Pre-slee ing (10), Leve I, Hand Timeo I, Fbck Loss Ru 6), Dry Well St	E Fill (4), ler (6), ep (8), l Stop (11), ut (13), un (15),	Inhibit	STO (0)	RW	Txt		NC	PT	
22005         Flow         Science         No.         PT         LS           23007         Flow Sealing         0.000000 to 1000.000000         1.000000         RW Num         PT         LS         2000         Flow Meter Pulse Count         0.12/14/435447         0         RW Num         NC         PT         LS         2001         Rest Volume Input         Of (0) or 0n (1)         Of (0) or RW         BK         NC         PT         LS	20.004	Valuma					0		Niuma		NC	пт	
22005         Volume Scaling         0.000000 to 1000.000000         1.000000         RW Num         IPT US           22007         Filew Meter Pulse Input         0.000000 to 1000.000000         RW W Num         NC         PT US           22008         Filew Meter Pulse Input         0.010 (0) or On (1)         Of (0)         RW W Num         NC         PT US           22007         Filew Meter Pulse Input         0.01 (0) or On (1)         Of (0)         RW         NM         NC         PT US           28011         Reset Volume Input         Of (0) or On (1)         Of (0)         RW         BR         NC         Single Punp (0)         RW         NM         NC         Input & Keypad (1)         RW         TM         I         I         US         US         US         US         US         US         Input & Keypad (1)         RW										_			
20.007         Flow Scaling         0.000000         1.000000         RW         NW         NC         PT US           20.008         Flow Meter Pulse Count         0.02147483847         0         RW         BR         NK         N					0	-							115
29.006         Flow Meter Pulse Input         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         NC         PT           29.007         Flow Meter Pulse Count         0 b 21/47433647         O         RW         Num         NC         PT           29.011         Reset Volume Input         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         RW         TM         NC         IN           29.012         Control Input Mode         Input (0), input & Keypad (1). CIV Wd (2), input & Keypad (1)         RW         TM         R					-								
29:000         Plow Meter Puse Count         0         214/48947         0         RN         Num         NC         T           29:010         Reset Volume Input         Off (0 or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         I           29:010         Reset Volume Input         Single Pump (0), Crascade (1), Multi-asade (2), Crit Werd A Input (3), Input & Keypad (1), CRI Werd (2), Crit Werd A Input (3)         Input & Keypad (1)         RW         Txt         I <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>00</td>					.0								00
29.010         Reset Volume Input         Off (0 or On (1) Multi-leader (2)         Off (0) Single Pump (0)         RW         TX         RI         NC           29.011         Pump Control Mode         Input (0), fracts def (1), Multi-leader (2)         Single Pump (0)         RW         RX         RX <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>· · /</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>PT</td><td>PS</td></td<>							· · /				-	PT	PS
29.011         Pump Control Mode         Single Pump (0). Cascade (1). Multi-leader (2).         Single Pump (0).         RW         Txt         Image (1).           29.012         Control Input Mode         Input (0). Input & Keypad (1). Chi Wird (2). Chi Wire & Input (2).         Input (0).         RW         Txt         Imput (0).         RW         Txt         Imput (0).         RW         RW <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							-						
22001         Multi-leader (2)         Single Plump (0)         FW         LK         US           29.012         Control Input Mode         Input (0), Input & Keypad (1), CHI Wrd (2), CHI Wrd & Input (3)         Input & Keypad (1), CHI Wrd (2), CHI Wrd & Input (3)         Input & Keypad (1)         PW         Bit         NC           29.013         Hand Select Input         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         PW         Bit         NC           29.016         Hand Mode Thereneut         Digital Speed (0), Analog Speed (1)         Digital Speed (0), Analog Speed (1)         Off (0)         PW         Bit         NC           29.016         Hand Mode Thereout         O 0 to 25 0 minutes         0 minutes         PW         Num         U         US           29.019         Hand Selected Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         PW         Bit         NC           29.022         Auto Speciational Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         PW         Bit         NC           29.022         PID Selpoint 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         U         US           29.025         PID Selpoint 3         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         U         US		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ (/	(1)								
22:012         Control inplut Mode         Crit Wird & Input (3)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (1)         (2)	29.011	Pump Control Mode	Multi	-leader (2)		Single F	Pump (0)	RW	Txt				
29:015         Auto Select Input         Off (i) or On (i)         Off (i)         RW         Bit         NC         I           29:016         Hand Mode Reference Select         Digital Speed (i), Analog Speed (i)         Digital Speed (ii), RW         RW         Num         I         US           29:016         Hand Mode Timeout         Off (i) or On (i)         Off (ii) RW         Bit         NC         I           29:016         Hand Selected Output         Off (i) or On (i)         Off (ii) RW         Bit         NC         I           29:024         Auto Selected Output         Off (i) or On (i)         Off (ii) RW         Bit         NC         I           29:024         Auto Selected Output         Off (i) or On (i)         Off (ii) RW         Bit         NC         I           29:024         PID Setpoint 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         US           29:025         PID Setpoint 2         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         US           29:026         PID Setpoint 3elect Input 1         Off (i) or On (i)         Off (i) or On (i)         RW         Num         I         US           29:027         PID Setpoint 3elect Input 1			Ctrl Wr	d & Input (3)	n wiu (z),								US
29:016         Hand Mode Reference Select         Digital Speed (0), Analog Speed (1)         Digital Speed (0), Analog Speed (0)         RW         Txt         I </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>~ /</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							~ /						
29.017         Hand Mode Timeout         0.0 to 10 ±25 minutes         0.0 minutes         RW Num         E         US           29.018         Auto Selected Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         NC         1           29.018         Auto Selected Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         NC         1           29.021         Auto Operational Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW W         Bit         NC         1           29.022         PID Setpoint 0         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW Num         US           29.024         PID Setpoint 1         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW Num         US           29.025         PID Setpoint 2         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW Num         US           29.026         PID Setpoint 5elect Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         NC         1           29.027         PID Setpoint 5elect Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         NC         1           29.030         PID Feedback Adminum Scaling         0.000 to 27.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW Num         NC         1           29		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, , ,			( )				NC		
20101         Auro Selected Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           20103         Hand Selected Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         Income           20104         Auto Cuming Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         Income           29.027         PIO Setpoint 0         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW         Num         US           29.028         PIO Setpoint 1         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW         Num         US           29.029         PIO Setpoint 3         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW         Num         US           29.029         PIO Setpoint 3         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW         Num         NC         I           29.029         PIO Setpoint 5elect Input 0         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW         Num         NC         I           29.029         PIO Setpoint 5elect Input 0         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.000 UU         RW         Num         NC         I           29.039         PIO Feedback Maimum Scaling         0.001 to 327.67 UU			<b>.</b>		eed (1)	•	1 ()						
29.010         Hand Selected Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.020         Auto Operational Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         IC           29.021         Auto Operational Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         IC           29.022         PID Setpoint 0         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.024         PID Setpoint 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         US           29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         NC         IC           29.028         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         NC         IC           29.039         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.000 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         IU           29.039         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>US</td></t<>													US
29.020         Auto Running Output         Off (i) or On (1)         Off (i)         RW         Bit         NC         I           29.021         Auto Operational Output         Off (i) or On (1)         Off (i)         Off (i)         RW         NW         IN         I         NC         I         September         IV			Off (0	) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit				
29.021         Auto Operational Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         IS           29.022         PID Setpoint 0         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.024         PID Setpoint 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.025         PID Setpoint 2         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         US           29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         KW           29.029         PID Setepoint Select Input 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC           29.029         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC           29.039         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.038         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.039         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 W			Off (0	) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
29.022         PID Setpoint 0         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         US           29.023         PID Setpoint 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         US           29.024         PID Setpoint 3         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         US           29.025         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW Bit         NC         I           29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW Mit         NC         I           29.028         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW Mit         NC         I           29.029         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC           29.039         PID Feedback Minum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         LUS           29.032         PID Feedback Rerent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         LUS           29.034         PID Feedback Rerent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         LUS           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 W		<b>8</b> 1	Off (0	)) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
29.023         PID Setpoint 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IU           29.024         PID Setpoint 2         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.025         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) OR         RW Bit         NC           29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) OR         RW Bit         NC         I           29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) OR         RW Bit         NC         I           29.028         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC         I           29.037         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         LU           29.038         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         LUS           29.038         PID Feedback Filter Time Constant         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 %         RW Num         LUS           29.038         PID Final Feedback Acc         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 W         RW Num         LUS           29.039         PID Final Feedback Acc	29.021	Auto Operational Output	Off (0	) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
29.024         PID Setpoint 2         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IU         UU           29.025         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         0.07 (0) or On (1)         0.07 (0)         RW Bit         NC         IU           29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         0.07 (0) or On (1)         0.07 (0)         RW Bit         NC         IU           29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         0.07 (0) or On (1)         0.07 (0)         RW Bit         NC         IU           29.028         PID Final Setpoint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC         IU           29.039         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IU         S           29.038         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IU         S           29.038         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 s         RW Num         IU         S           29.038         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 W         RW Num         IU         S           29.039         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Nu	29.022	PID Setpoint 0	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num				US
29.025         PID Setpoint 3         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 (UI)         RW         Num         I         US           29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.028         PID Setpoint Setorint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC           29.030         PID Final Setpoint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC           29.031         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         LU           29.033         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 s         RW         Num         LU           29.033         PID Feedback Austrimum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 W         RW         Num         LUS           29.038         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         LUS           29.038         PID Final Feedback Markman         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num	29.023	PID Setpoint 1	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num				US
29.026         PID Setpoint Select Input 0         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         NW         NC         1           29.028         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC         1           29.029         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC         1           29.030         PID Feedback Mainum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 0U         RW         Num         I         US           29.033         PID Feedback Mainum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         10.00 s         RW         Num         I         US           29.034         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         I         US           29.036         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         S           29.037         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         S           29.038 <td>29.024</td> <td>PID Setpoint 2</td> <td>0.00 to</td> <td>327.67 UU</td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0 UU</td> <td>RW</td> <td>Num</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US</td>	29.024	PID Setpoint 2	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num				US
29.027         PID Setpoint Select Input 1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         I           29.028         PID Setected Setpoint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC         I           29.029         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC         I           29.039         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         US           29.032         PID Feedback Raximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 s         RW         Num         I         US           29.033         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         I         US           29.034         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         I         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         US           29.038         PID Setback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         US           29.039 <td>29.025</td> <td>PID Setpoint 3</td> <td>0.00 to</td> <td>327.67 UU</td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0 UU</td> <td>RW</td> <td>Num</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US</td>	29.025	PID Setpoint 3	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num				US
29.028         PID Selected Setpoint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC         NC           29.029         PID Final Setpoint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC         1           29.030         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.032         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.033         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.034         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 30.00 %         RW Num         IVS           29.035         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         IVS           29.036         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.037         PID Ereor         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.049         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67	29.026	PID Setpoint Select Input 0	Off (0	) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
29.029         PID Final Setpoint         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC         29.03           29.031         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 VU         RW Num         IVC           29.032         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 327.67 UU         100.00 VU         RW Num         IVS           29.032         PID Feedback Filter Time Constant         0.00 to 327.67 s         1.00 s         RW Num         IVS           29.033         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         IVS           29.034         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 W         RW Num         IVS           29.035         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.037         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.038         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         IVS           29.041         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW Bit         IVS         IVS           29.044         PID Feedback Low Delay	29.027	PID Setpoint Select Input 1	Off (C	) or On (1)		Of	f (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
29.030         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         NC         IC           29.031         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 00 URW Num         US           29.032         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 327.67 S         1.00 s         RW Num         US           29.034         PID Feedback Fercent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         NC         I           29.036         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 W         RW Num         NC         I           29.037         PID Final Feedback Percent         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         IS           29.038         PID Sedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Durbuh         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         I         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I <td>29.028</td> <td>PID Selected Setpoint</td> <td>0.00 to</td> <td>327.67 UU</td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0 UU</td> <td>RW</td> <td>Num</td> <td></td> <td>NC</td> <td></td> <td></td>	29.028	PID Selected Setpoint	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num		NC		
29.030         PID Final Setpoint Percent         0.00 to 100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         NC         IC           29.031         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 00 URW Num         US           29.032         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 327.67 S         1.00 s         RW Num         US           29.034         PID Feedback Fercent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         NC         I           29.036         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 W         RW Num         NC         I           29.037         PID Final Feedback Percent         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         IS           29.038         PID Sedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Durbuh         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         I         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         I <td>29.029</td> <td>PID Final Setpoint</td> <td>0.00 to</td> <td>327.67 UU</td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0 UU</td> <td>RW</td> <td>Num</td> <td></td> <td>NC</td> <td></td> <td></td>	29.029	PID Final Setpoint	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num		NC		
29.031         PID Feedback Minimum Scaling         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.032         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 327.67 s         1.00 s         RW Num         US           29.033         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.036         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 W         RW Num         US           29.037         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.038         PID Sedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Bit         V         PI           29.041         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW Num         US		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				0.0	0 %	RW	Num		NC		
29.032         PID Feedback Maximum Scaling         0.01 to 327.67 UU         1.00 to 327.67 S         1.00 s         RW         Num         US           29.033         PID Feedback Filter Time Constant         0.00 to 327.67 s         1.00 s         RW         Num         US           29.033         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         US           29.036         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         US           29.037         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.038         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW	29.031	PID Feedback Minimum Scaling	0.00 to	327.67 UU		0.00	0 UU	RW	Num				US
29.033         PID Feedback Filter Time Constant         0.00 to 327.67 s         1.00 s         RW Num         US           29.034         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.036         PID Final Feedback Percent         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC           29.037         PID Eror         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         NC         PI           29.038         PID Software Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         US         US           29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW Num         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW Num         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Output         0.00 to 327.67 UU<					27.67 UU	100.0	00 UU			-			US
29.034         PID Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW Num         US           29.036         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.037         PID Error         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.038         PID Software Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         US           29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Dutput         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW Num         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.0 to 327.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.0 to 657.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW Num         US     <		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											US
29.035         PID Final Feedback Percent         ±100.00 %         0.00 %         RW         Num         NC           29.036         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC         1           29.037         PID Software Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) OR         RW         Bit         NC         PT           29.039         PID Software Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) OR         RW         Bit         I         US           29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         US           29.040         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.01 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         I         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.01 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         I         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW         Num         I         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0) RW         Bit         NC										_			-
29.036         PID Final Feedback         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         NC         1           29.037         PID Error         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         I         2           29.038         PID Software Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         PT           29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.01 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.01 to 553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW         Num         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.044         PID Ar Setpoint Dutput         Off (0) or On (1)         <										_			-
29.037         PID Error         -327.68 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         Image: Constraint of the state of t										_	NC		00
29.038         PID Software Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         PT           29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         US           29.041         PID Feedback High Trip Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW         Txt         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.044         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.047         PID Feedback Loss Action         Ignore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)													
29.039         PID Feedback High Alarm Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW         Num         Image: Strength Streng Strength Strength Streng Strength Strength Strength											NC	ΡТ	
29.040         PID Feedback High Alarm Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         Image: Constraint of Constraints of Constrantering of Constraints of Constraints of Constraints													US
29.041         PID Feedback High Trip Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.00 UU         RW Num         US           29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW Num         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW         Txt         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.045         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.046         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.046         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.048         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         1.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.050         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.0 to 653.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US		°								1			20
29.042         PID Feedback Low Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.043         PID Feedback Low Mode         Disabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)         Disabled (0)         RW         Txt         US           29.044         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.045         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.046         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         VS           29.048         PID Feedback Loss Action         Ignore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)         Trip (1)         RW         Xtt         US           29.049         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.00 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6653.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>, , ,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · /</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US</td>				, , ,			· · /			1			US
29.043PID Feedback Low ModeDisabled (0), Threshold (1), Bandwidth (2)Disabled (0)RWTxtIIIUS29.044PID Feedback Low Threshold0.00 to 327.67 UU2.00 UURWNumIUS29.045PID At Setpoint Band0.00 to 327.67 UU0.35 UURWNumIUS29.046PID At Setpoint OutputOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitNCI29.047PID Feedback Low OutputOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitNCI29.048PID Feedback Loss ActionIgnore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)Trip (1)RWTxtIUS29.049Wake Detect Feedback Threshold0.00 to 327.67 UU1.00 UURWNumIUS29.050Wake Detect Feedback Threshold0.00 to 6553.5 s5.0 sRWNumIUS29.051Sleep Detect Delay0.0 to 6653.5 s5.0 sRWNumIUS29.052Sleep Detect Delay0.0 to 6553.5 s5.0 sRWNumIUS29.053Sleep Active OutputOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitNCI29.054Time Schedule Run Input EnableOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitINC29.055Time Schedule Run InputOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitINC29.055Time Schedule Run InputOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWIxtNC													
29.044         PID Feedback Low Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         2.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.045         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         US           29.046         PID At Setpoint Output         0ff (0) or On (1)         0ff (0)         RW         Bit         NC         VIS           29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         0ff (0) or On (1)         0ff (0)         RW         Bit         NC         VIS           29.048         PID Feedback Loss Action         Ignore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)         Trip (1)         RW         Txt         VIS           29.049         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 UU         RW         Num         VIS           29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			dwidth (2)				-	-		_	
29.045         PID At Setpoint Band         0.00 to 327.67 UU         0.35 UU         RW         Num         Image: Constraint of the set point output           29.046         PID At Setpoint Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         Image: Constraint of the set point output         NC         Image: Constraint on the set point output         Image: Constraint on the set point output         NC         Image: Constraint on the set point output			· · · · ·	( )/	awiuu (2)		( )						
29.046         PID At Setpoint Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         1           29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         1           29.048         PID Feedback Loss Action         Ignore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)         Trip (1)         RW         Txt         1         US           29.049         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 UU         RW         Num         1         US           29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         1         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         1         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         1         US           29.053         Sleep Active Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         NC         1           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input Ena										-			
29.047         PID Feedback Low Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.048         PID Feedback Loss Action         Ignore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)         Trip (1)         RW         Txt         US           29.049         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Speed Threshold         0.0 to 60.0         0.0 to 3000.0         25.0         750.0         RW         Num         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.053         Sleep Active Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.054         Sleep Active Output         Off (0), on (1)         Off (0)         RW         RW         NC           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input Enable         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         RU         VI           29.056         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW											NC		03
29.048         PID Feedback Loss Action         Ignore (0), Trip (1), Fixed Speed (2)         Trip (1)         RW         Txt         US           29.049         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Speed Threshold         0.0 to 60.0         0.0 to 3000.0         25.0         750.0         RW         Num         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.053         Sleep Active Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC           29.054         Sleep Active Output         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         W         W         US           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input Enable         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         W         W         US           29.056         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         W         W         US           29.057         Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold		· · ·		/ (/			· · /						
29.049         Wake Detect Feedback Threshold         0.00 to 327.67 UU         1.00 UU         RW         Num         US           29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Speed Threshold         0.0 to 60.0         0.0 to 3000.0         25.0         750.0         RW         Num         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.053         Sleep Required Output         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.054         Sleep Active Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         RX         NC           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input Enable         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         VS           29.056         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC           29.057         Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold         0.0 to 100.0 %         1.0 %         RW         Num         US				, , ,	and (2)						NC		110
29.050         Wake Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         I         I         US           29.051         Sleep Detect Speed Threshold         0.0 to 60.0         0.0 to 3000.0         25.0         750.0         RW         Num         I         I         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         I         I         US           29.053         Sleep Required Output         0.0 to 60.0 or 0.1         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         NI         I         I         US           29.054         Sleep Active Output         Off (0), on (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC         I           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input Enable         Off (0), on (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         I         I         US           29.056         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0), on (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC         I           29.057         Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold         0.0 to 100.0 %         1.0 %         RW         Num         I         US					56u (2)				-	-			
29.051         Sleep Detect Speed Threshold         0.0 to 60.0         0.0 to 3000.0         25.0         750.0         RW         Num         I         US           29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         I         US           29.053         Sleep Required Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         I           29.054         Sleep Active Output         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC         I           29.055         Time Schedule Run Input Enable         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         I         US           29.056         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC         I           29.057         Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold         0.0 to 100.0 %         1.0 %         RW         Num         I         US										-			
29.052         Sleep Detect Delay         0.0 to 6553.5 s         5.0 s         RW         Num         US           29.053         Sleep Required Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         Image: Constraint of the state				-	0000					-			
29.053         Sleep Required Output         Off (0) or On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Bit         NC         NC           29.054         Sleep Active Output         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC         Image: Constraint of the state of		· · · ·			0.000					-			
29.054Sleep Active OutputOff (0), On (1)Off (0)RWTxtNC29.055Time Schedule Run Input EnableOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitUS29.056Time Schedule Run InputOff (0), On (1)Off (0)RWTxtNC29.057Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent0.0 to 100.0 %1.0 %RWNumUS										<u> </u>			US
29.055Time Schedule Run Input EnableOff (0) or On (1)Off (0)RWBitUS29.056Time Schedule Run InputOff (0), On (1)Off (0)RWTxtNC29.057Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent0.0 to 100.0 %1.0 %RWNumUS				, , ,			· · /			<b> </b>			
29.056         Time Schedule Run Input         Off (0), On (1)         Off (0)         RW         Txt         NC           29.057         Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent         0.0 to 100.0 %         1.0 %         RW         Num         Us							( )			<u> </u>	NC		
29.057     Dry Well Low Load Detection Threshold Percent     0.0 to 100.0 %     1.0 %     RW     Num     US				/ (/			( )						US
29.057 Percent 0.0 to 100.0 % 1.0 % RW Num 05	29.056		Off (	0), On (1)		Of	t (0)	RW	Txt	<u> </u>	NC		
	29.057		0.0 t	o 100.0 %		1.0	0 %	RW	Num				US
	29.058	Dry Well Low Load Detection Delay	0.0.+	n 6553 5 s		Б	0 s	R\\/	Num	1			US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimizat	tion N	V Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technica data	l Diag	gnost	ics	UL listing information
29.059 D	ory Well Low L	oad Mode		Disabl	ed (0), Alarm Lower PID	n Only (1), Trij Output (3)	o (2),		Disable	ed (0)	RW	Txt			US
	ory Well Low L	1			0.00 to 1				50.00		RW	Num			US
	Ory Well Low L				0.0 to 6				5.0		RW				US
	ory Well Low Low Flow Mete				Off (0), 0.0 to 214				Off ( 0.0	,	RW	Txt Num		NC	US
	ow Flow Mete		1010		0.0 to 214				5.0		RW				US
	ow Flow Mete	1 2	t		Off (0),				Off (		RW	Txt		NC	
	low Switch Inp	<u> </u>	-		Off (0),	. ,			On (		RW	Txt		NC	US
29.067 N	lo Flow Switch	ı Delay			0.0 to 6	553.5 s			5.0	S	RW	Num			US
	lo Flow Switch	-			Off (0),				Off (	1	RW	Txt		NC	
	lo Flow Detect		d	0.0 to		0.0 to 300		-	0.0	150.0	RW	Num			US
	lo Flow Detect lo Flow Detect			0.0 to	0.0 to 6	0.0 to 300	0.0	5.	.0 5.0		RW	Num Num			US US
	lo Flow Setpoi		elav		0.0 to 6				1.0						US
	lo Flow Setpoi				0.00 to 2				0.06		RW				US
29.074 N	lo Flow Output	t			Off (0),				Off (	0)	RW	Txt			
29.075 P	Pipe Fill Mode			Disa	bled (0), Fee Flow Sv	edback Level ( vitch (2)	(1),		Disable	()	RW	Txt			US
	Pipe Fill Thresh				0.00 to 32				0.00		RW	Num			US
	Pipe Fill Maxim				0.0 to 6				0.0		RW		$\left  - \right $	NO	US
	Pipe Fill Done ( evel Switch Hi				Off (0), Off (0),	. ,			Off ( Off (	/	RW RW	Txt Txt		NC NC	
	evel Switch Lo	<u> </u>			Off (0),	. ,			Off (	,	RW	Txt		NC	
	evel Switch Ho	I			0.0 to 6				5.0	/	RW	Num			US
29.082 L	evel Switch M	ode		High	Only (0), Hig	h Low Toggle	: (1)		High Or	nly (0)	RW	Txt			US
	laximum Drive			0.0 to		0.0 to 300	0.0	1.	.0	30.0	RW				US
	t Maximum Dr		e		Off (0),	. ,			Off (	,	RW	Txt		NC	
	xternal Pump Iotor Thermal		out		Off (0), Off (0),	( )			Off ( Off (	/	RW RW	Txt Txt		NC NC	
	Notor Thermal				Off (0),	. ,			Off (	,	RW	Bit		NC	US
	Clean Manual I				Off (0),	. ,			Off (	,	RW	Txt		NC	
29.089 C	lean On Start				Off (0) o	r On (1)			Off (	0)	RW	Bit			US
	Clean On Interv				Off (0) o	( )			Off (	/	RW	Bit			US
	Clean On Load		eshold		Off (0) o				Off ( Off (		RW RW	Bit Bit			US US
	Cleaning Phase		eference		Off (0) o 0.1 to 6				15.0	,	RW	Num			US
	leaning Phase				0.1 to 6				10.0		RW				US
29.095 C	leaning Phase	e 3 Time At R	eference		0.1 to 6	553.5 s			10.0	S	RW	Num			US
	Clean On Interv				1 to 6553				1440 mi		RW	Num			US
	Clean On Load	-	,		0.1 to 6 0.0 to 2				10.0 80.0			Num Num			US US
	Clean On Load	0			0.0 to 2				10.0			Num			US
	lean Per Hour		Throohold			30			5			Num			US
	lean Per Hour			Alarm Or		Cleaning (1),	Trip (2)		Stop Clea	ning (1)	RW				
	Pre-clean Load				±1000				0.0			Num		NC	
	Post-clean Loa				±1000				0.0			Num		NC	
	Clean Active O				Off (0),				Off ( Off (	,		Txt		NC	
	Clean Per Hour		JL		Off (0), Run Only (0)	), Full I/O (1)			Run On	/	RW	Txt Txt		NC	US
	ssist 1 Run O				Off (0),				Off (			Txt		NC	
	ssist 1 Ready				Off (0),				Off (	,	RW			NC	
	ssist 1 Runnin	0 1			Off (0),				Off (	1	RW			NC	
	ssist 1 Runtim			(		647 minutes			0 minu			Num	_	NC	
	ssist 1 Lockou		1		0.0 to 3 Off (0),				0.0 Off (			Num Txt	_	NC NC	<b></b>
	ssist 2 Run O			ļ	Off (0),				Off (	,		Txt	_	NC	
	ssist 2 Ready				Off (0),				Off (			Txt		NC	
29.115 A	ssist 2 Runnin	ng Input			Off (0),	On (1)			Off (	0)		Txt		NC	
	ssist 2 Runtim			(		647 minutes			0 minu			Num		NC	
	ssist 2 Lockou		1		0.0 to 3				0.0			Num	_	NC	
	ssist 2 Lockou			No Fa		), Assist 1 Fa	il (1),		Off ( No Failed S	/		Txt Txt		NC	<b></b>
					Assist 2				5	(-)			$\left  - \right $		US
	ssist Starts Pe ssist Over-cyc			١	1 to Vait 1hr Coo	l (0), Trip (1)			ט Wait 1hr 0	Cool (0)		Num Txt	$\vdash$		US
	dd Assist Dela				0.0 to 6				3.0	( )		Num			US
	dd Assist Ban			0.0 to	60.0	0.0 to 300	0.0	1.	.0	30.0		Num			US
	Remove Assist				0.0 to 6				3.0			Num	Г		US
	Iternation Tim				0.0 to 327				24.0 h			Num	$\square$	NO	US
	Iternation Tim			Dieabl	0.0 to 327 ed (0) Alarm	6.7 hours n Only (1), Tri	n (2)		0.0 hc			Num	$\left  - \right $	NC	<b>]</b>
	Over-cycle Moc			DISADI	Inc Setp	oint (3)	- (۲),		Alarm O	nly (1)		Txt			US
29.128 C	Over-cycle Star	ts Per Hour			0 to	255			5		RW	Num			US

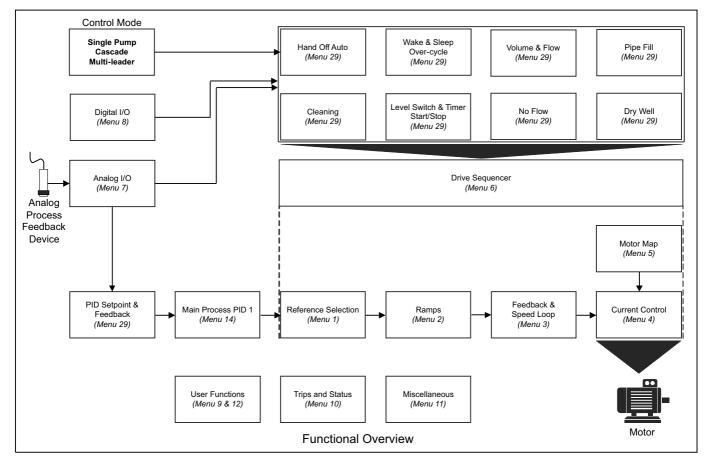
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimiza	tion NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technica data	<sup>al</sup> D	iagnosti	cs	UL listing information
29.129 C	Over-cycle Set	oint Increme	nt		0.01 to	2.00 %		0.01 %	6	RW	Nur	n		US
29.130 C	Over-cycle Set	oint Increme	nt Maximum		0.01 to 1	15.00 %		0.60 %	6	RW	Nur	n		US
29.131 C	Over-cycle Alar	m Output			Off (0),	On (1)		Off (0	)	RW	Txt	1	١C	
29.132 N	/lulti-leader No	de ID			1 te	o 3		1		RW	Nur	n		US
29.133 N	/lulti-leader Ne	twork Loss M	ode	Ru	ın Single Pu	mp (0), Trip (1	)	Run Single P	ump (0)	RW	Txt			US
29.134 N	/lulti-leader No	de 1 Status V	Vord	0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.135 N	/lulti-leader No	de 1 PID Out	put	±6	0.0	-3276.8 to 3	276.7	0.0		RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.136 N	Multi-leader Node 1 Control Word Multi-leader Node 1 Lead Drive			0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.137 N	Multi-leader Node 1 Lead Drive Multi-leader Node 1 PID Feedback				0 te	o 3		0		RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.138 N	Multi-leader Node 1 PID Feedback				-327.68 to	327.67 %		0.00 %	6	RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.139 N	Multi-leader Node 1 PID Feedback Multi-leader Node 2 Status Word Multi-leader Node 2 PID Output			0000000	00000000 to	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.140 N				±6	0.0	-3276.8 to 3	276.7	0.0		RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.141 N	/lulti-leader No	de 2 Control	Word	0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.142 N	/lulti-leader No	de 2 Lead Dr	ive		0 te	o 3		0		RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.143 N	/lulti-leader No	de 2 PID Fee	dback		-327.68 to	327.67 %		0.00 %	6	RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.144 N	/lulti-leader No	de 3 Status V	Vord	0000000	00000000 to	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.145 N	/lulti-leader No	de 3 PID Out	put	±6	0.0	-3276.8 to 3	276.7	0.0		RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.146 N	/lulti-leader No	de 3 Control	Word	0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.147 N	/lulti-leader No	de 3 Lead Dr	ive		0 te	o 3		0		RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.148 N	/lulti-leader No	de 3 PID Fee	dback		-327.68 to	327.67 %		0.00 %	6	RW	Nur	n I	١C	
29.150 P	ump Control V	Vord Watchdo	og Time		0.0 to	60.0 s		2.0 s		RW	Nur	n		US
	ump Control V			0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.152 P	ump Control V	Vord 2		0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.153 P	ump Status W	ord 1		0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.154 P				0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.155 P				0000000	00000000 te	o 11111111111	111111	000000000	000000	RW	Bin	1	١C	
29.156 P	ump Software	Stop		Run S	Software (0),	Stop Software	e (1)	Run Softwa	are (0)	RW	Txt			US
29.157 N	Notor Type			Induct	ion (0), Pern	nanent-magne	et (1)	Induction (0) Perma	inent-magnet )	<sup>(1</sup> RW	Txt			

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read-only	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter	Bin	Binary parameter	IP	IP address	Mac	MAC address	Ver	Version number	SMP	Slot, menu, parameter
Num	Number parameter	DE	Destination	ND	No default value	RA	Rating dependent	NC	Non-copyable	PT	Protected
FI	Filtered	US	User save	PS	Power- down save						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions		NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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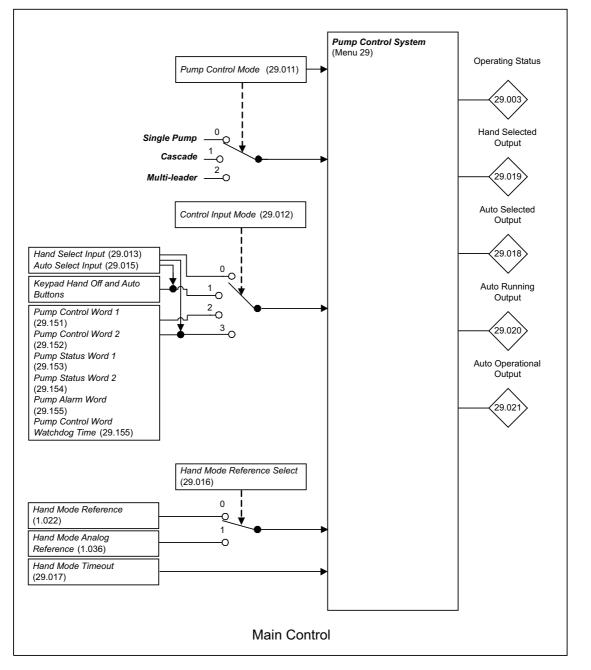
### Menu 29 Logic diagrams

#### Figure 10-23 Functional Overview



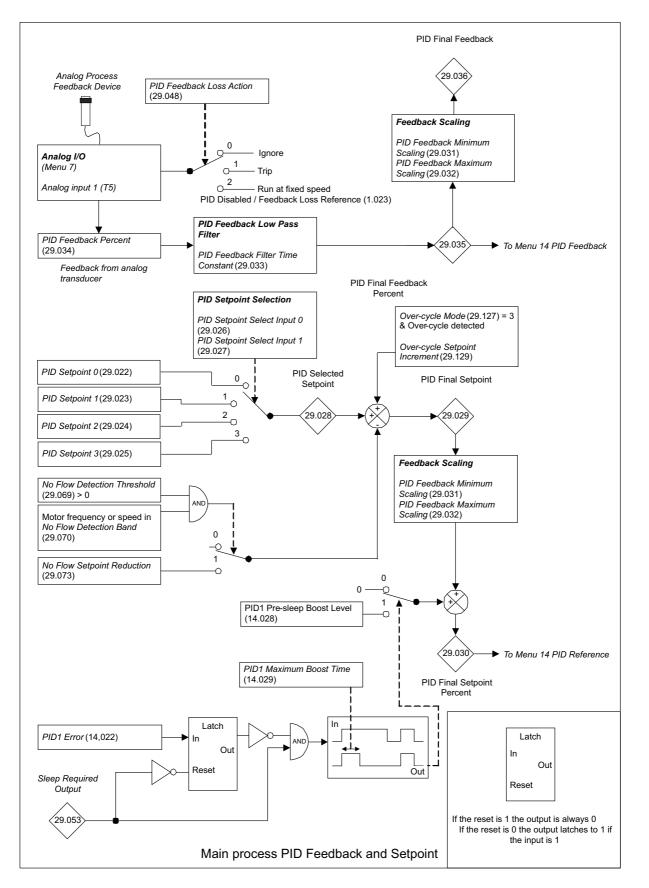
Safety information	Product Mechanic information installation		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 10-24 Main Control



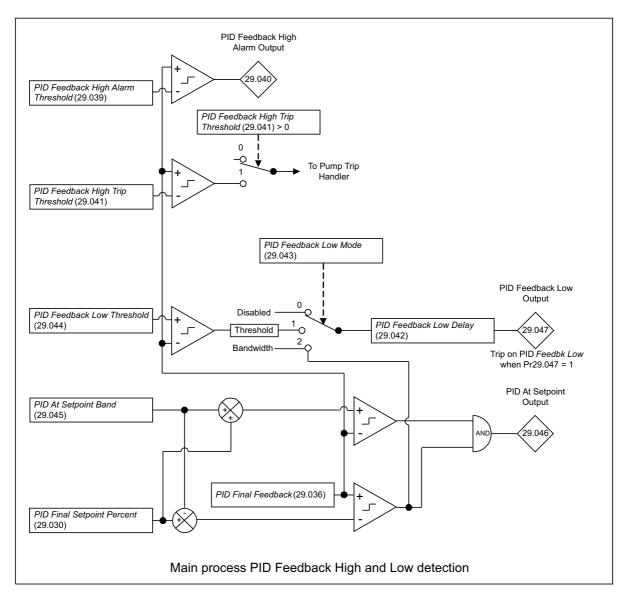
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-25 Main Process PID Feedback and Setpoint



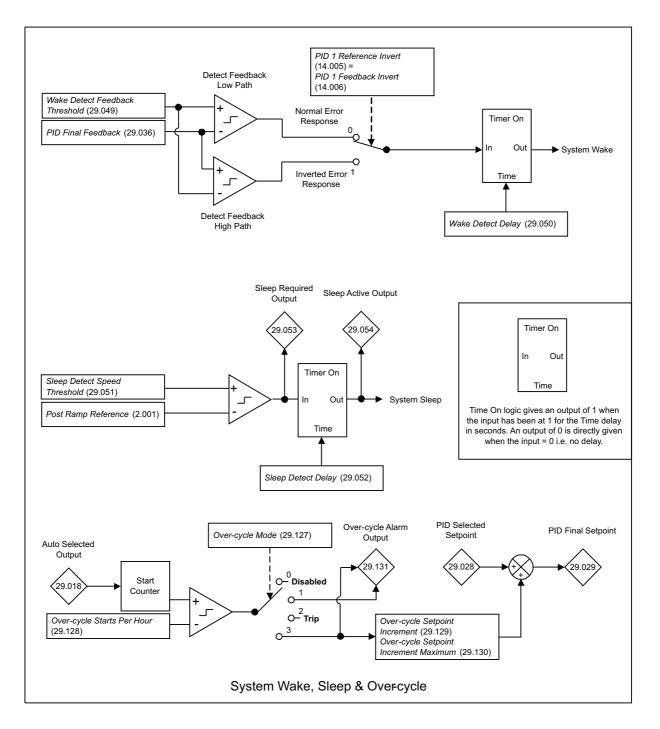
					Getting								
int	Safety formation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

Figure 10-26 Main Process PID Feedback High and Low detection



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-27 System Wake, Sleep & Over-cycle



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization		Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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#### Figure 10-28 Dry Well Low Detection

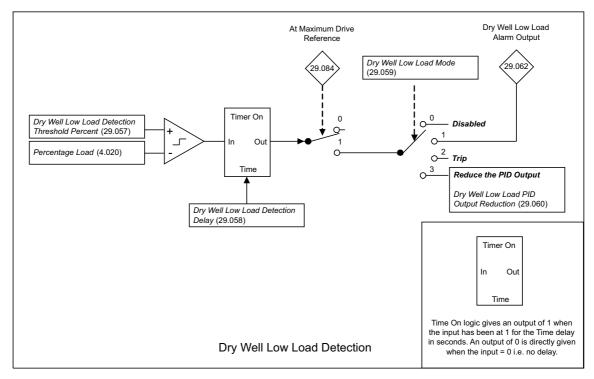
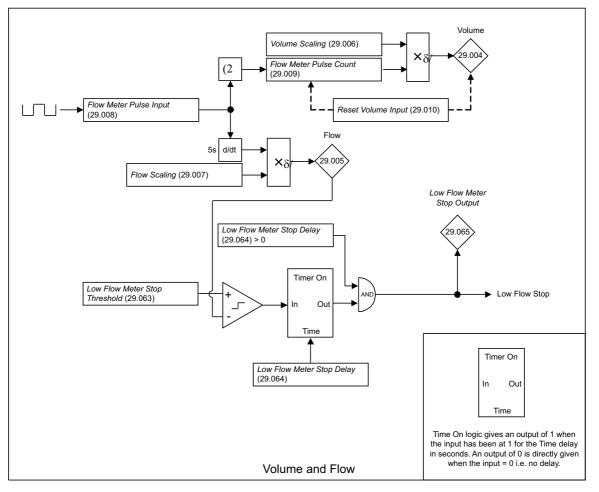
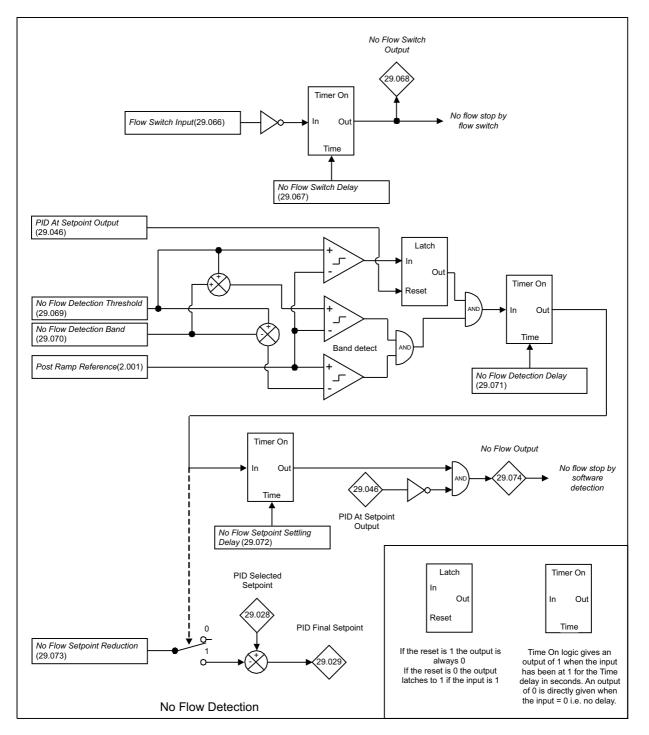


Figure 10-29 Volume and Flow



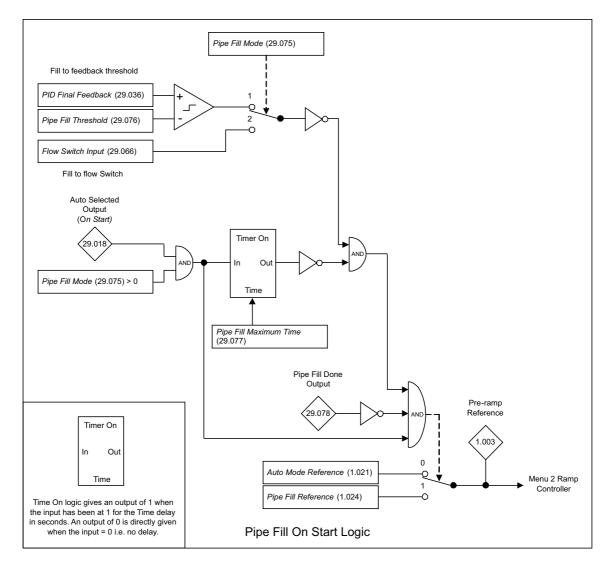
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-30 No Flow Detection



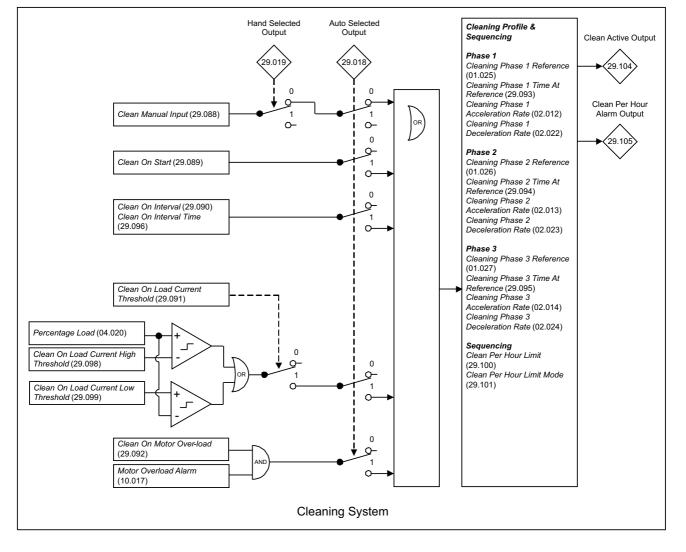
	duct Mechanical nation installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-31 Pipe Fill On Start Logic



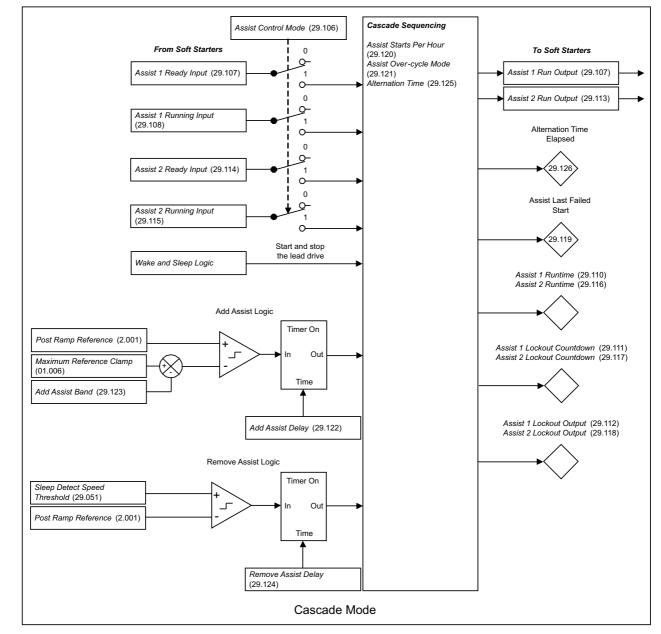
Safety information	Product Mechar information installa		Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 10-32 Cleaning System



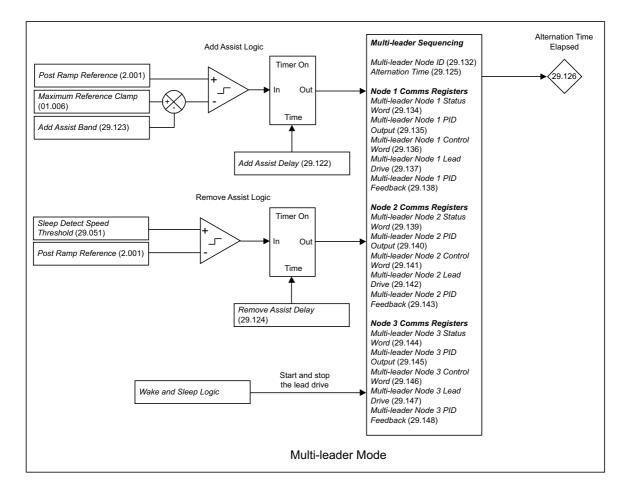
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Figure 10-33 Cascade Mode



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Figure 10-34 Multi-leader Mode



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 11 Technical data

### 11.1 Drive technical data

#### 11.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

For a full explanation of Normal Duty refer to Chapter 2.6 Ratings on page 16.

#### Table 11-1 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

	Normal Duty												
Model	Nomina	al rating	Maximum pe	ermissible co	ontinuous out	tput current (A	A) for the follo	owing switchin	ıg frequenci				
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
00 V								I					
03200066	1.1	1.5				6.6							
03200080	1.5	2.0				8.0							
03200110	2.2	3.0				11			10.2				
03200127	3.0	3.0			12.7			12.1	10.2				
04200180	4.0	5.0				18		Į					
04200250	5.5	7.5			25			24	22				
05200300	7.5	10			30			27.6	23.7				
06200500	11	15			50			42.3	24.5				
06200580	15	20			58		53	42.3	32.5				
07200750	18.5	25			75			74.3	59.7				
07200940	22	30			94			74.3	59.7				
07201170	30	40		117		114	96	74.3	59.7				
08201490	37	50		1	49		146	125.2	93				
08201800	45	60		180		160.2	148.8	126	93				
09202160	55	75		2	216		184	128	93				
09202660	75	100	26	6	258	218	184	128	93				
10203250	90	125		325		313	266	194	144				
10203600	110	150		360		313	266	194	144				
00 V													
03400034	1.1	2.0				3.4							
03400045	1.5	2.0				4.5							
03400062	2.2	3.0				6.2			5.0				
03400077	3.0	5.0			7.7			6.2	5.0				
03400104	4.0	5.0			10.4			7.6	5.7				
03400123	5.5	7.5		1	2.3		10.5	7.6	5.8				
04400185	7.5	10			18.5		1	14.6	11.1				
04400240	11	15		24		21.8	19.2	14.6	11.2				
05400300	15	20		30		25.8	22.2	17.1	13.5				
06400380	18.5	25			38	1	1	31	24.3				
06400480	22	30	1		48		41	31	24.5				
06400630	30	40	6	3	57	48	41	31	24.5				
07400790	37	60			79	1	1	63	53.6				
07400940	45	60	1		94		80.6	63	53.6				
07401120	55	75		112		95.2	80.6	63	53.8				
08401550	75	100	1		55		132	98	77				
08401840	90	150		184		169	142	106.7	77				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical sinstallation F	Getting started / Running ne Motor	Basic paramete	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
							Normal Du	ıty					
Мо	del	Nomin	al rating	Maxir	Maximum permissible continuous output current (A) for the following switchin								
		kW	hp	2	kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12	kHz	16 kHz	
0940	2210	110	150			221		192	159	1(	08	77	
0940	2660	132	200	2	266	255	231	192	160	1(	)9	77	
1040	3200	160	250			320		285	238	17	73	124	
1040	3610	200	300		36	1	339	285	238	17	73	126	
1140	4370	225	350		43	7	415	336	272				
1140	4870	250	400	4	187	460	415	336	272				
1140	5070	280	400	5	507	460	415	336	272				
575 V													
0550	0039	2.2	3.0					3.9					
0550	0061	4.0	5.0					6.1					
0550	0100	5.5	7.5					10					
0650	0120	7.5	10.0					12					
0650	0170	11.0	15.0					17				14.8	
0650	0220	15.0	20.0				22			20	0.5	15	
0650	0270	18.5	25.0			2	27		26.2	2	0	16	
0650	0340	22.0	30.0			34		31	26.2	2	0	16.8	
0650	0430	30.0	40.0		43	}	39.6	31	26.2	2	0	16.8	
0750	0530	45	50			53		51.8	40.2	27	.7	21.2	
0750	0730	55	60		73	3	71.5	51.8	40.2	27	<b>.</b> .7	21.2	
0850	0860	75	75			8	6		73.1	49	).7	37.8	
0850	1080	90	100			108		91.8	73.1	49	).7	37.8	
0950	1250	110	125			1:	25		101	7	1	54	
0950	1500	110	150			150		126	100	7	0	54	
1050	2000	130	200		20	0	168	126	100	7	0	54	
1150	2480	185	250		24	8	220						
1150	2880	225	300	2	288	265	220						
1150	3150	250	350	3	815	265	220						
690 V													
0760	0230	18.5	25					23				21.2	
0760	0300	22	30				30			27	'.9	21.2	
0760	0360	30	40				36			28	3.1	21.2	
0760	0460	37	50			4	6		40.5	28	3.1	21.2	
0760	0520	45	60			52		51.5	40.6	28	3.1	21.2	
0760	0730	55	75		73	}	71.5	51.8	40.6	28	3.1	21.2	
0860	0860	75	100			8	6		72.2	49	).7	37.8	
0860	1080	90	125			108		91.8	72.4	49	).7	37.8	
0960	1250	110	150			1	25		100	7	1	54	
	1550	132	175			155		126	100	7	1	54	
1060	1720	160	200		17:	2	169	126	100	7	1	55	
1060	1970	185	250			197		154	114	7	5	55	
1160	2250	200	250		22	5	220						
1160	2750	250	300	2	275	265	220						
1160	3050	280	400	3	805	265	220						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Table 11-2 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient with high IP insert installed

				Normal Duty								
Model		Μ	laximum permiss for the follo	sible continuous owing switching		A)						
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
200 V												
03200066				6.6								
03200080				8.0								
03200110		11.0										
03200127	12.3	11.9	11.1	10.0	9.0	6.4	4.7					
04200180		14.5		13.5	12.2	10.5	9.6					
04200250		14.5		13.5	12.2	10.5	9.6					
05200300	25.5	25.2	24.9	24.3	23.7	22.5	21.6					
400 V	-	·	·	•	•	•						
03400034			3	.4			3.3					
03400045		4.5		4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3					
03400062	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3					
03400077	7	.7	7.4	6.7	6.2	5.7	5.0					
03400104		8.3	•	7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2					
03400123		8.3		7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2					
04400185			8.6			8.4	6.9					
04400240			8.6			8.4	6.9					
05400300	17.1	15.6	14.4	12.6	11.4	9.6	8.7					
575 V	-	•	•	•	•	•	-					
05500039				3.9								
05500061				6.1								
05500100	1			10.0								

Safety nformation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listir informati
able 11-3	Maximun	n permissi	ble conti	nuous outp	out current	: @ 50 °C (1	22 °F) Normal D	utv				
Мо	del		Maxin	num permis	ssible cont	tinuous out		(A) for the fo	llowing sv	witching fr	equencies	
		2 k	2 kHz 3 kHz			4 kHz	6 kHz		kHz	12 kHz	-	16 kHz
200 V				•			•					
	00066						6.6					
0320	00080						8.0					
0320	00110					11				10.5		9.1
0320	0127		12.	7		12.6	12.2	1	1.7	10.5		9.1
0420	0180						18					
0420	0250					22	2.2					20.2
0520	0300				30			2	9.7	25.2		21.6
0620	0500	1			50			4	19	38		30
0620	0580			58			56		19	38		30.2
0720	0750	1				75		•		59.7		48.8
0720	0940	1		94			92.1	1	30	59.7		48.9
0720	)1170		11	7		112	92.4	ł	30	59.7		49.1
0820	)1490			149			147	1	33	113		84
0820	1800		18	0		167	148	1	33	113		84
0920	2160			216			197	1	68	117		84
0920	2660	25	53	237		221	197	1	68	117		85
1020	)3250	32	25	320		302	266	2	41	176		130
1020	3600	34	6	320		302	266	2	41	176		130
00 V												
0340	00034						3.4					
0340	0045						4.5					
0340	00062				6.2			Ę	5.9	5.4		4.4
	0077	7.	6	7.2		6.9	6.4	5	5.9	5.4		4.4
0340	0104			10.4			9.3	8	8.5	6.9		5.1
	0123	11		11.2		10.5	9.3		8.5	6.9		5.2
	0185	18		17.5		17	16.3		5.8	12.2		9.3
	0240	18	8	17.5		17	16.3		5.8	12.2		9.3
	0300			25.5			23.6		0.4	15.6		12.3
	0380	<b>I</b>			38		1		37	28		21.4
	0480		T	48			43		6.5	27.4		21.4
	0630	63	3	58		52	43		37	28		21.4
	0790	-		~	79				3.5	57.7		49
	0940	<b>I</b>		94		400	86.5		3.3	58.3		49
	01120		11:			109	87.4		2.8	58.3		49.3
	)1550	<b>I</b>	10	155		400	146		23	93		69
	)1840		18			180	146		23	93.8		69
	02210		22			213	175		44	97		69
	2660	25		237		213	176		44	98		69
	03200		32			300	259		17	154		112
	)3610	34		321		300	260		17	155		112
1140	)4370 )4870	43		415 415		374 374	298 298		40 40			

Safety nformation	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic paramet		Optimization		edia Card eration	Advanced parameters		Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
							Normal D	uty					
М	lodel		Maxim	um permis	ssible c	ontinuous ou	tput current	(A) fo	or the fo	llowing s	witching fr	equencies	
		2 k	Hz	3 kHz		4 kHz	6 kHz	6 kHz		Hz	12 kHz	:	16 kHz
114	05070	46	62	415		374	298		24	40			
75 V													
055	500039						3.9						
055	500061						6.1						
055	500100						10						
065	500120						12						
065	500170						17						13.4
065	500220					22					17.8		13.4
065	500270				27				23	8.5	17.8		15
065	500340			34			28.2		23	8.5	18		15
065	500430	43	.0	41.7		36.1	28		23	3.7	18		15
075	500530			53			46.7		35	5.8	24.8		19
075	500730		73			65	46.7		35	5.8	24.8		19
085	500860			86			76.7		64	1.5	44.3		31.3
085	501080	10	4	97.2		90.7	76.7		64	.8	44.3		31.3
095	501250		•	125			114		9	0	62		48
095	501500			150			114		9	0	62		48
105	502000	20	0	184		154	114		9	0	62		48
115	502480		226	;		198							
115	02880	26	62	241		198							
115	503150	29	6	241		198							
90 V													
076	600230						23						19
076	600300					30					24.8		19
076	600360				36				35	5.8	24.8		19
076	600460				46				35	5.8	24.8		19
076	00520	1		52			46.7		35	5.8	25		19
076	600730		73			65	46.7		35	5.8	25		19
086	600860			86			76.7		64	.5	44.3		31.3
086	601080	10	14	97.2		90.7	76.7		64	.8	44.3		31.3
096	601250			125			114		9	0	62		48
096	601550		155	;		153	113		8	9	62		48
106	601720		172			153	114		8	9	62		48
106	601970		197	,		195	134		1(	)2	67		48
116	02250		205	5		198							
116	02750	25	0	241		198							
116	03050	29	6	241		198							

### Note

55 °C ratings are available on request.

				Getting								
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

# 11.1.2 Power dissipation

 Table 11-4
 Losses @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

					Normal Duty	1			
Model	Nomina	al rating	Drive le	osses (W) taki	ng into accou	nt any curren	t derating for	the given cor	nditions
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V									
03200066	1.1	1.5	88	93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	1.5	2	95	100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	2.2	3	117	123	126	133	139	151	146
03200127	3	3	129	136	141	149	158	168	157
04200180	4	5	171	180	187	201	216	244	273
04200250	5.5	7.5	227	239	248	266	284	308	314
05200300	7.5	10	280	291	302	324	344	356	342
06200500	11	15	375	394	413	452	490	480	485
06200580	15	20	442	463	484	528	522	481	486
07200750	18.5	25	533	570	597	650	703	885	894
07200940	22	30	671	718	751	815	881	890	899
07201170	30	40	851	911	951	1004	911	920	929
08201490	37	50	1339	1433	1536	1765	1943	1962	1982
08201800	45	60	1638	1753	1894	1914	1985	2005	2025
09202160 (9A)	55	75	2028	2170	2312	2596	2448	2160	2031
09202660 (9A)	75	100	2585	2754	2822	2623	2448	2156	2034
09202160 (9E)	55	75	1889	2031	2174	2458	2348	2112	2006
09202660 (9E)	75	100	2375	2554	2625	2482	2348	2108	2009
10203250	90	125	2478	2672	2867	3123	2952	2701	2554
10203600	110	150	2802	3016	3230	3126	2957	2706	2554
400 V				-	·		·	•	
03400034	1.1	1.5	76	80	84	94	103	123	141
03400045	1.5	2	84	88	92	104	115	137	160
03400062	2.2	3	99	104	112	125	139	167	157
03400077	3	5	108	114	122	137	153	149	147
03400104	4	5	138	145	158	186	212	201	197
03400123	5	7.5	155	163	179	209	208	201	200
04400185	7.5	10	214	225	244	283	322	325	310
04400240	11	15	269	283	307	325	329	325	315
05400300	15	20	295	324	353	356	355	359	362
06400380	18.5	25	378	417	456	532	613	652	645
06400480	22	30	469	515	561	657	651	646	650
06400630	30	40	616	656	659	650	646	643	649
07400790	37	50	745	830	907	1062	1218	1230	1242
07400940	45	60	896	999	1088	1264	1241	1253	1266
07401120	55	75	1033	1152	1247	1218	1170	1182	1194
08401550	75	100	1482	1652	1817	2154	2121	2142	2164
08401840	90	125	1798	2004	2191	2333	2279	2302	2325
09402210 (9A)	110	150	2431	2710	2989	3075	2992	2842	2833
09402660 (9A)	132	200	3016	3191	3143	3063	3000	2856	2828
09402200 (9A)	110	150	2286	2565	2844	2966	2917	2807	2815
09402660 (9E)	132	200	2806	2998	2984	2955	2925	2821	2811
10403200	160	250	3210	3582	3954	4148	4034	3939	3843
10403200	200	300	3703	4121	4226	4148	4034	3939	3874
11404370	200	350	4182	4121	4220	4134	4038	0.041	5074

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
							Normal Dut	у				
Мос	lel	Nomin	al rating	[	Orive losse	es (W) takin	g into acco	unt any curre	nt derating	for the g	iven condi	itions
		kW	hp	2 k	Hz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	z 1:	2 kHz	16 kHz
11404	870	250	400	47	34	4843	4708	4444	4246			
11405	6070	280	400	49	62	4843	4708	4444	4246			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
							Normal Du	ty				
Мо	del	Nomin	al rating	I	Drive losse	es (W) takir	ng into acco	unt any curre	nt derating	for the g	iven cond	itions
	-	kW	hp	21	κHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	: 1:	2 kHz	16 kHz
575 V									1			
0550	0039	2.2	3	8	32	92	102	121	142		183	223
0550	0061	4	5	1	20	135	150	180	209		269	328
0550	0100	5.5	7.5	1	73	194	215	260	302		388	474
0650	0120	7.5	10	1	91	215	239	287	334		430	525
0650	0170	11	15	2	53	284	315	376	438		563	569
0650	0220	15	20	3	25	362	399	484	569		575	580
0650	0270	18.5	25	3	91	448	505	596	682		689	696
0650	0340	22	30	5	34	623	712	810	822		830	839
0650		30	40		75	798	836	813	823		831	840
	0530	45	50		67	1004	1139	1358	1262		275	1287
0750	0730	55	60	10	)78	1248	1375	1209	1122		1133	1145
0850		75	75		607	1861	2180	2814	2982		3012	3042
0850	1080	90	100		50	2374	2753	2947	2963		2993	3023
09501250 (9A)		110	125	17	07	1977	2247	2787	2723	2	2731	2859
095015	600 (9A)	110	150	20	87	2410	2734	2810	2692	2	2697	2859
095012	. ,	110	125	15	595	1865	2135	2675	2644	2	2687	2831
095015	, ,	110	150	19	33	2256	2580	2696	2616	2	2654	2831
1050	2000	130	200	26	692	3137	2923	2696	2616	2	2654	2831
1150	2480	185	250	33	91	3999	4097					
1150	2880	225	300	40	004	4296	4097					
1150	3150	250	350	44	39	4296	4097					
690 V												
0760	0230	18.5	25	3	63	428	491	617	743		793	970
0760	0300	22	30	4	68	551	631	791	952		962	971
0760	0360	30	40	5	60	660	754	941	1129		1140	1152
	0460	37	50	7	25	854	971	1206	1271		284	1297
0760	0520	45	60	8	36	985	1117	1350	1275	^	288	1301
0760	0730	55	75	10	)59	1248	1375	1209	1122		1133	1145
0860	0860	75	100	1:	579	1861	2180	2814	2945	2	2974	3004
0860	1080	90	125	20	)15	2374	2753	2947	2935	2	2964	2994
096012	250 (9A)	110	150	18	378	2213	2548	3218	3155	3	3266	3465
096015	550 (9A)	132	175	23	884	2797	3211	3232	3155	3	3267	3474
096012	250 (9E)	110	150	17	'30	2065	2400	3070	3058	3	3215	3434
	50 (9E)	132	175	21	60	2573	2986	3083	3058	3	3216	3443
1060	1720	160	200	24	20	2882	3270	3083	3052	3	3192	3472
1060	1970	185	250	26	614	3132	3649	3667	3495	3	3633	3993
1160	2250	200	250	32	225	3893	4497					
1160	2750	250	300	40	)23	4640	4497					
1160	3050	280	400	45	576	4684	4540					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostic	UL listing informatior
							Normal Dut	У			
Мо	del	Nomin	al rating	1	Drive loss	es (W) takin	ig into accoi	unt any curre	nt derating f	for the given cor	ditions
		kW	hp	2	κHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
575 V										•	
05500	0039	2.2	3	8	32	92	102	121	142	183	223
05500	0061	4	5	1	20	135	150	180	209	269	328
05500	0100	5.5	7.5	1	73	194	215	260	302	388	474
06500	0120	7.5	10	1	91	215	239	287	334	430	525
06500	0170	11	15	2	53	284	315	376	438	563	569
06500		15	20		25	362	399	484	569	575	580
06500		18.5	25		91	448	505	596	682	689	696
06500		22	30		34	623	712	810	822	830	839
06500		30	40		75	798	836	813	823	831	840
07500		45	50		67	1004	1139	1358	1262	1275	1287
07500		55	60		78	1248	1375	1209	1122	1133	1145
08500		75	75		607	1861	2180	2814	2982	3012	3042
0850		90	100		50	2374	2753	2947	2963	2993	3023
095012	· · /	110	125		07	1977	2247	2787	2723	2731	2859
0950150	· · /	110	150		87	2410	2734	2810	2692	2697	2859
095012	. ,	110	125		95	1865	2135	2675	2644	2687	2831
0950150	. ,	110	150		33	2256	2580	2696	2616	2654	2831
10502		130	200	-	92	3137	2923	2696	2616	2654	2831
11502		185	250		91	3999	4097				
11502		225	300		04	4296	4097				
11503	3150	250	350	44	39	4296	4097				
690 V 07600	1220	18.5	25	20	63	428	491	617	743	793	970
07600		22	30		55 68	420 551	631	791	952	962	970 971
07600		30	40		50 60	660	754	941	1129	1140	1152
07600		37	40 50		25	854	971	1206	1129	1284	1297
07600		45	60		36	985	1117	1350	1271	1288	1301
07600		55	75		59	1248	1375	1209	1122	1133	1145
07600		75	100		579	1240	2180	2814	2945	2974	3004
0860		90	100		15	2374	2753	2947	2935	2964	2994
096012		110	120		578	2213	2548	3218	3155	3266	3465
096015		132	175		84	2797	3211	3232	3155	3267	3474
096012	. ,	110	150		30	2065	2400	3070	3058	3215	3434
096015		132	175		60	2573	2986	3083	3058	3216	3443
1060	. ,	160	200		20	2882	3270	3083	3052	3192	3472
1060		185	250		514	3132	3649	3667	3495	3633	3993
11602		200	250		25	3893	4497				
11602		250	300		23	4640	4497				
11603		280	400		76	4684	4540				

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# Table 11-5 Losses @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient with high IP insert installed

				Normal Duty			
Model	Driv	e losses (W) tak	ting into consid	eration any cur	ent derating for	the given condit	ions
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V	-	·	·		-	•	
03200066	88	93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	95	100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	117	123	126	133	140	158	157
03200127	122	128	124	122	118	98	84
04200180	138	145	151	151	146	142	146
04200250	204	215	205	194	189	187	199
05200300	188	194	201	212	222	240	262
400 V	-	·	·		-	•	
03400034	76	80	84	94	103	123	137
03400045	84	88	92	102	105	110	134
03400062	80	84	85	89	92	109	134
03400077	108	114	117	122	135	172	203
03400104	112	118	134	155	173	221	267
03400123	112	118	134	155	173	221	267
04400185	100	105	114	132	153	197	207
04400240	96	101	111	131	152	197	207
05400300	118	118	119	124	132	152	183
575 V	-	·	·	•	•		
05500039	32	42	52	71	92	133	173
05500061	70	85	100	130	159	219	278
05500100	123	144	165	210	252	338	424

				Getting								
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

### Table 11-6 Losses @ 50 $^\circ\text{C}$ (122 $^\circ\text{F})$ ambient

				Normal Duty			
Model	Di	rive losses (W) 1	taking into acco	ount any curren	t derating for t	ne given conditio	ons
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
00 V							
03200066	88	93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	95	100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	117	123	126	133	139	144	139
03200127	129	136	140	143	147	151	150
04200180	171	180	187	201	216	253	297
04200250	203	214	223	244	265	312	334
05200300	280	291	302	324	341	325	312
06200500	375	394	413	452	480	431	594
06200580	442	463	484	510	483	432	451
07200750	538	570	597	650	703	710	717
07200940	678	718	751	799	750	758	765
07201170	848	898	898	805	751	759	766
08201490	1353	1433	1536	1741	1770	1788	1806
08201800	1640	1737	1740	1759	1771	1789	1807
09202160 (9A)	2028	2170	2312	2354	2256	2010	1910
09202660 (9A)	2431	2405	2368	2358	2245	2015	1922
09202160 (9E)	1889	2031	2174	2240	2172	1970	1889
09202660 (9E)	2241	2239	2223	2243	2161	1975	1900
10203250	2478	2625	2641	2625	2671	2490	2379
10203600	2666	2629	2643	2629	2678	2495	2374
0 V							
03400034	76	80	84	118	103	123	141
03400045	84	88	92	104	115	137	160
03400062	99	104	112	125	132	146	155
03400077	106	106	109	114	117	145	155
03400104	138	145	158	175	194	225	225
03400123	152	152	160	175	194	225	230
04400185	213	213	227	262	300	323	325
04400240	212	212	227	262	300	318	321
05400300	251	275	300	326	326	328	330
06400380	378	417	456	532	597	589	568
06400480	469	515	561	589	580	571	568
06400630	616	604	601	582	583	581	567
07400790	744	830	907	1062	1141	1152	1164
07400940	895	999	1087	1163	1138	1149	1161
07401120	1018	1136	1200	1118	1074	1085	1096
08401550	1480	1652	1815	2016	1970	1990	2010
08401840	1754	1957	2114	1998	1979	1999	2019
09402210 (9A)	2431	2710	2872	2799	2737	2639	2652
09402660 (9A)	2837	2926	2870	2814	2737	2660	2665
09402210 (9E)	2286	2565	2738	2709	2675	2611	2638
09402660 (9E)	2648	2760	2735	2723	2675	2632	2651

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
							Norm	al Duty				
	Model	Ī		Drive lo	sses (W) ta	aking into a	account any	v current dera	ting for the	e given co	nditions	
		ł	2 kHz		3 kHz	4 kHz	61	(Hz 8	3 kHz	12 kHz	2 /	16 kHz
	10403200		3210		3582	3681	37	65	3700	3597		3591
	10403610		3482		3598	3676	37	76	3694	3625		3589
	11404370		4182		4329	4228	39	88	3843			
	11404870		4456		4329	4228	39	88	3843			
	11405070		4456		4329	4228	39	88	3843			
575 V												
	05500039		82		92	102	1	21	142	183		223
	05500061		120		135	150	1	80	209	269		328
	05500100		173		194	215	2	60	302	388		474
	06500120		191		215	239	2	87	334	430		525
	06500170		253		284	315	3	76	438	563		515
	06500220		325		362	399	4	82	569	500		519
	06500270		391		448	505	5	96	612	613		652
	06500340		534		623	712	7	37	737	747		749
	06500430		675		774	763	7	34	742	748		750
	07500530		936		988	1115	12	25	1144	1155		1167
	07500730		1161		1225	1228	10	98	1030	1040		1051
	08500860		1753		1850	2172	25	40	2672	2699		2726
	08501080		1980		2090	2291	25	540	2684	2711		2738
09	9501250 (9A	<b>(</b> )	1707		1977	2247	25	38	2456	2495		2699
09	9501500 (9A	<b>\</b> )	2087		2410	2734	25	44	2456	2482		2676
09	9501250 (9E	E)	1595		1865	2135	24	43	2392	2460		2674
09	9501500 (9E	E)	1933		2256	2580	24	48	2392	2447		2652
	10502000		2692		2841	2654	24	48	2392	2447		2652
	11502480		3191		3678	3532						
	11502880		3965		3678	3532						
	11503150		3965		3678	3632						
690 V				· ·		·						
	07600230		359		428	491	6	17	743	750		758
	07600300		463		551	631	7	91	958	968		977
	07600360		554		660	754	94	44	1144	1155		1167
	07600460		717		854	965	12	206	1144	1155		1167
	07600520		814		969	1094	12	25	1144	1155		1167
	07600730		1029		1225	1228	10	98	1030	1040		1051

Safety information			Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
							Norma	al Duty				
	Model			Drive lo	sses (W) ta	aking into a	ccount any	current dera	ting for the	e given co	nditions	
	08600860		2 kHz	:	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 k	Hz 8	kHz	12 kHz	z ,	16 kHz
	08600860		1553		1850	2172	25	40 2	2672	2699		2726
	08601080		1755		2090	2291	25	40 2	2684	2711		2738
09	601250 (9A	N)	1878		2213	2548	29	33 2	2882	2974		3248
09	601550 (9A	N)	2384		2797	3175	29	18 2	2855	2974		3249
09	601250 (9E	E)	1730		2065	2400	28	10 2	2803	2934		3223
09	601550 (9E	E)	2160		2573	2955	27	96 2	2778	2934		3225
	10601720		2420		2882	2947	28	05 2	2789	2932		3229
	10601970		2614		3132	3610	32	43 3	3221	3420		3771
	11602250		3225		3893	4048						
	11602750		4023		4186	4048						
	11603050		4421		4230	4091						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 11-7 Power losses from the front of the drive when throughpanel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
3	$\leq$ 50 W
4	≤ 75 W
5	≤ 100 W
6	≤ 100 W
7	≤ 204 W
8	$\leq$ 347 W
9A/9E	≤ 480 W
10E/11E	≤ 480 W

#### 11.1.3 Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA.

## 11.1.4 Line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200066, 03200080, 03200110, 03200127 03400034, 03400045, 03400062, 03400077

Model sizes 03400104 to 07600730 have an internal DC choke and model sizes 08201490 to 0801080 and frame 9A have internal AC line chokes so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E,10E and 11E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to section 4.2.3 *Drive model and input line reactor* on page 101. When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

When required each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

#### **Reactor current ratings**

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

#### 11.1.5 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3

Maximum voltage:

200 V drive: 265 V 400 V drive: 530 V 575 V drive: 635 V 690 V drive: 765 V

#### 11.1.6 Temperature, humidity and cooling method

Ambient temperature operating range:

- 20 °C to 55 °C (- 4 °F to 131 °F). Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures > 40 °C (104 °F).

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

#### 11.1.7 Storage

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +55 °C (131 °F) for long term storage, or to +70 °C (158 °F) for short term storage.

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage.

This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

## 11.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1 % per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

## 11.1.9 IP / UL Rating

The drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 3 to 8) or IP55 rating (size 9, 10 and 11) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required).

In order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink with drive sizes 3,4 and 5 it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert.

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two

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digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 11-8 *IP Rating degrees of protection* on page 407.

#### Table 11-8 IP Rating degrees of protection

Fi	rst digit	Second digit				
	Protection against foreign bodies and access to hazardous parts		otection against ingress of water			
0	Non-protected	0	Non-protected			
1	Protected against solid foreign objects of 50 mm $Ø$ and greater (back of a hand)	1	Protected against vertically falling water drops			
2	Protected against solid foreign objects of 12.5 mm Ø and greater (finger)	2	Protected against vertically falling water drops when enclosure tilted up to 15°			
3	Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5 mm Ø and greater (tool)	3	Protected against spraying water			
4	Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0 mm Ø and greater (wire)	4	Protected against splashing water			
5	Dust-protected (wire)	5	Protected against water jets			
6	Dust-tight (wire)	6	Protected against powerful water jets			
7	-	7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water			
8	-	8	Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water			

#### Table 11-9 UL enclosure ratings

UL rating	Description
Туре 1	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.
Type 12	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids.

#### 11.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

- Table A2 of EN 50178:1998
- Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

#### 11.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2011/65/EU for RoHS compliance.

#### 11.1.12 Vibration

Maximum recommended continuous vibration level 0.14 g r.m.s. broadband 5 to 200 Hz.

#### Note

This is the limit for broad-band (random) vibration. Narrow-band vibration at this level which coincides with a structural resonance could result in premature failure.

#### **Bump Test**

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-29: Test Eb:Severity:8 g, 6 ms, half sineNo. of Bumps:600 (100 in each direction of each axis)Index Minetian Test

#### **Random Vibration Test**

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh:
Severity: 1.0 m <sup>2</sup> /s <sup>3</sup> (0.01 g <sup>2</sup> /Hz) ASD from 5 to 20 Hz
-3 dB/octave from 20 to 200 Hz
Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.
Sinusoidal Vibration Test
Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.
Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc:
Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz
 Severity: 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz
10 m/s <sup>2</sup> peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz
15 m/s <sup>2</sup> peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz
Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute
Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.
EN 61800-5-1:2007, Section 5.2.6.4. referring to IEC 60068-2-6
Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz
Amplitude: 10 to 57 Hz at 0.075 mm pk
57 to 150 Hz at 1g p
Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes

### 11.1.13 Starts per hour

By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply:  $\leq$  20 (equally spaced)

#### 11.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Sizes 3 to 6 = 2.5 s Sizes 7 to 11 = 5 s

#### 11.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A, RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

#### 11.1.16 Accuracy and resolution

#### Speed:

The absolute frequency and speed accuracy depends on the accuracy of the crystal used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the crystal is 100 ppm, and so the absolute frequency/speed accuracy is 100 ppm (0.01 %) of the reference, when a preset speed is used. If an analog input is used the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.1 Hz Precision frequency reference: 0.001 Hz

Closed loop resolution

Preset speed reference: 0.1 rpm Precision speed reference: 0.001 rpm Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign

#### Current:

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 %

worst case 5 %

the Motor		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### 11.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan on all drive sizes are a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 11-10 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

#### Table 11-10 Acoustic noise data

Size	Max speed dBA	Min speed dBA
3	62.8	42.9
4	62.6	45.8
5	61.1	41.9
6	65.3	48.2
7	66.8	49.6
8	67.9	49.8
9A/9E/10E	75	52.6
11E	82.5	58

#### 11.1.18 Overall dimensions

- H Height including surface mounting brackets
- W Width
- D Projection forward of panel when surface mounted
- F Projection forward of panel when through-panel mounted
- R Projection rear of panel when through-panel mounted

#### Table 11-11 Overall drive dimensions

Size	Dimension								
Size	Н	w	D	F	R				
3	382 mm (15.04 in)	83 mm (3.27 in)	200 mm	134 mm	67 mm (2.64 in)				
4	391 mm (15.39 in)	124 mm (4.88 in)	(7.87 in)	(5.28 in)	67 mm (2.64 in)				
5	391 mm	143 mm	200 mm 135 mm		67 mm				
	(15.39 in)	(5.63 in)	(7.87 in) (5.32 in)		(2.64 in)				
6	391 mm	210 mm	227 mm	131 mm	96 mm				
	(15.39 in)	(8.27 in)	(8.94 in)	(5.16 in)	(3.78 in)				
7	557 mm	270 mm	280 mm	187 mm	92 mm				
	(21.93 in)	(10.63 in)	(11.02 in)	(7.36 in)	(3.62 in)				
8	804 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	100 mm				
	(31.65 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.94 in)				
9A	1108 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	100 mm				
	(43.61 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.94 in)				
9E and	1069 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	99 mm				
10E	(42.09 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.90 in)				
11E	1242 mm	310 mm	313 mm	190 mm	122 mm				
	(48.9 in)	(12.21 in)	(12.32 in)	(7.48 in)	(4.8 in)				

# 11.1.19 Weights

Table	11-12	Overall	drive	weights
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Size	Model	kg	lb
3	03400104, 03400123	4.5	9.9
5	All other variants	4.0	8.8
4		6.5	14.30
5		7.4	16.30
6		14	30.90
7	All variants	28	61.70
8	All Variants	52	114.64
9A		66.5	146.6
9E/10E		46	101.40
11E		63	138.9

# 11.1.20 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

#### Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

#### Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in Table 11-13.

# Table 11-13 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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Fuses The Ad the red

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 11-14 to Table 11-17 shows the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

### Table 11-14 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	se rating		
Model	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Woder	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	A	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03200066	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20		
03200080	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	~0	20	25	CC Lor T*
03200110	14	17	25	20	20	gG	25	25	CC, J or T*
03200127	16	20	34	25			20		
04200180	17	20	30	25	25		25	25	CC, J or T*
04200250	23	28	41	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J 01 1
05200300	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC, J or T*
06200500	42	48	64	63	63		60	60	CC, J or T*
06200580	49	56	85	03	03	gG	60	00	00, 3011
07200750	58	67	109	80	80		80	80	
07200940	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T*
07201170	91	105	149	125	125		125	125	
08201490	123	137	213	200	200	۳D	200	200	HSJ
08201800	149	166	243	200	200	gR	225	225	пој
09202160	172	205	270	250	250	aP	250	250	HSJ
09202660	228	260	319	315	315	gR	300	300	поj
10203250	277	305	421	400	400	مP	400	400	HSJ
10203600	333	361	494	450	450	gR	450	450	пој

Table 11-15 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	e rating		
<b>M</b> 1 - 1	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum		Nominal	Maximum	
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03400034	5	5	7						
03400045	6	7	9	10	10		10	10	
03400062	8	9	13			~0			CC Lor T*
03400077	11	13	21			gG			CC, J or T*
03400104	12	13	20	20	20		20	20	
03400123	14	16	25						
04400185	17	19	30	25	25	gG	25	25	CC, J or T*
04400240	22	24	35	32	32	yG	30	30	CC, 3 01 1
05400300	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC, J or T*
06400380	32	36	67				40		
06400480	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC, J or T*
06400630	54	60	90				60	-	
07400790	67	74	124	100	100		80	80	
07400940	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T*
07401120	96	105	188	125	125		125	125	
08401550	137	155	267	250	250	۹P	225	225	HSJ
08401840	164	177	303	200	250	gR	225	225	п <b>о</b> ј

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Med Opera		Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
094022	10	211	232		306	315	315		aP	300	3	300	HSJ
0940266	50 ž	245	267		359	315	310		gR	350	3	350	пој
1040320	00 3	306	332		445	400	400	)	gR	400	4	100	HSJ
1040361	10 :	370	397		523	450	450	)	уĸ	450	4	150	1135
1140437	70 ·	424	449		579	500	500						
1140487	70 ·	455	492		613	500	500	,	gR	600	6	600	HSJ
1140507	70	502	539		752	630	630	)					

Table 11-16 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	e rating		
Model	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	А	A	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
05500039	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500061	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC, J or T*
05500100	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500120	12	13	22	20			20		
06500170	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500220	22	24	41	40		gG	30		CC, J or T*
06500270	26	29	50	50		yG	35		00, 3011
06500340	33	37	63	50	63		40	50	
06500430	41	47	76	63			50		
07500530	41	45	75	50	50		50	50	CC, J or T*
07500730	57	62	94	80	80	gG	80	80	00, 3011
08500860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ
08501080	92	104	165	160	160	gr	150	150	1155
09501250	145	166	190	150	150	۳D	150	150	HSJ
09501500	145	166	221	200	200	gR	175	175	пој
10502000	177	197	266	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ
11502480	240	265	327						
11502880	285	310	395	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11503150	313	338	473						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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#### Table 11-17 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

		Maximum	Maximum			Fuse	rating		
Madal	Typical input current	continuous input	overload input	-	IEC			UL / USA	
Model	ourroint	current	current	Nominal	Maximum		Nominal	Maximum	
	Α	А	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
07600230	18	20	32	25			25		
07600300	23	26	41	32	50		30	50	
07600360	28	31	49	40	- 50	~	35		CC, J
07600460	36	39	65	50		gG	50		or T*
07600520	40	44	75		80		50	80	
07600730	57	62	92	80			80		
08600860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ
08601080	92	104	165	160	160	giv	150	150	1100
09601250	124	149	194	150	150	مP	150	150	HSJ
09601550	145	171	226	200	200	gR	200	200	1135
10601720	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ
10601970	202	225	313	250	250	gR	250	250	1135
11602250	225	256	379						
11602750	217	302	425	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11603050	298	329	465						

\* These fuses are fast acting.

# Note

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The following nominal cable sizes are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

#### Table 11-18 Cable ratings (200 V)

			Cable siz mr	· · ·				Cable s A	ize (UL) WG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Out	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200066	1.5			1.5			14		14	
03200080	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10
03200110	4	4	D2		4	BZ	12	10	12	10
03200127	4			4			12		12	
04200180	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04200250	8	0	DZ	8	°	DZ	8	0	8	0
05200300	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8

Safety information	Product information	Mechanic installatic		rical st ation R	Getting tarted / tunning e Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	edia Card eration	Advanced parameters	Technica data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
06200500	) 16		25		2	16	25	B2	4	3		4	3
06200580	) 25		25		2	25	25	DZ	3	3		3	3
07200750	) 35					35			2			2	
07200940	) 33		70	В	32	- 55	70	B2	1	1/0		1	1/0
07201170	70					70			1/0			1/0	
08201490	) 95		x 70	в	2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x	1	3/0	2 x 1
08201800	) 2 x 7		X 70		2	2 x 70	2 × 70	DZ	2 x 1	2 *		2 x 1	2 X 1
09202160	) 2 x 7	0 2	x 185	В	1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 5	00	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09202660	) 2 x 9		x 105		, 1	2 x 120	2 × 150	DZ	2 x 4/0			2 x 4/0	2 × 330
10203250	) 2 x 12		x 185	В	51	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 250	2 x 5		2 x 250	2 x 350
10203600	) 2 x 15	50 2	x 100	(	2	2 x 120	2 X 130	C	2 x 300	2 × 3	200	2 x 300	2 × 330

#### Table 11-19 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size mm						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400034							18		18	
03400045	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400062		4	B2		4	B2		10		10
03400077		4	DZ		4	DZ	14	10	14	10
03400104	2.5			2.5						
03400123							12		12	
04400185	4	6	B2	4	6	B2	10	8	10	8
04400240	6	0	DZ	6	0	DZ	8	0	8	0
05400300	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
06400380	10			10			6		6	
06400480	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400630	25			25			3		3	
07400790	35			35			1		1	
07400940	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401120	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08401550	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401840	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0
09402210	2 x 70	2 x 185	B1	2 x 95	2 x 150	B2	2 x 3/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
09402660	2 x 95	2 X 100	ы	2 x 120	2 × 100	DL	2 x 4/0	2 × 000	2 x 4/0	2 × 000
10403200	2 x 120	2 x 185	С	2 x 120	2 x 150	С	2 x 300	2 x 500	2 x 250	2 x 350
10403610	2 x 150	2 X 100	0	2 x 150	2 × 100	Ŭ	2 x 350	2 × 000	2 x 300	2 × 000
11404370				2 x 185	2 x 185		4 x	3/0		
11404870 11405070	4 >	( 95	С	2 x 240	2 x 240	С	4 x	4/0	2 x	400

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
				the Motor								

Table	11-20	Cable	ratings	(575 V)
Tubic		oubic	raungo	(0,0,1)

			Cable size mm						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500039	0.75			0.75			16		16	
05500061	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16
05500100	1.5			1.5			14		14	
06500120	2.5			2.5			14		14	
06500170	4			4			10		10	
06500220	6	25	B2 -	6	25	B2	10	3	10	3
06500270	10	25			25	DZ	8	3	8	3
06500340	10			10			6		6	
06500430	16						6		6	
07500530	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	- 3	4	- 3
07500730	25	25	DZ	25	25	DZ	3	3	3	3
08500860	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1
08501080	50	50	DZ	50	50	DZ	1	1	1	•
09501250	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350
09501500	2 X 70	2 X 100	DZ	2 x 50	2 X 150	DZ	2 X I	2 X 500	2 x 1	2 X 330
10502000	2 x 70	2 x 185	B2	2 x 70	2 x 150	B2	2 x 2/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
11502480	2 x	c 70		2 >	k 70			2 x	3/0	
11502880	2 x	( 95	С	2 >	c 95	C	2 x 4/0			
11503150	2 x	120		2 x	120			2 x	250	

# Table 11-21 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mr					Cable siz AW		
Model		Input			Output		Input		Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
07600230							8		8	
07600300	10						6		6	
07600360		25	B2		3	6	3			
07600460	16	25	DZ	16	- 25	B2	4	3	4	5
07600520	16			16			4		4	
07600730	25			25			3		3	
08600860	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	4.10
08601080	70	70	DZ	70	70	D2	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0
09601250	2 x 50	0 v 105	B2	2 x 35	2 x 150	B2	2 x 1	2 x 500	2 x 3	2 x 350
09601550	2 x 70	2 x 185	DZ	2 x 50	2 X 150	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 500	2 x 1	2 X 350
10601720	2 x 70	0 + 405	B2	0 70	0 ~ 450	B2	2 x 2/0	0 500	2 x 1/0	0 050
10601970	2 x 95	2 x 185	DZ	2 x 70	2 x 150	D2	2 x 3/0	2 x 500	2 x 2/0	2 x 350
11602250	2 >	< 70		2 x 70			2 x 3/0			
11602750	0.	2 x 95	С	0.	/ OF	С		2 x 4	/0	
11603050	2>	( 95		2 x 95			2 x 250			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 11.1.21 Protective ground cable ratings

## Table 11-22 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm²	Either 10 mm <sup>2</sup> or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
> 10 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
> 16 mm <sup>2</sup> and $\leq$ 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>
> 35 mm²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

#### 11.1.22 Maximum motor cable lengths

#### Table 11-23 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

			200 V Nominal A	C supply voltage			
Model	N	laximum perm	issible motor cable	e length for each of	f the following sw	itching frequenc	ies
woder	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03200066			65 m (210 ft)	)			
03200080	100 m 130 m (425 ft)		0 m (330 ft)			50 m (165 ft)	27 m (120 ft)
03200110			t)	100 m (220 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
03200127	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)			
04200180	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
04200250	200 111	(000 II)	130 m (430 m)	100 m (000 m)	75 m (245 m)	50 m (165 k)	57 m (120 k)
05200300	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06200500	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06200580	200 11	(000 II)	130 m (430 m)	100 111 (000 11)	73 m (243 m)	50 m (105 h)	37 m (120 k)
07200750							
07200940	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
07201170							
08201490	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
08201800	200 11	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	120 m (410 m)	55 m (505 m)	02 m (200 m)	40 m (101 m)
09202160	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
09202660	230 111	250 m (820 ft)		125 111 (4 10 11)	55 m (505 m)	02 m (203 h)	
10203250	250 m	250 m (820 ft)		125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
10203600	200 11	(020 10)	187 m (614 ft)	120 m (410 m)		02 m (200 m)	

		Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Table 11-24 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

		4	00 V Nominal AC s	supply voltage				
Model	Ма	ximum permise	sible motor cable l	ength for each of	f the following sv	vitching frequend	cies	
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz	
03400034		•	65 m (210 ft)					
03400045		100	m (330 ft)				37 m (120 ff	
03400062		130 m (425 ft)	)					
03400077					75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
03400104	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)				
03400123	1	. ,						
04400185	200 m	(660 #)	150 m (400 ft)	100  m (220  ft)	75 m (045 ft)	E0 = (16E ft)	27 m (120 f	
04400240	200 M	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
05400300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
06400380								
06400480	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 f	
06400630								
07400790								
07400940	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
07401120								
08401550	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
08401840	200 m	(02011)		120 m (110 k)		02 m (200 m)	10111 (1011	
09402210	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
09402660	200	(02011)		120 m (110 h)		02 m (200 m)		
10403200	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 f	
10403610	200 m	(02011)		120 m (110 k)		02 m (200 m)	10111(1011	
11404370								
11404870	250 m	250 m (820 ft)		125 m (410 ft)	t) 93 m (305 ft)			
11405070								

Table 11-25 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

		5	75 V Nominal AC s	upply voltage			
Madal	Мах	kimum permiss	ible motor cable le	ength for each of	the following sv	vitching frequen	cies
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
05500039							
05500061	200 m (	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
05500100							
06500120							
06500170							
06500220	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06500270				100 III (330 II)	75111(24511)	50 m (105 m)	37 III (120 II)
06500340							
06500430							
07500530	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
07500730	250 111	(020 ft)	107 111 (014 11)	123 11 (410 11)	90 m (303 m)	02 m (203 m)	40 111 (131 11)
08500860	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
08501080	250 111	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	123 111 (410 11)	90 m (303 m)		40 111 (131 11)
09501250	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
09501500	250 111	(02011)	107 111 (014 11)	123 111 (410 11)	93 III (303 II)		
10502000	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)
11502480							
11502880	250 m	250 m (820 ft)					
11503150							

Diagnostics	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation		Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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		6	90 V Nominal AC s	upply voltage								
Model	Ма	ximum permiss	n permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies									
Woder	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz					
07600230												
07600300												
07600360	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
07600460	250 11	(820 11)	107 111 (014 11)	125 111 (4 10 11)	95 m (305 m)	02 III (203 II)	40 111 (151 11)					
07600520												
07600730												
08600860	250 m	(820 ft)	187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
08601080	250 m	(620 11)	187 111 (014 11)	125 111 (4 10 11)	95 m (305 m)	02 III (203 II)	40 111 (151 11)					
09601250	250 m	(000 #)	187 m (614 ft)	105 m (410 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (203 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
09601550	250 m	250 m (820 ft)		125 m (410 ft)	95 m (305 m)	02 III (203 II)	40 111 (151 11)					
10601720	250 m (820 ft)		107 m (614 ft)	105 m (110 ft)	93 m (305 ft)	62 m (202 ft)	46 m (151 ft)					
10601970	250 m (820 ft)		187 m (614 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	95 m (305 m)	62 m (203 ft)	40 111 (151 11)					
11602250												
11602750	250 m	250 m (820 ft)										
11603050	1											

• Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive.

• The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A and 6 kHz for RFC-S mode.

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in section 4.9.1 *Cable types and lengths* on page 112 if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.9.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 113.

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# Minimum resistances and power ratings for the braking resistor at 40 °C (104 °F)

Table 11-27	7 Braking resistor resistance and power	r rating (200 V)
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Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03200066			0.75
03200080	22	7.7	1.1
03200110		1.1	1.5
03200127			2.2
04200180	18	9.4	3
04200250	10	0.4	4
05200300	19	8.9	5.5
06200500	10	16.9	7.5
06200580	10	10.0	11
07200750	4.5	37.6	15
07200940		01.0	18.5
07201170	4.5	37.6	22
08201490	2.3	73.5	30
08201800	2.0	10.0	37
09202160 (9A)	2	84.5	45
09202660 (9A)	2	04.5	55
09202160 (9E)	1.4	120.8	45
09202660(9E)	1.4	120.0	55
10203250	1.7	99.5	75
10203600	1.7	00.0	90

Table 11-28 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (400 V)	ble 11-28 Braking r	sistor resistance and	power rating (400 V)
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Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
03400034			0.75
03400045	74	9.2	1.1
03400062	74	5.2	1.5
03400077			2.2
03400104	50	13.6	3
03400123	50	15.0	4
04400185	37	18.3	5.5
04400240	57	10.5	7.5
05400300	40	16.9	11
06400380			15
06400480	20	33.8	18.5
06400630			22
07400790		90.2	30
07400940	7.5		37
07401120			45
08401550	6.3	107.4	55
08401840	0.0	101.4	75
09402210 (9A)	3.6	187.8	90
09402660 (9A)	0.0	107.0	110
09402210 (9E)	2.6	260	90
09402660 (9E)	2.0	200	110
10403200	3.1	218.1	132
10403610	0.1	210.1	160
11404370	1.83	369.4	185
11404870	1.2	563.4	200
11405070	1.2	565.4	250

Table 11-29 Brak	ing resistor res	sistance and powe	r rating (575 V)
Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
05500039			1.5
05500061	80	12.1	2.2
05500100			4
06500120			5.5
06500170			7.5
06500220	15	64.1	11
06500270	15	04.1	15
06500340			18.5
06500430			22
07500530	11	87.4	30
07500730		07.4	37
08500860	5.5	174.8	45
08501080	5.5	174.0	55
09501250 (9A)	5.1	188.5	75
09501500(9A)	5.1	100.0	90
09501250 (9E)	3.3	291.3	75
09501500 (9E)	3.3	291.3	90
10502000	3.3	291.3	110
11502480			150
11502880	1.83	525.2	185
11503150			225

#### Table 11-30 Braking resistor resistance and power rating (690 V)

Model	Minimum resistance*	Instantaneous power rating	Continuous power rating
	Ω	kW	kW
07600230			15
07600300			18.5
07600360	13	107.3	22
07600460	15	107.5	30
07600520			37
07600730			45
08600860	5.5	253.5	55
08601080	5.5	200.0	75
09601250(9A)	6.5	214.5	90
09601500(9A)	0.0	214.5	110
09601250(9E)	4.2	331.9	90
09601500 (9E)	4.2	551.9	110
10601720	4.2	331.9	132
10601970	3.8	366.8	160
11602250			185
11602750	2.2	633.6	200
11603050			250

\* Resistor tolerance: ±10 %

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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# 11.1.23 Torque settings

Table 11-31 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

#### Table 11-32 Drive power terminal data

Pump	AC and mot	or terminals	DC ter	minals	Ground terminals		
DrivePump Drive F600 frame size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	
3 and 4	Plug-in ter	minal block	Т20 То	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	
5 810 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	
5	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M4 Nut (7 mm AF)		M5 Nut (8 mm AF)		
5	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	
0	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	
,	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	
8 to 11	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (*	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)		17 mm AF)	
0.011	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	

#### Table 11-33 Plug-in terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size		
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm² (16 AWG)		
All	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)		
3	6 way AC power connector	$6 \text{ mm}^2$ (10 A)M(G)		
4		6 mm² (10 AWG)		
5	3 way AC power connector 3 way motor connector	8 mm² (8 AWG)		
6				
7				
8	2 way low voltage power 24 V supply connector	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)		
9A/9E				
10E/11E				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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### 11.1.24 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the EMC Data Sheet which can be obtained from the supplier of the drive.

#### Table 11-34 Immunity compliance

Standard	Type of immunity	Test specification	Application	Level
IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge	6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3	Radio frequency radiated field	10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-4	Fast transient burst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp	Control lines	Level 4 (industrial harsh)
EN61000-4-4	Fast transient purst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency by direct injection	Power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
		Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to ground	Level 4
IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5	Surges	Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to line	Level 3
		Lines to ground	Signal ports to ground <sup>1</sup>	Level 2
IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6	Conducted radio frequency	10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Control and power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips and interruptions	-30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s	AC power ports	
IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6-1:2007	Generic immunity star industrial environment	ndard for the residential, commercial and light -		Complies
IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6-2:2005	Generic immunity star	ndard for the industrial environment		Complies
IEC61800-3 EN61800-3:2004	Product standard for a (immunity requiremen	adjustable speed power drive systems ts)	Meets immunity requirements	ents for first and

<sup>1</sup> See section Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 130 for control ports for possible requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection

#### Emission

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

#### Table 11-35 Size 3 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)								
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16		
Using internal fi	ilter:								
0 – 2		C3			С	4			
Using internal fi	ilter and fe	errite ring	(2 turns	s):					
0 – 10		C3		C4					
10-20		C3			С	4			
Using external	filter:								
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3		

#### Table 11-36 Size 3 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)										
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal f	Using internal filter:										
0 – 5	C3 C4										
Using internal f	ilter and f	errite ring	g (2 turr	ıs):							
0 – 10			C3			С	:4				
Using external	filter:										
0 – 20	C1 C1 C2 C2 C2 C2 C2										
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

		installation	installati	the	nning Motor	parameters			Operation		meters	data	المراجع		ormatic
able 11-37 S	ize 4 em		•	•				Table 11-41 S	ize 5 emis		•	•			
Motor cable		Sw	itching F	reque	ncy (k	Hz)		Motor cable		Sw	witching Frequency (			lz)	r
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16	length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16
Using internal	filter:							Using internal	filter:						
0 – 2		С	-			C4		-	C4						
Using internal	filter and	ferrite rin	ig (2 turn	s):				Using internal	filter and f	errite rii	ng (2 tui	rns):			
0 – 4	(	C3			C4			0 – 4		C3			C	C4	
Using external	l filter:							0 – 2			C3			C	;4
0 - 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	Using externa	l filter:		-		-		
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	С
able 11-38 S	ize 4 em	ission co	mplianc	e (400	V driv	es)		20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C
	1		itching F	•		,	·	Table 11-42 S	ize 6 emis	sion c	ompliar	nce (200	V drive	es)	
Motor cable length (m)								-			-	Freque			
• • •	_	3	4	6	8	12	16	Motor cable length (m)				· ·	• ·	<i>.</i>	
Using internal	filter:					~ /		5 ( )	2	3	4	6	8	12	1
0 – 4		C3				C4		Using internal							
Using internal	1		ig (2 turn	s):				0 – 2	C3		C4				
0 – 10		C3			C4			Using internal	filter and f	errite rii		rn – no a	advantag		
Using externa	T							0 – 2			C3	1		-	:4
0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	0 – 5		C3	1		-	:4	
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	0 – 7	C3	3			C4		
able 11-39 S	9 Size 5 emission compliance (200 V drives) $0-10$ C3 C4														
Motor cable		Sw	itching F	reauer	ncv (k	Hz)		Using externa			I	•	I	1	
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16	0 – 20	C1	C1	C2	C2	C2	C2	С
Using internal	_	3	-	•	Ū	12		20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	С
		C3			C4			Table 11-43 S	ize 6 emis	sion c	ompliar	nce (400	V drive	es)	
0-2		55							-	Sw	vitching	Freque	ncy (kH	lz)	
Lleing interna	l filtor an	d forrito ri	na (1 tur	n - no q	advant	and to 2 ti		Motor cable			•			, 	1
Using interna	l filter an	d ferrite ri		n – no a	advant	- -		Motor cable length (m)	2		4	6	8	12	
0 - 2	l filter an		ng (1 tur C3	n – no a		C		length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	1
0 - 2 $0 - 5$		C3		n – no a		- -		<b>length (m)</b> Using internal	-	3	4	6	-		
$\begin{array}{r} 0 - 2 \\ 0 - 5 \\ 0 - 7 \end{array}$	(				C4	C		length (m) Using internal 0 – 4	filter:		4		C	<b>12</b>	1
$ \begin{array}{c} 0 - 2 \\ 0 - 5 \\ 0 - 7 \\ 0 - 10 \end{array} $	C3	C3		n – no a C4	C4	C		<b>length (m)</b> Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10	filter: C3	<b>3</b> C3			-		
0 - 2 $0 - 5$ $0 - 7$ $0 - 10$ Using external	C3	C3 C3	C3	C4	C4	C4	4	length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10 No advantage	filter: C3 to using fe	<b>3</b> C3			C		
0 - 2 $0 - 5$ $0 - 7$ $0 - 10$ Using external $0 - 20$	C3 filter: C1	C3 23 C1	C3	C2	C4 4 C2	C4 C4 C2	4  C2	length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external	filter: C3 to using fe	3 C3 errite rin	ng	C	C 24	24	
0 - 2 $0 - 5$ $0 - 7$ $0 - 10$ Using external	C3	C3 C3	C3	C4	C4	C4	4	length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10 No advantage Using external 0-20	filter: C3 to using fe filter: C1	3 C3 errite rin	ng C2	C2	C2	C2	С
0 - 2 $0 - 5$ $0 - 7$ $0 - 10$ Using external $0 - 20$	C3 C3 filter: C1 C2	C3 C3 C1 C2	C3 C2 C2 C3	C2 C2 C3	C4 4 C2 C3	C4 C4 C2 C3	4  C2	length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external	filter: C3 to using fe	3 C3 errite rin	ng	C	C 24	24	С
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100	C3 C3 filter: C1 C2	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission co	C3 C2 C2 C3	C2 C2 C3 ce (400	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv	C4	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10 No advantage Using external 0-20	filter: C3 to using fe filter: C1 C2	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2	ng C2 C3	C2 C3	C2 C3	C2 C3	С
0 - 2 $0 - 5$ $0 - 7$ $0 - 10$ Using external $0 - 20$ $20 - 100$ Table 11-40 S	C3 C3 filter: C1 C2	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission co	C3 C2 C3 C3 omplianc	C2 C2 C3 ce (400	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv	C4	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10 No advantage Using external 0-20 20-100	filter: C3 to using fe filter: C1 C2	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 esion co	ng C2 C3 ompliar	C2 C3	C2 C3 C3 V drive	C2 C3 es)	С
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable	C3 filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw	C3 C2 C3 C3 omplianc	C2 C3 ce (400	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv	C2 C2 C3 C3 es) Hz)	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0 – 4 0 – 10 No advantage Using external 0 – 20 20 – 100 Table 11-44 S	filter: C3 to using fe filter: C1 C2	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 esion co	ng C2 C3 ompliar	C2 C3 C3	C2 C3 C3 V drive	C2 C3 es)	
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m)	C3 filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw	C3 C2 C3 C3 omplianc	C2 C3 ce (400	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl	C2 C2 C3 C3 es) Hz)	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10 No advantage Using externa 0-20 20-100 Table 11-44 S Motor cable length (m)	C3           filter:           C3           to using fe           filter:           C1           C2           ize 6 emis           2	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 ssion co Sw	ng C2 C3 ompliar ritching	C2 C3 C3 Freque	C2 C3 C3 S V drive	C2 C3 C3 C3	C
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal	C3 filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3	C3 C2 C3 C3 omplianc	C2 C3 ce (400	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl	C2 C2 C3 es) Hz) 12	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0 – 4 0 – 10 No advantage Using external 0 – 20 20 – 100 Table 11-44 S Motor cable	C3           filter:           C3           to using fe           filter:           C1           C2           ize 6 emis           2	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 ssion co Sw	ng C2 C3 ompliar ritching	C2 C3 C3 Freque	C2 C3 C3 S V drive	C2 C3 C3 C3	C C
0-2 0-5 0-7 0-10 Using external 0-20 20-100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10	C3           filter:           C1           C2           ize 5 em           filter:           C           C3	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3 C3	C2 C3 C2 C3 omplianc itching F 4	C2 C3 ce (400 requer 6	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl	C2 C2 C3 es) Hz) 12	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-44 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal -	C3           to using fe           filter:           C1           C2           ize 6 emis           filter:           2           filter:           C4	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 esion co Sw 3	ng C2 C3 ompliar vitching 4	C2 C3 C3 Freque 6	C2 C3 C3 S V drive	C2 C3 C3 C3	C
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage	C3 filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em filter: 2 filter: C3 to using	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3 C3	C2 C3 C2 C3 omplianc itching F 4	C2 C3 ce (400 requer 6	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl	C2 C2 C3 es) Hz) 12	4 C2 C3	length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10 No advantage Using externa 0-20 20-100 Table 11-44 S Motor cable length (m)	C3           to using fe           filter:           C1           C2           ize 6 emis           filter:           2           filter:           C4	3 C3 C1 C2 c2 c2 c3 c1 c2 c2 c3 c2 c3 c2 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3	ng C2 C3 ompliar vitching 4	C2 C3 C3 Freque 6	C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C4 C4 C2 C3 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4	C2 C3 C3 C3	C
0-2 0-5 0-7 0-10 Using external 0-20 20-100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal 0-4 0-10	C3 filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em filter: 2 filter: C3 to using	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3 C3	C3 C2 C3 mplianc itching F 4	C2 C3 re (400 requer 6	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl 8	C2 C2 C3 es) 12 C4	4 C2 C3 16	length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using externa 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-44 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal - Using internal	C3           to using fe           filter:           C1           C2           ize 6 emis           filter:           2           filter:           C4	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 esion co Sw 3	C2 C3 ompliar ritching 4	C2 C3 C3 Freque 6	C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C4 C4 C2 C3 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4	C2 C3 es) 12 24	C C
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external	C3 filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em filter: C3 to using filter:	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3 C3 ferrite rin	C2 C3 C2 C3 omplianc itching F 4	C2 C3 ce (400 requer 6	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl	C2 C2 C3 es) Hz) 12	4 C2 C3	length (m)           Using internal           0 - 4           0 - 10           No advantage           Using external           0 - 20           20 - 100           Table 11-44 S           Motor cable           length (m)           Using internal           -           Using internal           0 - 4	Image: constraint of the constr	3 C3 C1 C2 c2 c2 c3 c1 c2 c2 c3 c2 c3 c2 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3	ng C2 C3 ompliar vitching 4	C2 C3 C3 Freque 6	C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C4 C4 C2 C3 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4	C2 C3 es) 12 24	
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external 0 - 20	filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em 2 filter: C3 to using filter: C3	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3 C3 ferrite rin	C2 C3 C2 C3 omplianc itching F 4 g C2	C2 C3 ce (400 requer 6 C2	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl 8 4 C2	C2 C2 C3 es) 12 C4 C2 C2 C2	4 C2 C3 16 C2 C2	Iength (m)           Using internal           0 - 4           0 - 10           No advantage           Using external           0 - 20           20 - 100           Table 11-44 S           Motor cable length (m)           Using internal           -           Using internal           0 - 4           0 - 2           Using internal           0 - 2           Using internal	Image: constraint of the constr	3 C3 C1 C2 c2 c2 c3 c1 c2 c2 c3 c2 c3 c2 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3 c3	C2 C3 ompliar ritching 4	C2 C3 C3 Freque 6	C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C4 C4 C2 C3 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4	C2 C3 es) 12 24	
0 - 2 0 - 5 0 - 7 0 - 10 Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-40 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external 0 - 20	filter: C1 C2 ize 5 em 2 filter: C3 to using filter: C3	C3 C3 C1 C2 ission cc Sw 3 C3 ferrite rin	C2 C3 C2 C3 omplianc itching F 4 g C2	C2 C3 ce (400 requer 6 C2	C4 4 C2 C3 V driv ncy (kl 8 4 C2	C2 C2 C3 es) 12 C4 C2 C2 C2	4 C2 C3 16 C2 C2	length (m) Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 10 No advantage Using external 0 - 20 20 - 100 Table 11-44 S Motor cable length (m) Using internal - Using internal 0 - 4 0 - 2	Image: constraint of the constr	3 C3 errite rin C1 C2 esion c Sw 3 errite rin C3	ng C2 C3 ompliar ritching 4 ng (2 tui C3	C2 C3 C3 Freque 6	C2 C3 V drive ency (kH 8	C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3	1 0 1

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#### Table 11-45 Size 7 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter										
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filte	r:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-46 Size 7 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter	:									
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filte	r:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-47 Size 7 emission compliance (575 and 690 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter	:									
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filte	r:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-48 Size 8 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter	:									
0 – 10	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			
Using external filte	r:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-49 Size 8 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter	:									
0 – 10	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			
Using external filte	r:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-50 Size 8 emission compliance (575 V and 690 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter	:									
0 – 100	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4	C4			
Using external filte	r:									
0 – 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-51 Size 9E and 10E emission compliance (all voltages)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal filter										
0 – 100	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			
Using external filter	r:									
0 - 20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2			
20 – 100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

#### Table 11-52 Size 11 emission compliance (all voltages)

Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8						
Using internal filte	Using internal filter:										
0 – 50	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3						
100	C3	C3	C3	C3	C4						
Using external filte	Using external filter:										
20	C2	C2	C2	C2	C2						
100	C2	C2	C3	C3	C3						

Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

- E2R EN 61800-3 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)
- E2U EN 61800-3 second environment, unrestricted distribution
  - Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4 EN 61800-3 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3)



Т

This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be CAUTION required to take adequate measures.

R Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3

EN 61800-3 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of drives

#### EN 61800-3:2004+A1:2012

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

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Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Category	Definition	Corresponding code used above
C1	Intended for use in the first or second environments	R
C2	Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment	I
C3	Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment	E2U
C4	Intended for use in the second environment in a system rated at over 400 A, or in a complex system	E2R

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

				Getting								
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# **11.2 Optional external EMC filters**

# Table 11-53 EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272
05200300	4200-0312
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460
400 V	
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252
05400300	4200-0402
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400
575 V	
05500039 to 05500100	4200-0122
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210
10502000	4200-2210
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690
690 V	
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690

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# 11.2.1 EMC filter ratings

# Table 11-54 Optional external EMC filter details

		continuous	Voltage	e rating			ssipation	Ground lea	akage	
	cur	rent				at rated current		Balanced supply		Discharge
CT part number	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	IEC	UL	IP rating	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground	Worst case	resistors
	Α	Α	v	v		w	w	mA	mA	MΩ
4200-3230	20	18.5	250	300		20	17	2.4	60	
4200-0272	27	24.8	250	300		33	28	6.8	137	
4200-0312	31	28.5	250	300		20	17	2.0	80	
4200-2300	55	51	250	300		41	35	4.2	69	
4200-3480	16	15	528	600	20	13	11	10.7	151	1.68
4200-0252	25	23	528	600	20	28	24	11.1	182	1.00
4200-0402	40	36.8	528	600		47	40	18.7	197	
4200-4800	63	58	528	600		54	46	11.2	183	
4200-0122	12	11	760	600						
4200-3690	42	39	760	600		45	39	12	234	

# 11.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

### Table 11-55 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

			Dimens	ion (mm)			Weight		
CT part number	I	Н		W		D	- we	igni	
	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	kg	lb	
4200-3230	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	1.9	4.20	
4200-0272	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.0	8.82	
4200-0312	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-2300	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.5	14.30	
4200-3480	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	2.0	4.40	
4200-0252	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.1	9.04	
4200-0402	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-4800	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.7	14.80	
4200-0122	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13	
4200-3690	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	7.0	15.40	
4200-1132	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	5.9	6.0	13.20	
4200-0672	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	5.9	6.2	13.70	
4200-1972	300	11.81	120	4.72	170	6.69	9.6	21.10	
4200-1662	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	8.07	9.4	20.70	
4200-3021	339	13.34	230	9.06	120	4.72	11	24.25	
4200-4460	105	4.13	360	14.2	245	9.65	12	26.50	
4200-0400	135	5.32	386	15.2	260	10.2	14.7	32.41	
4200-1660	360	14.7	245	9.65	105	4.13	5.2	11.46	
4200-2210	105	4.13	360	14.2	245	9.65	10.3	22.71	
4200-0690	135	5.32	386	15.2	260	10.2	16.75	36.90	

Cafaty	Deaduat	Mechanical	Ele etricel	Getting	Denie	Eurotional		NV/Madia Cand	Advensed	Technical		LIL listing
Safety information	Product information	installation	Electrical installation	started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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# 11.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

Table 11-56 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data

OT word work box		Power connections		Ground co	nnections	
CT part number	Bar hole diameter	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque	
4200-1132		50 mm <sup>2</sup>	8.0 N m			
4200-0672		(1/0 AWG)	(6.0lb ft)	M10	18 N m	
4200-1972		95 mm²	20 N m	IVI I U	(13.3 lb ft)	
4200-1662		(3/0 AWG)	(14.8 lb ft)			
4200-0122			2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)			
4200-0252		16 mm²			4.8 N m	
4200-0272		(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	M6	(2.8 lb ft)	
4200-0312	N/A	(1.4 lb ft)				
4200-0402						
4200-3230		4 mm² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	3.0 N m	
4200-3480		4 mm² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(2.2 lb ft)	
4200-2300		10 0				
4200-4800		16 mm² (6 AWG)	2.3 N m (1.70 lb ft)	M6	4.8 N m (2.8 lb ft)	
4200-3690		(0 AWO)	(1.701010)		(2.0 10 11)	
4200-3021	10.8 mm					
4200-4460	11 mm			M10	18 N m	
4200-1660	10.8 mm	N/A	30 N m (22.1 lb ft)	IVITO	(13.3 lb ft)	
4200-2210	4200-2210         11 mm           4200-0400         10.5 mm	IN/ <i>I</i> A	50 N III (22. I ID II)			
4200-0400				M12	25 N m	
4200-0690	4200-0690 10.5 mm			IVI 1Z	(18.4 lb ft)	

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# 12 Diagnostics

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

- Trip indications
- Alarm indications
- Status indications

# 12.1 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, where a KI-Keypad is being used, the upper row of the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the lower row of the keypad display will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string unless there is space on the second row for both the trip string and the sub-trip number in which case both the trip string and sub-trip information is displayed separated by a decimal place.

The back-light of the KI-Keypad display will also flash during a trip condition. If a display is not being used, the drive LED Status indicator will flash with 0.5 s duty cycle if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 13-2.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 12-3 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr **10.001** 'Drive Healthy' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr **10.020** providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF20) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 12-4 to identify the specific trip.

#### Example

- 1. Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- 2. Checking Table 12-3 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- 3. Look up Over Volts in Table 12-3.
- 4. Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

# 12.2 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 12-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

#### Table 12-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

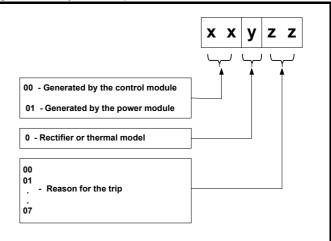
Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
OI Brake	Power Comms
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	Temp Feedback
OHt Power	Power Data
OHt Control	

The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a single drive (not part of a multi-power module drive), if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module (if xx is non zero). For a control system trip (xx is zero), the y digit, where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

#### Figure 12-1 Key to sub-trip number



For example, if the drive has tripped and the lower line of the display shows 'OHt Control.2', with the help Table 12-2 below the trip can be interpreted as; an over temperature has been detected; the trip was generated by fault in the control module, the control board thermistor 2 over temperature.

#### Table 12-2 Sub-trip identification

Source	хх	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	Control board thermistor 3 over temperature

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# 12.3 Trips, Sub-trip numbers

# Table 12-3 Trip indications

Trip		Diagnosis							
An Input 1 Loss	Analog input 1	current loss							
		trip indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 1 (Terminal 5, 6). In 4-20 mA odes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.							
	Recommended	actions:							
28		ol wiring is correct							
		ol wiring is undamaged							
	<ul> <li>Check the Analog Input 1 Mode (07.007)</li> <li>Current signal is present and greater than 3 mA</li> </ul>								
An Input 2 Loss	Analog input 2								
	An Input 2 Loss	indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 2 (Terminal 7). In 4-20 mA and loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.							
	Recommended a								
29	<ul><li>Check control</li><li>Check the A</li></ul>	ol wiring is correct ol wiring is undamaged nalog Input 2 Mode (07.011)							
	-	al is present and greater than 3 mA							
An Output Calib	<u> </u>	calibration failed							
	failed or a voltag	calibration of one or both of the analogue outputs has failed. This indicates that the drive hardware has e is applied to the output via a low impedance, possibly due to a wiring error. The failed output can be sub-trip number.							
	Sub-trip	Reason							
	1	Output 1 failed (Terminal 9)							
219	2	Output 2 failed (Terminal 10)							
	Remove all t	<b>actions:</b> iring associated with analog outputs the wiring that is connected to analog outputs and perform a re-calibration by power cycling the drive. s replace the drive							
App Menu Changed		table for an application module has changed							
	The App Menu C	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that ed can be identified by the sub-trip number.							
	Sub-trip	Reason							
	1	Menu 18							
	2	Menu 19							
217	3	Menu 20							
	If more than one menu has changed the lowest menu has priority. Drive user parameters must be saved to prevent this trip on the next power-up.								
	Recommended	actions:							
	Reset the tri	p and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings							
Assist 1 Cycle	Soft Starter Ass	sist 1 starting too many times in an hour							
121	This trip is called by the Pump software in the event of Soft Starter Assist 1 starting too many times in an hour as defined be Assist Starts Per Hour ( <b>29.120</b> ). This trip is only active when Assist Over-cycle Mode ( <b>29.121</b> ) = Trip and the Pump Control Mode ( <b>29.011</b> ) = Cascade.								
Assist 2 Cycle	Soft Starter Ass	sist 2 starting too many times in an hou							
122		by the Pump software in the event of Soft Starter Assist 2 starting too many times in an hour as defined by <i>Hour</i> ( <b>29.120</b> ). This trip is only active when <i>Assist Over-cycle Mode</i> ( <b>29.121</b> ) = <i>Trip and the Pump Control</i> Cascade.							

Safety information	Product information		Electrical stallation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Т	rip		Diagnosis											
Auto	otune 1	Position fe	Position feedback did not change or required speed could not be reached The drive has tripped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.											
		The drive h	as trippe	ed during	an autotune	e. The cause	e of the trip c	an be identifie	d from the s	sub-trip n	umber.			
		Sub-trip			Rea	son			Recom	nended a	actions			
		1				not change v ing rotating	when position autotune.	h brake is re Check that	Ensure that the motor is free to turn (i.e. mechanical brake is released). Check that the position feedback is selected correctly and operates correctly.					
		2					peed during leasurement	static load		is not too	turn and tha large for the			
		3	found Only p	during a r	otating auto edback dev	-tune with a rice.	could not be Commutatio	п Спеск тпат	Check that the position feedback signals are connected correctly.					
		4			ovement an al movemen		be produced	Reduce the	Reduce the angular movement required.					
	11	5		uning can		mal movem he motor flu	ent test durin x position	-	Reduce the angular movement required.					
		6	station	-	-		wice during not within 30	a excessive test reduce Otherwise	If a minimal movement test is being used and excessive motor movement is occurring during the test reduce the required angle movement. Otherwise try and increase the required angle movement.					
		7	is sele still mo thresh	The motor is moving when a phasing test on enable is selected and the drive is enabled, but the motor is still moving at a speed above the zero speed threshold.					Ensure that the motor is stationary before the drive is enabled.					
		9	During the final stage of the minimal movement phasing test with a constrained motor it was not possible to achieve the required movement.Reduce the angular movement required							required.				
Auto	otune 2	Position fe						- fuite - 1 - 1	1			4		
		number.	as trippe	a during	a rotating a	utotune. The	e trip can be ic	dentified fro	m the ass	sociated sub	-trip			
		Sub-tri	р					Reason						
		1		e position otune	feedback o	lirection is ir	ncorrect whe	n position feed	back is bei	ng used c	luring a rotat	ting		
	12	2	2 A SINCOS encoder with comms is being used for po in the opposite direction to the sine wave based pos						back and t	he comm	s position is	rotating		
		Check f	motor ca feedbacł	ıble wiring	g is correct viring is cor ses	rect								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrica installatio		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostic	UL listing information					
т	rip						Diagnos	is								
Auto	otune 3	Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction														
			The drive has tripped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be identified from the associated sub-trip number.													
		Sub-trip Reason														
		1 Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement														
		2 The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune 3 The mechanical load test has been unable to identify the motor inertia														
	10	3	1	he mechan	ical load te	st has been	unable to ide	entify the moto	r inertia							
	13	Recomm	nended a	ctions for	sub-trip 2:											
				cable wiring Ick device L		commutatior	signal wiring	g is correct								
		Recomm	Recommended actions for sub-trip 3:													
				est level.												
			• If the test was carried out at standstill repeat the test with the motor rotating within the recommended speed ran U commutation signal did not change during a rotating auto-tune													
Auto	otune 4			_	-	_	_									
	14	Commuta	ation Onl	y encoder) a				ot change duri		vo, FR Servo, SC Se ig auto-tune.	FVO OF					
		<b>Recommended actions:</b> Check feedback device U commutation signal wiring is correct (Encoder terminals 7 and 8).														
Auto	otune 5	V commutation signal did not change during a rotating auto-tune														
				-			-		/o, FD Serv	vo, FR Servo, SC Se	ervo or					
	15	Commutation Only encoder) and the V commutation signal did not change during a rotating auto-tune.														
	15	Recommended actions:														
		Check fee	edback o	levice V cor	nmutation s	signal wiring	is correct (E	ncoder termin	als 9 and 1	0).						
Auto	otune 6			-			otating auto									
	16	Commuta	ation Onl	y encoder) a		-	-	ed (i.e AB Serv ot change dur		vo, FR Servo, SC Se ng auto-tune.	Prvo or					
		Recomm			mmutation		in correct (F	Encoder termir	olo 11 ond	10)						
Auto	otune 7					<b>°</b>	ution set inc			12).	<u></u>					
Auto		An Autoti	une 7 trip	is initiated	during a ro		ine, if the mo	-	e position f	feedback resolution	have been					
	17	Recommended actions:														
			•	r revolution mber of pole												
Autotun	e Stopped	Autotune	e test st	opped befo	re comple	tion										
		The drive	e was pre	evented from	n completin	g an autotur	ie test, becau	use either the	drive enabl	e or the drive run we	ere removed					
	18	Recomm														
					<b>U</b>	,	active during during auto	g the autotune tune								
Bkgroun	d Watchdg	Backgro	und tasl	taking lon	iger than 1	5s to execu	ite									
1	23	This trip i	s called	by the Pum	p software i	n the event	of the Backg	round task tak	ing longer	than 15 s to execute	).					
Brake F	R Too Hot	Braking	resistor	overload ti	imed out (I	<sup>2</sup> t)										
	19	Accumula ( <b>10.031</b> ) Accumula	ator ( <b>10.</b> and <i>Bral</i> ator ( <b>10.</b>	<b>)39</b> ) is calcu king Resisto <b>)39</b> ) reache	llated using Tr Resistanc	Braking Re	sistor Rated	Power ( <b>10.03</b> 0	), Braking	Braking Resistor The Resistor Thermal Tii Ihen Braking Resisto	me Constan					
	13	Recomm														
		• If an	external	thermal pro	tection dev	ice is being		-		e overload protectior	ı is not					
C	AM	CAM		,												
		Not applie														

Safety information	Product information		lectrical started / stallation Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information					
	rip					Diagnos	is									
Card F	ile Error	Card File E	-													
1	185	when the file	ation in the card he e is from a SMART	•				,	-		also occur					
Card U	lser Prog	Card User F	•													
1	177	An attempt h	has been made to has been made to		•		lrive to a card,	but there is	s no user	program pre	sent in the					
Caro	d Busy	drive.	Card cannot be av	cossod a	s it is boing	haccossed	ov an option i	modulo								
Garc	i Busy		NV Media Card cannot be accessed as it is being accessed by an option module The Card Busy trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a file on NV Media Card, but the NV Media C													
1	178	-	already being accessed by an option module. No data is transferred. Recommended actions:													
		Wait for	the option module	e to finish a	ccessing th	e NV Media	Card and re-a	ttempt the r	equired fu	unction						
Card D	erivative	NV Media C	NV Media Card file/data is different to the one in the drive													
1	188		A parameter difference file is being written to the drive, but the value of <i>Drive Derivative</i> ( <b>11.028</b> ) in the file header is different to the value in the drive.													
Card Da	ata Exists	NV Media C	Card data locatior	n already o	contains da	ita										
1	179	An attempt i	is being made to w	vrite to a fil	e that alrea	dy exists.										
Card F	ile Data		Card parameter se		-											
	187	The drive m	node, required defa	aults or pro	duct type in	a paramete	r difference file	e are not co	mpatible v	vith the drive	9					
Carc	d Error		Card data structu													
		the data stru (if it exists) a created, and	The <i>Card Error</i> trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access a NV media card, but an error has been detected in the data structure on the card. Resetting this trip will cause the drive to erase the <mcdf> folder from the NV media card (if it exists) and create the correct folder structure. On an SD card, whilst this trip is still present, missing directories will be created, and if the header file is missing it will be created. The following sub-trip numbers are used with this trip:           Sub-trip</mcdf>													
		· · ·	Sub-trip         Reason           1         The required folder and file structure is not present													
1	182	1				e is not pres	ent									
		3														
		Recommended actions:														
		<ul> <li>Erase al</li> <li>Ensure 1</li> <li>Replace</li> </ul>	II the data block ar the card is located e the NV Media Ca	l correctly	npt the proc	ess										
Car	d Full	NV Media C														
			ull trip indicates the ice left on the card		npt has bee	n made to cr	eate a data blo	ock on a N∖	′ Media Ca	ard, but ther	e is not					
1	84	Recommen	Recommended actions:													
			a data block or the lifferent NV Media		Media Carc	l to create sp	ace									
Card	No Data		Card data not four													
		The Card No No data is tr	<i>lo Data</i> trip indicate	es that an a	attempt has	been made	to access non-	-existent file	e or block	on a NV Me	dia Card.					
1	183		ided actions:													
		Ensure	Ensure data block number is correct													
Card	Option	NV Media C	Card trip; option r	nodules ir	nstalled are	different b	etween sourc	e drive and	d destinat	tion drive						
		The Card O the drive, bu data transfe the values fr	<i>Option</i> trip indicates ut the option modu er, but is a warning from the card. This	that parar le categori that the da	neter data o es are diffe ata for the o	or default different between otion module	erence data is source and do s that are diffe	being trans estination d rent will be	ferred fro rives. This set to the	m a NV Meo s trip does n default valu	ot stop the					
1	180		nded actions:													
		<ul><li>Ensure t</li><li>Press th</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure the correct option modules are installed.</li> <li>Ensure the option modules are in the same option module slot as the parameter set stored.</li> <li>Press the red reset button to acknowledge that the parameters for one or more of the option modules installed will be at their default values</li> </ul>													
		This trip	o can be suppresse	ed by settir	ng Pr <b>mm.0</b>	<b>00</b> to 9666 a	nd resetting th	e drive.								

Safety information	Product information		Electrical st stallation R	etting arted / inning Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Т	rip						Diagnos	is					
Card I	Product	NV Media											
		If <i>Drive Derivative</i> ( <b>11.028</b> ) or <i>Product Type</i> ( <b>11.063</b> ) are different between the source and target drives then this trip is initiated either at power-up or when the card is accessed. It will have one of the following sub-trip numbers:											
		Sub-trip         Reason											
			1 If <i>Drive Derivative</i> ( <b>11.028</b> ) is different between the source and target drives, this trip is initiated eithe power-up or when the SD Card is accessed. Data is still transferred, since this is a warning trip; the can be suppressed by entering code 9666 in parameter xx.000, and resetting the drive (this applies warning suppression flag to the card).										
1	75	2	If <i>Product Type</i> ( <b>11.063</b> ) is different between the source and target drives or if corruption is deter									p can	
		3	A Unidrive SP parameter value was found that has no equivalent parameter on the destination drive. Data is still transferred, since this is a warning trip; the trip can be suppressed by entering code 9666 in Pr <b>xx.000</b> , and resetting the drive (this applies the warning suppression flag to the card).										
		Recomme	Recommended actions:										
			different NV p can be su			ng Pr <b>mm.0</b> 0	<b>00</b> to 9666 ar	nd resetting the	e drive				
Card	Rating	NV Media	Card Trip;	The vo	ltage and	/ or current	rating of the	e source and	destinatio	n drives a	are differen	t	
1	86	and / or vol Pr <b>mm.000</b> not stop the destination <b>Recommen</b>	ltage ratings set to 8yyy e data trans	are di ) is atte er but <b>ns:</b>	ifferent betw empted bet is a warning	ween source ween the da	and destina ata block on a	erred from a N tion drives. Th NV Media Ca meters with th	is trip also a rd and the	applies if a drive. The	a compare ( e Card Rating	using g trip does	
					• •	•		sferred correct nd resetting the					
Card R	ead Only	NV Media	Card has tl	ie Rea	d Only bit	set							
		block. A NV		d is re			s been made flag has bee	e to modify a re n set.	ad-only N∨	′ Media C	ard or a reac	d-only data	
1	81	Clear the blocks in the b	he read only in the NV N	flag b edia C	ard			set the drive. <sup>-</sup> nd resetting the		ar the rea	id-only flag f	or all data	
Care	d Slot					•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		nsfer has faile					
1	74	because the option mod	e option mo lule slot num	dule d 1ber.				pplication prog opens this trip					
			nded action		notice 1'		inotellada	the error - + - !					
Clean O	ver-cycle		ning cycle				installed on	the correct slo	n (				
	20	This trip is a	called by th	e Pum	p software i	in the event		cleaning cycle r Hour Limit M			nes as defin	ned by	
Clo	oning					and option							
	02	40001 to 40	0999) or res	tore th	e drive and	option mod	lules (parame	ive and option eter mm.000 v the reason for	alues from				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagno	ostics UL listing information			
Tı	rip						Diagnos	sis						
Config	uration	The nun	ber of p	ower modu	les install	ed is differ	ent from the	modules exp	ected					
1	11	stored. T Recomm • Ensu • Ensu • Ensu • Set F This trip defined b of extern	he Configuration trip indicates that the Number Of Power Modules Detected (11.071) does not match the previous value tored. The sub-trip value indicates the number of power modules expected. Recommended actions: Ensure that all the power modules are correctly connected Ensure all the power modules have powered up correctly Ensure that the value in Pr 11.071 is set to the number of power modules connected Set Pr 11.035 to 0 to disable the trip if it is not required his trip is also initiated if the number of external rectifiers connected to each power module is less than the number efined by Number Of Rectifiers Expected (11.096). If this is the reason for the trip the sub-trip is 10x where x is the number f external rectifiers that should be connected.											
			ended ac		al roctifiors	aro connoc	ted correctly.							
							,	096) is correct						
Contro	ol Word	Trip initi	ated from	n the <i>Contr</i>	ol Word (	06.042)								
		(Pr <b>06.0</b> 4	<b>43</b> = On).		ed by setti	ng bit 12 on	the control v	word in Pr <b>06.0</b>	942 when th	ne control word is	s enabled			
3	35	<ul><li>Cheo</li><li>Disa</li><li>Bit 12 of</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Check the value of Pr 06.042.</li> <li>Disable the control word in <i>Control Word Enable</i> (Pr 06.043)</li> <li>Bit 12 of the control word set to a one causes the drive to trip on Control Word</li> </ul>											
								/ setting bit 12						
Ctrl Wrd	Watchdg		-	-				atchdog Time						
1:	24	Pump Co	ontrol Wo	rd Watchdog	g Time ( <b>29</b>	.150) secon	ds. This prot	ects the syster	m in the eve	ent that a HMI or	peing toggled for r PLC that is Vrd or Ctrl Wrd &			
Curren	t Offset	Current	feedback	offset erro	or									
			ent feedba s been de		too large t	o be trimme	d correctly. T	he sub-trip rel	ates to the	output phase for	which the offset			
		Sub	-trip	Phase										
		1	ι	J										
22	25	2												
		3	s v	V										
		Recomm	Recommended actions:											
						current flow of the driv		tput phases of	the drive w	/hen the drive is	not enabled			
Data Cl	hanging	_		are being	-									
g	97	enable, i mode, or will caus or transfe drive is a	A user action or a file system write is active that is changing the drive parameters and the drive has been commanded to enable, i.e. <i>Drive Active</i> ( <b>10.002</b> ) = 1. The user actions that change drive parameters are loading defaults, changing drive mode, or transferring data from an NV memory card or a position feedback device to the drive. The file system actions that will cause this trip to be initiated if the drive is enabled during the transfer are writing a parameter or macro file to the drive, or transferring a derivative or user program to the drive. It should be noted that none of these actions can be started if the drive is enabled if the drive is enabled and then the drive is enabled.											
			n <b>ended a</b> he drive is		d when en	e of he follo	wing is boing	a carried out						
		<ul><li>Load</li><li>Char</li><li>Tran</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure the drive is not enabled when one of he following is being carried out:</li> <li>Loading defaults</li> <li>Changing drive mode</li> <li>Transferring data from NV Media Card or position feedback device</li> <li>Transferring user programs</li> </ul>											

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installatior	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information										
Т	rip						Diagnos	is														
Deriva	ative ID	There is	a proble	m with the	identifier	associated	with derivat	ive image wl	nich custor	nizes the	drive.											
			•	roblem with the identifier associated with derivative image which customizes the drive. The reason for the trip e sub-trip as follows:																		
2	47	Sub-t	rip				Re	ason														
2	47	1	The	There should be a derivative image in the product but this has been erased.																		
		2	The	The identifier is out of range.																		
		3	The	e derivative	image has	been chang	ed.															
Derivati	ve Image	Derivativ	ve Image	error																		
			The Derivative Image trip indicates that an error has been detected in the derivative image. The sub-trip number indicat the reason for the trip.																			
		Sub-trip	)		Rea	ison				Comment	s											
		1	Divide	by zero																		
		2	Undefir	· · ·																		
		3	parame	eter '		s set-up with r	on-existent															
		4			o non-existen																	
		5		ted and over	ead-only para	ameter																
		7	-		-	arameter																
		30	are less	Attempted read from write-only parameter         The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in the image or the image header version is less than 5.       Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image programmed. The image tasks will not run.																		
		31		The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive. As 30.																		
		32		The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed.																		
		40		The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended.																		
		41	table th	Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been assigned.																		
		51				CRC check fai	led	As 30.														
2	48	52	Custom	nisable menu	table CRC c	heck failed		As 30.														
2	40	53	Custon	nisable menu	table change	ed		program loaded f	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Defaults are loaded for the derivative menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved.													
		61	The op image.	tion module f	itted in slot 1	is not allowed	I with the deriv	As 30.														
		62	The op image.	tion module f	itted in slot 2	is not allowed	I with the derive	ative As 30.														
		63	image.				I with the derive	AS 30.														
		64	image.				I with the derive	AS 30.														
		70	fitted in	any slot.			itive image is r	AS 30.														
		71	An opti presen		pecifically rec	uired to be fit	ted in slot 1 no	t As 30.														
		72	presen	t.	-		ted in slot 2 no	AS 30.														
		73	presen	t.	-		ted in slot 3 no	AS 30.														
		74	presen	t.	•		ted in slot 4 no	AS 30.														
		80		· · ·		e control board			from within th	ne image c	ode.											
		81	0		atible with the	e control board	d serial number	As 80.														
					ive						Recommended action: Contact the supplier of the drive											

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Ti	rip						Diagnos	is				
Desti	nation	Two or r	nore para	meters ar	e writing to	o the same	destination	parameter				
1	99	within the <b>Recomn</b>	e drive are n <b>ended ac</b>	writing to tions:	the same p	arameter.		of two or more le parameters	0	,		. ,
Drive	e Size					ed drive siz				•		
	24	connecte Recomn • Ensu • Hard	ed. nended ac ure the driv lware fault	e <b>tion:</b> re is progra - return dr	ammed to the first to the supp	he latest firr	is not recogn nware versio	ized the drive n	size of the	power cire	cuit to which	it is
Dry	Well	-	Low Loa									
	15	(29.059)	= Trip.	-	-		of a Dry Wel	ll Low Load de	tection whe	n <i>Dry W</i> e	ell Low Load	Mode
EEPRO	OM Fail				en loaded		4 h h .	en loaded. The		1	<b>. . 6</b> 41 4	I
3	31	identified Sub-ti 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 The drive If the las If one of parameter corrupt ti If both b the other possible Recomm	from the s rip The The of pa The or th The The The The The The The The The Th	sub-trip nu most signi CRC's app arameters drive mod e derivativ drive deriv power stag internal I/C position fe control bo checksum b banks of ither set o occurs the equested the non-voc ser save p ns given e data tha neters. Th .043) is se	in the table at has been in the table	of the intern parameter of oaded from interna es not allow e has chang e has change e has change erface hardw re has change erface hardw re has change arface hardw re has change erface hardw re has change arface hardw re bas change erface bardw re bas change erface bardw re bas change a so change of the poly parameters a rs values that and if the p pory. s or both bas e above occ n saved pre only be res zero value	Re al parameter lata stored in I non-volatile / the previous ed ged area of the E and two bank saved is corrrat were last s ower is remo anks of powe curs EEPRO viously, and et if Pr mm.	eason database vers internal non-v memory is ou s drive mode	sion numbe rolatile mem tside the all failed failed wn save par Save or Pow fully are use drive during parameter p is produc will be in h	r has cha lory indica owed ran ameters i ver Down ed. It can t this proce s are cor ced. If thi owest all	nged ate that a val ge for the pr ge for the pr n non-volatil Save trip is take some tir ess it is poss rupted or o s trip occur lowed drive	e memory. produced. ne to save sible to ne of s it is not mode
					form a rese erform a say		e supply to th	ne drive is rem	oved			
					drive to su							
Encoder	187 - 197	Not app	licable									
187	- 197											
Enco	der 12	Drive is	communi	cating wit	th the enco	der						
		This trip	indicates t	hat the dri	ve is comm	unicating w	ith the encod	er but the enc	oder type is	not reco	gnised.	
1	62	Sub-tri	Drive	•	eedback in		R	eason				
	02	2	Drive	e position f	eedback in	terface 2						
		Ente		der setup	parameters der supports	manually. s auto-config	guration.					

<ul> <li>number is one then the data is out of range in <i>P1 Additional Configuration</i> (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in <i>P2 Additional Configuration</i> (03.174). Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration, those that do are listed below.</li> <li>BiSS</li> <li>Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gives the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in <i>P2 Additional Configuration</i> (decimal digits 2-0). If these gives the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in <i>P2 Additional Configuration</i> (decimal digits 2-0).</li> </ul>	Safety information	Product information		Electrical Installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostics	UL listing information				
11bit tip indicates that the data read from the encoder value out of range during auto-configuration. The tens in the sub-trip number indicate the interface number (i.e. 1 for P1 interface and 2 for P2 interface).           3103         Sub-trip         Reason           x1         Rotary lines per revolution error         x2           x3         Linear ine pitch error         x3           x4         Rotary turns bits error         x3           x5         Communications bits error         x4           x6         Calculation time is too long         x7           x7         Line delay measured is longer than 5us           Recommended actions:         •         Enter the encoder supports auto-configuration.           encoder stup parameters manually.         •         •         •           •         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is sup of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is up of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is up of range. If the sub-trip number is a pression feedback interface is up of range. If y additional configuration (32.174). Not all position feedback interfaces use the additional	Ti	rip						Diagnos	is							
163       x1       Rotary lines per revolution error         163       x2       Linear line pitch error         x3       Linear line pitch error         x4       Rotary turns bits error         x5       Communications bits error         x6       Calculation time is too long         x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:         •       Enter the encoder setup parameters manually.         •       Check to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration.         Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2	Enco	der 13	This trip inc modified w	dicates th vith data r	hat the da ead from	ta read fron the encode	n the encode r as a result	of auto-conf								
163       1.1.ear comms pitch error         163       1.1.ear line pitch error         164       Rotary turns bits error         175       Communications bits error         176       1.1.e. delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:         176       Enter the encoder setup parameters manually.         176       Chice to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration.         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is the data is out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is to the data is out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip inthere is one then the data is out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip induced set does).         BiSS       Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gip padding value outside +/-16 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or ight (1) padding, and the le			Sub-trip					R	eason							
163       x3       Linear line pich error         x4       Rotary turns bits error         x5       Communications bits error         x6       Calculation time is too long         x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:         •       Enter the encoder supports auto-configuration.         Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration (03.074), Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration (03.074), Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration (03.074), Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration (03.074), Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration (03.074), Not all position padding (decimal digit 2-0). If these gip adding value outside +1-61 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the mosot significant digit indicates left (0) or			x1	Rotar	y lines pe	er revolution	error									
163       x4       Rotary turns bits error         x5       Communications bits error         x6       Calculation time is too long         x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:         •       Enter the encoder supports auto-configuration.         Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration			x2	Linea	r comms	pitch error										
1       Potary turns bits error         x5       Communications bits error         x6       Calculation time is too long         x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:         •       Enter the encoder setup parameters manually.         •       Enter the encoder supports auto-configuration.         Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074).         164       BiSS         Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gi padding value outside +/-16 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or right (1) padding, and the least significant 2 digits indicate the number of bits.         Ext Pump Fault       External Trip bas occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip numb			x3	Linea	r line pitc	h error										
x6       Calculation time is too long         x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:       •         •       Enter the encoder setup parameters manually.         •       Check to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration.         Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074). Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration, those that do are listed below.         164       Biss         Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gip padding value outside +/-16 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or right (1) padding, and the least significant 2 digits indicate the number of bits.         Ext Pump Fault       External Pump Fault Input         116       This trip is called by the Pump software in the event of the External Pump Fault Input (29.085) being set to On(1).         External Trip       An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip st See table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in P1 f0.038.         8       Bub-trip       Reason         1	10	63	x4	Rotar	y turns bi	ts error										
x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         x7       Line delay measured is longer than 5us         Recommended actions:       • Enter the encoder setup parameters manually.         • Check to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration.       Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is one them the data is out of range in <i>P1 Additional Configuration</i> (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in <i>P2 Additional Configuration</i> (03.174). Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration, those that do are listed below.         BiSS       Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gip padding value outside +/-16 them the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or right (1) padding, and the least significant 2 digits indicate the number of bits.         Ext Pump Fault       External Trip Is initiated         An External Trip is nitiated       An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip strip see table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.         6       Sub-trip       Reason       1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low       2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low       2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input			x5	Comr	nunicatio	ns bits error										
Recommended actions:         • Enter the encoder setup parameters manually.         • Check to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration.         Encoder 14         Drive is communicating with the encoder         The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number displayed after the trip sin pading value outsignificant digit indicates the trip sin thated         External Trip       Fautran Trip in An External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>x6</td> <td>Calcu</td> <td>lation tim</td> <td>e is too long</td> <td>9</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			x6	Calcu	lation tim	e is too long	9									
Encoder 14         Recommended actions:           Encoder 14         Drive is communicating with the encoder supports auto-configuration.           Encoder 14         Drive is communicating with the encoder           The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number displayed after the trip sti is a salled by the Pump Fault Input (29.085) being set to On(1).           External Trip         An External Trip			x7				-	s								
164       The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.174). Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration, those that do are listed below.         164       BISS         Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gip padding value outside +/-16 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or right (1) padding, and the least significant 2 digits indicate the number of bits.         Ext Pump Fault       External Pump Fault Input         116       This trip is called by the Pump software in the event of the External Pump Fault Input (29.085) being set to On(1).         External Trip       An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip sto See table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.         6       Sub-trip       Reason         1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low         2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip			Enter t	commended actions: Enter the encoder setup parameters manually. Check to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration. ive is communicating with the encoder												
164       number is one then the data is out of range in P1 Additional Configuration (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the da out of range in P2 Additional Configuration (03.174). Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration, those that do are listed below.         164       BISS         Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these gip padding value outside +/-16 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or right (1) padding, and the least significant 2 digits indicate the number of bits.         Ext Pump Fault       External Pump Fault Input         116       This trip is called by the Pump software in the event of the External Pump Fault Input (29.085) being set to On(1).         External Trip       An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip sto See table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low         2       External Trip (10.032) = 1         6       Recommended actions:         • Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         • Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         • If external Trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         • Che	Enco	der 14		Check to see if the encoder supports auto-configuration. Drive is communicating with the encoder												
Ext Pump Fault       External Pump Fault Input         116       This trip is called by the Pump software in the event of the External Pump Fault Input (29.085) being set to On(1).         External Trip       An External trip is initiated         An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip stress see table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low         2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip (10.032) = 1         Recommended actions:       • Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         • Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         • If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         • Check the value of Pr 10.032.         • Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         • Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         HF01       Data processing error: CPU address error         The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.	11	64	number is o out of rang those that <b>BISS</b> Range che padding va	Drive is communicating with the encoder The data given in the additional configuration parameter for a position feedback interface is out of range. If the sub-trip number is one then the data is out of range in <i>P1 Additional Configuration</i> (03.074), or if the sub-trip number is 2 the data is out of range in <i>P2 Additional Configuration</i> (03.174). Not all position feedback devices use the additional configuration, but those that do are listed below. BISS Range checking is applied to the turns padding (decimal digits 5-3) and position padding (decimal digits 2-0). If these give a padding value outside +/-16 then the trip is initiated. Note that in each case the most significant digit indicates left (0) or												
External Trip       An External trip is initiated         An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip stress be table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low         2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip (10.032) = 1         Recommended actions:         •       Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         •       Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         •       If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         •       Check the value of Pr 10.032.         •       Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         •       Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         HF01       Data processing error: CPU address error         The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.	Ext Pur	np Fault		-		0	0									
An External Trip has occurred. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub trip number displayed after the trip stresses table below. An external trip can also be initiated by writing a value of 6 in Pr 10.038.         Sub-trip       Reason         1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low         2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip (10.032) = 1         Recommended actions:         •       Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         •       Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         •       If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         •       Check the value of Pr 10.032.         •       Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         •       Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         HF01         Data processing error: CPU address error         The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.	1	16	This trip is	called by	the Pum	p software i	n the event	of the Extern	nal Pump Faul	t Input ( <b>29.0</b>	085) being set to On(1	).				
6       1       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 1 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 1 is low         2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip (10.032) = 1         Recommended actions:         •       Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         •       Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         •       If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         •       Check the value of Pr 10.032.         •       Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         •       Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         MF01         Data processing error: CPU address error         The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.	Exterr	nal Trip	An Externa	<i>.</i> al Trip has	occurrec		•			•	per displayed after the	trip string.				
6       2       External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low         3       External Trip (10.032) = 1         Recommended actions:         •       Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         •       Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         •       If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         •       Check the value of Pr 10.032.         •       Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         •       Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         HF01         Data processing error: CPU address error         The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.			Sub-trip	<b>b</b>				Re	ason							
6       3       External Trip (10.032) = 1         Recommended actions:         •       Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         •       Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         •       If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         •       Check the value of Pr 10.032.         •       Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         •       Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         HF01         Data processing error: CPU address error         The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.			1	Exter	nal Trip N	Node ( <b>08.01</b>	<b>0</b> ) = 1 or 3 a	nd Safe Tor	que Off input 1	is low						
<ul> <li>6</li> <li>Recommended actions:         <ul> <li>Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V</li> <li>Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.</li> <li>If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).</li> <li>Check the value of Pr 10.032.</li> <li>Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.</li> <li>Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms</li> </ul> </li> <li>HF01 Data processing error: CPU address error</li> <li>The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.</li> </ul>							<b>0</b> ) = 2 or 3 a	nd Safe Tor	que Off input 2	is low						
Recommended actions:         • Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V         • Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.         • If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).         • Check the value of Pr 10.032.         • Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.         • Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms         HF01       Data processing error: CPU address error         The HF01 trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.		6	3	Exter	nal Trip ('	<b>10.032</b> ) = 1										
The <i>HF01</i> trip indicates that a CPU address error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive ha failed.			<ul> <li>Recommended actions:</li> <li>Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V</li> <li>Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'.</li> <li>If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to Off (0).</li> <li>Check the value of Pr 10.032.</li> <li>Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032.</li> </ul>													
failed.	HF	F01	Data proce	essing e	rror: CPL	J address e	error									
			failed.	·		a CPU addr	ess error ha	s occurred. <sup>-</sup>	This trip indica	tes that the	control PCB on the d	rive has				
Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive						the supplie	r of the drive	e								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	is				
н	F02	Data pro	ocessing e	error: DM	AC address	s error						
		failed.			a DMAC ad	dress error	has occurred	. This trip indi	cates that t	he control	PCB on the	drive has
			nended act									
						er of the driv	e					
Н	F03	-	-		al instruct			1. 1 <b>4</b> . 1				
		failed.			an illegal ins	struction has	s occurred. 1	his trip indicat	es that the	control P	CB on the dr	ive nas
			nended ac									
						er of the driv	е					
Н	F04	_	-		al slot inst						- 505 //	
		The HFC failed.	94 trip indic	ates that a	an illegal sid	ot instruction	has occurre	d.This trip ind	icates that t	he contro	I PCB on the	e drive has
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:								
						er of the driv	e					
H	F05		-		lefined exc	•						
		has faile	d.		an undefine	d exception	error has occ	curred. This tri	p indicates	that the co	ontrol PCB o	n the drive
			nended ac									
						er of the driv	e					
H	F06				erved exce							
		has faile	d.		a reserved e	exception ei	ror has occu	rred. This trip	indicates th	at the cor	ntrol PCB on	the drive
			nended ac									
						er of the driv	e					
H	F07	-	-		chdog failu							
					a watchdog	failure has o	occurrea. This	s trip indicates	that the co	ntrol PCB	on the drive	nas talled.
			nended ac			<b>.</b>						
						er of the driv	e					
H	F08	•	•		J Interrupt			This take is die	- 4 41 4 41-			deleter de sec
		failed.	ve trip indic	ates that a	a CPU Inter	rupt crasn r	as occurred.	This trip indic	ates that th	e control	PCB on the	drive nas
			nended ac									
						er of the driv	е					
Н	F09		•		e store ove							
		failed.			a free store	overflow ha	s occurred.	This trip indica	tes that the	control P	CB on the di	rive has
			nended ac									
						er of the driv						
Н	F10	_	-			ting systen						
		The HF1 drive has	•	ates that a	a Paramete	r routing sys	stem error ha	s occurred. Th	nis trip indic	ates that	the control P	CB on the
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:								
		<ul> <li>Harc</li> </ul>	lware fault	<ul> <li>Contact</li> </ul>	the supplie	er of the driv	е					
Н	F11	-				PROM failed						
		The <i>HF1</i> has faile		ates that a	access to th	e drive EEF	ROM has fai	iled. This trip i	ndicates tha	at the con	trol PCB on	the drive
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:								
		Harc	lware fault	- Contact	the supplie	er of the driv	е					

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostic	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	is			
H	F12	Data pro	cessing	error: Maiı	n program	stack overf	low				
									ne stack ca	n be identified by the	e sub-trip
		number.	This trip i	ndicates the	at the contr	ol PCB on th	ne drive has	failed.			
		Sub-t	•			ack					
		1		ackground							
		2		imed tasks							
		3	N	lain systen	n interrupts						
		Recomm									
						r of the drive					
H	F13	-	-			-	th hardware				
		on the dri	ve has fa	iled. The s			•	with the hardw ode of the cor		ip indicates that the nardware.	control PCE
		Recomm									
			0			version of the drive	ne drive firmv <del>2</del>	ware			
H	F14				l register b						
		-	4 trip indi		-		or has occur	red. This trip i	ndicates tha	at the control PCB o	n the drive
		Recomm	ended a	ctions:							
		Hardy	ware fault	– Contact	the supplie	r of the drive	e				
H	F15	Data pro	cessing	error: CPU	l divide err	or					
			5 trip indio	cates that a	a CPU divid	e error has	occurred. Th	is trip indicate	s that the c	ontrol PCB on the d	rive has
		failed.									
		Recomm									
						r of the drive	9				
H	F16		-	error: RTC			waal This Anim				a failed
		Recomm			a RIUS end	or has occur	red. This trip	indicates tha		I PCB on the drive h	las falled.
					the cupplic	r of the drive	2				
Н	F17							s out of speci	fication		
		-						-		tion. This trip indica	tes that the
			•	drive has				ra logio lo out	or opeomod		
		Recomm	ended a	ctions:							
		Hardy	ware fault	– Contact	the supplie	r of the drive	e				
H	F18	Data pro	cessing	error: Inte	rnal flash r	nemory has	s failed				
					he internal y the sub-tr		ry has failed	when writing o	option modu	ule parameter data.	The reason
		Sub-trip	D I		I	Reason					
		1	Progra	mming err	or while wri	ting menu ir	n flash				
		2				setup menu					
		3	Erase	flash block	containing	application	menus faileo	Ł			
		Recomme									
						r of the drive					
H	F19	-					re has failed				
					ne CRC ch	eck on the d	rive firmware	e nas failed.			
		Recomme									
			rogram th ware fault		the supplie	r of the drive	)				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
т	rip						Diagnos	sis				
н	F20	Data pro	ocessing e	rror: ASI	C is not co	mpatible w	ith the hard	ware				
		from the Recomm	sub-trip nu nended act	imber. ons:		rsion is not r of the drive	·	<i>v</i> ith the drive fi	rmware. Th	e ASIC ve	ersion can b	e identified
HF23	F23 to HF25 Hardware fault											
	Recommended actions:     Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive											
	verload	Digital o	output ove	rload								
				•				24 V user supp ns:	oly or from t	he digital	output has	exceeded
<ul> <li>the limit. A trip is initiated if one or more of the following conditions:</li> <li>Maximum output current from one digital output is 100 mA.</li> <li>The combined maximum output current from outputs 1 and 2 is 100 mA</li> <li>The combined maximum output current from output 3 and +24 V output is 100 mA</li> <li>Recommended actions:</li> </ul>												

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	is				
Induc	ctance	This trip	occurs in	RFC-S n	node when	the drive h	as detected	that the moto	or inductar	nces are n	ot suitable	
		being atter saturation If the indu (No-load I (No-load I where:	empted. Th a character lictance rai Lq ( <b>05.072</b> Lq (05.072 <b>e Rated v</b> 20 40 57	ne trip is e ristic of th tio or diffe ?)- Ld (05. ?) - Ld ( <b>05</b>	ither cause e motor car rence is too 024)) / Ld ( 5.024)) < (K	d because t not be mea o small this i <b>05.024</b> ) < 0. / Full Scale	he ratio or di sured. s because or	the motor ind fference betwe ne of the follow 11.061))H	en Ld and	Lq is too si	mall or bec	
		measured applied in ( <b>11.061</b> )))	d value of the d axis H.	Ld does c s of the m	hange suffi otor in each	ciently due t direction th	o saturation e inductance	his is because to be measure must fall char actions are gi	d. When ha nge at least	alf of <i>Rateo</i> : (K / (2 x <i>F</i>	l Current ( <b>0</b> Full Scale C	5.007) is
		Sub-trip	- r			•		ason				
	8	1		uctance r	atio or diffe	rence is too	-	he drive has b	oon starter	t in sensor	less mode	
		2	The sat	uration ch	naracteristic							
2 The saturation characteristic of the motor cannot be measured when the drive has been started in sensorless mode. 3 The inductance ratio or difference is too small when an attempt is made to determine the location motor flux during a stationary auto-tune in RFC-S mode. This trip is also produced when the induct or inductance difference is too small when carrying out a phasing test on starting in RFC-S mode. feedback is being used the measured value for <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (03.025) may not reliable. Also the measured values of <i>Ld</i> (05.024) and <i>No-load Lq</i> (05.072) may not correspond to q axis respectively.												ice ratio position e
		4	is initiat	ed if the o	change can	not be deteo	ted when an	e change of in attempt is ma a phasing test	de to perfo	rm a statio	nary auto-ti	
		Recomme • Ensur Recomme • None Recomme • Statio	re that RF ended Action re that RF ended action . The trip a ended action nary autor	C Low Sp ons For S C Low Sp ons for su acts as a v ons for su une is no	eed Mode ( Sub-trip 2: eed Mode ( ib-trip 3: warning. ib-trip 4: t possible.	<b>05.064)</b> is s Perform a n	et to Non-sal ninimal move	ient (1), Curre ient (1), Curre ment or rotatir ack device witl	nt (2) or Cu ng autotune	irrent No te	est (3).	e position.
Inductor	r Too Hot	Inductor										
ę	93	Not applic										
Inter-c	onnect					tion cable						
1	03	be noted	that this tri	p is also i	nitiated if th	e communio	ation fails ei	I the fault whe ther when a re icating correct	ctifier signa	•		
	and	-			island sup							
	60			-	-			supply. The su	-		ason for the	trip.
Кеура	d Mode	The Keyp	ad Mode t	rip indicat	tes that the	drive is in k	eypad mode	<b>beed referenc</b> [ <i>Reference</i> Se bad has been r	elector (01.0	049) = 4 or		
	34	• Re-in	<b>ended ac</b> stall keypa ge <i>Refere</i>	ad and res		) to select th	ne reference	from another s	source			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	is				
Low	Load	Low loa	d detector	is set up	to produc	e a trip on	low load det	tection				
3	38		is initiated i Trip On Low			or is set up	to produce a	trip on low loa	ad detectior	n and this	condition oc	curs. See
Line	Sync	Line Sy	nc									
3	39	Not app	licable									
Motor O	ver Temp		over Temp									
	18	This trip Motor TI	is called by hermal Prot	the Pump ection En	o software i able ( <b>29.08</b>	n the event 7) = On(1)	of the Motor	Thermal Prote	ction Input	( <b>29.086</b> ) b	eing set to C	off(0) when
Motor	Too Hot	Output	current ove	erload tin	ned out (I <sup>2</sup>	t)						
		constant on <i>Moto</i>		). Pr <b>04.0</b> hen Pr <b>04</b>	<b>19</b> displays	the motor		l on the rated as a percenta	•	,		
2	20	<ul> <li>Enst</li> <li>Che</li> <li>If se</li> <li>ratin</li> <li>Tune</li> <li>Che</li> </ul>	ure the load ck the load	l is not jar on the mo n auto-tur ve speed par < signal fo	otor has no ne test in R rameter (RF r noise	t changed FC-S mode FC-A mode		motor rated cu	urrent in Pr	05.007 is	≤ Heavy dut	y current
Name	e Plate		nic namepl									
		reason f	ne Plate trip for the trip c ub-trip					er between th		the motor	r has failed. ⁻	The exact
			1		nunication etected.	error with th	e encoder ha	as most end trip. It is p namepla	oder errors	will cause at incorrec use this tri	vill occur as e and encode t data in the ip, and so the ified.	
			2	namep of entri greater	ate. This is es is out of than 168, o	range, i.e.	use the numb ess than 1 or ated CRC do	position f	ere is no va feedback de he namepla	evice or th	late in the lere is a data	
1	76		3	The exo out.	change witl	n the encod	er has timed	interface encoder initialised If the end module in the positi is not pre suitable p selected,	l. coder is con nterface, the ion feedbac esent on the position fee	ccurs bec ected to th nected to en this occ k interface option m dback dev e no device	ause the e drive or is r an option curs because e (i.e. P1 or F odule, or a	e 22)
		<ul> <li>Ensite</li> <li>Whete all the whete instate</li> <li>Chee</li> </ul>	en writing th ne namepla en transferri alled.	device er e motor ol te data. ng betwee coder has	bject (xx.00 en option m been initia	0 = 11000), nodule and (	ensure that t encoder, ensi	es to store the he device end ure that the op <i>Initialized</i> ( <b>03</b>	oder memo	ory has at l		
Netwo	rk Loss		,			ms from th	is drive to it	's Leader in a	a Multi-lead	ler syster	m.	
		This trip Multi-lea setting A	is called by der system	r the Pum . This trip <i>Network I</i>	p software is enabled Loss Mode	in the event when <i>Multi-</i>	of a loss Eth leader Netwo	nernet RTMoE ork Loss Mode ump where ins	comms fro ( <b>29.133</b> ) =	m this driv Trip. The	ve to it's Lea trip may be c	lisabled by

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functior description		nization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						D	iagnos	is				
OHt	Brake	Braking	IGBT over	-tempera	ture								
1	01	thermal <b>Recomr</b>	model. <b>nended act</b>	tions:	·			0	over-tempera		en detect	ed based on	software
OHt (	Control	Control	stage over	tempera	ture								
			<i>t Control</i> trip tor location			ntrol stag	e over-te	emperat	ure has been	detected. F	rom the s	ub-trip 'xxyz:	z', the
		S	ource	хх	У	,	zz			Descrip	otion		
		Conti	rol system	00	0	)	01	Control	board thermis	stor 1 over t	emperatu	ire	
		Conti	rol system	00	0	)	02	Control	board thermis	stor 2 over t	emperatu	ire	
	23	Conti	rol system	00	0		03	I/O boa	rd thermistor of	over tempe	rature		
	23	<ul> <li>Che</li> <li>Che</li> <li>Che</li> <li>Incre</li> <li>Red</li> </ul>	nended act ck enclosur ck enclosur ck enclosur ease ventila uce the driv ck ambient	e / drive fa e ventilatio e door filte tion re switchin	on paths ers ng frequenc		ing corre	ectly					
OHt	dc bus	DC bus	over temp	erature									
		includes output c If this pa If the mo Contr It is also	a thermal p urrent and I rameter rea tor does no ource rol system	protection DC bus rip aches 100 ot stop in 1 xx 00 in a multi	system to ple. The e % then an 0 seconds y 2 -power mo	protect th stimated OHt dc b the drive	e DC bu tempera ous trip is e trips im zz 00 stem for	s comp ture is c initiate mediate DC b	ature based on conents within displayed as a ed. The drive w ely. us thermal mo s over-tempe a percentage	the drive. T percentage vill attempt t Descri del gives tr erature to b	his includ of the tri o stop the <b>ption</b> ip with su	les the effect p level in Pr e motor befor b-trip 0 ed from with	ts of the 07.035. The tripping.
		indicate	d as follow	/s:									
		S	ource	xx	У	,	ZZ			Descri	ption		
		Conti	rol system	01	0		00	Powe	er stage gives t	trip with sub	o-trip 0		
	27	Che     Che     Red     Red     Che	Pr <b>05.011</b> ) - Disable slip Disable dyn Select fixed Select high Disconnect Reduce spe Add a speed Add a curre	upply volt ipple leve cle oad ut current notor map - (All Mod compens amic V to boost (Pr stability s the load a eed loop g d feedbac nt demand oder signa	stability. If settings w es) ation (Pr 0 F operatio 05.014 = 1 pace vecto and comple ains (Pr 03 k filter valu d filter (Pr 0 ls for noise	unstable; vith motor 5.027 = 0 n (Pr 05. Fixed) – ( r modula te a rotal 3.010, Pr ie (Pr 03. 04.012) – with an	namepl ) – (Ope 013 = 0) Open lo tion (Pr ( ing auto 03.011, l 042) – (f (RFC-A oscillosc	n loop) - (Oper op) <b>)5.020</b> tune (Pr <b>03.0</b> RFC-A, , RFC-S ope (RF	n loop) = 1) – (Open lo r <b>05.012</b> ) – (Rl <b>12</b> ) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)	oop) FC-A, RFC-		5.009, Pr 05.	.010,

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	sis				
OHt I	nverter	Inverter	over temp	erature b	ased on th	ermal mod	lel					
								en detected b as given belov		rmware tl	hermal mode	el. The sub-
		S	ource	xx	У	zz			Descrip	tion		
		Contr	ol system	00	1	00		In	verter thern	nal model		
		Contr	ol system	00	3	00		Braki	ing IGBT the	ermal mo	del	
		Contr	ol system	00	4	00		Re	ectifier therr	nal mode	I	
	21	<ul> <li>Redu</li> <li>Ensu</li> <li>Redu</li> <li>Increase</li> <li>Redu</li> <li>Cheat</li> </ul>	uce duty cy ease accele uce motor le ck DC bus i	ected drive <i>vitching Fr</i> cle vration / de pad ripple	e switching equency C eceleration	frequency hange Disa	<i>ble</i> (05.035) alanced	is set to Off				
	<ul> <li>Recommended actions with sub-trip 300:</li> <li>Reduce the braking load.</li> </ul>											
<ul> <li>Recommended actions with sub-trip 400:</li> <li>Check the AC supply voltage balance and levels.</li> <li>Check the DC bus ripple level.</li> <li>Reduce duty cycle.</li> <li>Reduce motor load.</li> </ul>												

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Functiona description		ptimizatio	on N	IV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing informatio
Т	rip							Diagn	osis					
OHt	Power	Power s	tage ove	r temperatu	re			-						
		This trip is indicat board fitt	indicates ting the ov	that a power ver-temperation a multi-modul	stage ove ure. The t	hermsitor	numb	pering is	s diffe	erent for a si	ngle modu	e type dri	ive (i.e. no p	arallel
		S	ource	xx		у		zz			Des	cription		
		Powe	er system	01		0		ZZ	The	rmistor locat	ion defined	by zz in t	the power b	oard
		Powe	er system	01	Rectifie	er number		ZZ	The	rmistor locat	ion defined	by zz in t	the rectifier	
		Multi-mo	odule typ	e system:										
		Sou		X			/					escriptio	n	
		Powers	,	power mod			)	01		U phase po				
		Power	-	power mod			)	02		V phase po				
	22	Power	5	power mod			)	03		W phase po Rectifier		;		
-	-2-	Power :	-	power mod			)	04		General po	wor system			
		Power	-	power mod			)	00		Braking IGE	-			
			,	wer module										
		<ul> <li>Force</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Incre</li> <li>Reddi</li> <li>Reddi</li> <li>Decre</li> <li>Reddi</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Use</li> </ul>	the the heat ck enclose ck enclose ease vention uce the difficult rease accounce motor ck the der a drive w	rive switching cycle eleration / de r load rating tables a ith larger curr	run at ma n paths rs g frequenc eceleratior and confir rent / pow	ximum spo y n rates m the driv er rating	eed	ŗ	/ size	ed for the ap	plication.			
O	ac			utput over ci										
			antaneous trip was i	s drive output initiated.	t current h	as exceed	led V	/M_DRI	IVE_	CURRENT_	MAX. This	trip canno	ot be reset u	intil 10 s
		Sou	irce	ХХ	У	zz					Descript	ion		
		Con syst		00	0	00				us over-curre 1 DRIVE CL	•		asured a.c.	current
	_	Pov syst		Power modu number	le 0			exceed	5 V IVI			AAJ.		
	3	<ul> <li>Acce</li> <li>If se</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Is m</li> <li>Redi</li> <li>Has</li> </ul>	en during ck for sho ck integrit ck feedba ck feedba otor cable uce the va the phase	Actions: deceleration r auto-tune re of circuit on the y of the moto ick device win ick device me ick signals ar e length within alues in the s e angle autot alues in curre	duce the whe output or insulation ring echanical e free from n limits for peed loop une been	voltage bo cabling on using an coupling n noise the frame gain para completed	n insu size imete i? (R	ers - (Pr FC-S m	• <b>03.0</b> node	<b>010</b> , <b>03.011</b> , ⊨only)		(Pr <b>03.01</b>	3, 03.014, (	03.015)

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimizatio	on NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
Т	rip						Diagn	osis					
OI E	Brake	Braking	IGBT ov	er current o	detected: s	hort circui	t protecti	on for the braki	ng IGBT ac	tivated			
				indicates the cannot be				d in braking IGB <sup>-</sup> initiated.	Γ or braking	g IGBT pro	tection has	been	
		Sou	rce	xx	У	zz			Descript	tion			
	4	Pov syst		Power module number	0	00	Brakinç	g IGBT instantane	eous over-c	current trip			
		<ul><li>Che</li><li>Che</li><li>Che</li><li>Che</li></ul>	ck braking ck braking	resistor wirir g resistor va g resistor ins	lue is greate sulation			e minimum resist					
U	dc							oltage monitori	-		<b>T</b> 1		
			/here the t	trip has bee		This trip ca		drive output stag eset until 10 s afte		vas initiateo		Delow	
			Source	9		XX		У		ZZ			
1	09		Control sys	stem		00		0		00			
		Power system         Power module number         0         00											
		• Disc	<b>nended a</b> connect the	e motor cab	le at the dri	ve end and	check the	e motor and cable	e insulation	with an ins	sulation test	er	
OI Sn	ubber	Snubbe	r over-cu	rrent detec	ted								
				ip indicates identified by			ondition ha	as been detected	in the recti	ifier snubbe	er circuit. Th	ne reason	
		Sou	rce	xx	У	zz			Descrip	otion			
		Pov syst		01	Rectifier number*	00	Rectifie	r snubber over-c	urrent trip d	letected.			
ç	92	* For a rectifier	barallel po has dete	ower-modu cted the fa	le system ult.	the rectifie	r number	will be one as i	t is not po	ssible to c	letermine v	vhich	
			mended a										
				ernal EMC			the movin	num for selected	switching fr	aduanav			
				ply voltage	0			Ium for selected	switching ii	equency			
				ply disturba		-							
				tor and mot ine reactor o			an insula	llion tester					
Option	Disable						ve mode	changeover					
		During o	lrive mode petween tl	e changeove	er option mo	dules mus	acknowle	edge that they ha odule does not do					
2	15	• Res	<b>mended t</b> i et the trip e trip pers	<b>rip:</b> ists replace	the option 1	nodule							

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	is				
Out Ph	ase Loss	Output	phase loss	detected	d							
		The Out	Phase Los	s trip indi	cates that a	phase loss	has been de	tected at the d	rive output.			
								/sical output pl	nases are re	eversed, a	and so sub-t	rip 3 refers
		to physic	cal output p	hase V ai	nd sub-trip 2	2 refers to p	hysical outpu	t phase W.				
		Sub-t										
		1	L	J phase de	etected as o	disconnected	d when drive	enabled to rur	ו*			
		2	V	/ phase de	etected as o	disconnected	d when drive	enabled to rur	ו*			
		3	V	/ phase d	etected as	disconnecte	d when drive	enabled to ru	n*			
9	98	4		Outpu	t phase los	s detected w	hen the drive	e is running				
		5		U pha	se lower IG	BT failure d	etection on d	rive enable				
		6		V pha	se lower IG	BT failure d	etection on d	rive enable				
		7		W pha	ise lower IG	BT failure d	etection on d	lrive enable				
		ted phase.										
				nado.								
		Recomm										
		• To d	isable the t	rıp set Ou	tput Phase	Loss Detec	tion Enable (	<b>06.059</b> ) = 0				

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Т	rip						Diagnos	sis					
Over	-Cycle	Over-cy	cle										
1	117			•	np software I <b>27</b> ) = Trip.	in the event	of the over-o	cycle protectio	n scheme c	ounting too may starts	s per hour		
Over	Speed	Motor s	peed has	exceedeo	I the over s	peed thres	hold						
		direction Speed T then equ	an Over S hreshold in al to 1.2 x A and RFC	Speed trip n Pr <b>03.00</b> the value C-S modes	is produced 8 in either of set in Pr 0 <sup>4</sup> if an SSI e	I. In RFC-A direction an I.006. ncoder is be	and RFC-S r Over Speed	mode, if the Sp trip is produce d P1 SSI Incre	eed Feedb d. If Pr <b>03.0</b> mental Moo	eed Threshold (03.00 ack (03.002) exceeds 008 is set to 0.0 the th de (03.047) is set to O	the Over reshold is ff, an Over		
	7	The abo Overspe	ve descrip ed trip with	tion relate n sub-trip	s to a stand 1. This is ca	lard over sp	eed trip, how speed is allo	vever in RFC-S	mode it is	naximum position and possible to produce a vel in RFC-S mode w	n		
		Recomm	mended actions:										
		<ul> <li>Reduce</li> <li>If an</li> <li>The above</li> <li>Speed.1</li> </ul>	Check the motor is not being driven by another part of the system Reduce the <i>Speed Controller Proportional Gain</i> (03.010) to reduce the speed overshoot (RFC-A, RFC-S modes only) If an SSI encoder is being used set Pr 03.047 to 1 above description relates to a standard Over Speed trip, however in RFC-S mode it is possible to produce an <i>Over</i> <i>ed.1</i> trip. This is caused if the speed is allowed to exceed the safe level in RFC-S mode with flux weakening when <i>ble High Speed Mode</i> (05.022) is set to -1.										
Ove	r Volts	DC bus	voltage h	as excee	ded the pea	ak level or r	naximum co	ontinuous lev	el for 15 se	conds			
								led the VM_D s depending or		E[MAX] or ting of the drive as sh	own below.		
		Voltag	ge rating	VM_D	C_VOLTAG	E[MAX]	VM_DC_V	OLTAGE_SET	[MAX]				
		2	200		415			410					
		4	400		830			815					
		Ę	575		990			970					
		6	690		1190			1175					
		Sub-trip	Identifica	ation		•							
	2	Sou	rce	хх	у			ZZ					
		Con syst		00	0	Instantaneo _DC_VOLT/	•	the DC bus vo	oltage excee	eds			
		Con syst		00			ed trip indicat AGE_SET[M	ting that the D AX].	C bus volta	ge is above			
		<ul> <li>Incre</li> <li>Decr</li> <li>Cheo</li> <li>Cheo</li> </ul>	ck nominal ck for supp	eration ra praking re I AC supp bly disturb	sistor value ly level ances whicl		ove the minir se the DC bu r						

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	installation installation Running parameters descriptions Optimization Operation parameters data							Diagnostics	UL listing information	
TI	rip						Diagnosi	s				
Phase	e Loss	This trip directly f detected loss is al tripping u	rom the su I using this Iso detecte unless bit 2	hat the drive pply where method the d by monito	the drive I drive trips ring the rip on Trip Det	has a thyris s immediate ople in the I <i>tection</i> ( <b>10</b> .	tor base char ely and the xx DC bus voltage <b>037</b> ) is set to c	or large suppl ge system (Fra part of the sut e in which case one. When pha	ame size 7 b-trip is set e the drive a	and above to 01. In a attempts to	e). If phase l Il sizes of dr o stop the dr	oss is ive phase ive before
		Sou	rce	XX		у			ZZ			
		syst Powers	tem system	00		ectifier		detected from				
3	32	phase su	phase los upply in <i>Inj</i>	s detection o	can be dis	abled when	n the drive rec ( <b>06.047</b> ).	uired to opera	ate from the	DC suppl		0
		detected This trip Recomm • Chea • Chea • Chea • Chea • Chea • Redu • Redu • Disa	<ul> <li>) For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be one as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has etected the fault.</li> <li>inis trip does not occur in regen mode.</li> <li>ecommended actions:</li> <li>Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load</li> <li>Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope</li> <li>Check the output current stability</li> <li>Reduce the duty cycle</li> <li>Reduce the motor load</li> <li>Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2.</li> <li>Check for mechanical resonance with the load</li> </ul>									
Phasin	ig error	This ind	icates the	t the phase	e offset ar	ngle is inc	orrect					
		<ul> <li>This indicates that the phase offset angle in <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (03.025) (or m<sup>2</sup> <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (21.020) if the second motor map is being used) is incorrect if position feedback is being used and the drive is unab to control the motor correctly.</li> <li>Recommended actions: <ul> <li>Check the encoder wiring.</li> <li>Check the encoder mechanical coupling.</li> <li>Perform an auto-tune to measure the encoder phase angle or manually enter the correct phase angle into <i>Position Feedback Phase Angle</i> (03.025).</li> <li>Spurious Phasing Error trips can sometimes be seen in very dynamic applications. This trip can be disabled by settir <i>Over Speed Threshold</i> (03.008) to a value greater than zero.</li> </ul> </li> <li>If sensorless control is being used this indicates that significant instability has occurred and the motor has accelerated without control. For low saliency motors (<i>Active Saliency Torque Mode</i> (05.066) &lt; 2) this operates in the same way as whe position feedback is used, based on the speed of the motor and the voltages applied. For high saliency motors (<i>Active Saliency Torque Mode</i> (05.066) = 2) this type of detection cannot be used and the over-speed trip should be used insteal However this trip is used for high saliency motors when low speed control using current injection is being used (<i>Active Saliency Torque Mode</i> (05.066) = 2) and control is lost because the motor has become non-salient. The saliency of most permanent magnet motors reduces with load, and so <i>Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current</i> (05.071) must be set to a lew to limit the current so that the motor remains salient enough for control. Recommended actions:</li> <li>Ensure that the motor parameters are set-up correctly.</li> </ul>										
15	98	Chee     Chee     Chee     Perfa     Feed     Spur     Ove     If sensor     without c     position     Saliency     However     Saliency     permane     to limit th     Ensu     Redu     If hig	ck the encode orm an aut <i>dback Pha</i> rious Phas <i>r Speed Th</i> rless control. For feedback i <i>r Torque M</i> r this trip is <i>r Torque M</i> ent magnet he current ure that the uce the sp gh saliency	oder signals r mechanica to-tune to m se Angle (03 ing Error trip mreshold (03 ol is being u: r low salienc s used, base ode (05.066 t motors red so that the r e motor para eed controllie	I coupling easure the <b>3.025</b> ). os can son <b>.008</b> ) to a sed this in y motors ( ed on the ) = 2) this gh salience ) = 2) and uces with notor remained motor remained and the solution in the so	e encoder p netimes be value grea dicates tha <i>(Active Sali)</i> speed of th stype of de cy motors w l control is l load, and s ains salient re set-up co ensure tha	bhase angle o seen in very o ter than zero. It significant in ency Torque M tection cannot hen low speed ost because th o Low Speed enough for co prrectly.	dynamic applic stability has o <i>fode</i> ( <b>05.066</b> ) he voltages ap be used and t d control using he motor has t <i>Sensorless Mi</i> control.Recomm	cations. Thi ccurred and < 2) this op oplied. For I the over-spi g current inj become no ode Curren nended act	s trip can d the moto erates in ti high salier eed trip sh ection is b n-salient. t ( <b>05.071</b> ) ions:	be disabled or has accele he same way ncy motors (/ nould be use being used (/ The saliency must be set	by setting erated y as when <i>Active</i> d instead. <i>Active</i> y of most t to a level
		<ul> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Chee</li> <li>Perfu</li> <li>Feed</li> <li>Spur</li> <li>Ovei</li> </ul> If sensor <ul> <li>without of</li> <li>position</li> <li>Saliency</li> <li>However</li> <li>Saliency</li> <li>permane</li> <li>to limit th</li> <li>Ensu</li> <li>Redu</li> <li>If hig</li> <li>level</li> <li>This</li> </ul>	ck the encode orm an aut dback Phas rious Phas r Speed Th cless control. For feedback i r Torque M r this trip is r Torque M ent magnet he current ure that the uce the sp gh saliency l, so that the trip can be	oder signals r mechanica to-tune to m se Angle (00 ing Error trip nreshold (03 ol is being ur r low salience s used, base ode (05.066 to do 5.066 to do 5.066 to motors red so that the r e motor para eed controlling r control is b he motor ren e disabled b	I coupling easure the <b>3.025</b> ). os can son <b>.008</b> ) to a sed this in y motors ( ed on the ) = 2) this gh salience ) = 2) and uces with notor remained inters ar e gains. eing used nains salie y setting (	e encoder p netimes be value grea dicates tha <i>Active Sali</i> speed of th s type of de cy motors w l control is l load, and s ains salient re set-up co ensure tha ent at low s <i>Dver Speed</i>	bhase angle o seen in very o ter than zero. It significant in <i>ency Torque N</i> ie motor and t tection cannot hen low speed ost because th o <i>Low Speed</i> enough for co prectly. It <i>Low Speed</i> peeds and hig <i>I Threshold</i> ( <b>0</b>	dynamic applic stability has o <i>fode</i> (05.066) he voltages ap be used and t d control using he motor has b <i>Sensorless Mo</i> hontrol.Recomm <i>Sensorless Mo</i> her loads. <b>3.00</b> 8) to a val	cations. Thi ccurred and < 2) this op oplied. For I the over-spi g current inj become noi ode Current nended act	s trip can d the moto erates in thigh salier eed trip sh ection is b n-salient. t (05.071) ions:	be disabled or has accele he same way nould be use being used (/ The saliency must be set is set to a lo	by setting erated y as when <i>Active</i> d instead. <i>Active</i> y of most t to a level
PID Feet	98 <b>dbk High</b> 13	Chee     Chee     Chee     Chee     Perfa     Feed     Spur     Ove     If sensor     without o     position     Saliency     However     Saliency     permane     to limit th     Ensu     Redu     If hig     level     This     PID1 fe	ck the encode orm an aut dback Phas rious Phas r Speed Th less control. For feedback i r Torque M r this trip is r Torque M ent magnel he current ure that the uce the sp gh saliency gh saliency so that th trip can be edback go is called b	oder signals r mechanica to-tune to m se Angle (00 ing Error trip mreshold (03 ol is being u low salience s used, base ode (05.066 to used for hig ode (05.066 to used for hig ode (05.066 to that the r e motor sred so that the r e motor rem e disabled b bing above y the Pump	I coupling easure the 3.025). os can son .008) to a sed this in y motors ( ed on the ) = 2) this gh salienc ) = 2) and uces with notor rema- eing used mains salie y setting C the PID F software i	e encoder p netimes be value great Active Sali speed of the stype of de cy motors w control is l load, and s ains salient re set-up co ensure that ent at low s Dver Speed Feedback H in the even	whase angle of seen in very of ter than zero. It significant in ency Torque M te motor and t tection cannot hen low speed ost because th o Low Speed enough for co prectly. It Low Speed peeds and hig ( Threshold (0 ligh Trip Thre t of the main p	dynamic applic stability has o <i>fode</i> (05.066) he voltages ap be used and t d control using he motor has b <i>Sensorless Mo</i> hontrol.Recomm <i>Sensorless Mo</i> her loads. <b>3.00</b> 8) to a val	cations. Thi ccurred and < 2) this op oplied. For I the over-spi g current inj become nou ode Current nended act ode Current lue greater	s trip can d the moto erates in thingh salier eed trip sh ection is b n-salient. t (05.071) ions: t (05.071) than zero.	be disabled or has accele he same way hey motors ( <i>j</i> nould be use leing used ( <i>j</i> The saliency must be set is set to a lo	by setting erated y as when Active d instead. Active y of most t to a level w enough
PID Feed 1 <sup>-</sup>	dbk High	Chee     Chee     Chee     Perfore     Feece     Spur     Over      If sensor     without c     position     Saliency     However     Saliency     permane     to limit th     Ensu     Redu     If hig     level     This trip     High Trip      PID1 feece	ck the encode orm an aut <i>dback Pha</i> rious Phas <i>r Speed Th</i> ress control. For feedback is <i>r Torque M</i> or this trip is <i>r Torque M</i> ent magnet he current ure that the uce the sp gh saliency l, so that the trip can be <b>edback go</b> is called b <i>o Thresholi</i>	oder signals r mechanica to-tune to m se Angle (03 ing Error trip meshold (03 ol is being u: r low salienc s used, base ode (05.066 t motors red so that the r e motor para eed controlle r control is b ne motor ren e disabled b bing above y the Pump d (29.041). T	I coupling easure the <b>3.025</b> ). os can son <b>.008</b> ) to a sed this in y motors ( ed on the ) = 2) this gh salienc ) = 2) and uces with notor remains anteers ar er gains. eing used hains salie y setting ( <b>the PID F</b> software i Chis trip ca	e encoder p netimes be value grea value grea (Active Sali speed of th s type of de cy motors w l control is l load, and s ains salient re set-up co ensure tha ent at low s Dver Speed feedback H in the even an be disab	bhase angle o seen in very o ter than zero. It significant in ency Torque M te motor and t tection cannot hen low speed ost because th o Low Speed enough for co prectly. It Low Speed peeds and hig Threshold (0 ligh Trip Thre t of the main p led by setting	dynamic applic stability has o fode (05.066) he voltages ap be used and t d control using he motor has t <i>Sensorless Mic</i> her loads. <b>3.00</b> 8) to a val <b>shold</b> rocess PID1 f	cations. Thi ccurred and < 2) this op oplied. For I the over-spi g current inj become not ode Current nended act ode Current lue greater eedback go	s trip can d the moto erates in thigh salier eed trip sh ection is b n-salient. t (05.071) ions: t (05.071) than zero. Ding above Threshold	be disabled or has accele he same way nocy motors (/ nould be use eing used (/ The saliency must be set is set to a lo	by setting erated y as when <i>Active</i> d instead. <i>Active</i> of most t to a level w enough w enough

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical Electric installation		Basic arameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostics	UL listing information		
Т	rip					Diagnos	sis					
PID Fee	dbk Low	PID1 feedback	going below t	he PID Fe	edback l	ow Thresho	ld					
1	114	This trip is called <i>Threshold</i> ( <b>29.0</b> 4				•		•	ng below the <i>PID Fee</i> ) to Disabled.	dback Low		
Power	Comms	A Power Comm	ns trip indicate	s a comn	nunicatio	ns problem v	vithin the pov	/er system	of the drive			
		be identified by t	•		ications p	roblem within	the power sys	tem of the o	drive. The reason for t	the trip can		
		Type of drive	xx	У				ZZ				
	90	Control F system	Power module number	Rectifie number	100° Ex	cessive com	nunications err	ors detecte	d by the rectifier mod	ule		
		rectifier has de Recommended	<ul> <li>* For a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be one as it is not possible to determine which rectifier has detected the fault.</li> <li>Recommended actions: <ul> <li>Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive</li> </ul> </li> <li>Power system configuration data error</li> </ul>									
Powe	er Data	Power system										
		Source Control	Source       xx       y       zz       Description									
		system Control system	00	0		The power sy control pod to		e is bigger t	han the space availab	ole in the		
		Control system	00	0	04	The size of th	e table given i	n the table i	is incorrect.			
		Control system	00	0	05	Table CRC er						
2	220	Control system	00	0	06	table is too lo	w. i.e. a table f	rom a newe	oftware that produced er generator is require d to the table that may	ed that		
		Power system	01	0	00	error. (For a n		dule drive t	/ the power module hat			
		Power system         01         0         01         The power data table that is uploaded to the control system on powe up has an error.										
		Power system	01	0	112	•			the power module de power module.	oes not		
		Recommended	actions									
			ult – Contact th	e sunnlie	r of the dri	ve						
Power D	own Save	Power down sa										
			n Save trip indi	cates that	an error h	nas been dete	cted in the pov	wer down s	ave parameters saved	d in non-		
	37	Recommended		mm.000 t/	o ensure t	hat the trip do	esn't occur the	e next time	the drive is powered i	ar		
I		. enomia n	• Perform a 1001 save in Pr <b>mm.000</b> to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up.									

Safety information	Product information		Electrical Getti startenstallation Runn the Me	d / Basic ng parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip					Diagnos	is				
P	SU	Internal po	ower supply fa	ult							
		The PSU to	rip indicates the	at one or more	internal pow	er supply rai	ls are outside	limits or ove	erloaded.		
		Source	XX	У			Description	1			
		Control system	00	0	00: Internal	power suppl	y overload				
	5	Power system	Power module number	Rectifier number*	00: Rectifie	r internal pov	ver supply ove	rload			
			a parallel power-module system the rectifier number will be zero as it is not possible to determine which ifier has detected the fault.								
		<ul><li>Removie</li><li>Removie</li></ul>	ommended actions: Remove any option modules and perform a reset Remove encoder connection and perform a reset Hardware fault within the drive – return the drive to the supplier								
PSL	J 24V	24V intern	al power sup	oly overload							
	9	consists of <b>Recomme</b> <ul> <li>Reduct</li> </ul>	ser load of the the drive digita <b>nded actions:</b> e the load and e an external 2	al outputs and reset	main encode	r supply.	d the internal 2	24 V power	supply lim	it. The user	load
		Remov	/e all option mo	dules							
Rectifie	er Set-up	A rectifier	has not been	set-up correc	tly in a mul	ti-power mo	dule system.				
		A rectifier h	has not been s	et-up correctly	in a multi-po	wer module	system.				
ę	94	Recommen	nded action:								
		Check	the inter-powe	r module wirin	g						
	eset	Reset									
	00		This is not a valid trip number as this value is used in User Trip ( <b>10.038</b> ) to reset the drive.								
	t Logs	Reset									
	55	This is not	a valid trip nun	nber as this va	lue is used i	n User Trip ('	10.038) to rese	et the trip lo	gs.		
Res	erved		eserved trips								
161, 16 170-1	104 - 108, 65 - 168, 73, 222 6-246	These trip programs.	ese trip numbers are reserved trip numbers for future use. These trips should not be used by the user application								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagnos	sis				
_	Mismatch 23	The <i>Rati</i> This trip voltage o <b>Recomm</b> • Ensu	ing Mismati is only app or current r nended ac ure that all	ch trip indi blicable to atings with ction: modules in	cates that t modular dr nin the sam n a multi-m	there is a vo ives that are e multi-moo	Itage rating of connected i ule drive sys	ting mismatc or current ratin in parallel. A m stem is not allo of the same fra	g mismatch hixture of po wed and wi	ower modu ill cause a	ules with diff Rating Misr	erent natch trip.
Resi	stance					ne paramet						
		This trip involving higher th <i>Current</i> measure then sub the drive	indicates t measurin nan the ma <i>Kc</i> ( <b>11.061</b> ement mad o-trip 3 is a inverter c	hat either g motor sta ximum val ), where V e by the di pplied. Dui haracterist	the value b ator resista ue that can 'FS is the fu rive then su ring the sta	eing used fo nce has fail be used in ull scale DC ub-trip 1 is a tor resistand de the com	br motor state ed. The maxi the control a bus voltage pplied, or if it ce section of	or resistance is imum for the s Ilgorithms. If the then this trip is t is because the auto-tuning ar cessary for de	tator resista le value exc s initiated. In le paramete n additional	ance parai ceeds (VF f the value er has bee test is pel	meters is ge S / v2) / Full is the resul n changed b rformed to m	nerally / <i>Scale</i> t of a by the use neasured
		Sul	Sub-trip Reason									
			1     Measured stator resistance exceeded the allowed range									
,	20		2					-				
,	33		2       It was not possible to measure the inverter characteristic         3       The stator resistance associated with the presently selected motor map exceeds the allowed range									
		pres Chea Chea Chea Chea Chea Chea Sele	ently select ck the motion ck the integration ck the motion ck the motion ure the state	ted motor or cable / o grity of the or phase to or phase to tor resistar ost mode (	map) connections motor state phase res phase res nce of the n	s or winding u sistance at t sistance at t notor falls w	sing an insu he drive term he motor terr ithin the rang	ninals	model			
Slot Ap	op Menu				zation con	flict error						
2	16	and 20. <sup>-</sup> Recomm	The sub-tri <b>nended a</b> o	p number tions:	indicates w	hich option	slot has bee	has requested n allowed to c d to customize	ustomize th	e menus.		
SlotX I	Different				ot X has ch							
			The <i>SlotX Different</i> trip indicates that the option module in option slot X on the drive is a different type to that installed when parameters were last saved on the drive. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number.									
		Sub-	-trip				R	leason				
		1	N	o module v	vas installe	d previously	1					
2	:04	2	- ch	anged, an	d so defaul	t parameter	s have been	ut the set-up m loaded for this	s menu.			
	209 14	3	, ch	anged, an	d so defaul	t parameter	s have been	ut the applicati loaded for this	s menu.			
2	54	4						t the set-up ar have been loa				II SIOT
		>9										
		<ul><li>Turn</li><li>Cont</li></ul>	<ul> <li>&gt;99 Shows the identifier of the module previously installed.</li> <li>Recommended actions: <ul> <li>Turn off the power, ensure the correct option modules are installed in the correct option slots and re-apply the power.</li> <li>Confirm that the currently installed option module is correct, ensure option module parameters are set correctly and perform a user save in Pr mm.000.</li> </ul></li></ul>									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnos	UL listing information
Т	rip				·		Diagnos	is			
Slot	Error	Option r	nodule in	option sl	ot X has de	etected a fa	ult				
	02	The Slot	X Error trip	indicates	that the op	tion module	in option slo	t X on the driv	e has deteo	cted an error. The	reason for the
	07	error car	n be identif	ed by the	sub-trip nu	mber.					
	12	Recomn	nended ac	tions:							
	52					<i>uide</i> for deta	ils of the trip				
Slot	X HF	•	nodule X I								
						n module in e sub-trip nu		on the drive h	as indicate	d a hardware fault	The possible
		Sub-tri	р				Re	ason			
		1	The mo	odule cate	gory canno	t be identifie	d				
		2	All the	required c	ustomized	menu table i	information h	as not been s	upplied or t	he tables supplied	l are corrupt
		3	There i	s insufficie	ent memory	available to	allocate the	comms buffer	rs for this m	odule	
		4	The mo	dule has	not indicate	ed that it is ru	unning corre	ctly during driv	e power-up	)	
2	00	5	Module	has beer	n removed a	after power-u	up or it has s	topped workin	g		
	05	6	The mo	dule has	not indicate	ed that it has	stopped acc	essing drive p	arameters	during a drive mo	de change
	10 50	7	The module has failed to acknowledge that a request has been made to reset the drive processor								
_		8	The drive failed to correctly read the menu table from the module during drive power up								
		9						ule and timed	-		
		10		able CRC	•				· · /		
		If the	•	dule has			eck that this	process was t	follwed corr	ectly.	
SlotX N	lot Fitted	Option r	nodule in	option sl	ot X has be	en remove	d				
2	03	The Slot		d trip indic	ates that th	ne option mo	dule in optio	n slot X on the	e drive has	been removed sin	ce the last
	08	Recomn	nended ac	tions:							
	13 53				e is installed	d correctly.					
2			nstall the o onfirm that			nodule is no	longer requi	red perform a	save functi	ion in Pr <b>mm.000</b> .	
SlotX W	/atchdog				•	rvice error	5 1				
	01	The Slot	X Watchdo	g trip indi	cates that th	ne option mo	dule installe	d in Slot X has	s started the	e option watchdog	function and
	06	then faile	ed to servic	e the wat	chdog corre	ectly.					
	:11 51		nended ac								
		Replace the option module									
Soft	Start					art monitor					
~	00		•		hat the soft	start relay in	i the drive fai	ied to close of	r the soft sta	art monitoring circ	uit has failed.
2	26		nended ac		the owned	r of the drive	<b>.</b>				
Stor	ed HF					er of the drive st power do					
Stor					-	-		as occurred a	ind the drive	e has been power	cycled The
						stored HF.1					5,000. THO
2	21	Recomn	nended ac	tions:							
-											

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrica installatio		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimizatior	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip						Diagno	osis				
Sub-ar	ray RAM	RAM allo	ocation	error								
		allocatior sub-trip i all menu	n is checl s calcula customis	ked in order ted as (para sation provi	of resulting	sub-trip nui x 1000) + (p n modules,	mbers, and parameter t the derivati	requested more so the failure w ype x 100) + su ve image or the p number.	ith the high b-array nur	est sub-tri nber. Note	p number is g e that if this ti	given. The rip occurs,
		Par	ameter	size	Value			Parameter type	e	Value		
			1 bit		1			Volatile		0		
			8 bit		2			User save		1		
			16 bit		3		F	ower-down sav	/e	2		
			32 bit		4							
			64 bit		5							
2	27	Sub-array Applications menus						lenus	Val	Value		
							18-20 1			4		
	Derivative image							29	2		4	
	User program image						30			_		
	Option slot 1 set-up						15	4		_		
	Option slot 1 applications Option slot 2 set-up						25 5				_	
		· · ·		-up olications			16 6 26 7			_		
		· · ·	slot 2 app								_	
		· · ·		olications			<u>    17     8                           </u>			_		
			slot 4 set					24	-	10		
		· · ·		olications				24	11		-	
		option		lioations				20		•		
Temp F	eedback	Internal	thermist	or has fail	ed							
		The <i>Tem</i> sub-trip r		ack trip indi	cates that ar	n internal th	ermistor ha	is failed. The th	ermistor loo	cation can	be identified	by the
		Sou	rce	:	xx		у			zz		
		Control	board		00		00	01: Control bo 02: Control bo 03: I/O board t	ard thermis			
2	18	Power s	system	Power mo	dule number		0	Zero for tempe system comme temperature fe	s.21, 22 an			ver
		Power s	system		01	Rectifie	r number*	Always zero				
		rectifier Recomm	has detened a	ected the fa	•			will be one as i	it is not po	ssible to	determine v	/hich
Th Bra	ake Res	Brake re	sistor o	ver temper	ature							
1	10		s. If the t nt this trip	oraking resi o.			-	or thermal moni be disabled witl	-			
		Chec     Chec	ck brake ck braking	resistor wiri	alue is great	er than or e	qual to the	minimum resist	tance value	1		

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrica		Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
Т	rip					•	Diagnos	is				
Th Sho	rt Circuit	Motor th	nermisto	or short circ	uit							
								alogue input or can be identi				oack
		Sub	-trip					Source				
		1		Analogue in	out 1							
	25	2	2	Analogue in	put 2							
4	20	3	<b>;</b>	Analogue in	out 3							
		4		Position feed	dback interf	ace						
				erature feed	oack conne	ction.						
Ther	mistor			or over-temp	perature							
		The <i>The</i> or termin	<i>rmistor</i> t nal 15 on	rip indicates	that the mo terminal (1	5 way D-typ		l to terminal 8 has indicated		,		
		Sub						Source				
			1 Analogue input 1									
	24	2	2 Analogue input 2									
		3	3	Analogue in	out 3							
		4	Ļ	Position feed	dback interf	ace						
		Recomm	nended	actions:								
				ne temperatu erature sense			nsor is too hi	igh temperatur	re.			
Unde	efined		· ·	d and the c			lefined					
1	10		<i>lefined</i> tr	ip indicates t				d but did not id	lentify the ti	ip the pov	ver system. T	The cause
	10	Recomm	nended	actions:								
	~ ~ ~ ~			ult – return tł								
Use	er 24V	A User 2	24 V trip		User Supp	ly Select (P	<b>06.072</b> ) is s	et to 1 or Low	Under Volt	age Thres	shold Select	(06.067)
ç	91	= 1 and Recomm			is present c	on control te	minals 1 and	12.				
					oply is prese	ent on contro	ol terminals 1	(0 V) and 2 (2	24 V)			
User P	Program			rogram err				. , (	,			
		The follo	wing tab	le gives the	differences	when comp	ared to the d	lerivative prod	uct image.			
		Sub-tri	•					erence				
		40, 41			-			ero when the t	trip is initiat	ed.		
		51 6x					on not allowe					
		7x			-		ons not allow					
0.40	(0	100	-		-			access outsic	le of the IE	C task's h	eap area.	
249	(Cont)	101	-				ligned pointe					
		102 103	Imag	e has attem				evented its acon n an unknown		has failed	and has shu	ıt itself
		104	down		ated to use	an unknow	user convict	function				
			User	program ha	s invoked a	"divide" ser		enominator of			•	
		200		loaded imag em as sub-ti		ineretore be	en given a di	istinct error co	ae despite	peing the	same funda	mental
			÷									

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
T	rip						Diagnos	is				
User P	rog Trip	Trip gen	erated by	an onboa	ard user pr	ogram						
		This trip	can be initi	ated from	within an c	nboard use	r program us	ing a function	call which o	defines th	e sub-trip nu	mber.
ę	96	Recomm	nended ac	tions:								
		Che	Check the user program									
User	<sup>.</sup> Save	User Sa	Save error / not completed									
			<i>User Save</i> trip indicates that an error has been detected in the user save parameters saved in non-volatile memory. xample, following a user save command, If the power to the drive was removed when the user parameters were being d.									
3	36	Recomm	ommended actions:									
								esn't occur the before removi				р.
Use	r Trip	User ge	nerated tri	р								
	-89 -159	Recomm	ips are not <b>nended ac</b> ck the user	tions:	d by the driv	ve and are to	o be used by	the user to tri	p the drive t	through a	n application	program.
Voltage	e Range	Voltage	Range									
1	69	Not App	icable									
Wato	chdog	Control	Control word watchdog has timed out									
		The Wat	<i>chdog</i> trip	indicates	that the con	trol word ha	as been enab	led and has ti	med out			
		Recomm	nended ac	tions:								
3	30	Watchdo	nce Pr <b>06.042</b> bit 14 has been changed from 0 to 1 to enable the watchdog, this must be repeated every 1s or a /atchdog trip will be initiated. The watchdog is disabled when the trip occurs and must be re-enabled if required when the p is reset.									

	oduct Mechanical Electrical installation installation	Getting started / Basic Running parameters the Motor	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data Diagnostics UL listing information
Table 12-4 Se	rial communications look ι	ıp table					
No	Trip	No		Trip		No	Trip
1	Reserved 001	101		OHt Brake		199	Destination
2	Over Volts	102		Cloning		200	Slot1 HF
3	OI ac	103	l	nter-connect		201	Slot1 Watchdog
4	Ol Brake	104 - 108	Res	erved 104 - 10	08	202	Slot1 Error
5	PSU	109		OI dc		203	Slot1 Not Fitted
6	External Trip	110		Undefined		204	Slot1 Different
7	Over Speed	111	C	onfiguration		205	Slot2 HF
8	Inductance	112	PI	O Feedbk Loss	S	206	Slot2 Watchdog
9	PSU 24 V	113	PI	) Feedbk High	ı	207	Slot2 Error
10	Th Brake Res	114	PI	D Feedbk Low	I	208	Slot2 Not Fitted
11	Autotune 1	115		Dry Well		209	Slot2 Different
12	Autotune 2	116	E	ct Pump Fault		210	Slot3 HF
13	Autotune 3	117		Over-cycle		211	Slot3 Watchdog
14	Autotune 4	118	Мо	tor Over Tem	р	212	Slot3 Error
15	Autotune 5	119		letwork Loss		213	Slot3 Not Fitted
16	Autotune 6	120	_	an Over-cycle	e	214	Slot3 Different
17	Autotune 7	121	A	ssist 1 Cycle		215	Option Disable
18	Autotune Stopped	122	_	ssist 2 Cycle		216	Slot App Menu
19	Brake R Too Hot	123		round Watcho	la	217	App Menu Changed
20	Motor Too Hot	124	_	Wrd Watchd		218	Temp Feedback
21	OHt Inverter	125 - 159	User Trip 125 - 159		<u> </u>	219	An Output Calib
22	OHt Power	160		Island		220	Power Data
23	OHt Control	161		Reserved		221	Stored HF
24	Thermistor	162 - 164		1coder 12 - 14		222	Reserved 222
25	Th Short Circuit	165 - 168		erved 165 - 16		223	Rating Mismatch
26	I/O Overload	169	_	oltage Range		223	Drive Size
20	OHt dc bus	170 - 173	_	erved 170 - 17	73	225	Current Offset
28	An Input Loss 1	174	Kes	Card Slot	5	226	Soft Start
29	An Input Loss 7	174		Card Product		220	Sub-array RAM
30	Watchdog	175	_	Name Plate		228 - 246	Reserved 228 - 246
30	EEPROM Fail	170	_	ard User Prog		247	Derivative ID
31	Phase Loss	177		Card Busy		247	Derivative Image
32	Resistance	178	C	rd Data Exists		248	User Program
33	Keypad Mode	179		rd Data Exists		249	Slot4 HF
	Control Word		_	card Option ard Read Only		250	Slot4 HF Slot4 Watchdog
35 36	User Save	181 182		Card Error		251	Slot4 Watchdog Slot4 Error
36	Power Down Save	182		Card Error		252	Slot4 Error Slot4 Not Fitted
-				Card No Data		253	Slot4 Not Fitted
38	Low Load Line Sync	184 185		ard File Error		254	
39 40 -89	User Trip 40 - 89	185	_			200	Reset Logs
40 -89 90			_	Card Rating			
90	Power Comms User 24V	187 188	_	ard File Data			
91	Ol Snubber	188		Encoder 1			
92							
-	Inductor Too Hot	190		Encoder 2			
94	Rectifier Set-Up	191		Encoder 3			
95	Reserved 95	192		Encoder 4			
96	User Prog Trip	193		Encoder 5			
97	Data Changing	194		Encoder 6			
98	Out Phase Loss	195		Encoder 7			
99	CAM	196		Encoder 8			
100	Reset	197		Encoder 9			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

### Table 12-5 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01 - HF26	These are fatal problems that cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If a basic keypad is fitted it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function. These trips are not stored in the trip log.
1	Stored HF trip	Stored HF	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into Parameter mm.000 (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {Slot1 HF}, {Slot2 HF}, {Slot3 HF} or {Slot4 HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEPROM Fail}	This can only be reset if Parameter <b>mm.000</b> is set to 1233 or 1244, or if <i>Load Defaults</i> ( <b>11.043</b> ) is set to a non-zero value.
4	Internal 24 V power supply	{PSU 24}	
5	Non-volatile media trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 6 during power-up.
5	Position feedback interface power supply	Encoder 1	This trip can override Encoder 2 to Encoder 6 trips.
6	Trips with extended reset times	OI ac, OI Brake, and OI dc	These trips cannot be reset until 10s after the trip was initiated.
6	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	Phase Loss and OHt dc bus	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a Phase Loss.000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see Action On Trip Detection ( <b>10.037</b> ). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an OHt dc bus occurs
6	Standard trips	All other trips	

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 12.4 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF20} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on Stored HF. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

## 12.5 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the first row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the first row. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "Auto Tune and Limit Switch" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

### Table 12-6 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Brake Resistor	Brake resistor overload. <i>Braking Resistor Thermal</i> <i>Accumulator</i> ( <b>10.039</b> ) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip.
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator ( <b>04.019</b> ) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is > 100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive</i> <i>Thermal Trip Level</i> ( <b>07.036</b> ) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.

## 12.6 Status indications

First row string	Second row string	Status						
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded						
Drive parameters are being loaded from a NV Media Card								
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded						
User progra	m is being loaded fror	n a NV Media Card to the option module in slot X						
Writing T	o NV Card	Data being written to NV Media Card						
	g written to a NV Med uto or Boot mode	a Card to ensure that its copy of the drive parameters is correct because the						
Waiting Fo	or Power System	Waiting for power stage						
The drive is	waiting for the proces	sor in the power stage to respond after power-up						
Waiting F	or Options	Waiting for an option module						
The drive is	waiting for the Option	s Modules to respond after power-up						
Uploadin From	g Options	Loading parameter database						
At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started / Running the Motor	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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## 12.7 Programming error indications

Following are the error message displayed on the drive keypad when an error occurs during programming of drive firmware.

Table	12-8	Programming	error	indications
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Error String	Reason	Solution
Error 1	There is not enough drive memory requested by all the option modules.	Power down drive and remove some of the option modules until the message disappears.
Error 2	At least one option module did not acknowledge the reset request.	Power cycle drive
Error 3	The boot loader failed to erase the processor flash.	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 4	The boot loader failed to program the processor flash.	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 5	One option module did not initialize correctly. Option module did not set Ready to Run flag.	Remove faulty option module.

## 12.8 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). The date / time source can be selected with *Date / Time Selector* (06.019). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr **10.020** and Pr **10.029** inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 12-3 is the value transmitted.

### Note

The trip logs can be reset by writing a vale of 255 in Pr 10.038.

**12.9** Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help in diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency / speed reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Final speed ref
03.002	Speed feedback
03.003	Speed error
03.004	Speed controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr **10.037**.

ĺ					Getting							
	Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	started / Running	Basic parameters	Functional descriptions	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Advanced parameters	Technical data	UL listing information
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# 13 UL listing information

## 13.1 UL file reference

These products are cUL Listed to Canadian and US requirements. UL file reference is: NMMS/7 E171230.

De line reference is. Ninimo// E1/1250.

Products that incorporate the Safe Torque Off (STO) function are Certified for Functional Safety.

UL file reference: FSPC E171230.

# 13.2 Operating environment

### **Pollution Degree**

Products must be installed in a Pollution Degree 2 environment or better (dry, non-conductive pollution only).

### Ambient temperature

The drives have been evaluated for use at ambient temperatures up to 40 °C. The drives have additionally been evaluated for 50 °C and 55 °C ambient air temperatures with a derated output.

The maximum surrounding air temperature is 55 °C.

# 13.3 Enclosure ratings

### Open Type

The products are Open Type as supplied.

### Type 1

When fitted with a conduit box, the products meet the requirements for UL Enclosed Type 1. Suitable conduit boxes are available.

# 13.4 Through-panel (Type 12) mounting

### Mounting hole access

When the drive is through-panel mounted, the main terminal cover(s) must be removed in order to provide access to the mounting holes. Once the drive has been mounted, the terminal cover(s) can be replaced.

## 13.5 Mounting bracket torque setting

### Frame sizes 3 & 4

Through panel mounting brackets should be tightened to a maximum torque of 2 N m (16.8 lb in).

# 13.6 Installation in air handling spaces (plenum rating)

These products have been evaluated in accordance with the Standard for Fire Test for Heat and Visible Smoke Release for Discrete Products and their Accessories Installed in Air-Handling Spaces, UL 2043.

Products installed in air handling spaces must be Enclosed Type 1 as a minimum. A conduit box must be fitted. Alternatively, the product can be through-panel mounted in a Type 12 enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the wall of the enclosure into the air-handling space.

# 13.7 Mechanical Installation

### Mounting

Products can be mounted on a vertical surface using the brackets provided. Several products may be mounted side by side without airspace between them.

In installations where space is limited, products with frame sizes 3, 4 and 5 may be 'Tile Mounted'. In this configuration, the unit is mounted sideways with the side panel against the mounting surface. A Tile Mounting Kit is available but must be ordered separately.

# 13.8 Terminal Torque

Torque settings are specified in relevant sections of this guide.

# 13.9 Electrical Installation

### Overvoltage category

Drives have been evaluated for OVC III

### **Branch circuit Protection**

Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC), The Canadian Electrical Code, and any additional local codes.

The recommended fuses are specified within this guide.

### Opening of branch circuit protective device

The opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, the equipment may be examined and replaced if damaged. If burnout of the current element of an overload relay occurs, the complete overload relay must be replaced. Integral solid-state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local "codes", or the equivalent.

### Cables

Field wiring must use 75 °C rated copper wire only.

### **Ground connections**

UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring must be used for all ground connections.

### **Power connections**

Frame sizes 3, 4 and 5: These frame sizes use plug-in terminal blocks for the power connections.

Frame sizes 6 to 11: UL Listed closed loop connectors sized according to the field wiring must be used for all power connections.

## 13.10 Motor overload protection

All models incorporate internal overload protection for the motor load that does not require the use of an external or remote overload protection device. The protection level is adjustable with the maximum current overload being dependent on the values entered into the current limit parameters (Pr **4.005** motoring current limit, Pr **4.006** regenerative current limit and Pr **4.007** symmetrical current limit entered as percentage) and Pr **5.007** motor rated current parameter (entered in Amperes). The duration of the overload is dependent on Pr **4.015** motor thermal time constant.

## 13.11 Thermal memory retention

All models are provided with thermal memory retention.

# 13.12 Motor protection using an external sensor

User terminals are provided that can be connected to a motor thermistor to protect the motor from high temperature, in the event of a motor cooling fan failure.

# 13.13 Transient Surge Suppression

### Frames sizes 7 & 8 – 575 V ratings

Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated to 575 Vac (phase to ground), 575 Vac (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage category III, and shall provide protection for an impulse withstand voltage peak of 6 kV and a clamping voltage of maximum 2400 V.

# 13.14 Dynamic braking

The drives have not been evaluated for dynamic braking.

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## 13.15 External Class 2 supply

### Frame sizes 7 to 11

The external power supply shall be marked with the following: "Class 2" and the power supply shall not exceed 24 Vdc.

## 13.16 Modular Drive Systems

Products with DC+ and DC- supply connections have been investigated for use in Modular Drive Systems as inverters when supplied by the converter sections from the Unidrive-M or Mentor MP range. In these applications the inverters are required to be additionally protected by supplemental fuses.

# 13.17 AC supply, AC supply fuses and short circuit current rating (SCCR)

### Frame sizes 3 & 4

Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 480 Volts AC maximum when protected by the specified fuses.

UL Listed closed-loop connectors sized according to the field wiring shall be used for grounding connections. Frame size 6 only for closed loop connectors on all power connections (size 4 has a power connector like size 3 not studs)

### Frame sizes 5 & 6

Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 575 Volts AC maximum when protected by the specified fuses.

#### Frame size 7 & 8

Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, (rated voltage in the ratings table or the product label) Volts AC Maximum when protected by the specified fuses.

### Frame sizes 9 & 10

Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, (voltage rating in ratings table or the product label) Volts AC Maximum when protected by the specified fuses.

#### Frame size 11

Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, (voltage rating in ratings table or the product label) Volts AC Maximum when protected by the specified fuses.

## 13.18 Modular / group / parallel installation

### Supply wiring

When used in modular drives/group / parallel installation applications the supply wires are not to be larger than 125 % of full load current of the device ratings

### CSA (Canadian Standards Authority) approval

Frame sizes 9 to 11 are not certified for CSA approval when used in a modular / parallel setup.

#### Supply from converters

These devices are only intended to be supplied by converters manufactured by Control Techniques Ltd. when used as inverters.

# Index

## Symbols

+24V external input	105, 107, 133, 135
+24V user output	

## Numerics

0V common	
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